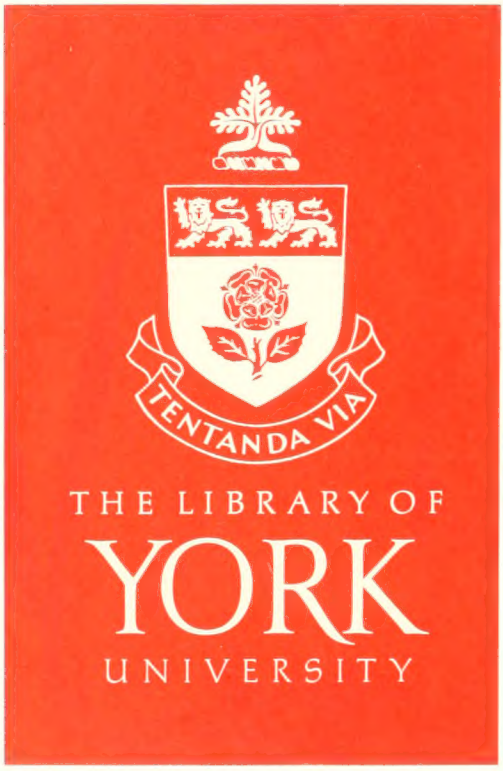
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SESSIONAL PAPERS

VOL. XLVI.—PART VIII.

THIRD SESSION

OF THE

THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

SESSION 1914

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No. 5 Report of the Inspector of Division Courts for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, March 11th, 1914. *Printed.*

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No. 8 Report of the Provincial Municipal Auditor for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 16th, 1914. *Printed.*

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No. 20 Report of the Registrar-General upon Births, Marriages and Deaths for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, March 27th, 1913. *Printed.*

No. 21 Report of the Provincial Board of Health for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, March 16th, 1914. *Printed.*

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No. 23 Report upon the Hospitals for Idiots and Epileptics at Orillia and Woodstock for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 28th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 24 Report upon the Feeble-minded of the Province for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 23rd, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 25 Report upon the Hospitals and Charities for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 14th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 26 Report upon the Prisons and Reformatories of the Province for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 21st, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 27 Report on Neglected and Dependent Children for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 15th, 1914. *Printed.*

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No. 32 Report of the Agricultural and Experimental Union for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 22nd, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 33 The Fruits of Ontario. Presented to the Legislature, April 9th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 34 Report of the Vegetable Growers' Association for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 16th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 35 Report of the Corn Growers' Association for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 22nd, 1914. *Printed.*

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No. 37 Report of the Bee-Keepers' Association for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 22nd, 1914. *Printed.*

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No. 39 Report of the Live Stock Associations for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, March 3rd, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 40 Report of the Farmer's Institutes for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 9th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 41 Report of the Women's Institutes for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 9th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 42 Report of the Agricultural Societies of the Province for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 9th, 1914. *Printed.*

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No. 44 Report of the Fruit Growers' Association for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 22nd, 1914. *Printed.*

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No. 50 Return from the Records of the Bye-elections held on the second day of June, the fourteenth day of July, the eighth day of September, and the twenty-seventh day of November, 1913. Presented to the Legislature, February 18th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 51 Report of the Provincial Archivist for the year 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 15th, 1914. *Printed.*

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No. 52 Report upon the state of the Library. Presented to the Legislature, April 23rd, 1914. *Not Printed.*

No. 53 Final Report of Commissioner on Laws relating to the Liability of Employers to make Compensation to their Employees. Presented to the Legislature, March 27th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 54 Statements of Provincial Auditor for the year 1912-13. Presented to the Legislature, March 19th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 55 Copies of Orders-in-Council and Regulations under section 27 of the Department of Education Act. Presented to the Legislature, February 25th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 56 Bulletin of the Ontario Hospitals for the Insane. Presented to the Legislature, February 27th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 57 Regulations respecting Rondeau Provincial Park, 1913. Presented to the Legislature, February 27th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 58 Return to an Order of the House of the 27th March, 1913, for a Return showing:—1. Copies of all correspondence between the Minister of Public Works or any other member of the Government or any official thereof, and any person or persons relating to the floods on the Grand River or any other river in the Province during the years 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912. 2. Copies of all petitions received during the said years by the Government or any Minister of the Government from any person or persons relating to the floods on the Grand River or any other river in the Province, or requesting the Government to take action towards the prevention of floods. 3. Copies of all reports made by any engineer or engineers employed on behalf of the Government or on behalf of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission, for the purpose of investigating the floods on the Grand River or any other river in the Province, or the means of preventing or mitigating such floods or of conserving and regulating the flow of such rivers or investigating the electrical power potentialities of such rivers. Presented to the Legislature, February 27th, 1914. Mr. *Marshall.* *Not Printed.*

No. 59 Return to an Order of the House of the 22nd April, 1913, for a Return showing:—Copies of all correspondence between the Attorney-General or any other member of the Government or any official of the Government and any other person or persons relating to:—1. The prosecution of one Goodman, formerly Chief of Police at New Liskeard on November 12th last, for an offence against the Game Laws. 2. The conduct of one McKelvie, an overseer of the Game and Fisheries Department at

New Liskeard, Ont., or the dismissal of the said McKelvie from his position. 3. The prosecution of one Eli Tibbs in November, 1912, for illegal possession of furs. 4. The prosecution of any party or parties for illegal possession of furs seized by the said McKelvie from one Angus Wabi. Presented to the Legislature, February 27th, 1914. Mr. *Elliott.* *Not Printed.*

No. 60 A Return to an Order of the House of the 15th April, 1913, for a Return showing:—1. In detail the persons to whom the sum of $19,946.18, appearing an page 323 of the Public Accounts, 1912, was advanced by N. B. Colcock, and the purposes for which the same was advanced. 2. In detail the persons to whom the sum of $11,060.85, appearing on page 372 of the Public Accounts was paid by N. B. Colcock, and the purposes for which the same was paid. Presented to the Legislature, March 3rd, 1914. Mr. *Anderson (Bruce).* *Not Printed.*

No. 61 Copies of Orders-in-Council authorizing payments out of Surrogate of the Counties of York and Simcoe in accordance with the provisions of the Surrogate Courts Act. Presented to the Legislature, March 10th, 1914. *Not Printed.*

No. 62 Return to an Order of the House of the 11th March, 1913, for a Return showing for what Municipalities was the Report of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council in favour of, or against, building an electric railway for such Municipalities. Presented to the Legislature, March 16th, 1914. Mr. *Elliott.* *Printed.*

No. 63 Copies of Orders in Council in accordance with the provisions of sec. 2, cap. 2, 2 George V, An Act for raising money on the Credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of Ontario. Presented to the Legislature, March 16th, 1914. *Not Printed.*

No. 64 Return to an Order of the House of the 2nd March, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. What securities have been sold by the Province since October 31st, 1912. 2. What was the date of the sales. 3. What are the names of the purchasers. 4. What are the prices at which such securities were sold. Presented to the Legislature, March 16th, 1914. Mr. *Sinclair.* *Not Printed.*

No. 65 Return to an Order of the House of the 27th February, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. What timber limits, or areas, have been sold by the Government since the first day of January, 1913, and the total area of each. 2. The price at which each such limit, or area, was sold. 3. The names of the respective purchasers and if any were sold at public auction. 4. And if any were so sold at auction, which limit or area was so sold, and the dates on which the several sales took place. Presented to the Legislature, March 18th, 1914. Mr. *Mageau.* *Not Printed.*

No. 66 Return to an Order of the House of the 6th March, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. Application for license of William Smuck of the Township of Bayham in the electoral district of East Elgin for the year 1913-14; the granting thereof; the withdrawal of such application; all correspondence between the Department and any officer thereof and the said Smuck, or the License Inspector or other residents of East Elgin in reference thereto. 2. The application of the said Smuck to be appointed License Inspector for East Elgin, and all protests against his appointment. 3. All letters, reports or communications in reference to the health or work by the former License Inspector, Mr. W. R. Andrews. 4. The resignation of the former License Inspector or Notice of the Termination of his employment. 5. All protests or complaints during the years 1912, 1913 and 1914 from residents of Aylmer or other citizens of East Elgin in reference to the lack of enforcement of the License Law and the conduct of the hotels in Aylmer or of license officials of East Elgin. Presented to the Legislature, March 27th, 1914. Mr. *Rowell. Not Printed.*

No. 67 Minutes of the Proceedings in Conference of the Representatives of the Provinces, October, 1913. Presented to the Legislature, March 19th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 68 Return to an Order of the House of the 2nd March, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. What amount was received by the Government from Messrs. Taylor, Scott & Co. for the work done by prisoners from Central Prison under its contract with Taylor, Scott & Co., dated 1st September, 1905, for each year during which the contract was in force. 2. How long was the contract in force. 3. What amounts were paid by the Government for debt, damages or costs respectively in connection with or arising out of the said contract. 4. To whom were such amounts paid. 5. Was the agreement between Taylor, Scott & Co. and the Government changed after the agreement had been submitted to the House and approved by it. 6. If it were changed, were such changes embodied in an agreement in writing between the parties. 7. If it was changed, was such change or modified agreement submitted to the House for approval. Presented to the Legislature, March 23rd, 1914. Mr. *Bowman. Not Printed.*

No. 69 Return to an Order of the House of the 18th March, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. The names of the license holders under the Liquor License Act in the City of Toronto for the year from 1st May, 1908, to 1st May, 1909, and the place or places of business in which each license holder carried on business. 2. The names of those license holders under the said Act, and the location of the premises in which they carried on business, whose licenses were cut off or were not renewed in the year

1909 in Toronto. 3. The names of the license holders in Toronto whose licenses were transferred with the approval of the Board of License Commissioners in the years 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912 and 1913; the places in which they carried on business; the names of the persons to whom licenses were transferred; and the locations of the premises in which the persons to whom the licenses were transferred carried on business. Presented to the Legislature, March 23rd, 1914. Mr. *Proudfoot. Not Printed.*

No. 70 Return to an Order of the House of the 26th March, 1913, for a Return showing:—1. All the correspondence (including telegrams) passing between the Prime Minister, the Attorney-General, the Minister of Crown Lands or any other member or official of the Government and the Counsel or Solicitors for Keewatin Power Company, or the Counsel or Solicitors for the Hudson's Bay Company with reference to the action brought by these Companies against the Town of Kenora for a declaration that they and not the Crown were the owners of the water power on the East Branch of the Winnipeg River, and that the lease from the Crown to the Town of Kenora was invalid. 2. A copy of the telegram (if any) sent by the Prime Minister to the Counsel for the Keewatin Power Company advising him that the Government did not desire to defend its own title to the water power or be added as a party to the action. 3. All correspondence (including telegrams passing between the Town of Kenora or the Counsel or Solicitors for the Town of Kenora, and the Government or any Minister or official thereof with reference to these actions, and particularly all communications requesting the Crown to take part in the defence of its own title to the water power. 4. Copies of all correspondence (including telegrams) passing between the Prime Minister, Attorney-General, the Minister of Crown Lands or any other Minister or official of the Government, and Mr. W. H. Hearst, acting as Counsel for the Government, in reference to these actions. 5. Copy of the judgments of the Trial Judge and the Court of Appeal. Presented to the Legislature, March 24th, 1914. Mr. *Rowell. Not Printed.*

No. 71 Revised Rules, Orders and Forms of the Division Courts of the Province of Ontario. Presented to the Legislature March 26th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 72 Correspondence and Papers relating to timber in the Algonquin Park Forest Reserve. Presented to the Legislature, March 27th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 73 Whitson's Report upon Road Construction in Northern Ontario. Presented to the Legislature, March 30th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 74 Return to an Order of the House of the 27th February, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. The names of the tenderers for the supply of coal for Government Institutions, in Toronto, during the years 1910, 1911, 1912 and 1913, respectively. 2. The amount of each tender for each of such years. 3. The names of the contractor or contractors for each of such years. 4. The amount of coal supplied under each contract during each year. 5. The prices at which the coal was purchased. Presented to the Legislature, March 31st, 1914. Mr. *Bowman*. *Not Printed.*

No. 75 Return to an Order of the House of the 27th February for a Return showing:—1. What buildings have been erected by the Province at the Prison Farm at Guelph. 2. What has been the total cost to the Province of each building. 3. Were any of these buildings built by prison labour in whole or in part. 4. If so, what buildings, and what class of prison labour was employed. 5. And if the statement of cost makes any allowance for the prison labour employed, if any. Presented to the Legislature, March 31st, 1914. Mr. *Atkinson*. *Not Printed.*

No. 76 Return to an Order of the House of the 18th March, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. Whether the Minister of Agriculture or any officer or official of his Department, or the Minister of Education or any officer or official of his Department, communicated with the district representative of Agriculture within the County of Welland with reference to his attitude to the Canada Temperance Act or the vote to be taken thereon on the 29th January last. 2. And if any communication was made, was such communication verbal or in writing. 3. And who was the officer making the same, and what was the date thereof. Presented to the Legislature, March 31st, 1914. *Not Printed.*

No. 77 Return to an Order of the House of the 27th March, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. The conditions upon which grants are made to rural public schools. 2. Were the grants to the rural public schools of Ontario in 1913 less per school in 1913 than they were in the year 1912. If so, how much. 3. Has the Department of Education notified the Boards of Public School Trustees of Rural Schools, or any of them, that they cannot pay the grant provided for by the regulations. 4. If such notice has been given, upon what their ground for refusing to pay the grants. 5. Has the Department of Education notified the School Boards of Rural Schools, or any of them, that the grants this year would be cut down 28 *per cent.*, or any amount whatever. If so, how much. Presented to the Legislature, April 1st, 1914. Mr. *Kohler*. *Not Printed.*

No. 78 Return to an Order of the House of the 30th March, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. What was the estimated cost of the heating plant for the Toronto University. 2. What was the actual cost of the plant when fully completed. 3. Has the total amount

been paid; if not, what amount, if any, is held in reserve. 4. And if the heating plant is giving satisfaction. Presented to the Legislature, April 1st, 1914. Mr. *Bowman*. *Not Printed.*

No. 79 Return to an Order of the House of the 1st April, 1914, for a Return of copies of all correspondence, resolutions or other documents received by, or on behalf of any Member of the Government in any way relating to the Hamilton Athletic Association regarding which certain legislation is sought for during the current Session. Presented to the Legislature, April 2nd, 1914. Mr. *Studholme*. *Not Printed.*

No. 80 Return to an Order of the House of the 1st April, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. What sum of money has Sir William Meredith, the Chief Justice of Ontario, received from the Government in addition to his salary as Chief Justice, since January 1st, 1909, to date. 2. In what capacity did Chief Justice Sir William Meredith receive such sum or sums, and what amount was received with respect to each capacity in which he received any sum or sums as aforesaid. Presented to the Legislature, April 2nd, 1914. Mr. *Anderson (Bruce)*. *Not Printed.*

No. 81 Return to an Order of the House of the 27th March, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. If there was a deficit in the financial operations of the Provincial University for the fiscal year ending 1912. If so, how much. 2. Was there a deficit in the financial operations of the Provincial University for the fiscal year 1913. If so, how much. 3. If there have been deficits during the years 1912-13, or either of them, how have these deficits been provided for. 4. What is the estimated expenditure of the Provincial University for the current fiscal year. 5. What is the estimated revenue of the University for the current fiscal year. Presented to the Legislature, April 2nd, 1914. Mr. *Marshall*. *Not Printed.*

No. 82 Return to an Order of the House of the 27th March, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. If there was an option given to the firm of Murray, Mather & Co. to purchase certain Government securities during the calendar year 1913. 2. If so, what was the date of the option, and what were the character, amount and price of the securities covered by it. 3. Was such option, if any, exercised; and if so, to what extent. Presented to the Legislature, April 3rd, 1914. Mr. *Sinclair*. *Not Printed.*

No. 83 Return to an Order of the House of the 27th March, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. Copy of evidence of Mr. Taylor, of Messrs. Taylor, Scott & Co., given before the Dominion Penitentiary Investigation Commission, of which Mr. G. M. Macdonald, K.C., of Kingston, is Chairman, and which was taken in Shorthand by a Stenographer provided by Dr. Gilmour,

Warden of the Central Prison, such evidence or a copy thereof being now in the custody or control of the Provincial Secretary, or of some of the officers or officials of his Department, or of the institutions under the control of his Department. 2. Copies of all correspondence passing between the Provincial Secretary, or any officer or official of his Department, or any officer or official of any of the institutions under the charge of his Department, and Mr. Joseph Downey, in reference to the said evidence or the production thereof. Presented to the Legislature, April 3rd, 1914. Mr. *Bowman.* *Not Printed.*

No. 84 Report of the Good Roads Commission. Presented to the Legislature, April 7th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 85 Copy of an Order-in-Council approved by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, under the provisions of 552 of sec. 18 of the Municipal Drainage Act. Presented to the Legislature, April 8th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 86 Return to an Order of the House of the 2nd March, 1913, for a Return showing:—1. Copies of all correspondence between the Minister of Education or any other member or official of the Government and any other person or persons during 1910, 1911 and 1912, relating to the investigation made by Dr. Merchant of the bi-lingual or French-English Schools in Ontario. 2. Copies of all correspondence between the Minister of Education or any other member or official of the Government and any other person or persons during the year 1912, relating to Regulation No. 17. Presented to the Legislature, April 9th, 1914. Mr. *Mageau.* *Not Printed.*

No. 87 Return to an Order of the House of the 7th April, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. How much the Hydro-Electric Power Commission has spent in building the trunk line from Morrisburg to Prescott, and from Morrisburg to Winchester and Chesterville. 2. Did the Hydro-Electric Power Commission enter into an agreement with the New York and Ontario Power Company, or any person on their behalf, for a supply of power for transmission on this line, to be developed at Waddington or elsewhere; and if so, what is the date of such agreement. 3. Was it a term of any such agreement that the Directors of the New York and Ontario Power Company became personally liable if power was not supplied within a certain defined time. 4. Has the Hydro-Electric Power Commission entered into any agreement with the Rapids Power Company for the supply of power; if so, what is the date of such agreement. Presented to the Legislature, April 9th, 1914. *Not Printed.*

No. 88 Coles' Report, Mining Engineer, Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway Company. Presented to the Legislature, April 28th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 89 Return to an Order of the House of the 8th April, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. The number of convictions for intoxication in Local Option Municipalities. 2. Convictions for other offences against Local Option Law during the license year 1912-13. Presented to the Legislature, April 14th, 1914. Mr. *McPherson*. *Not Printed.*

No. 90 Official Regulations for the Government of the Andrew Mercer Reformatory. Presented to the Legislature, April 16th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 91 Official Regulations for the Government of the Hospitals and Public Charities of Ontario. Presented to the Legislature, April 16th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 92 Official Regulations for the Government of Common Gaols of Ontario. Presented to the Legislature, April 16th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 93 Official Regulations for the Government of Industrial Farms in Ontario. Presented to the Legislature, April 16th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 94 Official Regulations for the Government of the Ontario Reformatory. Presented to the Legislature, April 16th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 95 Official Regulations of the Ontario Hospitals. Presented to the Legislature, April 17th, 1914. *Printed.*

No. 96 Statement of Statute distribution for 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 21st, 1914. *Not Printed.*

No. 97 Return to an Order of the House of the 27th March, 1913, for a Return showing:—Copies of all Orders in Council passed under Section 8, of the Power Commission Act, as amended by the Power Commissions Act, 1912. Presented to the Legislature, April 21st, 1914. Mr. *Mageau*. *Not Printed.*

No. 98 Return to an Order of the House of the 1st April, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. All the schools in the Province, both public and separate, from which the Government grant has been withheld during the years 1912 and 1913 respectively. 2. The grounds upon which such grants have been withheld from the said schools respectively. 3. The grounds upon which County Councils are required to withhold from schools the moneys raised by taxation from the people. Presented to the Legislature, April 21st, 1914. Mr. *Racine*. *Not Printed.*

No. 99 Return to an Order of the House of the Twenty-first day of April instant for a Return of a Copy of the Letters, or Charter, of the "Ontario Homes Company, Limited," giving the Corporation license to promote a company for the purpose of engaging in the business of the purchase of real estate in manufacturing localities and showing what, if any, returns have been made to the Department and if the company is still doing business. Presented to the Legislature, April 22nd, 1914. Mr. *Studholme*. *Not Printed.*

No. 100 Return to an Order of the House of the 16th April, 1914, for a Return showing:—The quantity of settlers' effects delivered over the T. & N. O. Railway at New Liskeard and Cochrane, respectively, and carried as such under the regulations of the said Railway, for the financial year ending October 31st, 1913. Presented to the Legislature, April 24th, 1914. Mr. *Atkinson*. *Not Printed.*

No. 101 Return to an Order of the House of the 17th February, 1913, for a Return of: Copies of all correspondence between Bishop Fallon, of London, and the Provincial Secretary, the Minister of Public Works or any Member of the Government regarding the Bi-lingual Schools in the Province of Ontario, since the first day of May, 1910. Presented to the Legislature, April 24th, 1914. Mr. *Evanturel*. *Not Printed.*

No. 102 Return to an Order of the House of the 17th February, 1913, for a Return of Copies of all correspondence between Bishop Scollard, of Sault Ste. Marie, and the Government, regarding the Bi-lingual Schools of the Province of Ontario, since the first day of March, 1907. Presented to the Legislature, April 24th, 1914. Mr. *Evanturel*. *Not Printed.*

No. 103 Return to an Order of the House of the 16th April, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. All correspondence between the Department of Education and any officer or official thereof and the Board of Trustees of the Almonte High School. 2. All correspondence between the Department of Education and any officer or official thereof and any of the teachers in the Almonte High School. 3. All correspondence between the Department of Education and any officer or official thereof and Miss Eade with reference to an application by her for a position in the Almonte High School. Presented to the Legislature, April 28th, 1914. Mr. *Marshall*. *Not Printed.*

No. 104 Return to an Order of the House of the 21st April, 1914, for a Return showing:—1. The present practice of the Department of Education in regard to the number of text-books authorized for use in each subject in the Course of Studies. 2. The number of text-books authorized for use in the elementary and secondary

schools of Ontario issued since the date of the last return laid before this House, March 20th, 1911, and the methods adopted to keep these books up to the requirements of the schools. 3. The cost to the Province of each of these books in the form of payments to authors, printers and electrotypers. 4. The estimated saving to purchasers of all text-books in elementary and secondary schools on all the books as compared with previous prices of the same. 5. The amount annually paid in royalties by the Department of Education to writers of authorized text-books. 6. The cost to the Province of the preparation, editing, and printing of supplementary readers authorized for use in the schools. 7. The amount paid annually by publishers to any official of the Department of Education on text-books authorized for use in the schools of this Province. 8. What Ontario books have been adopted in other Provinces. Presented to the Legislature, April 28th, 1914. Mr. *Musgrove*. *Printed*.

Forty-Sixth Annual Report

OF THE

Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities

UPON THE

Hospitals for the Insane

OF THE

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

Being for the Year ending 31st October

1913

PRINTED BY ORDER OF

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO

TORONTO:
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1914

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TORONTO

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS.

TORONTO, January 22nd, 1914.

To His Honour SIR JOHN MORISON GIBSON, K.C.M.G., K.C., LL.D., etc.

Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOUR:

I beg to submit herewith the Forty-sixth Annual Report upon the Hospitals for the Insane of Ontario, being for the official year ending on the 31st October, 1913.

I have the honour to be,

Your Honour's most obedient servant,

W. J. HANNA,

Provincial Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE

INSPECTOR OF PRISONS AND PUBLIC CHARITIES, ONTARIO.

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, TORONTO, January 15th, 1914.

SIR,—I have the honour to transmit herewith, to be presented to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, the Forty-sixth Annual Report upon the Hospitals for the Insane of Ontario, being for the official year ending 31st October, 1913.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

EDWIN R. ROGERS.

Inspector.

THE HONOURABLE W. J. HANNA, M.P.P.,

Provincial Secretary of the Province of Ontario.
Toronto.

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Report

Of Edwin R. Rogers, Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities for the year ending Oct. 31st, 1913.

General.

On Oct. 31st, 1913, exclusive of insane patients in the Homewood Sanatorium at Guelph, there were in the Hospitals for Insane of Ontario 5,912 insane persons divided as follows:

Males	2,881
Females	3,031
	5,912

The net increase in the population for the year was 186.

Movements of Patients.

The daily average number of patients in the Provincial Hospitals for the Insane during the year was 5,822. An increase of 140.

The total number of admissions was 1,337, an increase of 90.

The total number of deaths was 408, a decrease of 52.

The total number of discharges was 612, an increase of 42.

Revenue.

There has been an increase in the revenue from paying patients as follows:

1912	$189,096.93
1913	205,649.41
Increase	$16,582.48

There is also an increase collected from the Municipalities under the provision of 6 Edward VII., Chap. 8, as follows:

1912	$116,896.70
1913	119,701.50
Increase	$2,804.80

Deportation.

During the year 257 persons have been deported as follows:

Number of insane	44
Number of criminals	138
Number likely to become a public charge	75
	257

Owing to the increased number of the insane, it was impossible to provide the accommodation for all the applications.

At most of the Institutions, alterations and improvements are being made to provide for the accommodations required.

At Brockville the farm buildings were improved and the house was enlarged for working patients on the farm. The new admission Hospital is well under way, and it is hoped that it will be ready for occupation early in the coming fall.

At Hamilton the farm lands and buildings have been improved, the gardener's house completed and occupied and many general improvements were made.

At Mimico, the laundry has been completely overhauled and the drying-room removed, and the health of the working patients carefully looked after.

At Kingston the sewage house has been changed so that the overflow that goes into the river is now deprived of all danger of disease. Many other improvements have been made.

At London, many general improvements have been made.

At Penetanguishene the raw sewage has been turned on to the land and treated so that there is no danger from it going into the lake.

The work at Whitby has been pushed forward rapidly, and it is expected that in the early fall some patients will be placed in the new cottages now nearing completion.

EDWIN R. ROGERS,

Inspector.

TABLE

Showing movements of patients in the Hospital

	Brockville Hospital.			Cobourg Hospital.			Hamilton Hospital.			Kingston Hospital.		
	Male.	Female	Total	Male.	Female	Total.	Male.	Female	Total.	Male.	Female	Total
Capacity of Hospital	356	348	704	...	155	155	656	639	1,295	311	282	593
In Residence, Oct. 31st, 1912	349	350	699	...	152	152	653	638	1,291	296	257	553
Admitted during year 1913:—												
By Warrant	11	6	17	...	8	8	77	22	99	21	1	22
By Medical Certificate	68	81	149	...	11	11	55	68	123	86	64	150
Voluntary	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
Total number under treatment during year	428	437	865	...	171	171	787	728	1,515	403	322	725
Discharges during year:—												
As recovered	30	15	45	...	1	1	16	12	28	33	26	59
As improved	8	16	24	...	1	1	29	29	58	22	17	39
As unimproved	4	3	7	...	.....	.....	4	1	5	1	.....	1
As not insane	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total number discharged during year	42	34	76	...	2	2	49	42	91	56	43	99
Died	28	35	63	...	12	12	54	34	88	28	18	46
Deported	3	.....	3	...	.....	.....	8	.....	8	2	.....	2
Eloped	4	.....	4	...	.....	.....	3	.....	3	.....	.....	.....
Transferred	2	.....	2	...	4	4	6	8	14	.....	.....	.....
Total number admitted since opening of Hospital	1,357	1,340	2,697	...	301	301	3,116	3,063	6,179	2,644	2,262	4,906
Total number discharged since opening of Hospital	471	529	1,000	...	8	8	1,135	1,308	2,443	1,158	1,058	2,216
Total number died since opening of Hospital	464	362	826	...	105	105	974	851	1,825	838	640	1,478
Total number deported since opening of Hospital	7	5	12	...	2	2	32	5	37	8	2	10
Total number eloped since opening of Hospital	41	2	43	...	.....	.....	100	9	109	79	1	80
Total number transferr'd since opening of Hospital	25	74	99	...	33	33	208	246	454	244	300	544
Total remaining in Hospital, Oct. 31st, 1913	349	368	717	...	153	153	667	644	1,311	317	261	578
Number of applications on fyle	19	22	41	...	.....	.....	4	7	11	44	47	91
Daily average population	360	366	726	...	154	154	664	642	1,306	303	254	557
Collective days' stay of all patients in residence during year	151,439	133,688	265,127	.....	56,113	56,113	242,398	234,369	476,767	110,489	92,932	203,421

No. 1.

for the year ending October 31st, 1913

London Hospital.			Mimico Hospital.			Penetang Hospital.			Toronto Hospital.			Totals.		
Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
511	555	1,066	340	320	660	166	204	370	426	426	852	2,766	2,929	5,695
520	566	1,086	313	311	624	165	204	369	473	479	952	2,769	2,957	5,726
42	9	51	71	23	94	4	11	15	86	29	115	312	109	421
67	85	152	36	53	89	2	7	9	82	149	231	396	518	914
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
629	660	1,289	420	387	807	171	222	393	641	657	1,298	3,480	3,584	7,064
19	24	43	30	24	54	.....	.....	.....	39	45	84	167	147	314
17	19	36	13	7	20	.....	.....	.....	33	45	78	122	134	256
5	8	13	1	1	2	.....	.....	.....	6	7	13	21	20	41
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	1	.....	1
41	51	92	44	32	76	.....	.....	.....	79	97	176	311	301	612
35	32	67	22	18	40	4	14	18	42	32	74	213	195	408
.....	.....	.....	6	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	19	9	28	38	9	47
6	.....	6	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	6	2	8	21	2	23
.....	.....	.....	.....	12	12	3	5	8	4	17	21	15	46	61
3,674	3,339	7,013	1,613	1,506	3,119	258	321	579	6,047	5,771	11,818	18,709	17,903	36,612
1,548	1,482	3,030	502	476	978	17	22	39	2,998	3,107	6,105	7,829	7,990	15,819
1,191	1,017	2,208	451	402	853	51	80	131	1,638	1,323	2,961	5,607	4,780	10,387
10	3	13	41	5	46	8	.....	8	96	33	129	202	55	257
133	16	149	37	1	38	7	.....	7	142	21	163	539	50	589
245	244	489	236	297	533	11	16	27	682	787	1,469	1,651	1,997	3,648
547	577	1,124	346	325	671	164	203	367	491	500	991	2,881	3,031	5,912
12	7	19	78	46	124	.....	.....	.....	23	45	68	180	174	354
536	573	1,109	339	321	660	164	201	365	466	479	944	2,832	2,990	5,822
195,501	209,236	404,737	123,710	117,317	241,027	59,947	73,344	133,291	169,897	174,955	344,852	1,053,381	1,091,954	2,145,335

TABLE No. 2.

Showing social state and religion of patients admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

	Admissions of Year.	In residence.	Admissions since opening.
Social State.			
Single	672	3,409	17,849
Married	581	2,253	18,218
Widowed	81	225	509
Divorced	1	3	6
Separated	2	1	11
Unascertained	.....	21	19
Total	1,337	5,912	36,612
Religion.			
Baptists	58	275	1,534
Congregationalists	24	33	291
Church of England	316	1,168	8,006
Methodists	278	1,361	8,163
Presbyterians	268	1,049	7,230
Roman Catholics	231	1,316	7,720
Other Denominations	112	460	2,505
Unascertained	50	260	1,163
Totals	1,337	5,912	36,612

TABLE No. 3,

Showing nativity of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

Nativity.	Admissions of Year.	Admissions since opening.
Total born in Canada	932	21,758
Armenia		1
Assyria	3	13
Austria	13	34
Australia		2
Belgium		
Bulgaria		2
Central America		
China	1	4
Denmark		7
England	179	4,706
France	3	28
Finland	4	36
Galicia		3
Germany	7	230
Greece		3
Holland		3
Hungary	1	4
Ireland	69	5,095
Italy	8	49
Japan		
Macedonia		2
Other British Possessions	4	215
Norway	1	13
Roumania	3	8
Russia	20	106
Scotland	46	2,382
South America		4
Switzerland	1	7
Sweden	5	37
Turkey		5
United States	32	973
West Indies		10
Unascertained and other countries	5	871
Totals	1,337	36,612

TABLE No. 4.

Showing the occupation of those admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Occupation.	Brockville Hospital.	Cobourg Hospital.	Hamilton Hospital.	Kingston Hospital.	London Hospital.	Mimico Hospital.	Penetanguishene Hospital.	Toronto Hospital.	Admitted this year.	Since opening.
Professional:— Clergy, Military and Naval Officers, Physicians, Lawyers, Architects, Artists, Authors, Civil Engineers, Surveyors, etc.	5	1	2	4	3	2	....	1	18	576
Commercial:— Bankers, Merchants, Accountants, Clerks, Salesmen, Stenographers, Typewriters, etc.	9	....	19	18	9	7	....	36	98	1,775
Agricultural and Pastoral:— Farmers, Gardeners, Stock Men, etc.	16	..	30	27	56	29	2	13	173	5,656
Mechanics at Outdoor Vocations:— Railway and Stationary Engineers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Engine Fitters, Sawyers, Painters, Police, etc.	15	....	5	10	10	10	....	19	69	1,705
Mechanics, etc., at Sedentary Vocations:— Shoemakers, Bookbinders, Compositors, Weavers, Tailors, Seamstresses, Bakers, Factory Workers, etc.	11	5	31	14	5	5	1	27	99	2,294
Domestic Service:— Waiters, Cooks, Servants, etc.	9	3	10	9	15	10	8	38	102	3,646
Education and Higher Domestic Duties: Governesses, Teachers, Students, Housekeepers, Nurses, etc.	74	7	61	41	65	64	4	81	397	10,821
Miners, Marine Engineers, Railway Employees, Seamen, etc.	1	...	7	2	....	2	....	1	13	349
Laborers	22	...	39	24	23	47	4	83	242	5,166
No Occupation	4	3	20	21	17	6	5	46	122	2,227
Unascertained	....	....	....	2	....	1	....	1	4	2,397
Totals	166	19	224	172	202	183	24	346	1,337	36,612

TABLE No. 5.

Showing the Counties and Districts from which patients have been admitted during the year ending October 31st, 1913, and the Hospitals they were assigned to

Counties and Districts.	Number received under warrant process.	Number received from private houses by medical certificates.	Total number received from respective counties during the year.	Assigned to Brockville Hospital.	Assigned to Cobourg Hospital.	Assigned to Hamilton Hospital.	Assigned to Kingston Hospital.	Assigned to London Hospital	Assigned to Mimico Hospital.	Assigned to Penetang Hospital.	Assigned to Toronto Hospital.
Algoma District	14	8	22	....	....	1	....	....	20	....	1
Brant	3	6	9	....	....	9	....	....	....	....	....
Bruce	6	17	23	....	....	2	....	20	1	....	....
Carleton	10	51	61	59	....	....	1	....	....	1	....
Dufferin	4	7	11	....	....	7	....	....	1	3	....
Dundas	....	10	10	10	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Durham	3	7	10	....	....	....	9	....	1	....	....
Elgin	3	11	14	....	....	....	....	14	....	....	....
Essex	4	12	16	....	....	1	....	15	....	....	....
Frontenac	1	44	45	1	....	....	44	....	....	....	....
Glengarry	1	6	7	7	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Grenville	....	7	7	7	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Grey	6	15	21	....	....	19	....	....	....	1	1
Haldimand	4	3	7	....	....	7	....	....	....	....	....
Halton	1	5	6	....	....	5	....	....	1	....	....
Hastings	1	26	27	....	....	....	27	....	....	....	....
Huron	8	16	24	....	....	2	....	22	....	....	....
Kent	3	25	28	....	....	1	....	27	....	....	....
Lambton	4	16	20	....	....	....	....	20	....	....	....
Lanark	....	10	10	10	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Leeds	2	39	41	33	....	....	8	....	....	....	....
Lennox and Addington	3	6	9	....	....	1	8	....	....	....	....
Lincoln	2	2	4	....	....	4	....	....	....	....	....
Middlesex	12	34	46	1	....	....	....	45	....	....	....
Muskoka District	4	7	11	....	....	2	....	....	8	1	....
Nipissing District	32	7	39	....	....	2	....	....	35	....	2
Norfolk	4	3	7	....	....	7	....	....	....	....	....
Northumberland	4	19	23	....	....	....	19	....	....	1	3
Ontario	4	15	19	....	2	1	1	....	12	1	2
Oxford	8	10	18	....	....	1	....	17	....	....	....
Parry Sound District	2	8	10	....	....	....	....	....	10	....	....
Peel	4	5	9	....	....	1	....	....	7	1	....
Perth	7	12	19	....	....	1	....	18	....	....	....
Peterborough	7	13	20	....	2	1	3	....	13	1	....
Prescott	4	8	12	12	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Prince Edward	....	14	14	....	....	....	14	....	....	....	....
Rainy River District	2	....	2	....	....	....	....	....	1	1	....
Renfrew	1	20	21	1	1	....	19	....	....	....	....
Russell	1	6	7	7	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Simcoe	12	22	34	....	....	5	1	....	26	2	....
Stormont	....	14	14	14	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Thunder Bay District	17	2	19	....	....	3	....	....	12	4	....
Victoria	13	4	17	....	1	....	6	....	10	....	....
Waterloo	6	10	16	....	....	14	1	....	....	1	....
Welland	7	12	19	1	....	16	1	....	....	....	1
Wellington	4	11	15	....	....	12	....	2	1	....	....
Wentworth	45	49	94	1	....	92	....	....	....	1	....
York	137	255	392	2	12	7	7	....	24	5	235
Unascertained	1	7	8	....	1	....	3	3	....	....	1
Totals	421	916	1,337	166	19	224	172	203	183	24	346

TABLE No. 5a.

Showing the counties and districts from which the entire number of patients admitted to the Hospitals have been received, including the admissions of the present year; also the counties and districts from which the patients remaining in residence the 31st October, 1913, were originally admitted.

Counties and Districts.	Admissions of the year.	Total admissions.	Patients in residence 31st October, 1913.								
			Brockville Hospital.	Cobourg Hospital.	Hamilton Hospital.	Kingston Hospital.	London Hospital.	Mimico Hospital.	Penetang Hospital.	Toronto Hospital.	Total.
Algoma District	22	228	....	....	5	....	1	45	16	7	74
Brant	9	572	....	1	89	....	4	2	1	1	98
Bruce	23	590	1	1	5	....	113	1	5	4	130
Carleton	61	1,301	221	1	2	45	....	....	4	2	275
Dufferin	11	152	....	....	26	....	....	4	4	2	36
Dundas	10	252	26	2	....	4	....	....	....	....	32
Durham	10	530	2	6	1	9	1	6	1	11	37
Elgin	14	600	....	2	1	....	88	1	5	2	99
Essex	16	528	3	....	5	....	93	1	2	1	105
Frontenac	45	1,309	9	8	10	130	....	2	4	2	165
Glengarry	7	331	31	....	....	10	....	....	....	2	43
Grenville	7	393	39	....	1	3	....	....	....	1	44
Grey	21	717	....	6	118	1	9	8	12	3	157
Haldimand	7	370	1	....	55	....	....	2	....	....	58
Halton	6	400	1	1	44	....	1	4	1	4	56
Hastings	27	859	10	4	....	80	1	3	2	3	113
Huron	24	885	2	3	3	....	121	1	5	6	141
Kent	28	609	2	1	3	1	106	2	....	....	115
Lambton	20	822	3	2	5	....	106	2	1	2	121
Lanark	10	646	63	1	....	13	....	....	1	1	78
Leeds	41	589	94	....	3	16	....	....	2	1	116
Lennox and Addington	9	450	3	1	....	39	....	1	3	2	49
Lincoln	4	563	1	3	59	....	....	....	1	1	65
Middlesex	46	2,050	4	8	5	1	276	2	4	1	301
Muskoka District	11	175	....	....	3	....	....	15	13	2	33
Nipissing District	39	203	1	1	6	....	....	68	4	3	83
Norfolk	7	399	....		55	1	....	....	2	....	58
Northumberland	23	760	3	9	3	73	....	8	10	11	117
Ontario	19	813	2	8	7	1	1	50	22	17	108
Oxford	18	702	1	1	6	....	77	3	3	3	94
Parry Sound District	10	105	....	....	3	....	....	26	1	2	32
Peel	9	486	1	1	9	....	....	35	4	10	60
Perth	19	714	3	1	6	....	94	3	1	....	108
Peterborough	20	540	1	8	....	5	....	59	7	8	88
Prescott	12	300	55	....	2	3	....	....	2	....	62
Prince Edward	14	274	....	2	....	41	1	1	....	1	46
Rainy River District	2	72	....	....	5	....	....	17	6	....	23
Renfrew	21	502	9	1	....	60	....	....	3	1	74
Russell	7	110	30	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	32
Simcoe	34	1,139	2	7	30	1	4	80	72	16	212
Stormont	14	426	58	1	1	8	....	....	7	2	71
Thunder Bay District	19	28	....	....	7	1	1	23	4	2	38
Victoria and Haliburton	17	681	....	5	3	6	....	58	10	6	88
Waterloo	16	542	1	....	119	....	4	1	1	7	133
Welland	19	516	3	....	88	2	....	1	1	5	100
Wellington	15	937	....	2	124	....	3	1	6	8	144
Wentworth	94	2,140	4	4	330	5	4	....	8	6	361
York	392	7,705	25	49	57	14	11	139	98	818	1,211
Unascertained	8	531	2	2	5	3	4	1	14	4	35
New Brunswick	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	1
United States	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Totals	1,337	36,612	717	153	1,311	578	1,124	671	367	991	5,912

TABLE No. 6.

Showing the assigned causes of insanity in the cases admitted during year.

Causes.	Men.	Women	Total.	Inherited Predisposition.			Un-ascertained.
				Men.	Women.	Total.	
Moral.							
Adverse Conditions (such as loss of friends, business troubles, etc.)	37	43	80	13	10	23	39
Mental Strain, Worry and Overwork (not included in above)	45	79	124	14	35	49	39
Religious Excitement	5	4	9	2	3	5	2
Love Affairs, including seduction	4	6	10	3	.....	3	2
Fright and Nervous Shock	1	11	12	1	3	4	5
Physical.							
Alcoholism	59	7	66	19	5	24	23
Sexual Excess	4	.....	4	.....	1	1	4
Venereal Diseases	37	6	43	4	.....	4	15
Masturbation	15	.....	15	4	.....	4	11
Insolation	2	2	4	.....	1	1	1
Accident or Injury	19	11	30	5	3	8	12
Pregnancy	.....	12	12	.....	2	2	3
Parturition and Puerperium	.....	19	19	.....	10	10	3
Lactation	.....	2	2	.....	1	1	.....
Climacteric Period	.....	27	27	.....	10	10	8
Fevers	6	1	7	1	.....	1	2
Privation and Overwork	21	10	31	9	3	12	13
Epilepsy	16	7	23	7	3	10	11
Other Convulsive Diseases	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Diseases of Brain and Skull	6	.....	6	.....	1	1	4
Senility	51	23	74	12	8	20	40
Exophthalmic Goitre	1	15	16	.....	1	1	.....
Epidemic Influenza	.....	3	3	1	1	2	1
Abuse of Drugs	8	2	10	1	.....	1	3
Loss of Special Sense	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Uræmia	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other Auto-infection	14	21	35	6	4	10	.....
Other Bodily Diseases	21	20	41	8	10	18	13
Hereditary.							
Congenital Defect	85	125	210	29	108	137	32
Unascertained	248	170	418	240	266	506	181
Not Insane	3	.....	3	1	.....	1	1
Totals	710	627	1,337	380	489	869	1,337

TABLE No. 7.

Showing hereditary tendency to insanity in patients admitted during the year.

	Admitted During Year.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Paternal Branch	49	62	111
Maternal Branch	48	48	96
Paternal and Maternal Branches	19	14	33
Collateral Branches	67	63	130
No hereditary tendency	155	167	322
Unascertained	372	273	645
Not insane	.....	.....	.....
Totals	710	627	1,337

TABLE No. 8.

Showing summary of probational discharges during the year.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Number Granted Probational Discharge	308	232	540
Discharged, Recovered while on Probation	98	76	174
" Improved " "	86	63	149
" Unimproved " "	9	5	14
Died " "	1	.....	1
Returned to Hospital	47	38	85
Absent on Probation on October 31st, 1912	67	50	117

TABLE No. 9.

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year ending October 31st, 1913.

Cause of Death.	Brockville Hospital	Cobourg Hospital	Hamilton Hospital	Kingston Hospital	London Hospital	Mimico Hospital	Penetang Hospital	Toronto Hospital	Total.
Specific Infectious Diseases:—									
Typhoid Fever	1		2						3
Influenza		1							1
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis									
Diphtheria									
Erysipelas						1		1	2
Septicæmia			2		4	3	1	2	11
Dysentery	1		1						2
Syphilis									
Tuberculosis	12	1	15	9	12	5	1	7	62
Toxemia									
Constitutional Diseases:—									
Rheumatism									
Arthritis Deformans									
Diabetes Mellitus			1						1
Diseases of the Digestive System:—									
Mouth, salivary glands									
Pharynx									
Tonsils									
Œsophagus									
Enteritis									
Diseases of the Intestines:—									
Diseases of the Liver	1		1	4			1	1	8
Diseases of the Pancreas			1				1		2
Diseases of the Peritoneum	1		1		1				3
Intestinal obstruction									
Diseases of the Respiratory System:—									
Diseases of the Nose and Larynx									
" " Bronchi	1								1
" " Lungs	2		7	8	6	6	1	2	32
" " Pleura								1	1
Diseases of the Circulatory System:—									
Diseases of the Pericardium								1	1
" " Heart	3	4	5	5	4	2	5	6	34
Arterio-sclerosis	13			5	5			7	30
Aneurism									
Diseases of the Blood and Ductless Glands:—									
Anæmia									
Pernicious Anæmia							1		1
Leucæmia									
Exophthalmic Goitre									
Diseases of the Genito-Urinary System	1	2	5		7	2		1	18
Carried forward	36	8	41	31	39	19	10	29	213

TABLE No. 9—*Continued.*

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year ending October 31st, 1913.

Cause of Death.	Brockville Hospital.	Cobourg Hospital.	Hamilton Hospital.	Kingston Hospital.	London Hospital.	Mimico Hospital.	Penetang Hospital.	Toronto Hospital.	Total.
Brought forward	36	8	41	31	39	19	10	29	213
Diseases of the Nervous System:—									
Diseases of the Nerves							1		1
" " Spinal Cord				1		1			2
" " Meninges									
Organic Diseases of the Brain, (Tumor, Abscess, Embolism, Thrombosis, Hæmorrhage, and other gross lesions)	1		7		6	3	3	1	21
Functional Nervous Diseases, (Paralysis Agitans, Chorea, Eclampsia, Hysteria)								1	1
Epilepsy	4	1	7	1	3	3	1	2	22
Mental Diseases:—									
Exhaustion of Acute Mental Disease	11		12	2		3		4	32
Exhaustion of Chronic Mental Disease	1		6			1			8
General Paresis	3		5	5	5	4		20	42
Intoxications:—									
Alcoholism			1						1
Morphinism				1					1
Metallic Poisoning									
Heat Stroke									2
Debility of Old Age	3	3	8		12	5	1	11	43
Accident				1					1
Suicide	2							2	4
Surgical Diseases									
Gynæcological Diseases									
Malignant New Growths, or Cancer	2		1	4	2		2	2	13
Pellagra								2	
Unknown (died on probation)						1			2
Totals	63	12	88	46	67	40	18	74	408

TABLE No. 10.

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Infection Psychoses —									
(a) Fever Delirium	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Infection Delirium	2	7	9	1	3	4	2	3	5
(c) Post Infection Psychoses	....	9	9	....	4	4	....	3	3
Exhaustion Psychoses :—									
(a) Collapsed Delirium	7	12	19	4	6	10	2	6	8
(b) Acute Confusional Psychoses	3	14	17	1	5	6	2	5	7
(c) Neurasthenia	6	2	8	3	1	4	....	1	1
Intoxication Psychoses :—									
(a) Acute Intoxications	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....
(b) Chronic "	5	2	7	....	....	....	....	....	....
(a) Alcoholism (acute and chronic)	49	8	57	47	5	52	6	1	7
(b) Delirium Tremens	3	....	3	1	....	1	....	....	....
(c) Korsakow's Psychoses	1	....	1	....	....	....	1	....	1
(d) Acute Alcoholic Hallucinosis	7	....	7	6	....	6	....	....	....
(e) Alcoholic Hallucinatory Dementia	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
(f) " Paranoia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(g) " Paresis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(h) Morphinism	7	3	10	5	1	6	1	1	2
(i) Cocainism	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(j) Pelagra	....	2	2	....	....	....	....	2	2
Thyroigenous Psychoses :—									
(a) Mixœdematous Psychoses	1	1	2	....	2	2	....	....	....
(b) Cretinism	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Hyparthyroganous	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Dementia Præcox :—									
(a) Hebaphrenic	88	72	160	47	34	81	13	22	35
(b) Catatonic	101	102	203	33	54	87	11	24	35
(c) Paranoid	58	66	124	36	25	61	13	14	27
General Paresis	50	7	57	7	....	7	40	7	47
Organic Dementias :— Traumatic	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
(a) Cerebral Sclerosis	2	....	2	....	2	2	2	....	2
(b) Huntingdon's Chorea	....	1	1	....	....	....	1	....	1
(c) Multiple Sclerosis	....	....	....	1	....	1	1	....	1
(d) Cerebral Syphilis	3	....	3	....	....	....	1	....	1
(e) Tabetic Psychoses	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....
(f) Arterio-sclerotic Psychoses	15	5	20	4	....	4	13	6	19
(g) Cerebral Tumor, Abscess, Hæmorrhage	3	3	6	3	....	3	3	....	3
(h) Tramatic Dementia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Involution Psychoses :—									
(a) Melancholia	23	51	74	11	30	41	9	15	24
(b) Pre-senile Delusional Psychoses	21	38	59	11	9	20	6	3	9
(c) Senile Dementia	47	27	74	13	15	28	39	33	72
(d) Presbyphrenia	1	....	1	1	....	1	....	1	1
Manic Depressive Psychoses ;—									
(a) Manic States	72	65	137	41	64	105	12	22	34
(b) Depressed States	36	52	88	18	28	46	5	11	16
(c) Mixed States	6	3	9	2	1	3	4	1	5
	619	554	1,173	296	291	587	187	181	368

TABLE No. 10.—*Continued.*

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought forward	619	554	1,173	296	291	587	187	181	368
Paranoia	11	9	20	3	2	5	....	....	....
Psychoses from Constitutional Neuroses:—									
(a) Epileptic Psychoses	14	14	28	1	5	6	20	5	25
(b) Hysterical Psychoses	1	5	6	1	2	3	....	1	1
(c) Sexualis Psychopathia	....	2	2	....	....	....	....	....	....
States of Deficient Mental Development:—									
(a) Imbecility	45	23	68	20	7	27	5	5	10
(b) Idiocy	1	2	3	....	....	....	....	....	....
Not Diagnosed	16	18	33	7	2	9	1	3	4
Not Insane	3	....	3	2	1	3	....	....	....
Totals	710	627	1,337	330	310	640	213	195	408

* Includes 28 deports.

TABLE No. 11.

Periods.	Alleged duration of insanity prior to admission.	Length of residence of those remaining in Hospital on Oct. 31st, 1913.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged recovered during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged improved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged unimproved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who died during the year.
Under 1 month.....	318	120	13	24	8	56
From 1 to 2 months.....	152	115	14	29	4	21
" 2 " 3 "	106	85	31	16	4	19
" 3 " 4 "	62	86	29	12	3	10
" 4 " 5 "	49	83	29	25	3	9
" 5 " 6 "	55	91	23	15	3	13
" 6 " 9 "	74	187	71	40	4	19
" 9 "12 "	59	141	33	35	4	14
" 12 "18 "	60	317	35	28	1	11
" 18 months to 2 years ..	52	218	10	9	1	18
" 2 to 3 years.....	75	460	13	14	1	28
" 3 " 4 "	52	373	3	12	1	14
" 4 " 5 "	30	295	2	4	1	18
" 5 " 10 "	54	1,142	2	12	2	53
" 10 " 15 "	40	835	7	3	.....	34
" 15 " 20 "	29	594	.....	2	.....	16
" 20 years and upwards.	32	770	.....	1	1	55
Unknown.....	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Not insane.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
Totals	1,337	5,912	*317	†281	41	408

* Includes 3 deports. † Includes 25 deports.

TABLE

Showing the general movement and result of treatment of patients in the Hospitals 1882, to the 31st

	Average daily Population.			Number of patients admitted.			Number of patients recovered.			Patients discharged improved, unimproved and deported.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Average for 5 years 1882-1886	**1,312**	**1,330**	**2,642**	**264**	**234**	**498**	**82**	**87**	**169**	**36**	**40**	**76**
Average for 5 years 1887-1891	**1,586**	**1,532**	**3,118**	**314**	**306**	**620**	**88**	**85**	**173**	**38**	**46**	**84**
Average for 5 years 1892-1896	**1,894**	**1,932**	**3,826**	**354**	**394**	**748**	**106**	**111**	**217**	**44**	**55**	**99**
1897	2,097	2,157	4,254	507	398	905	107	116	223	42	52	94
1898	2,153	2,215	4,368	349	411	759	122	129	251	54	59	113
1899	2,183	2,258	4,441	368	343	711	116	145	261	48	47	95
1900	2,197	2,288	4,485	352	370	722	121	133	254	28	44	72
1901	2,236	2,368	4,604	372	370	740	145	130	275	26	31	57
Average for 5 years 1897-1901	**2,173**	**2,257**	**4,430**	**389**	**379**	**767**	**122**	**131**	**253**	**40**	**46**	**86**
1902	2,249	2,461	4,710	381	578	959	121	139	260	51	61	112
1903	2,283	2,490	4,773	404	416	820	146	176	322	41	60	101
1904	2,346	2,551	4,897	486	537	1,023	146	156	302	39	60	99
1905	2,396	2,616	5,012	511	538	1,049	149	166	315	64	57	121
1906	2,478	2,699	5,177	517	568	1,085	142	172	314	79	76	155
Average for 5 years 1902-1906	**2,350**	**2,564**	**4,914**	**456**	**527**	**983**	**141**	**162**	**303**	**55**	**63**	**118**
1907	2,511	2,747	5,258	568	528	1,096	146	166	312	118	97	215
1908	2,586	2,814	5,400	577	547	1,124	115	109	224	147	99	246
*1909	2,629	2,871	5,500	438	405	843	152	125	277	100	97	197
1910	2,662	2,879	5,541	567	573	1,140	146	169	315	126	138	264
1911	2,708	2,884	5,592	560	580	1,140	135	164	299	138	142	280
Average for 5 years 1907-1911	**2,619**	**2,839**	**5,448**	**542**	**52**	**1,069**	**139**	**147**	**286**	**126**	**114**	**240**
1912	2,748	2,934	5,682	653	594	1,247	141	155	296	171	148	319
1913	2,832	2,990	5,822	710	627	1,337	167	147	314	181	163	344

* 10 months ending October 31st, 1909.

No. 12.

for the Insane of the Province during the thirty-two years from January 1st, October, 1913.

Number of patients who died.			Percentage of recoveries to average daily population.			Percentage of deaths to average daily population.			Number of patients remaining in Hospital at end of each year.		
Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total
91	**63**	**154**	**6.25**	**6.54**	**6.39**	**6.94**	**4.74**	**5.83**	**1,329**	**1,446**	**2,775**
88	**83**	**171**	**5.56**	**5.88**	**5.55**	**5.56**	**5.42**	**5.48**	**1,600**	**1,601**	**3,201**
124	**93**	**217**	**5.59**	**5.75**	**5.67**	**6.55**	**4.82**	**5.69**	**1,910**	**1,955**	**3,865**
145	117	262	5.10	5.38	5.24	6.91	5.42	6.17	2,116	2,163	4,279
130	108	238	5.67	5.88	5.77	6.04	4.88	5.46	2,152	2,236	4,388
160	132	292	5.31	6.42	5.87	7.28	5.85	6.57	2,176	2,251	4,427
136	133	269	5.51	5.82	5.67	6.19	5.81	6.00	2,198	2,300	4,498
150	107	257	6.48	5.47	5.97	6.70	4.52	5.61	2,236	2,368	4,604
144	**120**	**264**	**5.61**	**5.79**	**5.70**	**6.22**	**5.29**	**5.96**	**2,175**	**2,264**	**4,439**
158	129	287	5.38	5.65	5.52	7.02	5.24	6.09	2,248	2,464	4,712
150	139	289	6.39	7.07	6.75	6.57	5.58	6.05	2,287	2,492	4,779
172	163	335	6.22	6.12	6.18	7.35	6.39	6.84	2,328	2,543	4,871
141	147	288	6.22	6.34	6.28	5.88	5.62	5.75	2,435	2,657	5,092
173	184	357	5.73	6.37	6.06	5.73	6.37	6.06	2,491	2,720	5,211
159	**152**	**311**	**5.99**	**6.31**	**6.15**	**6.51**	**5.84**	**6.18**	**2,358**	**2,575**	**4,933**
197	176	373	5.82	6.04	6.01	7.84	6.41	7.09	2,549	2,765	5,314
193	158	351	4.45	3.87	4.15	7.46	5.61	6.50	2,614	2,877	5,491
132	127	259	5.89	4.38	5.11	5.02	4.42	4.71	2,634	2,897	5,531
174	164	338	5.48	5.87	5.69	6.54	5.69	6.10	2,688	2,921	5,609
200	215	415	4.99	5.68	5.33	7.38	7.45	7.42	2,715	2,925	5,640
179	**168**	**347**	**5.17**	3	**5.50**	**6.85**	**5.92**	**6.38**	**,640**	**2,877**	**5,517**
241	219	460	5.13	5.29	5.21	8.77	7.46	8.09	2,769	2,957	5,726
213	195	408	5.89	4.82	5.38	7.52	6.52	6.99	2,881	3,031	5,912

TABLE No. 13.

Showing the percentage of recoveries on the average population and admissions for the year ending October 31st, 1913.

Hospitals.	On average population.			On admission.		
	Average population.	Recovered.	Percentage.	Admissions.	Recovered.	Percentage.
Brockville	726	45	6.20	166	45	27.11
Cobourg	154	1	.65	19	1	5.26
Hamilton	1,306	28	2.14	224	28	12.50
Kingston	557	59	10.59	172	59	34.30
London	1,109	43	3.88	203	43	21.18
Mimico	660	54	8.18	183	54	28.31
Penetang	365	.....	.....	24	.....	.....
Toronto	945	84	8.89	346	84	24.28
Totals	5,832	314	5.38	1,337	314	23.49

TABLE No. 14.

Showing summary of discharges during the year.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Discharged, Recovered	167	147	314
" Improved	122	134	256
" Unimproved	21	20	41
" Deported	38	9	47
" Eloped	21	2	23
" Not Insane	1	.....	1
Total Number of Discharges	370	312	682

TABLE No. 15.

Deaths in Hospitals.

Hospitals.	No. of Deaths.	Daily average population.	Percentage of deaths on daily average population.
Brockville	63	726	8.68
Cobourg	12	154	7.79
Hamilton	88	1,306	6.74
Kingston	46	557	8.26
London	67	1,109	6.04
Mimico	40	660	6.06
Penetang	18	365	4.93
Toronto	74	945	7.83
Totals	408	5,832	6.99

TABLE No. 16.

The following table shows the number of beds in each of the Hospitals, number in residence, number of vacancies, over population and applications on fyle at close of official year.

Asylums.	Number of beds.			Number in residence on 31st October, 1913.			Number of vacancies.			Over population.			Applications on fyle.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brockville	356	348	704	349	368	717	7	.....	7	.....	20	20	19	22	41
Cobourg	.....	155	155	.....	153	153	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hamilton	656	639	1,295	667	644	1,311	.....	.....	.....	11	5	16	.....	.....	.....
Kingston	311	282	593	317	261	578	.....	21	21	6	.....	6	44	47	91
London	511	555	1,066	547	577	1,124	.....	.....	.....	36	22	58	12	7	19
Mimico	340	320	660	346	325	671	.....	.....	.....	6	5	11	78	46	124
Penetang	166	204	370	164	203	367	2	1	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Toronto	426	426	852	491	500	991	.....	.....	.....	65	74	139	23	45	68
Totals	2,766	2,929	5,695	2,881	3,031	5,912	9	24	33	124	126	250	176	167	343

TABLE No. 17.

Showing the number of officers and employees in each and all of the Hospitals classified according to the duties performed.

Occupation.	Brockville Hospital.	Cobourg Hospital.	Hamilton Hospital.	Kingston Hospital.	London Hospital.	Mimico Hospital.	Penetang Hospital.	Toronto Hospital.	Total.
Medical Superintendents	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
Assistant Superintendents	1	.....	1	1	1	1	.....	1	6
Assistant Physicians	1	1	3	2	3	2	1	3	16
Trained Nurses	1	1	1	1	1	1	.....	1	7
Dentists	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	2
Bursars	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
Bursars' Clerks	1	.....	1	.....	1	1	.....	1	5
Stenographers and Portresses.	1	.....	3	1	3	1	1	3	13
Storekeepers	1	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Matrons	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
Assistant Matrons	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1	.....	.....	3
Cooks	5	3	9	4	8	3	4	7	43
Laundresses	4	2	3	1	5	3	3	7	28
Housemaids	6	2	6	3	6	2	2	6	33
Seamstresses	1	.....	1	1	2	1	1	1	8
Tailoresses	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	1	.....	4
Bakers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
Assistant Bakers	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Butchers	1	.....	1	1	1	1	.....	1	6
Tailors	1	.....	1	1	1	.....	.....	1	5
Shoemakers	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2
Laundrymen	1	.....	1	1	1	1	1	.....	6
Engineers and Assistants	2	1	2	3	4	5	2	2	21
Stokers	5	2	10	3	12	5	3	5	45
Bricklayers and Masons	1	.....	1	2	2	1	1	1	9
Carpenters	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	14
Painters	1	.....	1	1	2	1	1	1	8
Farmers	1	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Farmers' Assistants	6	.....	10	3	7	4	4	.....	34
Gardeners	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
Assistant Gardeners	1	.....	1	1	3	2	.....	2	10
Porters	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chief Attendants, Male	1	.....	1	1	4	1	.....	1	9
Supervisors, Male	8	.....	13	4	8	7	1	11	52
Attendants, Male	30	.....	55	31	45	26	8	29	224
Chief Attendants, Female	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	8
Supervisors, Female	8	3	12	13	8	6	3	12	65
Attendants, Female	30	7	31	33	46	24	9	42	222
Musical Instructresses	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	126	29	179	123	188	112	56	149	962

TABLE No. 18.

Statement of Revenue from Paying Patients and Farm and Miscellaneous Revenue.

Hospital.	No. of Paying Patients.	From Paying Patients.	From Farm and Miscellaneous.	Total.
		$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Brockville	213	22,234 16	343 76	22,577 92
Cobourg	13	1,033 41	123 45	1,156 86
Hamilton	394	46,302 52	562 81	46,865 33
Kingston	196	16,778 67	604 42	17,383 09
London	411	39,537 28	638 38	40,175 66
Mimico	225	25,173 75	533 95	25,707 70
Penetanguishene	28	2,668 68	873 56	3,542 24
Toronto	432	51,920 94	877 45	52,798 39
Totals	1,912	205,649 41	4,557 78	210,207 19
Revenue from Railway Taxation, under 6 Edward VII., Cap. 9, Sec. 4, Sub-sec. 2	.....	.....	.....	119,701 50
	.....	.....	.....	329,908 69

TABLE No. 19.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUE.

The following statement shows the revenue received from the Hospitals for each year since 1871, together with the number of paying patients in the Hospitals from year to year:

	No. of Paying Patients.	Revenue.	Increase.	Decrease.
		$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
For the year ending September 30, 1871..	118	14,045 30	.....	.....
" " 1872..	139	19,255 80	5,219 50	.....
" " 1873..	171	16,660 61	.....	2,595 19
" " 1874.	182	20,035 77	3,373 15	.....
" " 1875..	231	21,875 92	1,840 15	.....
" " 1876..	256	21,175 93	.....	699 99
" " 1877..	323	28,093 58	6,917 65	.....
" " 1878..	334	30,103 75	2,010 17	.....
" " 1879..	343	32,398 26	2,794 51	.....
" " 1880..	387	37,653 81	4,755 55	.....
" " 1881..	414	41,066 54	3,412 73	.....
" " 1882..	475	43,937 64	2,871 10	.....
" " 1883..	538	59,922 59	15,984 95	.....
" " 1884..	496	48,135 18	.....	11,787 41
" " 1885..	509	49,620 93	1,485 73	.....
" " 1886..	516	53,030 05	4,309 12	.....
" " 1887..	514	48,742 53	.....	4,287 52
" " 1888..	538	59,638 16	10,895 03	.....
" " 1889..	708	66,670 64	7,032 48	.....
" " 1890..	562	62,754 16	.....	3,916 48
" " 1891..	577	48,507 52	.....	14,246 14
" " 1892..	632	73,240 61	14,733 19	.....
" " 1893..	661	73,415 54	174 93	.....
" " 1894..	697	72,722 04	.....	693 50
" " 1895..	743	68,290 31	.....	4,431 73
" " 1896..	904	97,898 19	29,607 88	.....
" " 1897..	844	100,581 25	2,683 06	.....
" " 1898..	770	72,042 44	.....	28,538 81
" " 1899..	778	74,364 54	2,322 10	.....
" " 1900..	846	81,650 87	7,286 33	.....
" " 1901..	902	90,677 46	9,026 59	.....
" " 1902..	959	101,076 20	10,398 74	.....
" " 1903..	1,029	97,416 03	.....	3,660 17
" " 1904..	1,111	106,167 49	8,751 46	.....
" " 1905..	1,211	114,915 59	8,748 10	.....
For the 3 mos. ending December 31, 1905..	.....	54,897 06	27,403 60	.....
For the year ending December 31, 1906..	1,732	165,404 08	50,488 49	.....
" " 1907..	1,797	166,419 63	1,015 55	.....
" " 1908..	1,878	146,148 77	.....	3,739 24
For the 10 mos. ending October 31, 1909..	1,613	140,048 18	.....	.....
" " year " " 1910..	1,891	168,914 54	.....	.....
" " " " " 1911..	1,899	183,077 18	14,162 64	.....
" " " " " 1912..	1,963	189,096 93	6,019 75	.....
" " " " " 1913..	.....	205,649 41	16,552 48	.....

In addition $119,701.50 revenue for the year ending Oct. 31, 1913, was derived from Railway Taxation under 6 Edward VII. c. 9.

Revenue from Woodstock and Orillia not included in 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912 and 1913.

TABLE No. 20.

STATEMENT.

Showing the Expenditure on Maintenance under the different headings of the estimates for the year ending October 31st, 1913.

Headings of Estimates.	Brockville Hospital.	Cobourg Hospital.	Hamilton Hospital.	Kingston Hospital.	London Hospital.	Mimico Hospital.	Penetang. Hospital.	Toronto Hospital.
	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Medicines and medical comforts	1,195 79	125 25	1,167 14	1,193 74	1,196 37	875 57	158 76	1,121 50
Groceries, provisions and butcher's cattle	40,985 16	6,803 20	71,943 36	32,528 86	55,767 45	31,980 01	16,165 93	65,780 27
Fuel, light and water	21,956 81	2,852 40	30,131 51	15,972 36	18,765 81	13,724 88	9,880 87	20,249 06
Clothing	5,780 97	522 50	8,329 27	5,778 26	8,637 13	4,008 10	2,223 50	6,443 04
Laundry and cleaning	1,829 65	413 06	2,330 81	2,548 55	3,629 79	1,800 64	280 41	3,419 62
General repairs	5,931 97	488 42	9,738 37	6,911 36	9,993 12	5,960 50	1,992 87	6,975 04
Office expenses	980 05	273 11	1,375 71	1,413 16	1,139 50	1,017 67	401 52	1,136 43
Farm expenses	7,483 46	203 83	7,883 68	5,764 42	7,995 90	3,073 95	4,329 51	2,113 32
Contingencies	2,176 97	514 78	2,902 65	1,699 56	2,296 38	1,269 56	687 88	3,009 62
Total expense	88,320 83	12,196 55	135,812 50	73,810 27	109,421 45	63,710 88	36,121 25	110,267 92
Salaries	46,655 94	12,889 78	63,795 97	46,706 76	65,482 04	42,191 99	24,028 06	54,177 58
Grand Totals	134,976 77	25,086 33	199,608 47	120,517 03	174,903 49	105,902 87	60,149 31	164,445 50

TABLE

Comparative Statement of Average Maintenance Cost per Capita

	Brockville.		Cobourg.		Hamilton.	
	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.
Days' residence of patients	255,291	251.398	56.099	55.994	467,308	456,711
Average number of patients	699.42	686.81	155.44	152.99	1,280.29	1,247 84
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
MEDICINES	.53	.45	.22	.26	.26	.23
Medicines and Medical comforts	.53	.45	.22	.26	.26	.23
PROVISIONS	13.78	14.98	8.92	9.01	14.64	14.66
Breakfast Foods and Cereals	.32	.28	.14	.19	.27	.25
Butter	1.99	1.83	1.24	1.13	2.56	2.31
Coffee and Tea	.48	.47	.38	.41	.47	.45
Eggs	.47	.57	.49	.43	.38	.31
Flour, Bread, etc	1.57	1.88	1.46	1.43	1.82	1.82
Fruit and Vegetables—Fresh	.29	.33	.37	.31	.77	.74
" " Canned and Dried	.53	.56	.10	.19	.35	.42
Milk	1.56	1.77	1.44	1.45	1.49	1.23
Potatoes	.86	1.05	.33	.33	.65	.84
Salt, Spices, Pickles, etc	.07	.07	.02	.03	.08	.08
Sugar and Syrup	.79	.94	.51	.54	.72	.86
Unenumerated Groceries	.87	.88	.52	.45	.67	.81
Butchers' Meat	3.48	3.48	1.88	2.07	3.74	3.86
Fish and Fowl	.50	.37	.04	.05	.72	.68
FUEL, LIGHT AND WATER	7.66	8.12	5.58	5.61	6.28	6.26
Coal and Wood	5.39	5.74	3.88	3.82	4.85	4.95
Electricity	.05	.06	.89	.89	.43	.42
Gas	1.25	1.27	.....	.....	.31	.26
Oil, Candles, Matches, etc	.06	.05	.01	.01	.03	.02
Water	.91	1.00	.80	.89	.66	.61
CLOTHING	1.83	2.41	.69	1.07	1.50	1.49
Clothing—Dry Goods	1.32	1.95	.45	.83	1.18	1.21
Boots, Shoes, etc	.51	.46	.24	.24	.32	.28
LAUNDRY AND CLEANING	.77	.69	.76	.85	.61	.59
Brushes, Brooms and Mops	.17	.15	.04	.06	.10	.10
Miscellaneous Expenses	.23	.17	.05	.11	.12	.18
Soap	.37	.37	.67	.68	.39	.31
GENERAL REPAIRS	1.98	2.01	.71	.89	2.02	2.00
Furniture and Furnishings	1.53	1.81	.33	.61	1.50	1.45
Plant	.45	.20	.38	.28	.52	.55
OFFICE EXPENSES	.38	.42	.49	.43	.29	.26
Miscellaneous Items	.20	.21	.21	.15	.17	.14
Postage	.08	.11	.09	.11	.06	.06
Telephone and Telegraph	.10	.10	.19	.17	.06	.06
SALARIES	18.27	16.48	23.03	22.27	13.65	13.59
Supt. and Physicians	1.89	2.06	5.09	5.95	1.60	1.76
Bursar and Assistants	1.47	1.54	2.68	2.28	1.01	1.04
Matron and Assistants	2.58	2.16	5.19	4.86	2.06	2.00
Engineer and Assistants	1.60	1.38	3.33	3.40	1.03	1.06
Artisans, not Domestic	.92	.82	.60	.53	.50	.53
Farm and Garden	1.38	1.03	1.16	1.07	1.13	1.05
Teachers	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Attendants	5.31	4.87	.....	.....	4.36	4.04
Nurses	3.11	2.62	4.98	4.18	1.95	2.11
Temporary Assistance	.01	.....	.....	.....	.01	.....

No. 21.

per Day for the Twelve Months ending October 31st, 1913.

Kingston.		London.		Mimico.		Orillia.		Penetang.		Toronto.		Woodstock.	
This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year
209.907	206.667	395.564	393.816	232.343	219.521	297.402	297.929	133,170	132.614	331.782	327.307	74.657	70.379
575.08	564 66	1,083.73	1,076.00	636.55	599.78	814.80	814.01	364.84	362.32	908.99	894.28	204.53	191.74
Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cts.
.61	.59	.31	.30	.34	.42	.39	.34	.12	.17	.34	.32	.70	.76
.61	.59	.31	.30	.34	.42	.39	.34	.12	.17	.34	.32	.70	.76
13.73	14.13	13.90	12.58	12.50	13.44	9.79	10.72	11.11	10.72	16.89	17.92	14.95	15.35
.25	.25	.42	.40	.40	.31	.23	.14	.21	.19	.22	.24	.28	.27
2.03	1.93	2.20	1.96	2.94	2.74	2.09	2.33	1.89	1.94	2.94	2.64	3.81	4.02
.56	.50	.63	.60	.32	.39	.33	.32	.43	.44	.43	.44	.40	.45
.36	.29	.21	.18	.26	.54	.11	.07	.01	.01	.57	.66	.15	.18
1.78	1.80	2.27	1.89	1.67	1.84	1.95	2.12	1 .84	1.89	1.62	1.67	1.73	1.69
.31	.52	.59	.58	.63	.75	.35	.71	.21	.23	.27	.33	1.14	1.01
.59	.57	.45	.26	.20	.33	.29	.34	.20	.19	.59	.87	.74	.86
1.18	1.24	1.38	1.32	1.13	1.02	1.15	.83	1.73	1.23	1.90	1.52	3.05	2.94
.76	.84	.54	.29	.66	.55	.31	.32	.29	.44	.77	1.12	.81	.92
.07	.08	.11	.08	.06	.06	.03	.05	.02	.01	.11	.12	.08	.06
.75	.79	.85	1.06	.74	.90	.56	.57	.23	.34	.84	1.00	.98	1.16
.74	.76	1.01	.46	.50	.82	.24	.25	.63	.12	.05	.74	.34	.24
3.81	4.04	3.01	3.14	2.43	2.66	1.77	2.26	2.99	2.33	5.05	5.55	.81	.97
.54	.52	.23	.36	.56	.53	.38	.41	.43	.42	.93	1.02	.63	.58
7.46	7.16	5.05	4.82	7.26	7.10	3.80	3.63	7.75	5.83	6.43	5.94	9.11	9.36
7.41	7.10	4.04	3.59	7.14	6.98	3.00	3.01	6.40	4.64	4.82	4.59	5.50	5.55
.....	.....	.77	.44	.....	.....	.62	.48	.16	.....	.25	.23	1.24	1.31
.....	.....	.22	.76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.77	.64	.....	.....
.05	.06	.02	.03	.12	.12	.03	.02	.04	.05	.03	.04	.03	.02
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.15	.12	1.15	1.14	.56	.44	2.34	2.48
2.21	2.38	2.07	1.95	1.43	1.70	2.36	2.30	1.53	1.48	1.06	1.58	.53	.51
1.70	1.84	1.51	1.42	1.13	1.40	1.87	1.77	1.11	1.00	.86	1.38	.39	.38
.51	.54	.56	.53	.30	.30	.49	.53	.42	.48	.20	.20	.14	.18
1.22	1.09	.94	.89	.81	.83	.81	.79	.48	.57	.98	.88	1.07	1.11
.21	.18	.15	.17	.14	.18	.14	.15	.08	.07	.17	.17	.09	.10
.38	.28	.23	.22	.17	.16	.06	.04	.09	.12	.19	.17	.32	.31
.63	.63	.56	.50	.50	.49	.61	.60	.31	.38	.62	.54	.66	.70
3.05	3.33	2.30	2.45	2.32	2.42	1.91	1.92	1.31	1.02	2.26	2.37	1.38	1.25
2.13	2.63	1.67	1.82	1.77	1.85	1.09	1.42	.79	.54	1.94	1.95	1.00	.86
.92	.70	.63	.63	.55	.57	.82	.50	.52	.48	.32	.42	.38	.39
.66	.59	.29	.35	.49	.42	.22	.18	.30	.22	.33	.33	.56	.41
.38	35	.14	.19	.28	.22	.09	.07	.16	.10	.17	.17	.37	.23
.14	.15	.08	.07	.08	.09	.07	.05	.05	.04	.05	.05	.10	.09
.14	.09	.07	.09	.13	.11	.06	.06	.09	.08	.11	.11	.09	.09
22.25	21.15	16.55	15.43	18.16	18.62	10.74	10.06	18.05	18.03	16.33	16.53	21.47	22.11
3.09	3.21	1.78	1.60	2.60	2.79	1.86	1.76	2.85	2.77	1.99	2.18	4.82	5.02
1.60	1.58	1.20	1.20	1.42	1.39	.95	.94	1.88	1.69	1.61	1.67	2.44	2.56
2.87	2.92	2.54	2.36	2.37	2.52	2.35	2.07	3.08	2.95	2.48	2.72	3.12	3.17
1.54	1.53	1.82	1.51	2.06	1.96	.95	.90	1.85	2.04	1.02	.87	1.44	1.28
1.37	1.34	.91	.93	.75	.83	.54	.61	1.68	1.29	.79	.88	.94	.91
1.16	1.17	1.42	1.31	1.90	1.83	.61	.44	2.10	2.15	.66	.76	3.10	3.12
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.22	.20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5.76	5.36	4.37	4.02	4.08	4.46	2.26	2.35	2.56	2.98	4.07	4.24	3.40	3.59
4.82	4.04	2.50	2.50	2.98	2.84	.89	.79	2.05	2.16	3.67	3.21	2.16	2.46
.04	.....	.01	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.04	.....	.05	.....

TABLE

Comparative Statement of Average Maintenance Cost per Capita

	Brockville.		Cobourg.		Hamilton.	
	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year	Last Year.
Days' residence of patients	255.291	251.898	56.009	55.994	467.308	456.711
Average number of patients	699.42	686 81	155.44	152.99	1.280.29	1.247.84
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
ALLOWANCES	**4.67**	**4.67**	**4.15**	**3.74**	**4.50**	**4.66**
Employees' Meals and Uniforms	4.48	4.48	3.86	3.58	4.36	4.60
Employees' Other Allowances	.19	.19	.29	.16	.14	.06
FARM AND GARDEN	**3.79**	**4.30**	**.37**	**.19**	**3.33**	**3.74**
Feed and Fodder	2.71	2.83	.09	.....	1.96	2.55
Miscellaneous Farm Expenses	.72	.86	.18	.09	1.04	.78
Seeds, etc	.36	.61	.10	.10	.33	.41
CONTINGENCIES	**.82**	**.79**	**.92**	**1.03**	**.66**	**.57**
Amusements, Religion, Education	.19	.19	.09	.09	.06	.05
Elopers, Cost of Recovery	.02	.02	.....	.....	.01	.....
Freight, Duties, etc	.20	.08	.09	.16	.05	.04
Ice	.15	.19	.27	.23	.24	.13
Incidental Expenses	.22	.23	.43	.46	.27	.28
Officers' Travelling Expenses	.04	.08	.04	.09	.03	.07
Per Capita cost per day, less Salaries	31.54	34.17	18.66	19.34	29.59	29.88
" " " " " of Salaries	22.94	21.15	27.18	26.01	18.15	18.25
Total gross per Capita cost per day	54.48	55.32	45.84	45.35	47.74	48.05
Less total recovery per Capita per day	**13.28**	**11.31**	**2.48**	**2.25**	**15.37**	**14.42**
Net per Capita burden payable by Province	41.20	44.01	42.36	43.10	32.37	33.73

N.B.—The above is a Comparative Statement of the cost of maintenance per patient per day for the twelve months ending 31st October, 1913, in the ten Hospitals for the Insane, as compared with the twelve months ending 31st October, 1912, based on actual consumption, and calculated to two places of decimals of a cent. The figures in black-faced type represent totals.

Under the headings "Provisions" and "Clothing" is shown the actual consumption by patients—the value of such supplies to officers, attendants, nurses and employees being included in the account "Employees' Meals and Uniforms."

Where no charge is shown for light or water, these are included in the cost of coal.

The produce of the Farm and Garden consumed is included in the gross per capita cost. The total crop being deducted as shown, gives the net per capita cost per day.

No. 21—*Continued.*

per Day for the Twelve Months ending October 31st, 1913.—*Continued.*

Kingston.		London.		Mimico.		Orillia.		Penetang.		Toronto.		Woodstock.	
This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.
209.907	206.667	395.564	393.816	232.343	219.521	297.402	297.929	133.170	132.614	331.782	327 307	74.657	70 379
575 08	564.66	1.083.73	1,076.00	636.55	599 78	814 80	814.01	364.84	362 32	908.99	894.28	204.53	191.74
Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cts.
5.70	**5.42**	**4.76**	**4.99**	**5.86**	**6.32**	**2.95**	**2.92**	**4.23**	**4.29**	**4.30**	**3.71**	**5.40**	**5.11**
5.48	5.20	4.67	4.91	5.72	6.03	2.90	2.85	3.82	3.86	4.16	3.65	5.32	5.07
.22	.22	.09	.08	.11	.29	.05	.07	.41	.43	.14	.06	.08	.04
3.37	**3.32**	**4.31**	**3.71**	**3.17**	**2.80**	**2.71**	**2.56**	**3.68**	**3.19**	**.62**	**1.55**	**7.25**	**5.54**
2.43	2.03	2.63	2.96	1.66	1.73	1.68	1.21	3.13	2.73	.17	1.38	5.03	3.77
.65	.96	1.23	.50	1.16	.62	.93	1.17	.33	.23	.41	.15	1.39	.93
.29	.33	.45	.25	.35	.45	.10	.18	.22	.23	.04	.02	.83	.84
.83	**.84**	**.55**	**.62**	**.56**	**.63**	**.49**	**.50**	**.52**	**.70**	**.95**	**.91**	**.49**	**.24**
.26	.23	.16	.09	.15	.15	.13	.10	.04	.04	.10	.13	.05	.06
.03	.01	.03	.03	.....	.01	.....	.....	.02	.01	.....	.....	.....	.....
.14	.10	.07	.06	.10	.09	.11	.21	.17	.26	.14	.07	.16	.08
.....	.15	.....	.04	.15	.15	.02	.02	.....	.07	.23	.24	.08	.02
.32	.30	.26	.38	.16	.18	.19	.12	.24	.22	.42	.45	.17	.05
.08	.05	.03	.02	.....	.05	.04	.05	.05	.10	.06	.02	.03	.03
33.14	33.43	29.72	27.67	28.89	29.76	22.48	22.94	26.80	23.91	29.86	31.80	36.04	34.53
27.95	26.57	21.31	20.42	24.02	24.94	13.69	12.98	22.28	22.32	20.63	20.24	26.87	27.22
61.09	60.00	51.03	48.09	52.91	54.70	36.17	35.92	49.08	46.23	50.49	52.04	62.91	61.75
11.37	**11.66**	**16.42**	**15.94**	**16.51**	**14.26**	**7.81**	**7.39**	**7.64**	**6.69**	**16.00**	**19.14**	**34.33**	**29.87**
40.72	48.34	34.61	32.15	36.40	40.44	28.36	28.53	41.44	39.54	34.49	32.90	28.58	31.88

TABLE No.

Comparisons, Appropriation, Expenditure, Consumption, Population

		Brockville.	Cobourg.	Hamilton.
Days' residence of patients,		255,291	56,009	467,308
Average number of patients		699 42	155 44	1,280 29
Medicines	Appropriation	$1,200	200	1,200
	Expenditure	**1,195 79**	**125 25**	**1,167 14**
	Consumption	1,348 89	125 25	1,215 93
Provisions	Appropriation	$41,000	7,800	72,000
	Expenditure	**40,985 16**	**6,803 20**	**71,943 36**
	Consumption	35,165 89	4,994 66	68,403 87
Heat and Light	Appropriation	$22,500	4,450	30,500
	Expenditure	**21,956 81**	**2,852 40**	**30,131 51**
	Consumption	19,571 34	3,124 70	29,318 37
Clothing, etc	Appropriation	$6,800	900	8,500
	Expenditure	**5,780 97**	**522 50**	**8,339 27**
	Consumption	4,670 18	385 36	7,015 84
Laundry, etc	Appropriation	$2,300	550	2,800
	Expenditure	**1,829 65**	**413 06**	**2,330 81**
	Consumption	1,978 57	427 39	2,864 67
Repairs, etc	Appropriation	$6,300	1,000	10,000
	Expenditure	**5,931 97**	**488 42**	**9,738 37**
	Consumption	5,043 68	397 83	9,441 59
Office	Appropriation	$1,200	300	1,400
	Expenditure	**976 80**	**258 11**	**1,375 71**
	Consumption	975 78	273 11	1,372 77
Salaries	Appropriation	$51,017	15,110	66,907
	Expenditure	**46,655 94**	**12,899 78**	**63,795 97**
	Consumption	58,584 35	15,223 98	84,830 65
Farm, etc	Appropriation	$7,500	400	8,000
	Expenditure	**7,483 46**	**203 83**	**7,883 68**
	Consumption	9,663 76	207 12	15,542 29
Contingencies	Appropriation	$2,900	650	4,100
	Expenditure	**2,176 97**	**514 78**	**2,902 65**
	Consumption	2,085 69	514 78	3,088 97
Total Maintenance	Appropriation	$142.717	31,360	205,407
	Expenditure	**134.973 52**	**25.081 33**	**199,608 47**
	Consumption	139.088 13	25,674 18	223,094 95
Capital Accounts	Appropriation	$81,700	4,400	35,400
	Expenditure	**47,972 25**	**3,357 67**	**27,652 59**
Grand Total	Appropriation	$224,417	35,760	240,807
	Expenditure	**182,945 77**	**28,439**	**227,261 06**
REVENUE COLLECTIONS.				
From paying patients this year to date		$22,234 16	1,033 41	46,302 52
" " last "		15,038 37	851 38	40,521 67
Patients Revenue per capita this year	cents	8.71	1.85	9.91
" " " last year	cents	5.98	1.52	8.87
From Farm and Misc. Sales this year		$343 76	123 45	562 81
" " last "		440 28	191 02	517 05
Farm and Mis. Revenue per capita this year	cents	13	22	12
" " " last year	cents	18	34	11
Total Revenue this year		$22,577 92	1,156 86	46,865 33
" last "		15,478 65	1,042 40	41,038 72
Total Revenue per capita per day this year	cents	8.84	2.07	10.03
" " " last "	cents	6.16	1.86	8.98
Farm Production Consumption this year	cents	4.44	.41	5.34
" " last "	cents	5.15	.39	5.34
Total Recovery per capita this year	cents	13.28	2.48	15.37
" " last year	cents	11.31	2.25	14.32

21.—*Concluded.*

and Revenue for the 12 Months ending 31st October, 1913.

Kingston.	London.	Mimico.	Orillia.	Penetang.	Toronto.	Woodstock.
209,907	395,564	232,343	297,402	133,170	331,782	74,657
575 08	1,083 73	636 55	814 80	364 84	908 99	204 53
1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	750	1,500	700
1,193 74	**1,196 37**	**875 57**	**1,163 79**	**158 76**	**1,121 52**	**523 43**
1,285 10	1,245 92	788 22	1,164 54	158 76	1,141 17	523 43
36,000	58,000	38,000	35,000	18,000	69,000	12,000
32,528 86	**55,767 45**	**31,980 01**	**31,592 71**	**16,165 93**	**65,780 27**	**11,877 34**
28,830 32	54,977 78	29,054 32	29,116 89	14,799 41	56,039 45	11,163 85
16,000	23,000	14,200	13,000	11,600	20,500	8,000
15,972 36	**18,765 81**	**13,724 88**	**10,350 42**	**9,880 87**	**20,249 06**	**7,836 69**
15,662 15	19,989 81	16,867 19	11,302 13	10,321 70	21,321 85	6,802 07
5,800	9,400	6,000	7,500	4,800	6,500	1,000
5,778 26	**8,637 13**	**4,008 10**	**7,200 24**	**2,223 50**	**6,463 04**	**401 20**
4,637 61	8,179 09	3,321 30	7,033 11	2,036 13	3,517 63	396 17
2,740	4,200	2,300	2,700	1,200	3,500	1,200
2,548 55	**3,629 79**	**1,800 64**	**2,271 68**	**280 41**	**3,419 62**	**800 98**
2,551 27	3,711 31	1,895 90	2,420 25	640 54	3,267 98	800 21
7,000	10,000	6,500	6,300	4,000	7,000	1,500
6,911 36	**9,993 12**	**5,960 50**	**5,472 68**	**1,992 87**	**6,975 04**	**1,235 28**
6,403 54	9,103 39	5,399 07	5,672 51	1,749 99	7,488 93	1,032 32
1,500	1,500	1,200	900	600	1,500	500
1,411 16	**1,139,50**	**1,017 67**	**649 83**	**401 52**	**1,054 40**	**421 54**
1,383 16	1,136 83	1,142 97	639 73	401 52	1,078 30	418 54
50,973	67,990	48,275	35,982	27,810	61,862	18,181
46,706 76	**65,482 04**	**42,191 99**	**31,946 68**	**24,028 06**	**54,177 58**	**16,023 75**
58,666 62	84,298 78	55,808 53	40,708 02	29,667 75	68,437 80	20,055 13
6,660	8,000	4,000	5,500	4,500	7,200	3,000
5,764 42	**7,995 90**	**3,073 95**	**5,411 83**	**4,329 51**	**2,113 32**	**2,904 94**
7,081 15	17,065 28	7,365 57	8,060 22	4,895 80	2,052 13	5,413 80
2,450	2,500	2,200	1,500	900	5,000	1,000
1,699 56	**2,296 38**	**1,269 56**	**1,381 33**	**687 88**	**3,009 62**	**299 39**
1,736 38	2,161 97	1,301 17	1,447 58	687 88	3,158 11	361 89
130,323	185,790	123,875	109,582	74,160	183,562	47,081
120,515 03	**174,903 49**	**105,902 87**	**97,441 29**	**60,149 31**	**164,363 47**	**42,324 54**
128,237 30	201,870 16	122,944 24	107,564 98	65,359 48	167,503 35	46,967 41
38,500	58,000	34,900	92,300	27,400	206,800	13,400
24,484 01	**50,525 77**	**19,603 07**	**22,456 44**	**20,544 47**	**2,503 94**	**11,262 64**
168,823	243,790	158,775	201,882	101,560	390,362	60,481
144,999 04	**225,429 26**	**125,505 94**	**119,897 73**	**80,693 78**	**166,867 41**	**53,587 18**
16,778 67	**39,537 28**	**25,173 75**	**13,230 48**	**2,668 68**	**51,920 94**	**13,364 18**
16,809 16	36,877 40	19,190 34	9,684 43	2,532 85	57,275 76	13,087 67
7.98	**10.**	**10.83**	**4.45**	**2.00**	**15.65**	**17.90**
8.13	9.36	8.74	3.25	1.91	17.50	18.60
604 42	**638 38**	**533 95**	**355 12**	**873 56**	**877 45**	**3,223 38**
733 78	1,049 24	1,804 58	753 80	587 74	1,007 85	1,655 86
30	**16**	**23**	**12**	**66**	**26**	**4 32**
35	27	82	25	44	31	2 35
17,383 09	**40,175 66**	**25,707 70**	**13,585 60**	**3,542 24**	**52,798 39**	**16,587 56**
17,542 94	37,926 64	20,994 92	10,438 23	3,120 59	58,283 61	14,743 53
8.28	**10.16**	**11.06**	**4.57**	**2.66**	**15.91**	**22.22**
8.48	9.63	9.56	3.50	2.35	17.81	20.95
3.09	**6.26**	**5.45**	**3.24**	**4.98**	**09**	**12.11**
3.18	6.31	4.70	3.89	4.34	1.33	8.92
11.37	**16.42**	**16.51**	**7.81**	**7.64**	**16.00**	**34.33**
11.66	15.94	14.26	7.39	6.69	19.14	29.87

Notes on per Capita Statement.

Attached hereto is a statement of the cost of maintenance per patient per day for the year ending October 31st, 1913, in the ten hospitals mentioned, as compared with the year 1912 being based on actual consumption.

It follows out the order of the sub-divisions of appropriations voted by the Legislature, and is calculated to two places of decimals of a cent. The figures in black-faced type represent totals.

Invoices for all purchases, properly certified by the Bursar and the Storekeeper, as to accuracy and receipt of goods, are checked in the Department before being submitted to the Treasury for payment.

A system of Daily Requisitions for all supplies, such as provisions, is carried out and these requisitions are forwarded to the Department semi-weekly. In case of coal, the amount consumed on each shift is weighed and weekly report of consumption made by the engineer.

Under headings "Provisions" and "Clothing" is shown only consumption by patients—the value of such supplies to officers, attendants, nurses and employees being included in the account "Employees' Meals and Uniforms" under the heading "Salaries."

Quarterly inventories of stock are taken at each institution, and are checked with the ledger accounts of the Department.

Returns are made of all products of the Farm and Garden, as received, charges being made against the cost of maintenance, and the Farm and Garden given credit for the same; for this purpose a uniform price list is in use for all institutions, regardless of soil or fertility of farm. At the end of the year the value per patient per day of such products—fruits, vegetables, feed and fodder, meat and eggs—is deducted from the gross per capita cost and appears in the statement as "Farm Recoveries."

APPENDIX

TO FORTY-SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT UPON THE HOSPITALS FOR THE INSANE AND CONTAINING THE ANNUAL REPORTS OF THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE HOSPITALS IN BROCKVILLE, COBOURG, HAMILTON, KINGSTON, LONDON, MIMICO, PENETANGUISHENE, TORONTO, AND HOMEWOOD SANITARIUM, GUELPH.

Main Building, Brockville.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT AT THE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, BROCKVILLE, FOR YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31st, 1913.

BROCKVILLE, November 1st, 1913.

TO EDWIN R. ROGERS, ESQUIRE,
Inspectors of Public Charities.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit the Report of this Hospital for the year ending 31st October, 1913:—

	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
There were in residence on October 31st 1912...	.....	.....	.....	349	350	699
Admitted during the year by Warrant.....	11	6	17			
Admitted during the year by Certificate.....	68	81	149			
Total admitted during the year.....	.....	.....	.....	79	87	166
Total number under treatment during year.	.....	.....	.....	428	437	865
Discharged during the year recovered	30	15	45			
Discharged during the year improved	8	16	24			
Discharged during the year unimproved.....	4	3	7			
Total discharged during the year.....	42	34	76			
Number died during the year.....	28	35	63			
Number eloped during the year.....	4	.....	4			
Number transferred during the year.....	2	.....	2			
Deported during the year.....	3	.....	3			
Total number leaving the institution during the year.....	.....	.....	.....	79	69	148
Total number remaining in Hospital on October 31st, 1913.....	.....	.....	.....	349	368	717

ADMISSIONS.

During the past year we admitted to the hospital one hundred and sixty-six patients—seventy-nine men and eighty-seven women. Of this number seventy-two were single, eighty-four married and ten widowed. Of the seventy-two single persons admitted, thirty-eight were males and thirty-four females—of the married thirty-eight were males and forty-six females—of the widowed three were males and seven females.

Over 50 per cent., as far as we could ascertain of all admissions, had an hereditary tendency. A number of others from whom it was impossible to obtain a correct history, should be placed in this class.

Thirty-five of those admitted were reported to be ill for a period less than one month, seventeen for less than two months, seventeen for less than three months, ten for less than four months, nine for less than five months, four for less than six months, sixteen for less than nine months, two for less than twelve months, two for less than eighteen months, seventeen for less than two years, eleven for less than three years, fourteen for less than ten years, eight for less than fifteen years, two for less than twenty years, and two over twenty years.

Over one-third of all admissions were in the chronic class before being sent in for treatment.

Two persons admitted during the year were only twelve years of age. The eldest admitted during the year was eighty years old. There were fifteen admissions under twenty-one years, thirty-one between twenty-one and thirty, thirty-three between thirty and forty, thirty-four between forty and fifty, twenty-six between fifty and sixty, nineteen between sixty and seventy, seven between seventy and eighty, and one over eighty.

The senile cases still come in large numbers. A number of these are very troublesome and difficult to nurse, and it would be impossible for many of them to be properly cared for at home, and, indeed, the patients of those looking after them in the institutions is severely tried.

Thirty of our admissions were diagnosed as senile or allied psychosis, 58 dementia præcox, 25 manic depressives, six paranoics, six paretics, nine exhaustion psychosis, four melancholics, one hysteria, nine alcoholics, seven epileptics, and eleven imbeciles.

We have been greatly embarrassed for room on the female side during the whole year. On the male side we always have vacancies owing to the room made at the Farm House for male patients.

Discharges.

Seventy-six patients were discharged during the year. Forty-five were considered recoveries, twenty-four improved, and seven unimproved. Some of these discharged as improved have been reported to us since as having made a good recovery, so that our percentage of recoveries might have been placed much higher. Some of those discharged as recovered were considered at one time as incurable. One man particularly had been thought to be very dangerous. We have heard occasionally from him since leaving here and he is doing well. One man has been a resident for over ten years. He was a high-class moron, but as he became older he acquired more discretion and judgment and is now doing well for himself and has steady employment.

Deaths.

Our death-rate was fairly high—twenty-eight men and thirty-five women died during the year. As usual a large number of the early transfers to this institution were in this list, and a number of old people who were admitted during the year. About thirty deaths were over sixty years of age, and two were over eighty. The death rate from tuberculosis was rather lower than last year—six women and six men died from this disease.

Treatment Acute Cases.

There is nothing new to be said on this line except that our treatment is more systematic and that the patients' welfare is more carefully looked after than ever before, as we have a nurse in each of our admission wards who has taken a post graduate course. We have also a special diet kitchen in connection with each of these wards under an efficient nurse.

We owe a great deal to our hydrotherapeutic treatment. This, in connection with massage, has accomplished a great deal for those under our care. The efficacy of these measures is demonstrated by gratifying results.

Laboratory Work.

Laboratory work in connection with the examination of the acute cases has been well kept up during the year by our medical staff.

Treatment Chronic Cases.

The care and treatment of the chronic insane is a very important portion of the work. This class is large in all our institutions, and it is very desirable that they not only be properly housed and cared for, but their life in the institution should be made as happy as possible. This has been done by giving all who are able steady employment in work that they are qualified to do. Every one physically and mentally fit to work has some regular employment. Occupation can be found for the men out-of-doors, and an Industrial Room has been opened which gives employment to a great many more females than formerly and takes them out of the wards for a portion of each day.

Summer and winter outdoor sports have also been provided in addition to the usual weekly dances, and special indoor entertainment in the winter.

The annual sports day each summer is looked forward to with much pleasure. This year it was a great success and the interest shown and the keen rivalry manifested between patients, nurses and attendants for first places in the various events was very gratifying. The day was greatly enjoyed by all those taking part and by visitors who were privileged to be present.

Training School.

Our training school was rather broken up during the later part of last season owing to the resignation of the two doctors from our medical staff in the early spring. The work had been carefully carried on through the winter. In spite of this, the nurses gave a good account of themselves at the examination and all that passed took excellent standing in the various subjects.

Our graduating exercises were held in the Grove, on the afternoon of July 4th, and were attended by a very large number of our citizens. Four nurses received their diplomas. Addresses were delivered by prominent speakers and refreshments served.

Improvements.

New Presco heaters were installed in connection with central heating plant in main building to adjoining cottages on both male and female sides, so that furnaces are no longer required in these cottages. Arrangements are being made to connect the remaining cottages to the central heating plant in a similar way.

New rooms have been provided for the nurses and attendants respectively, a piano has been placed in the room for the nurses, and a pool-table in the room for the attendants. Owing to the great pressure of outside work these rooms are not yet completed, but will be open in a short time.

A new cold storage and milk room with storage for fruit, etc., in the basement has been built and will be in use this winter, as soon as the ice supply is ready. It will assist those in charge of the kitchen very much in their work.

The new admission hospital, under contract, is making good progress. We do not expect it will be ready for patients for another year.

A new cement tramway with steel rails for the conveyance of food to the various cottages was put in, and new cement pavement and sidewalks put down where required.

The entire buildings have been wired ready for electric fixtures, which are to be put in shortly.

New Farm.

This farm, with the purchase made last year, comprises three hundred and twenty acres, and is situated some two miles from the institution. It has been thought by all that the work would be much better carried on if the person in supervision of the farm work was located on the grounds. The Department, in order to have the best work possible done, appointed Mr. C. H. Wilson, of Orillia, as resident farmer. A house and lot lying directly across the road from the farm was purchased and fitted up for Mr. Wilson, and he has had charge of all farm work since his appointment.

Last fall our herd of cows was transferred to the new farm, as better accommodation, pasture and winter food were provided for them there. The milk is drawn here both night and morning and this works out very satisfactorily.

A new cement silo has been added to the Barrigar barn, where the cows are kept.

We were unfortunate in having a fire at the Stagg Farm in August that destroyed the stables, barn and large quantity of hay and grain and farm implements. The fire was originated by a patient who has been privileged for fifteen years and who was assisting in the farm work. She did not appear to be at all depressed, but went out in the evening and deliberately set fire to her clothing for the purpose of taking her own life. She went behind the barn so as to be out of sight and the fire from her clothing ran through the dry grass and ignited the hay in the mow of the farm. The patient did not die for a few hours and was able to give some explanation of her conduct. In consequence of the fire an outbuilding at the Barrigar farm has been fitted up as a temporary horse stable, which has been made quite commodious and comfortable.

The building planned for patients on the Stagg Farm is under course of construction. The cellar and basement have been excavated and the foundation walls all put in and considerable drainage done.

Last year a survey was made for the drainage of all fields of the new farm, and 11½ miles of this drain had been completed and tile laid. The creek running through the Stagg Farm has also been straightened. All this entailed an immense amount of work.

Religious Services.

The religious services for the Protestant population have been held every Sunday morning.

A special service for the Roman Catholics is held on the first Saturday of each month, besides special sacramental services once a quarter.

View from Main Building overlooking St. Lawrence River.

We are greatly indebted to the clergymen of the various denominations for their kindness in giving us these services. We feel keenly that there should be some remuneration to them for this work. It is not the regular services only for which we feel indebted, but there are many special calls for the sick and dying, and the clergymen have always responded most cheerfully to calls made upon them.

CHANGES IN STAFF.

At the end of last year the late Mr. Ross, our genial storekeeper who had been here for some two years, resigned his position to take charge of a more remunerative one in the Customs in Brockville, and Mr. George McGookin was appointed in his place. Mr. McGookin has filled the position now for a year.

On March 15th our Assistant Superintendent, Dr. Neely, resigned his position to go into private practice in New Ontario. He was succeeded by Dr. Vrooman, who was Assistant Physician at Toronto. Dr. Vrooman came on duty the 1st of April.

Dr. Crawford, Assistant Physician, resigned on the 15th of April to obtain a larger hospital experience. We were left without an assistant physician until Dr. McLean came on to take charge of the work, July 3rd.

Thanking yourself and the Department most heartily for the consideration, advice and assistance so cheerfully and promptly given throughout the year.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

J. C. MITCHELL,

Medical Superintendent.

ANNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, BROCKVILLE, FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31ST, 1913.

TABLE No. 1—BROCKVILLE.

Showing movements of patients in the Hospital for the official year ending October 31st, 1913.

	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Capacity of Hospital	356	348	704			
In Residence October 31st, 1912				349	350	699
Admitted during year 1913:						
By Warrant	11	6	17			
By Medical Certificate	68	81	149	79	87	166
Total number under treatment during year				428	437	865
Discharges during year:						
As recovered	30	15	45			
" improved	8	16	24			
" unimproved	4	3	7			
" not insane						
	42	34	76			
Total number discharged during year						
Died	28	35	63			
Deported	3		3			
Eloped	4		4			
Transferred	2		2	79	69	148
Remaining in Hospital October 31st, 1913				349	368	717
Total number admitted since opening of Hospital				1,357	1,340	2,697
Total number discharged since opening of Hospital	471	529	1,000			
Total number died since opening of Hospital	464	362	826			
Total number deported since opening of Hospital	7	5	12			
Total number eloped since opening of Hospital	41	2	43			
Total number transferred since opening of Hospital	25	74	99	1,008	972	1,080
Total remaining in Hospital October 31st, 1913				349	368	717
Daily average population	360.10	366.27	726. 37			
Collective days' stay of all patients in residence during year	131,439	133,688	265,127			
Number of applications on fyle	19	22	41			

TABLE No. 2—BROCKVILLE.

Showing Social State and Religion of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

	Admissions of Year.			In residence Oct. 31, 1913.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Social State.									
Single	38	34	72	124	152	276	809	625	1,434
Married	38	46	84	217	198	415	513	646	1,159
Widowed	3	7	10	8	18	26	35	68	103
Divorced	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Separated	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	79	87	166	349	368	717	1,357	1,340	2,697
Religion.									
Baptists	2	.....	2	11	7	18	41	33	74
Congregationalists	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2	6	3	9
Church of England	19	22	41	60	77	137	243	252	495
Methodists	9	17	26	37	64	101	205	257	462
Presbyterians	10	15	25	59	49	108	253	237	490
Roman Catholics	38	32	70	160	156	316	518	502	1,020
Other Denominations	1	1	2	21	14	35	55	44	99
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	36	10	48
Totals	79	87	166	349	368	717	1,357	1,340	2,697

TABLE No. 3—BROCKVILLE.

Showing nativity of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

Nativity.	Admissions of Year.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Total admissions	79	87	166	1,357	1,340	2,697
Total born in Canada	65	77	142	1,096	1,097	2,193
Armenia						
Assyria				2	2	4
Austria	1		1	2	2	4
Australia						
Belgium						
Bulgaria						
Central America						
China				1		1
Denmark				2		2
England	4	7	11	74	59	133
France				6		6
Finland						
Galicia						
Germany				5	6	11
Greece						
Holland						
Hungary						
Ireland	5	3	8	74	103	177
Italy	1		1	3		3
Japan						
Macedonia						
Other British Possessions						
Norway				1		1
Roumania						
Russia				4	9	13
Scotland				31	35	66
South America						
Spain						
Sweden				2	1	3
Switzerland	1		1	1		1
Turkey						
United States	2		2	34	19	53
West Indies						
Unascertained				19	7	26
Totals	79	87	166	1,357	1,340	2,697

TABLE No. 4—BROCKVILLE.

Showing the occupation of those admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Occupation.	Admitted this Year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Professional :— Clergy, Military and Naval Officers, Physicians, Lawyers, Architects, Artists, Authors, Civil Engineers, Surveyors, etc	4	1	5	20	3	23
Commercial :— Bankers, Merchants, Accountants, Clerks, Salesmen, Stenographers, Typewriters, etc	7	2	9	105	21	126
Agricultural and Pastoral :— Farmers, Gardeners, Stock Men, etc.	16	.....	16	414	.....	414
Mechanics at Outdoor Vocations :— Railway and Stationary Engineers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Engine Fitters, Sawyers, Painters, Police, etc	15	.....	15	148	.....	148
Mechanics, etc., at Sedentary Vocations : Shoemakers, Bookbinders, Compositors, Weavers, Tailors, Seamstresses, Bakers, Factory Workers, etc	5	6	11	79	40	139
Domestic Service :— Waiters, Cooks, Servants, etc	4	5	9	7	207	214
Education and Higher Domestic Duties :— Governesses, Teachers, Students, Housekeepers, Nurses, etc	4	70	74	15	937	952
Miners, Marine Engineers, Railway Employees, Seamen, etc	1	.....	1	24	.....	24
Laborers	22	.....	22	439	.....	439
No Occupation	1	3	4	61	109	170
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	45	23	68
Totals	79	87	166	1,357	1,340	2,697

TABLE No. 5—BROCKVILLE.

Showing the Counties and Districts from which patients have been admitted during the year, and since opening of Hospital.

Counties and Districts.	Admitted during year.			Admitted since opening.			Warrant cases. Admitted during year.			Warrant cases. Admitted since opening.			Remaining in residence.		
	Male.	Female.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Algoma District				1		1				1		1			
Brant					1	1									
Bruce				4	2	6				2		2	1		1
Carleton	26	33	59	351	375	726	7	2	9	155	116	271	90	131	221
Dufferin															
Dundas	4	6	10	70	64	134				1		1	13	13	26
Durham				6	5	11								2	2
Elgin				4	4	8				3	1	4			
Essex				7	4	11				4	4	8	2	1	3
Frontenac	1		1	17	16	33				7	7	14	3	6	9
Glengarry	1	6	7	78	79	157		1	1	1	1	2	10	21	31
Grenville	6	1	7	108	122	230				1	1	2	15	24	39
Grey				3	1	4				1	1	2			
Haldimand				3		3				3		3	1		1
Halton				2		2				1		1	1		1
Hastings				13	26	39				7	17	24	4	6	10
Huron				5	3	8				3		3		2	2
Kent				7	1	8				4		4	2		2
Lambton				8	1	9				5	1	6	3		3
Lanark	2	8	10	133	139	272				32	22	54	33	30	63
Leeds	20	13	33	161	163	324	1	1	2	32	19	51	49	45	94
Lennox and Addington				4	5	9				4	5	9	2	1	3
Lincoln				3	2	5				2	2	4		1	1
Middlesex	1		1	17	16	33				10	6	16	2	2	4
Muskoka District				1		1									
Nipissing District				3	1	4							1		1
Norfolk				2		2				1		1			
Northumberland				6	4	10				6	3	9	2	1	3
Ontario				4	7	11				4	7	11	2		2
Oxford				5	3	8				5	1	6	1		1
Parry Sound District															
Peel				4	2	6				2		2	1		1
Perth				6	1	7				6		6	2	1	3
Peterborough				4	2	6				4	2	6	1		1
Prescott	6	6	12	73	79	152	2	2	4	37	37	74	27	28	55
Prince Edward				2	3	5				1	1	2			
Rainy River District					7					2	2	4			
Renfrew		1	1	15	16	31				8	5	13	5	4	9
Russell	3	4	7	39	44	83	1		1	1		1	15	15	30
Simcoe				7	3	10				5	2	7	2		2
Stormont	6	8	14	112	86	198				39	11	50	35	23	58
Thunder Bay District				1		1									
Victoria				2	8	10				2	7	9			
Waterloo				2		2				1		1	1		1
Welland		1	1	3	1	4				3		3	2	1	3
Wellington				1	3	4				1		1			
Wentworth	1		1	4	5	9				3	2	5	2	2	4
York	2		2	50	41	91				43	35	78	18	7	25
Unascertained				6	2	8				1	1	2	1	1	2
Totals	79	87	166	1,357	1,340	2,697	11	6	17	454	319	773	349	368	717

TABLE No. 6—BROCKVILLE.

Showing the assigned Causes of Insanity in the cases admitted during year.

Causes.	Men.	Women.	Total.	Inherited Predisposition.			Ascertained.
				Men.	Women	Total.	
Moral.							
Adverse Conditions (such as loss of friends, business troubles, etc.)	12	7	19	3	1	4	15
Mental Strain, Worry and Overwork (not included in above)	1	16	17	.....	6	6	11
Religious Excitement	1	1	2	.....	.....	.....	2
Love Affairs, including seduction	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	1
Fright and Nervous Shock	.....	2	2	.....	1	1	1
Physical.							
Alcoholism	4	.....	4	4	.....	4	.....
Sexual Excess	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
Venereal Diseases	7	.....	7	1	.....	1	6
Masturbation	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Insolation	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Accident or Injury	4	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	4
Pregnancy	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Parturition and Puerperium	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lactation	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Climacteric Period	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	1
Fevers	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Privation and Overwork	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Epilepsy	4	3	7	3	1	4	3
Other Convulsive Diseases	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Diseases of Brain and Skull	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	1
Senility	19	7	26	3	2	5	21
Exophthalmic Goitre	.....	1	1	.....	1	1	.....
Epidemic Influenza	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Abuse of Drugs	1	.....	1	1	.....	1	.....
Loss of Special Sense	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Uræmia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other Auto-infection	.....	1	1	.....	1	1	.....
Other Bodily Diseases	4	2	6	1	.....	1	5
Hereditary.							
Congenital Defect	20	41	61	20	33	53	8
Unascertained	1	3	4	.....	.....	.....	4
Not Insane	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	79	87	166	36	46	82	84

TABLE No. 7—BROCKVILLE.

Showing hereditary tendency to insanity in patients admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

	Admitted During Year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male	Female.	Total.
Paternal Branch	12	14	26	162	163	325
Maternal Branch	15	13	28	148	153	301
Paternal and Maternal Branches	5	6	11	58	48	106
Collateral Branches	3	7	10	188	211	399
No Hereditary Tendency	43	46	89	521	467	988
Unascertained	1	1	2	280	298	578
Totals	79	87	166	1,357	1,340	2,697

TABLE No. 8—BROCKVILLE.

Showing summary of Probational discharges during the year.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Number Granted Discharge	47	41	88
Discharged, Recovered	25	12	37
" Improved	4	11	15
" Unimproved	.....	1	1
Died	.....	.....	.....
Returned to Hospital	12	5	17
Absent on Probation	6	12	18
	47	41	88

TABLE No. 9—BROCKVILLE.

Showing the Causes of Death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Specific Infectious Diseases:—						
Typhoid Fever	.....	1	1	.....	1	1
Influenza	.....	.....	.....	2	1	3
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2
Diphtheria	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Erysipelas	.....	.....	.....	3	1	4
Septicaemia	.....	.....	.....	4	5	9
Dysentery	.....	1	1	6	11	17
Syphilis	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Tuberculosis	6	6	12	73	68	141
Constitutional Diseases:—						
Rheumatism	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Arthritis Deformans	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Diabetes Mellitus	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Diseases of the Digestive System:—						
Mouth, salivary glands	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Pharynx	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tonsils	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Œsophagus	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
Diseases of the Intestines:—						
Diseases of the Liver	1	.....	1	5	4	9
" " Pancreas	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" " Peritoneum	.....	1	1	5	4	9
Diseases of the Respiratory System:—						
Diseases of the Nose and Larynx.	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
" " Bronchi	.....	1	1	2	1	3
" " Lungs	1	1	2	20	19	39
" " Pleura	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2
Diseases of the Circulatory System:—						
Diseases of the Pericardium	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" " Heart	1	2	3	35	29	64
Arterio-sclerosis	6	7	13	32	32	64
Aneurism	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
Diseases of the Blood and Ductless Glands:—						
Anæmia	.....	.....	.....	3	1	4
Pernicious Anæmia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Leukæmia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Exophthalmic Goitre	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Diseases of the Genito-Urinary System	.....	1	1	16	10	26
Carried forward	15	21	36	212	192	404

TABLE No. 9—BROCKVILLE—*Continued.*

Showing the Causes of Death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward	15	21	36	213	191	404
Diseases of the Nervous System:—						
Diseases of the Nerves				1		1
" " Spinal Cord				1		1
" " Meninges					4	4
Organic Diseases of the Brain: (Tumor, Abscess, Embolism, Thrombosis, Hæmorrhage, and other gross lesions)		1	1	26	17	43
Functional Nervous Diseases: (Paralysis Agitans, Chorea, Eclampsia, Hysteria)					1	1
Epilepsy	3	1	4	48	21	69
Mental Diseases:—						
Exhaustion of Acute Mental Disease	4	7	11	12	23	35
Exhaustion of Chronic Mental Disease		1	1	64	44	108
General Paresis	2	1	3	46	8	54
Intoxications:—						
Alcoholism						
Morphinism						
Metallic Poisoning						
Heat Stroke						
Debility of Old Age	2	1	3	34	36	70
Accident					1	1
Suicide	1	1	2	6	4	10
Surgical Diseases				1	1	2
Gynæcological Diseases						
Malignant New Growths, or Cancer	1	1	2	11	12	23
Totals	28	35	63	464	362	826

TABLE No. 10—BROCKVILLE.

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Infection Psychoses:—									
(a) Fever Delirium	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Infection Delirium	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Post Infection Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Exhaustion Psychoses:—									
(a) Collapsed Delirium	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	1	1
(b) Acute Confusional Psychoses	....	7	7	....	1	1	1	4	5
(c) Neurasthenia	....	1	1	1	....	1	....	....	....
Intoxication Psychoses:—									
(a) Acute Intoxications	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Chronic "	1	2	3	....	....	....	....	....	....
(a) Alcoholism (acute and chronic)	6	....	6	6	....	6	1	....	1
(b) Delirium Tremens	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Korsakow's Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(d) Acute Alcoholic Hallucinosis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(e) Alcoholic Hallucinatory Dementia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(f) " Paranoia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(g) " Paresis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(h) Morphinism	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
(i) Cocainism	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Thyroigenous Psychoses:—									
(a) Mixœdematous Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Cretinism	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Dementia Præcox:—									
(a) Hebaphrenic	13	10	23	11	6	17	3	4	7
(b) Catatonic	7	16	23	3	9	12	3	5	8
(c) Paranoid	7	5	12	2	2	4	....	....	....
General Paresis	6	....	6	....	....	....	2	1	3
Organic Dementias:—									
(a) Cerebral Sclerosis	1	....	1	....	....	....	1	....	1
(b) Huntingdon's Chorea	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Multiple Sclerosis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(d) Cerebral Syphilis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(e) Tabetic Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(f) Arterio Sclerotic Psychoses	2	1	3	....	....	....	6	1	7
(g) Cerebral Tumor, Abscess, Hæmorrhage	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
Involution Psychoses:—									
(a) Melancholia	1	3	4	....	1	1	....	....	....
(b) Pre-senile Delusional Psychoses	4	4	8	3	....	3	....	....	....
(c) Senile Dementia	12	4	16	5	1	6	5	9	14
Manic Depressive Psychoses:—									
(a) Manic States	6	12	18	6	9	15	2	8	10
(b) Depressed States	2	4	6	2	4	6	....	2	2
(c) Mixed States	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
Carried Forward	70	71	141	39	33	72	24	35	59

TABLE No. 10—BROCKVILLE—*Continued.*

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward....	70	71	141	39	33	72	24	35	59
Paranoia	1	5	6	....	....	....	....	....	....
Psychoses from Constitutional Neuroses:—									
(a) Epileptic Psychoses	4	3	7	....	....	....	4	....	4
(b) Hysterical Psychoses	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Sexualis Psychopathia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
States of Deficient Mental Development:—									
(a) Imbecility	3	6	9	3	1	4	....	....	....
(b) Idiocy	1	1	2	....	....	....	....	....	....
Not Diagnosed	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Not Insane	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	79	87	166	42	34	76	28	35	63

TABLE No. 11—BROCKVILLE.

Periods.	Alleged duration of insanity prior to admission.	Length of residence of those remaining in Hospital on Oct. 31st, 1913.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged recovered during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged improved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged unimproved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who died during the year.
Under 1 month	35	13	....	....	1	9
From 1 to 2 months	17	12	....	....	1	3
" 2 " 3 "	17	13	2	....	1	1
" 3 " 4 "	10	15	3	1	1	1
" 4 " 5 "	9	14	1	....	....	1
" 5 " 6 "	4	9	4	1	....	2
" 6 " 9 "	16	22	9	8	....	3
" 9 " 12 "	2	14	9	6	1	3
" 12 " 18 "	2	39	10	4	1	2
" 18 months to 2 years	17	21	2	....	....	4
" 2 to 3 years	11	68	2	1	....	3
" 3 " 4 "	7	43	2	....	1	3
" 4 " 5 "	1	42	....	1	....	1
" 5 " 10 "	6	153	1	2	....	8
" 10 " 15 "	8	138	....	....	....	1
" 15 " 20 "	2	101	....	....	....	1
" 20 years and upwards.	2	....	....	....	....	....
Totals	166	717	45	24	7	63

HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, COBOURG.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31ST, 1913.

NOVEMBER 1ST, 1913.

To EDWIN R. ROGERS, ESQ.,

Inspector of Hospitals for Insane, Toronto, Ont.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit for your consideration the report for the Hospital for the Insane, Cobourg, for the twelve months ending October 31st, 1913.

During the year nineteen patients were admitted to this institution, all of whom were transferred from the Hospitals for the Insane at Mimico and Toronto. The average age of the patients admitted is much lower than usual and for this reason the matter of caring for them means an increase of work and greater responsibility. We do not complain of that however as we find the care of younger patients much more interesting and we can look forward with the hope of discharging some of them from time to time, partially, if not completely restored to health. With a little alteration of our building and some addition to our equipment we would be able to give acute cases as careful and thorough treatment here as could be provided elsewhere. Under such conditions it would not be necessary to send patients from this district who might be suffering from mental disease to distant points for treatment, often at considerable expense and inconvenience to both patients and friends. It is quite true that we are obliged to transfer excited patients to other hospitals from time to time but this would not be necessary if we had additional single rooms. It is well known that one disturbed patient is likely to cause much annoyance and discomfort to others occupying the same dormitory and indeed at times serious accidents may follow from such conditions. The number of deaths has been less than usual and the general health of the patients has been excellent indeed. Not a single case of any infectious or contagious disease occurred during the year.

In addition to the usual repairs necessary to keep the buildings in proper condition a considerable amount of additional work has been done in the different departments. A new ash hoist has been installed in the boiler room and we find it very useful indeed. A large electric fan has been placed in the laundry and we are no longer troubled with the excessive moisture which made it almost impossible at times to carry on the work. A fan has also been placed in the kitchen and one in the Bursar's office. A number of the old closets which have been in use in the building for years were removed and replaced by new ones. A number of partitions have been torn down and the bathrooms repainted. New furniture and furnishings were provided for the different halls which are now as bright and cheerful as may be seen anywhere. Alterations were made by which the Superintendent's residence is now heated by hot water instead of by steam. This change has proven very satisfactory and inexpensive. The roof of the main building which has been leaking for some time has also been repaired. A new poultry house has been erected and our first year's experiment in the raising of chickens is on the whole satisfactory. At present we are engaged putting in tile for drainage of our land and when this is completed we expect to increase very largely the pro-

ducts of our farm and garden, and to be able to produce a very considerable part of the food required for our patients. The products of our farm and garden have been on the whole satisfactory, although the excessively dry summer interfered to some extent with their growth. We ourselves should produce at comparatively small cost the principal articles of a diet most suitable for our patients.

During the year a course of lectures were delivered to the nurses. We were not able to cover the whole ground but I am quite sure however that these instructions have helped materially to improve the work of nursing and caring for our patients, and after all this is our most important responsibility.

Dances and entertainments were provided for our patients more frequently and are much appreciated. It is a matter of regret that we have not better accommodation for such purposes. The Salvation Army Band treated us to a splendid musical concert on Christmas Day which was much enjoyed and for which we are very thankful.

We have had less difficulty than usual in obtaining help during the year. Shorter hours, increased wages and more congenial surroundings have helped to promote a feeling of contentment. There is very little discord amongst the members of our staff.

Before closing this brief report I wish to thank you for the kindly interest you have manifested in our work during the year just closed.

I have the honour to remain,

Your obedient servant,

THOS. J. MOHR,

Medical Superintendent.

Main Building, Cobourg.

ANNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, COBOURG, FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31st, 1913.

TABLE No. 1—COBOURG.

Showing movements of patients in the Hospital for the official year ending October 31st, 1913.

	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Capacity of Hospital	.....	155	155			
In Residence October 31st, 1912	.....	.....	.....	.....	152	152
Admitted during the year 1912-13.–						
By Warrant	.....	8	8			
By Medical Certificate	.....	11	11	.....	19	19
Total number under treatment during year	.....	.....	.....	.....	171	171
Discharges during year: –						
As recovered	.....	1	1			
" improved	.....	1	1			
" unimproved	.....	.....	.....			
" not insane	.....	.....	.....			
Total number discharged during year	.....	2	2			
Died	.....	12	12			
Deported	.....	.....	.....			
Eloped	.....	.....	.....			
Transferred	.....	4	4	.....	18	18
Remaining in Hospital October 31st, 1913	.....	.....	.....	.....	153	153
Total number admitted since opening of Hospital	.....	.....	.....	.....	301	301
Total number discharged since opening of Hospital	.....	8	8			
Total number died since opening of Hospital	.....	105	105			
Total number deported since opening of Hospital	.....	2	2			
Total number eloped since opening of Hospital	.....	.....	.....			
Total number transferred since opening of Hospital	.....	33	33	.....	148	148
Total remaining in Hospital October 31st, 1913	.....	.....	.....	.....	153	153
Daily average population	.....	153.73	153.73			
Collective days' stay of all patients in residence during year	.....	.....	56,113			
Number of applications on fyle	.....	.....	.....			

TABLE No. 2—COBOURG.

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since opening of Hospital.

	Admissions of year.			In residence Oct. 31, 1913.			Admission since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
SOCIAL STATE.									
Single		9	9		83	83		165	165
Married		8	8		56	56		109	109
Widowed		2	2		14	14		27	27
Divorced									
Separated									
Unascertained									
Totals		19	19		153	153		301	301
RELIGION.									
Baptists					4	4		9	9
Congregationalists									
Church of England		3	3		38	38		69	69
Methodists		4	4		45	45		78	78
Presbyterians		7	7		27	27		57	57
Roman Catholics		3	3		29	29		64	64
Other Denominations					3	3		15	15
Unascertained		2	2		7	7		9	9
Totals		19	19		153	153		301	301

TABLE No. 3—COBOURG.

Showing nativity of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

Nativity.	Admissions of Year.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Total Admissions	.....	19	19	.....	301	301
Total born in Canada	.....	14	14	.....	188	188
Armenia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Assyria	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Austria	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Australia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Belgium	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bulgaria	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Central America	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
China	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Denmark	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
England	.....	1	1	.....	39	39
France	.....	1	1	.....	2	2
Finland	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Galicia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Germany	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2
Greece	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Holland	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hungary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ireland	.....	.....	.....	.....	42	42
Italy	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Japan	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Macedonia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other British Possessions	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Norway	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Roumania	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Russia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scotland	.....	1	1	.....	18	18
South America	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Spain	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sweden	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Turkey	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
United States	.....	2	2	.....	6	6
West Indies	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3
Total	.....	19	19	.....	301	301

TABLE No. 4—COBOURG.

Showing the occupation of those admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Occupation.	Admitted this Year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Professional:—						
Clergy, Military and Naval Officers, Physicians, Lawyers Architects. Artists, Authors, Civil Engineers, Surveyors, etc.	.....	1	1	.....	1	1
Commercial:—						
Bankers, Merchants, Accountants, Clerks, Salesmen, Stenographers, Typewriters, etc.	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3
Agricultural and Pastoral:—						
Farmers, Gardeners, Stock Men, etc.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mechanics at Outdoor Vocations:—						
Railway and Stationary Engineers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Engine Fitters, Sawyers, Painters, Police, etc.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mechanics, etc., at Sedentary Vocations:—						
Shoemakers, Bookbinders, Compositors, Weavers, Tailors, Seamstresses, Bakers, Factory Workers, etc.	.....	5	5	.....	20	20
Domestic Service:—						
Waiters, Cooks, Servants, etc.	.....	3	3	.....	78	78
Education and Higher Domestic Duties:						
Governesses, Teachers, Students, Housekeepers, Nurses, etc.	.....	7	7	.....	130	130
Miners, Marine Engineers, Railway Employees, Seamen, etc.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Laborers	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
No Occupation	.....	3	3	.....	69	69
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	.....	19	19	.....	301	301

TABLE No. 5—COBOURG.

Showing the Counties and Districts from which patients have been admitted during the year, and since opening of Hospital.

Counties and Districts.	Admitted during year.			Admitted since opening.			Warrant cases.						Remaining in residence.		
							Admitted during year.			Admitted since opening.					
	Male.	Female.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Algoma District															
Brant					2	2					2	2		1	1
Bruce					1	1								1	1
Carleton					2	2					1	1		1	1
Dufferin															
Dundas					2	2								2	2
Durham					22	22					3	3		6	6
Elgin					2	2								2	2
Essex					1	1					1	1			
Frontenac					10	10					5	5		8	8
Glengarry					2	2									
Grenville															
Grey					6	6					3	3		6	6
Haldimand															
Halton					2	2					1	1		1	1
Hastings					9	9					3	3		4	4
Huron					6	6					4	4		3	3
Kent					2	2					1	1		1	1
Lambton					5	5					1	1		2	2
Lanark					1	1								1	1
Leeds															
Lennox and Addington					6	6					4	4		1	1
Lincoln					5	5					3	3		3	3
Middlesex					13	13					4	4		8	8
Muskoka District															
Nipissing District					1	1								1	1
Norfolk															
Northumberland					23	23					6	6		9	9
Ontario		2	2		17	17		1	1		10	10		8	8
Oxford					5	5					2	2		1	1
Parry Sound District															
Peel					3	3					2	2		1	1
Perth					3	3					2	2		1	1
Peterborough		2	2		19	19		1	1		7	7		8	8
Prescott															
Prince Edward					2	2								2	2
Rainy River District															
Renfrew		1	1		3	3					1	1		1	1
Russell															
Simcoe					10	10					4	4		7	7
Stormont					2	2					1	1		1	1
Thunder Bay District															
Victoria		1	1		13	13		1	1		6	6		5	5
Waterloo															
Welland															
Wellington					5	5					2	2		2	2
Wentworth					9	9					4	4		4	4
York		12	12		85	85		4	4		48	48		49	49
Unascertained		1	1		2	2		1	1		2	2		2	2
Totals		19	19		301	301		8	8		133	133		153	153

TABLE No. 6—COBOURG.

Showing the assigned causes of insanity in the cases admitted during year.

Causes.	Men.	Women	Total.	Inherited Predisposition.			Unascertained.
				Men.	Women.	Total.	
MORAL.							
Adverse Conditions (such as loss of friends, business troubles, etc.							
Mental Strain, Worry and Overwork (not included in above)		3	3				
Religious Excitement							
Love Affairs, including seduction							
Fright and Nervous Shock							
PHYSICAL.							
Alcoholism							
Sexual Excess							
Venereal Diseases							
Masturbation							
Insolation							
Accident or Injury		1	1				
Pregnancy							
Parturition and Puerperium							
Lactation							
Climacteric Period							
Fevers							
Privation and Overwork							
Epilepsy							
Other Convulsive Diseases							
Diseases of Brain and Skull							
Senility		1	1				
Exophthalmic Goifre							
Epidemic Influenza							
Abuse of Drugs							
Loss of Special Sense							
Uræmia							
Other Auto-infection							
Other Bodily Diseases							
HEREDITARY.							
Unascertained							
Congenital Defect		14	14		19	19	
Not Insane							
Totals		19	19		19	19	

TABLE No. 7—COBOURG.

Showing hereditary tendency to insanity in patients admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

	Admitted During Year.			Since Opening.		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Paternal Branch		1	1		8	8
Maternal Branch					15	15
Paternal and Maternal Branches					6	6
Collateral Branches		2	2		29	29
No Hereditary Tendency		11	11		204	204
Unascertained		5	5		39	39
Totals		19	19		301	301

TABLE No. 8—COBOURG.

Showing summary of probational discharges during the year.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Number Granted Probational Discharge		2	2
Discharged, Recovered while on Probation		1	1
" Improved " " "		1	1
" Unimproved " " "			
Died while on Probation			
Returned to Hospital			
Absent on Probation on October 31st, 1913			

TABLE No. 9—COBOURG.

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Specific Infectious Diseases:—						
Typhoid Fever						
Influenza		1	1		2	2
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis						
Diptheria						
Erysipelas						
Septicæmia						
Dysentery					5	5
Syphilis						
Tuberculosis		1	1		9	9
Constitutional Diseases:—						
Rheumatism					1	1
Arthritis Deformans						
Diabetes Mellitus						
Diseases of the Digestive System:—						
Mouth, salivary glands						
Pharynx						
Tonsils						
Œsophagus						
Diseases of the Intestines:—						
Diseases of the Liver						
Diseases of the Pancreas						
Diseases of the Peritoneum					1	1
Diseases of the Rectum (Prolapse)					1	1
Diseases of the Respiratory System:—						
Diseases of the Nose and Larynx.						
" " Bronchi					1	1
" " Lungs					11	11
" " Pleura						
Diseases of the Circulatory System:—						
Diseases of the Pericardium						
Diseases of the Heart		4	4		19	19
Arterio-sclerosis						
Aneurism						
Diseases of the Blood and Ductless Glands:—						
Anæmia						
Pernicious Anæmia						
Leukæmia						
Exophthalmic Goitre						
Diseases of the Genito-Urinary System		2	2		4	4
Carried Forward		8	8		54	54

TABLE No. 9—COBOURG—*Continued.*

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought forward	.....	8	8	.....	54	54
Diseases of the Nervous System:—						
Diseases of the Nerves	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" " Spinal Cord	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" " Meninges	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Organic Diseases of the Brain, (Tumor, Abscess, Embolism, Thrombosis, Hæmorrhage, and other gross lesions)	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	4
Functional Nervous Diseases, (Paralysis Agitans, Chorea, Eclampsia, Hysteria)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Epilepsy	.....	1	1	.....	3	3
Mental Diseases:—						
Exhaustion of Acute Mental Disease	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3
Exhaustion of Chronic Mental Disease	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	10
General Paresis	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Intoxications:—						
Alcoholism	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Morphinism	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Metallic Poisoning	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Heat Stroke	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Debility of Old Age	.....	3	3	.....	22	22
Accident	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Suicide	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Surgical Diseases	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3
Gynæcological Diseases	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Malignant new Growths, or Cancer	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3
Totals	.....	12	12	.....	105	105

TABLE No. 10—COBOURG.

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Infection Psychoses :—									
(a) Fever Delirium									
(b) Infection Delirium									
(c) Post Infection Psychoses									
Exhaustion Psychoses :—									
(a) Collapsed Delirium									
(b) Acute Confusional Psychoses									
(c) Neurasthenia									
Intoxication Psychoses :									
(a) Acute Intoxications									
(b) Chronic "									
(a) Alcoholism (acute and chronic)									
(b) Delirium Tremens									
(c) Korsakow's Psychoses									
(d) Acute Alcoholic Hallucinosis									
(e) Alcoholic Hallucinatory Dementia									
(f) " Paranoia									
(g) " Paresis									
(h) Morphinism									
(i) Cocainism									
Thyroigenous Psychoses :—									
(a) Mixœdematous Psychoses									
(b) Cretinism		1	1						
Dementia Præcox :—									
(a) Hebaphrenic		11	11		2	2		6	6
(b) Catatonic		2	2						
(c) Paranoid		4	4					1	1
General Paresis									
Organic Dementias :—									
(a) Cerebral Sclerosis									
(b) Huntingdon's Chorea									
(c) Multiple Sclerosis									
(d) Cerebral Syphilis									
(e) Tabetic Psychoses									
(f) Arterio Sclerotic Psychoses									
(g) Cerebral Tumor, Abscess, Hæmorrhage									
Involution Psychoses :—									
(a) Melancholia									
(b) Pre-senile Delusional Psychoses									
(c) Senile Dementia		1	1					3	3
Manic Depressive Psychoses :—									
(a) Manic States									
(b) Depressed States									
(c) Mixed States									
Carried Forward		19	19		2	2		10	10

TABLE No. 10—COBOURG—*Continued.*

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward	....	19	19	....	2	2	....	10	10
Paranoia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Psychoses from Constitutional Neuroses :—									
(a) Epileptic Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1
(b) Hysterical Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Sexualis Psychopathia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
States of Deficient Mental Development :—									
(a) Imbecility	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1
(b) Idiocy	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Not Diagnosed	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Not Insane	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Totals	....	19	19	....	2	2	....	12	12

TABLE No. 11—COBOURG.

Periods.	Alleged duration of insanity prior to admission.	Length of residence of those remaining in Hospital on Oct. 31st, 1913.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged recovered during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged improved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged unimproved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who died during the year.
Under 1 month	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
From 1 to 2 months	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 2 " 3 "	.....	5	1	.....	.....	.....
" 3 " 4 "	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 4 " 5 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 5 " 6 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 6 " 9 "	.....	5	.....	1	.....	.....
" 9 " 12 "	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 12 " 18 "	5	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 18 months to 2 years	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	1
" 2 to 3 years	1	21	.....	.....	.....	1
" 3 " 4 "	2	8	.....	.....	.....	2
" 4 " 5 "	1	9	.....	.....	.....	1
" 5 " 10 "	2	22	.....	.....	.....	1
" 10 " 15 "	2	64	.....	.....	.....	6
" 15 " 20 "	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 20 years and upwards	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	19	153	1	1	.....	12

HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, HAMILTON.

DECEMBER 8, 1913.

E. R. ROGERS, Esq.,

Inspector of Hospitals for Insane, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, Ont.

SIR,—In compliance with the statutes, I beg herewith to submit the 38th Annual Report regarding this Hospital, being for the official year ending Oct. 31st, 1913.

Our admissions numbered 224 and discharges of those fit to return home 91 and by deportation, transfer to other hospitals and death 113, or a total of 204.

The patients remaining on our roll at the end of the year numbered 1,311.

CROPS.

As the season was a most favorable one, the returns from the garden and farm were considerably above anticipations.

Of the various fruits there was supplied to the several buildings or placed in storage for future use 188,811 lbs., and vegetables 263,433 lbs. (the latter having equalled ten tons to the acre).

We anticipate that in our root house trenches and cold storage there are enough vegetables, potatoes excepted, and apples to carry us through to the late spring or early summer.

DAIRY.

The returns herefrom have been most excellent, and our young stock raised from the best animals in the herd are showing the evidence of care in breeding and early life in that they are producing better records than their dams.

Seven of the pure bred Holsteins have been entered in the Record of Performance test conducted by the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

One, a mature cow, in 318 days gave 16,185 lbs. of milk yielding 685 lbs. of butter. Another junior 3 years old, in 360 days gave 20,436 lbs. or a daily average of 56.76 lbs.; while another mature cow, the dam of the second cow referred to, from Jan. 1st to Oct. 31st gave 21,397 lbs. or 70.3 lbs. per day and is still giving a fair amount (her best day's production was 91 lbs.).

NEW WORK DONE BY MASON, CARPENTER, ENGINEER, ETC.

The cement block silo, in size 20 x 35 feet, was completed and filled and bids fair to give every satisfaction.

A similar one should be erected without the barn at Hickory Farm to replace the 16 foot stone one now occupying most useful and necessary space within the dairy stable and loft.

Cement curbs and ash pits have been construeted about the Infirmary and Shack and the grounds levelled and much improved in appearance.

Main Building, Hamilton.

The stone driving and storage shed at the Main Barn has been completed and provides much needed shelter for waggons, sleighs, etc.

The storage shed and stable for the gardener is well under way as the stonework for the walls is completed and carpenter work well in hand.

The wind mill at Hickory Farm which was our sole power for pumping water required for domestic use as well as in the stables, was replaced by an electrically driven deep well pump which is giving the utmost satisfaction.

At Hickory Farm also the ice pond was pumped out and the accumulated weeds removed and walls straightened, and it is again almost full with as clean and pure a supply of spring water as can be obtained anywhere.

The new orchard on this farm, which has been so excellently arranged by Mr. Todd, the Farm Director, gives promise of developing satisfactorily as very few, comparatively speaking, of the hundreds of trees have been lost.

Movements of Staff.

On Dec. 21st, 1912, Dr. Kenneth T. McLean who had been in the service from the previous March retired to take up general practice and on Sept. 5th, 1913, Dr. Austin Evans, who had rendered most efficient service from the previous October, resigned also to enter general practice.

A large number of changes have occurred among the nurses and attendants, especially the former, but at present we have one of the most interested and hard working classes of girls that it has been our good fortune to start in training.

Recreation.

Lawn tennis, lawn bowling, football, skating and curling have been well patronized and appreciated and many interesting games with other clubs enjoyed.

Our soccer football team was exceptionally fortunate in that they played 31 consecutive games without a defeat, and in the whole season lost only one match and another friendly game—they were in consequence winners of the District Intermediate Championship, as also the Ontario Intermediate Championship cup.

We also enjoyed the unique experience for this district of playing a portion of the "District Cup Competition" in curling on the open ice of Hickory Farm Pond in January.

Requirements.

Central Boiler House.

The matter of a central plant for heating the several buildings and officers' residences and shops again looms up prominently before us when we consider the extremely large coal accounts now incurred and the yearly overdrafts to be met.

We are convinced that the estimated expenditure for coal—$25,000 for the year 1913-14—could be cut almost in half were the changes made, and also a much more efficient and satisfactory service rendered.

Main Building Kitchen.

In this kitchen the brass double jacketed and iron steam kettles used in cooking have been in service for well nigh thirty years and there are seven now in use that should be replaced; we would recommend that a steam roaster and two double-jacketed aluminium kettles be purchased during the coming year.

Engineer's Machinery

When we consider the large amount of pipe cutting that is done by our engineers in the replacing of steam, water and gas pipes, the renewal of the bath-rooms and lavatory fittings and new work in connection with dairy barns, fencing, etc., it becomes more and more evident that a power pipe cutting machine should be installed and we sincerely trust that our estimates for the same may meet with your approval.

Laundry.

The present drying section has passed its usefulness and even with the single modern drying section installed some two years ago, is utterly inadequate for our requirements.

In the laundry also much efficiency would be added if a half dozen or more electric irons with control boxes and pilot lights, etc., were installed.

An electrically driven hoist has been purchased to replace the hand apparatus and we hope to instal it during the coming winter.

Root Storage for Gardener.

Time did not afford for the commencement of the new root house for which elaborate and most complete plans have been prepared and it is hoped that early in the coming spring we may be enabled to start the work as the need for such accommodation is very great.

Road Work.

By the renting of a stone crusher in the spring we were enabled to obtain a large amount of broken stone, which besides providing road metal gave a considerable amount of screenings which did away with the purchase of gravel for cement work.

By an arrangement with the Council of Barton Township, we furnished patient and expert labor in laying, under the supervision of their engineer, over 2,000 feet of cement curb and gutter along a large portion of the mountain brow road, leading from the Incline Railway to our entrance gates, the intention being to remake entirely the macadamized road, but as the township authorities were unable to secure a steam roller when required the finishing of the work was laid over for another season.

In addition to the labor we agreed to furnish the necessary crushed stone and a couple of teams to assist in hauling it.

Greenhouses.

The erection of extensive greenhouses adjacent to the Gardener's residence is we believe advisable, and some provision should be made at an early date as the houses at present in use are entirely inadequate in size and falling to pieces.

Thanking you most sincerely for your always ready advice and assistance so freely and cordially given, I am,

Your obedient servant,

W. M. ENGLISH,

Medical Superintendent.

Orchard House, Hamilton.

ANNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, HAMILTON, FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31ST, 1913.

TABLE No. 1—HAMILTON.

Showing movements of patients in the Hospital for the official year ending October 31st, 1913.

	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Capacity of Hospital	656	639	1,295			
In Residence October 31st, 1912				653	638	1,291
Admitted during year 1912-13:						
Voluntary	2		2			
By Warrant	77	22	99			
By Medical Certificate	55	68	123	134	90	224
Total number under treatment during year				787	728	1,515
Discharges during year:—						
As recovered	16	12	28			
" improved	29	29	58			
" unimproved	4	1	5			
" not insane						
Total number discharged during year	49	42	91			
Died	54	34	88			
Deported	8		8			
Eloped	3		3			
Transferred	6	8	14	120	84	204
Remaining in Hospital October 31st, 1913				667	644	1,311
Total number admitted since opening of Hospital				3,116	3,063	6,179
Total number discharged since opening of Hospital	1,135	1,308	2,443			
Total number died since opening of Hospital	974	851	1,825			
Total number deported since opening of Hospital	32	5	37			
Total number eloped since opening of Hospital	100	9	109			
Total number transferred since opening of Hospital	208	246	454	2,449	2,419	4,868
Total remaining in Hospital October 31st, 1913				667	644	1,311
Daily average population	664	642	1,306			
Collective days' stay of all patients in residence during year	242,398	234,369	476,767			
Number of applications on fyle	4	7	11			

TABLE No. 2—HAMILTON.

Showing Social State and Religion of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

	Admissions of year.			In residence Oct. 31, 1913.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Social State.									
Single	77	42	119	469	337	806	1,672	1,272	2,944
Married	57	48	105	198	307	505	1,444	1,791	3,235
Widowed	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Divorced	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Separated	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	134	90	224	667	644	1,311	3,116	3,063	6,179
Religion.									
Baptists	8	13	21	41	47	88	176	207	383
Congregationalists	3	.....	3	6	2	8	21	15	36
Church of England	28	19	47	113	115	228	583	538	1,121
Methodists	35	16	51	155	145	300	735	753	1,488
Presbyterians	18	16	34	103	116	219	581	583	1,164
Roman Catholics	22	12	34	128	107	235	536	556	1,092
Other Denominations	11	7	18	81	87	168	324	355	639
Unascertained	9	7	16	40	25	65	160	96	256
Totals	134	90	224	667	644	1,311	3,116	3,063	6,179

Fire Brigade, Hamilton

TABLE No. 3—HAMILTON.

Showing nativity of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

Nativity.	Admissions of Year.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Total Admissions	134	90	224	3,116	3,063	6,179
Total born in Canada	89	68	157	1,900	1,934	3,834
Armenia						
Assyria		1	1		1	1
Austria	1		1	4	1	5
Australia				1		1
Belgium						
Bulgaria						
Central America						
China						
Denmark						
England	23	12	35	465	322	787
France				2		2
Finland				1		1
Galicia				2		2
Germany	1	2	3	2	5	7
Greece				9	12	21
Holland				1		1
Hungary	1		1	3		3
Ireland	3	2	5	283	398	681
Italy				6	1	7
Japan						
Macedonia						
Other British possessions				95	88	183
Norway						
Roumania	1		1	3		3
Russia	3		3	9	4	13
Scotland	6	1	7	196	176	372
South America				2	1	3
Spain						
Sweden	1		1	3		3
Turkey						
United States	4	4	8	72	78	150
Poland	1		1	1		1
Unascertained				56	42	98
Totals	134	90	224	3,116	3,063	6,179

TABLE No. 4 HAMILTON.

Showing the occupation of those admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Occupation.	Admitted this Year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Professional:—						
Clergy, Military and Naval Officers. Physicians, Lawyers, Architects, Artists, Authors, Civil Engineers, Surveyors, etc.	2	.....	2	50	2	52
Commercial:—						
Bankers, Merchants, Accountants. Clerks, Salesmen, Stenographers, Typewriters, etc.	16	3	19	159	30	189
Agricultural and Pastoral:—						
Farmers, Gardeners, Stock Men. etc.	30	.....	30	912	3	915
Mechanics at Outdoor Vocations:—						
Railway and Stationary Engineers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters. Engine Fitters, Sawyers, Painters, Police, etc.	5	.....	5	236	2	238
Mechanics, etc., at Sedentary Vocations:—						
Shoemakers, Bookbinders, Compositors, Weavers, Tailors. Seamstresses, Bakers, Factory Workers, etc.	29	2	31	357	98	455
Domestic Service:—						
Waiters, Cooks, Servants, etc.	.....	10	10	8	605	613
Education and Higher Domestic Duties:—						
Governesses, Teachers, Students. Housekeepers, Nurses, etc.	.....	61	61	81	1,888	1,969
Miners, Marine Engineers, Railway Employees, Seamen, etc.	7	.....	7	32	.....	32
Laborers	39	.....	39	851	4	855
No Occupation	6	14	20	150	208	358
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	280	223	503
Totals	134	90	224	3,116	3,063	6,179

Part of Herd of Holsteins, Hamilton.

TABLE No. 5—HAMILTON.

Showing the Counties and Districts from which patients have been admitted during the year, and since opening of Hospital.

Counties and Districts.	Admitted during year.			Admitted since opening.			Warrant cases. Admitted during year.			Warrant cases. Admitted since opening.			Remaining in residence.		
	Male.	Female.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Algoma District ..	1	....	1	14	6	20	1	....	1	13	1	14	5	....	5
Brant	6	3	9	170	191	361	3	....	3	70	39	109	42	47	89
Bruce	1	1	2	8	20	28	....	....	....	6	8	14	2	3	5
Carleton	....	....	....	10	11	21	....	....	....	9	7	16	....	2	2
Dufferin.....	4	3	7	57	65	122	2	....	2	31	17	48	13	13	26
Dundas	....	....	....	2	3	5	....	....	....	2	1	3	....	....	....
Durham	....	....	....	10	17	27	....	....	....	9	7	16	1	....	1
Elgin.....	....	....	....	7	7	14	....	....	....	3	2	5	1	....	1
Essex	1	....	1	7	1	8	1	....	1	4	1	5	5	....	5
Frontenac	....	....	....	28	9	37	....	....	....	27	3	30	9	1	10
Glengarry	....	....	....	5	4	9	....	....	....	4	1	5	....	....	....
Grenville	....	....	....	4	3	7	....	....	....	4	2	6	1	....	1
Grey	11	8	19	218	166	384	4	1	5	136	63	199	67	51	118
Haldimand	4	3	7	128	126	254	4	....	4	59	22	81	26	29	55
Halton	4	1	5	103	104	207	1	....	1	43	25	68	22	22	44
Hastings.....	....	....	....	6	8	14	....	....	....	6	6	12	....	....	....
Huron	....	2	2	5	14	19	....	1	1	2	4	6	1	2	3
Kent	1	....	1	8	7	15	1	....	1	7	1	8	2	1	3
Lambton	....	....	....	11	5	16	....	....	....	9	1	10	5	....	5
Lanark.....	....	....	....	1	3	4	....	....	....	1	1	2	....	....	....
Leeds	....	....	....	4	5	9	....	....	....	4	4	8	1	2	3
Lennox and Addington.....	1	....	1	11	1	12	1	....	1	10	....	10	....	....	....
Lincoln	1	3	4	156	172	328	....	2	2	90	49	139	29	30	59
Middlesex	....	....	....	21	14	35	....	....	....	11	8	19	4	1	5
Muskoka District .	1	1	2	18	3	21	1	....	1	11	2	13	2	1	3
New Brunswick...	....	....	....	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Nipissing District.	1	1	2	12	8	20	1	1	2	54	38	92	3	3	6
Norfolk	5	2	7	120	119	239	2	1	3	13	6	19	31	24	55
Northumberland ..	....	....	....	26	17	43	....	....	....	14	8	22	1	2	3
Ontario.....	1	....	1	28	34	62	1	....	1	22	21	43	5	2	7
Oxford	1	....	1	19	18	37	1	....	1	14	10	24	5	1	6
Parry Sound Dist .	....	....	....	5	6	11	....	....	....	5	3	8	1	2	3
Peel.....	....	1	1	20	28	48	....	1	1	6	9	15	3	6	9
Perth	....	1	1	7	12	19	....	....	....	7	7	14	3	3	6
Peterborough	....	1	1	10	18	28	....	....	....	10	11	21	....	....	....
Prescott.....	....	....	....	3	7	10	....	....	....	3	6	9	....	2	2
Prince Edward ...	....	....	....	5	2	7	....	....	....	3	2	5	....	....	....
Quebec	....	....	....	1	....	1	....	....	....	1	....	1	1	....	1
Rainy River Dist..	....	....	....	6	1	7	....	....	....	6	1	7	4	1	5
Renfrew.....	....	....	....	5	2	7	....	....	....	4	....	4	....	....	....
Russell.....	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	1	1
Saskatchewan	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1	2
Simcoe	2	3	5	219	165	384	1	....	1	152	82	234	17	13	30
Stormont.....	....	....	....	6	3	9	....	....	....	5	1	6	1	....	1
Thunder Bay Dist.	1	2	3	11	5	16	1	2	3	10	2	12	4	3	7
Victoria	....	....	....	13	22	35	....	....	....	11	18	29	2	1	3
Waterloo	6	8	14	192	198	390	3	2	5	100	34	134	55	64	119
Welland	12	4	16	161	190	351	5	1	6	66	35	101	40	48	88
Wellington	7	5	12	268	287	555	4	....	4	100	44	144	57	67	124
Wentworth	56	36	92	748	732	1,480	36	9	45	227	109	336	163	167	330
York	6	1	7	211	220	431	3	1	4	171	162	333	29	28	57
Unascertained	....	....	....	7	2	9	....	....	....	2	1	3	2	....	2
Total	134	90	224	3,116	3,063	6,179	77	22	99	1,579	888	2,467	667	644	1311

TABLE No. 6—HAMILTON.

Showing the assigned causes of insanity in the cases admitted during year.

Causes.	Men.	Women	Total.	Inherited Predisposition.			Unascertained.
				Men.	Women.	Total.	
Moral.							
Adverse Conditions (such as loss of friends, business troubles, etc.)	9	11	20	3	4	7	13
Mental Strain, Worry and Overwork (not included in above)	6	7	13	2	6	8	5
Religious Excitement							
Love Affairs, including seduction							
Fright and Nervous Shock		2	2		1	1	1
Physical.							
Alcoholism	22		22	6		6	16
Sexual Excess	3		3				3
Venereal Diseases	2	1	3		1	1	2
Masturbation	10		10	3		3	7
Insolation							
Accident or Injury	3	2	5	2		2	3
Pregnancy		1	1				1
Parturition and Puerperium		5	5		2	2	3
Lactation							
Climacteric Period							
Fevers							
Privation and Overwork	2	3	5	1		1	4
Epilepsy	6	3	9		1	1	8
Other Convulsive Diseases							
Diseases of Brain and Skull	1		1				1
Senility	3	7	10	2	1	3	7
Exophthalmic Goitre							
Epidemic Influenza							
Abuse of Drugs	1		1				1
Loss of Special Sense							
Uræmia							
Other Auto-infection							
Other Bodily Diseases	3	8	11	1	5	6	5
Hereditary.							
Congenital Defect	15	3	18	6	1	7	11
Unascertained	48	37	85	16	8	24	61
Not Insane							
Totals	134	90	224	42	30	72	152

TABLE No. 7—HAMILTON.

Showing hereditary tendency to insanity in patients admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

	Admitted During Year			Since Opening		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Paternal Branch	3	4	7	64	35	99
Maternal Branch	7	2	9	62	43	105
Paternal and Maternal Branches	4	2	6	18	23	41
Collateral Branches	25	16	41	74	87	161
No Hereditary Tendency	3	6	9	184	176	360
Unascertained	92	60	152	241	174	415
Totals	134	90	224	643	538	1,181

TABLE No. 8—HAMILTON.

Showing summary of probational discharges during the year.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Number Granted Probational Discharge	44	53	97
Discharged, Recovered while on Probation	10	10	20
" Improved " " "	20	21	41
" Unimproved " " "	2	.....	2
Died while on Probation	.....	.....	.....
Returned to Hospital while on Probation	6	13	19
Absent on Probation on October 31st, 1913	6	9	15

TABLE No. 9—HAMILTON.

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Specific Infectious Diseases :—						
Typhoid Fever	2	.....	2	6	1	7
Influenza	.....	.....	.....	2	2	4
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Diphtheria	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Erysipelas	.....	.....	.....	11	6	17
Septicæmia	1	1	2	12	6	18
Dysentery	1	.....	1	14	14	28
Syphilis	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tuberculosis	6	9	15	143	167	310
Constitutional Diseases :—						
Rheumatism	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Arthritis Deformans	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Diabetes Mellitus	1	.....	1	2	.....	2
Diseases of the Digestive System :—						
Mouth, salivary glands	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pharynx	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tonsils	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Œsophagus	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Enteritis	.....	.....	.....	5	13	18
Diseases of the Intestines :—						
Diseases of the Liver	1	.....	1	4	9	13
" " Pancreas	.....	1	1	.....	1	1
" " Peritoneum	1	.....	1	10	8	18
Intestinal Obstruction	.....	.....	.....	5	3	8
Diseases of the Respiratory System :—						
Diseases of the Nose and Larynx	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
" " Bronchi	.....	.....	.....	3	1	4
" " Lungs	6	1	7	63	36	99
" " Pleura	.....	.....	.....	1	2	3
Diseases of the Circulatory System :						
Diseases of the Pericardium	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" " Heart	2	3	5	69	50	119
Arterio-sclerosis	.....	.....	.....	11	7	18
Aneurism	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
Diseases of the Blood and Ductless Glands :—						
Anæmia	.....	.....	.....	2	5	7
Pernicious Anæmia	.....	.....	.....	8	10	18
Leukæmia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Exophthalmic Goitre	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Purpura Hæmorrhage	.....	.....	.....	3	3	6
Diseases of the Genito-Urinary System ..	5	.....	5	25	14	39
Carried Forward	26	15	41	414	359	761

TABLE No. 9—HAMILTON—*Continued.*

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward	26	15	41	414	359	761
Diseases of the Nervous System :—						
Diseases of the Nerves	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" " Spinal Cord.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" " Meninges.....	.....	.....	.....	1	6	7
Organic Diseases of the Brain— (Tumor, Abscess, Embolism, Thromboids, Hæmorrhage, and other gross lesions)	4	3	7	36	59	115
Functional Nervous Diseases. (Paralysis Agitans, Chorea, Eclampsia, Hysteria).....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2
Epilepsy	4	3	7	84	49	138
Mental Diseases :—						
Exhaustion of Acute Mental Disease	4	8	12	51	115	166
Exhaustion of Chronic Mental Disease	3	3	6	67	82	149
General Paresis.....	5	.....	5	139	18	157
Intoxications :—						
Alcoholism	1	.....	1	1	.....	1
Morphinism	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Metallic Poisoning.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Heat Stroke	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Debility of Old Age	7	1	8	123	109	232
Accident	.....	.....	.....	14	2	16
Suicide.....	.....	.....	.....	7	15	22
Surgical Diseases.....	.....	.....	.....	12	10	22
Gynæcological Diseases.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2
Malignant New Growths, or Cancer	.....	1	1	11	24	35
Totals	54	34	88	974	841	1,825

TABLE No. 10—HAMILTON.

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Infection Psychoses:—									
(a) Fever Delirium	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Infection Delirium	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Post Infection Psychoses	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....
Exhaustion Psychoses:—									
(a) Collapsed Delirium	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....
(b) Acute Confusional Psychoses	1	6	7	....	3	3	....	....	....
(c) Neurasthenia	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....
Intoxication Psychoses:—									
(a) Acute Intoxication	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....
(b) Chronic "	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(a) Alcoholism (acute and chronic)	13	....	13	12	....	12	2	....	2
(b) Delirium Tremens	1	....	1	1	....	1	....	....	....
(c) Korsakow's Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(d) Acute Alcoholic Hallucinosis	1	....	1	1	....	1	....	....	....
(e) Alcoholic Hallucinatory Dementia	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
(f) " Paranoia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(g) " Paresis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(h) Morphinism (i) Cocainism	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
Thyroigenous Psychoses:—									
(a) Mixœdematous Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Cretinism	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Dementia Praecox:									
(a) Hebaphrenic	10	4	14	3	4	7	3	1	4
(b) Catatonic	30	24	54	5	9	14	5	2	7
(c) Paranoid	19	13	32	8	3	11	6	4	10
General Paresis	10	....	10	....	....	....	8	....	8
Organic Dementias:—Traumatic	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
(a) Cerebral Sclerosis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Huntingdon's Chorea	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Multiple Sclerosis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(d) Cerebral Syphilis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(e) Tabetic Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(f) Arterio Sclerotic Psychoses	1	....	1	....	....	....	1	....	1
(g) Cerebral Tumor, Abscess, Hæmorrhage	1	....	1	....	....	....	1	....	1
Involution Psychoses:—									
(a) Melancholia	5	12	17	4	2	6	2	8	10
(b) Pre-senile Delusional Psychoses	....	....	....	1	....	1	1	1	2
(c) Senile Dementia	4	10	14	1	3	4	9	3	12
Manic Depressive Psychoses:—									
(a) Manic States	3	7	10	4	11	15	3	9	12
(b) Depressed States	2	6	8	....	....	....	2	2	4
(c) Mixed States	2	....	2	2	....	2	2	....	2
Carried Forward	106	83	185	42	39	81	45	30	75

TABLE No. 10—HAMILTON—*Continued.*

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward	106	83	185	42	39	81	45	30	75
Paranoia	....	....	....	....	2	2	....	....	....
Psychoses from Constitutional Neuroses :—									
(a) Epileptic Psychoses	3	3	6	1	1	2	5	2	7
(b) Hysterical Psychoses	1	1	2	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Sexualis Psychopathia	....	2	2	....	....	....	....	....	....
States of Deficient Mental Development :—									
(a) Imbecility	20	1	21	2	....	2	3	2	5
(b) Idiocy	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Not Diagnosed	4	....	4	4	....	4	1	....	1
Not Insane	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	134	90	224	49	42	91	54	34	88

TABLE No. 11—HAMILTON.

Periods.	Alleged duration of insanity prior to admission.	Length of residence of those remaining in Hospital on Oct. 31st, 1913.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged recovered during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged improved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged unimproved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who died during the year.
Under 1 month	50	25	.....	3	.....	13
From 1 to 2 months	23	19	.....	1	1	6
" 2 " 3 "	18	13	.....	1	.....	5
" 3 " 4 "	12	16	3	1	.....	.....
" 4 " 5 "	7	12	3	4	1	1
" 5 " 6 "	11	18	3	4	1	.....
" 6 " 9 "	9	27	6	9	.....	3
" 9 " 12 "	7	36	3	11	1	5
" 12 " 18 "	17	62	6	10	.....	2
" 18 months to 2 years	6	49	1	2	.....	2
" 2 to 3 years	10	114	1	4	.....	13
" 3 " 4 "	9	98	.....	3	.....	2
" 4 " 5 "	6	76	1	.....	1	2
" 5 " 10 "	5	275	.....	4	.....	14
" 10 " 15 "	16	164	.....	.....	.....	6
" 15 " 20 "	10	130	.....	1	.....	1
" 20 years and upwards	8	177	1	.....	.....	13
Totals	224	1,311	28	58	5	88

ROCKWOOD HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, KINGSTON.

To Inspector E. R. Rogers,
Toronto.

Sir,—I have pleasure in submitting my report for Rockwood Hospital, Kingston, for the year ending October 31st, 1913:—

The results of the year's labors are most gratifying and satisfactory to all concerned.

Amongst the admissions were a great number from outside the Rockwood district.

Most satisfactory to us is the list of voluntary admissions. Twenty-seven patients came to Rockwood this year without medical certificates, and without pressure of any kind. They realized they were sick, they realized that we had the facilities for proper treatment, and they were willing to take advantage of same. On the whole we must say that the voluntary principle works very advantageously, and we feel certain that this principle will develop and be exercised more freely in the future. Indeed, to my mind, there is no reason why there should be any certificates of insanity issued throughout the province. Were the public once educated on the advantages of hospital treatment as practised in our Hospitals for the Insane, they would be as desirous of taking advantage thereof, and would accept the principle of voluntarily seeking treatment in a hospital for mental diseases as cheerfully as they would seek admission to a general hospital for physical ailments.

The number of warrant cases this year has reached twenty-two. Ten of these came from outside the Rockwood District. There is no reason whatever why, under the methods practised at Rockwood Hospital, there should be any case admitted by warrant. We are always free to accept patients at any time. If the case be urgent we do not wait for certificates, and we would be glad if our practitioners throughout the district would kindly assist us in doing away with the pernicious system of issuing a warrant for the arrest of a sick man.

Interesting has been our experience with what is ordinarily known as social work. Though we have not developed this important side to the extent desired, we have had sufficient experience to warrant its further application. I do not know of any method more efficacious in spreading the knowledge as to the cause, the treatment and the hopeful outlook of mental disease. By this means the nurse from the hospital visits the patients, when discharged, in their own homes, their surroundings are closely noted, their method of living directed, their friends are carefully instructed as to their attitude towards the patient, and thus, you see, a double mission is fulfilled, that of nursing the patients and instructing their friends.

For some time past we have been endeavoring to establish a research laboratory at Rockwood Hospital, that we may pursue and develop more steadily the principles of this interesting and valuable branch of medical science. In no department of medicine is research work and original investigation more necessary, and in few departments indeed has so little been done. Last year a member of our staff was engaged in some rather important experiments: the line of investigation was not very exhaustively pursued, yet, after all, some results were obtained which led a

Main Building, Kingston.

member of the British medical profession to consider it worthy of special mention before a gathering of England's most prominent professional men. The results of our pathological laboratory for this year as submitted by Dr. Connell are as follows: —

I desire to submit a short resume of my work during the year closing October 31st, 1913.

During this period nine autopsies only have been held, it having proven difficult to secure necessary permission in many cases. In one of the cases, a general paretic, we have succeeded in finding the spirochaete pallida in the brain substance (superior frontal gyrus) by Levaditi's method. This method has proven very tedious and will, when opportunity affords, be supplemented by more rapid and direct method of examination.

Thirty-three blood specimens and twelve cerebro-spinal fluids have been examined for the Wasserman reaction (Noguchi's modification). A number of these were examined several times in an attempt to produce a negative reaction in the blood or the fluids, by repeated use of Salvarsan intravenously. It has proven difficult to obtain a continued negative reaction, even after fortnightly injections of Salvarsan running over a period of four to six months.

The twelve cerebro-spinal fluids above mentioned have also been examined for cell content and globulin.

Besides the usual examination of suspected tubercular sputums, typhoid blood, pus and tissue from operation cases, fifty-two urine samples have been specially examined. In one case such laboratory examination, by detection of marked acidosis, was the means of saving the life of the patient, showing symptoms now known to be those of acid intoxication.

Examination has been made on several occasions of the water supply. Only on one occasion was it found contaminated, and this was due to a temporary break-down in the chlorination plant. It is to be hoped that, when the sewage plant now being installed is in operation, even such temporary break-downs in chlorination need not occasion contamination of the water supply.

Our Nursing School has maintained its high place. During the year two of our nurses were requested to take charge of the new Hospital for the Insane, at Battleford, Sask., and we feel quite confident that they will uphold the high place that Rockwood Hospital Training School has filled in the medical life of this province.

The scarcity of labor has made it very difficult at times to secure a proper and efficient class of attendants for service on the male wards. A better class of men is desirable, and this can only be secured by a gradual process of training, and when trained the retention of their services by a proper wage. It is worthy of consideration whether it would not be advisable to erect cottages for our attendants, as an inducement to their remaining in the employment of the institutions. Many times during the past year, as soon as our attendants were of service to us they would leave, and we would be obliged to place our patients and our work in the hands of untried and inefficient men.

We have made considerable improvement in the interior of the building in the past year, and hope for still better things in the future. Our bath-rooms require improvement, floors are necessary in dormitories and rooms, our windows require to be lowered on the north side of the building, indeed there is a general improvement required all round if the hospital is to be made comfortable, homelike, and in keeping with the object we have in view.

We have secured from an efficient and thorough landscape gardener the plans for extensive improvements to our gardens and parks. We will commence the prosecution of these plans during the coming season. When completed, Rockwood Hospital will, without doubt, possess a charm and beauty all its own.

I have to speak once more of the loyalty and devotion of the staff of Rockwood Hospital, and of the faithful, painstaking way in which each department has done its work. The year has been a record one in many respects, and I think our results are quite unique in the history of mental disease in Canada. This could not have been accomplished without devotion and love for the work, and for this I feel grateful and thankful to all those who gave so cheerfully of their best to maintain the ever increasing reputation of Rockwood Hospital.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

E. Ryan,

Medical Superintendent.

One of the Corridors, Kingston.

ANNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, KINGSTON, FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31st, 1913.

TABLE No. 1—KINGSTON.

Showing movements of patients in the Hospital for the official year ending October 31st, 1913.

	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Capacity of Hospital	311	282	593			
In Residence, October 31st, 1912				296	257	553
Admitted during year 1912-1913:						
By Warrant	21	1	22			
By Medical Certificate	86	64	150	107	65	172
Total number under treatment during year				403	322	725
Discharges during year:—						
As recovered	33	26	59			
" improved	22	17	39			
" unimproved	1	.....	1			
" not insane	.....	.....	.....			
Total number discharged during year.	56	43	99			
Died	28	18	64			
Deported	2	.....	.....			
Eloped	.....	.....	.....			
Transferred	.....	.....	.....	86	61	147
Remaining in Hospital, October 31st, 1912	.....	.....	.....	317	261	578
Total number admitted since opening of Hospital	.....	.....	.....	2,644	2,262	4,906
Total number discharged since opening of Hospital	1,158	1,058	2,216			
Total number died since opening of Hospital	838	640	1,478			
Total number deported since opening of Hospital	8	2	10			
Total number eloped since opening of Hospital	79	1	80			
Total number transferred since opening of Hospital	244	300	544	2,327	2,001	4,328
Total remaining in Hospital October 31st, 1913	.....	.....	.....	317	261	578
Daily average population	303	254	557			
Collective days' stay of all patients in residence during year	110,489	92,932	203,421			
Number of applications on fyle	44	47	91	.....	.....	.....

TABLE No. 2—KINGSTON.

Showing social state and religion of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

	Admissions of Year.			In residence Oct. 31, 1913.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
SOCIAL STATE.									
Single	58	28	86	223	138	361	1,528	992	2,520
Married	37	28	65	85	103	188	1,074	1,226	2,300
Widowed	12	7	19	9	19	28	35	40	75
Divorced	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Separated	.....	2	2	.....	1	1	7	3	10
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	107	65	172	317	261	578	2,644	2,262	4,906
RELIGION.									
Baptists	.....	3	3	6	5	11	46	43	89
Congregationalists	.....	1	1	1	2	3	10	7	17
Church of England	28	19	47	56	50	106	520	431	951
Methodists	25	18	43	86	79	165	604	573	1,177
Presbyterians	14	7	21	39	36	75	392	372	764
Roman Catholics	27	11	38	89	72	161	814	698	1,512
Other Denominations	5	3	8	24	11	35	174	101	275
Unascertained	8	3	11	16	6	22	84	37	121
Total	107	65	172	317	261	578	2,644	2,262	4,906

Continuous Baths, Kingston.

TABLE No. 3—KINGSTON.

Showing nativity of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

Nativity.	Admissions of Year.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Total Admissions	107	65	172	2,644	2,262	4,906
Total born in Canada	95	62	157	1,813	1,584	3,397
Armenia						
Assyria				2		2
Austria						
Australia						
Belgium						
Bulgaria						
Central America						
China						
Denmark						
England	7	2	9	217	145	362
France				2	1	3
Finland				1	2	3
Galicia					1	1
Germany	1		1	35	17	52
Greece						
Holland						
Hungary						
Ireland				332	303	635
Italy	1		1	4		4
Japan						
Macedonia						
Other British Possessions				6	4	10
Norway						
Roumania						
Russia				13	2	15
Scotland	2		2	94	93	187
Switzerland				6		6
Spain						
Sweden				3		3
Turkey						
United States	1	1	2	34	29	63
West Indies				1	1	2
Other Countries				4	8	12
Unascertained				77	72	149
Totals	107	65	172	2,644	2,262	4,906

TABLE No. 4—KINGSTON.

Showing the occupation of those admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Occupation.	Admitted this Year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Professional:— Clergy, Military and Naval Officers, Physicians, Lawyers, Architects, Artists, Authors, Civil Engineers, Surveyors, etc.	4	.....	4	66	2	68
Commercial:— Bankers, Merchants, Accountants, Clerks, Salesmen, Stenographers Typewriters, etc.	18	.....	18	194	5	199
Agricultural and Pastoral:— Farmers, Gardeners, Stock Men, etc.	27	.....	27	802	4	806
Mechanics at Outdoor Vocations:— Railway and Stationary Engineers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Engine Fitters, Sawyers, Painters, Police, etc.	10	.....	10	254	.....	254
Mechanics, etc., at Sedentary Vocations:— Shoemakers, Bookbinders, Compositors, Weavers, Tailors, Seamstresses, Bakers, Factory Workers, etc.	12	2	14	186	136	322
Domestic Service:— Waiters, Cooks, Servants, etc.	.....	9	9	26	472	498
Education and Higher Domestic Duties: Governesses, Teachers, Students Housekeepers, Nurses, etc.	3	38	41	30	1,196	1,226
Miners, Marine Engineers, Railway Employees, Seamen, etc.	2	.....	2	63	.....	63
Laborers	24	.....	24	746	.....	746
No Occupation	5	16	21	100	188	288
Unascertained	2	.....	2	134	180	314
Other Occupations	.....	.....	.....	43	79	122
Total	107	65	172	2,644	2,262	4,906

Nurses' Home, Kingston.

TABLE No. 5—KINGSTON.

Showing the Counties and Districts from which patients have been admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

Counties and Districts.	Admitted during year.			Admitted since opening.			Warrant cases. Admitted during year.			Warrant cases. Admitted since opening.			Remaining in residence.		
	Male.	Female.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Algoma District				3	2	5				3	2	5			
Brant				6	7	13				6	7	13			
Bruce				3	6	9				3	5	8			
Carleton		1	1	204	164	368				166	125	291	30	15	45
Dufferin															
Dundas				37	33	70				See	Stormont		2	2	4
Durham	4	5	9	51	49	100	2		2	10	5	15	1	8	9
Elgin				3	4	7				3	4	7			
Essex				3	2	5				3	2	5			
Frontenac	31	13	44	525	480	1,005	1		1	168	106	274	59	71	130
Glengarry				55	53	108				See	Stormont		5	5	10
Grenville				58	52	110							1	2	3
Grey				7	10	17				7	6	16		1	1
Haldimand				6	7	13				6	6	12			
Halton				3	2	5				2	1	3			
Hastings	15	12	27	280	236	516	1		1	133	66	199	48	32	80
Haliburton	1		1	1		1	1		1	1		1			
Huron				6	5	11				6	5	11			
Kent				4	1	5				4		4		1	1
Lambton				12	2	14				12	2	14			
Lanark				125	125	250				97	87	184	7	6	13
Leeds	6	2	8	90	79	169				79	57	136	10	6	16
Lennox and Addington	5	3	8	190	167	357	2		2	95	46	141	21	18	39
Lincoln				9	7	16				9	5	14			
Middlesex				9	6	15				6	4	10	1		1
Muskoka District				1	1	2					1	1			
Nipissing District					1	1					1	1			
Norfolk				7	5	12				7	5	12	1		1
Northumberland	10	9	19	140	170	310	4		4	88	64	125	43	30	73
Ontario	1		1	20	23	43				18	22	40	1		1
Oxford				14	4	18				14	3	17			
Parry Sound Dist.															
Peel				4	1	5				4	1	5			
Perth				10	9	19				10	9	19			
Peterborough	2	1	3	12	22	34		1	1	8	9	17	3	2	5
Prescott				48	30	78				41	24	65	1	2	3
Prince Edward	9	5	14	112	83	195				35	17	52	26	15	41
Rainy River Dist.				1		1				1		1			
Renfrew	7	12	19	200	189	389	1		1	59	22	81	29	31	60
Russell					2	2								1	1
Simcoe	1		1	14	12	26	1		1	13	11	24	1		1
Stormont				55	48	103				111	73	184	4	4	8
Thunder Bay Dist.				1		1							1		1
Victoria	5		5	10	13	23	5		5	10	12	22	6		6
Waterloo	1		1	13	4	17				12	4	16			
Welland	1		1	7	5	12	1		1	7	5	12	1	1	2
Wellington				6	4	10				4	4	8			
Wentworth				17	21	38				14	13	27	2	3	5
York	6	1	7	51	66	117	2		2	37	50	87	10	4	14
Unascertained		1	1	207	49	256				29	7	36	2	1	3
Quebec	1		1	3		3									
Alberta	1		1	1		1							1		1
New Brunswick					1	1									
Total	107	65	172	2,644	2,262	4,906	21	1	22	1,341	901	2,242	317	261	578

TABLE No. 6—KINGSTON.

Showing the assigned causes of insanity in the cases admitted during year.

Causes.	Men.	Women	Total.	Inherited Predisposition.			Unascertained.
				Men.	Women.	Total.	
MORAL.							
Adverse Conditions (such as loss of friends, business troubles, etc.)	5	5	10	2	2	4	.....
Mental Strain, Worry and Overwork (not included in above)	5	9	14	2	6	8	.....
Religious Excitement	3	.....	3	1	1	2	.....
Love Affairs, including seduction	4	1	5	3	.....	1	.....
Fright and Nervous Shock	.....	2	2	.....	1	1	.....
PHYSICAL.							
Alcoholism	15	1	16	3	3	6	.....
Sexual Excess	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Venereal Diseases	13	.....	13	3	.....	3	.....
Masturbation	1	.....	1	1	.....	1	.....
Insolation	.....	2	2	.....	1	1	.....
Accident or Injury	4	3	7	1	2	3	.....
Pregnancy	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Parturition and Puerperium	.....	4	4	.....	3	3	.....
Lactation	.....	1	1	.....	1	1	.....
Climacteric Period	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fevers	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Privation and Overwork	3	4	7	1	3	4	.....
Epilepsy	2	1	3	1	.....	1	.....
Other Convulsive Diseases	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Diseases of Brain and Skull	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....
Senility	11	4	15	3	2	5	.....
Exophthalmic Goitre	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Epidemic Influenza	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Abuse of Drugs	4	1	5	1	.....	1	.....
Loss of Special Sense	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Uræmia	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other Auto-infection	13	11	24	6	3	9	.....
Other Bodily Diseases	11	6	17	6	4	10	.....
HEREDITARY.							
Congenital Defect	5	5	10	2	3	5	.....
Unascertained	5	4	9	71	29	100	.....
Not Insane	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	107	65	172	107	65	172	.....

TABLE No. 7—KINGSTON.

Showing hereditary tendency to insanity in patients admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

	Admitted during year.			Since 1908.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Paternal Branch	14	16	30	57	61	118
Maternal Branch	10	10	20	47	45	92
Paternal and Maternal Branches	3	2	5	12	9	21
Collateral Branches	9	8	17	35	35	70
No Hereditary Tendency	28	16	44	49	33	82
Unascertained	43	13	56	217	146	363
Not Insane	.....	....	.....	1	.....	1
Totals	107	65	172	418	329	747

TABLE No. 8—KINGSTON.

Showing summary of Probational discharges during the year.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Number granted Discharge	46	29	75
Discharged, Recovered	15	18	33
" Improved	18	6	24
" Unimproved	1	....	1
Died	.....	.....	.....
Returned to Hospital	5	1	6
Absent on Probation on Oct. 31st, 1913	7	4	11

TABLE No. 9—KINGSTON.

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since 1908.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Specific Infectious Diseases:—						
Typhoid Fever				1	1	2
Influenza						
Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis						
Diphtheria						
Erysipelas						
Septicæmia				3		3
Dysentery					1	1
Syphilis				2		2
Tuberculosis	4	5	9	24	23	47
Constitutional Diseases:—						
Rheumatism						
Arthritis Deformans						
Diabetes Mellitus					1	1
Diseases of the Digestive System						
Mouth, Salivary Glands						
Pharynx						
Tonsils						
Œsophagus						
Diseases of the Intestines:—	1	3	4	1	4	5
Diseases of the Liver					1	1
" " Pancreas				1		1
" " Peritoneum				4		4
Intestinal Obstruction				1		1
Diseases of the Respiratory System						
Diseases of the Nose and Larynx						
" " Bronchi						
" " Lungs	4	4	8	20	17	37
" " Pleura						
Diseases of the Circulatory System:—						
Diseases of the Pericardium					1	1
" " Heart	5		5	17	9	26
Arterio-sclerosis	4	1	5	9	2	11
Aneurism				1		1
Diseases of the Blood and Ductless Glands:—						
Anæmia						
Pernicious Anæmia						
Leucæmia						
Exophthalmic Goitre						
Adrenal Glands					1	1
Diseases of the Genito-Urinary System				2	2	4
Carried Forward	18	13	31	86	63	149

TABLE No. 9—KINGSTON—*Continued.*

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since 1908.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward	18	13	31	86	63	149
Diseases of the Nervous System:						
Diseases of the Nerves						
" " Spinal Cord	1		1	1		1
" " Meninges						
Organic Diseases of the Brain, (Tumor, Abscess, Embolism Thrombosis, Hæmorrhage, and other gross lesions)				8	10	18
Functional Nervous Diseases, (Paralysis Agitans, Chorea, Eclampsia, Hysteria)						
Epilepsy	1		1	3	2	5
Mental Diseases:—						
Exhaustion of Acute Mental Disease	1	1	2	6	2	8
Exhaustion of Chronic Mental Disease				1	3	4
General Paresis	5		5	18	1	19
Intoxications:—						
Alcoholism						
Morphinism	1		1	1		1
Metallic Poisoning						
Heat Stroke						
Debility of Old Age				7	4	11
Accident		1	1	3	1	4
Suicide				2		2
Surgical Diseases					1	1
Gynæcological Diseases						
Malignant New Growths, or Cancer	1	3	4	1	9	10
Total	28	18	46	137	96	233

TABLE No. 10—KINGSTON.

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Infection Psychoses:—									
(a) Fever Delirium	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Infection Delirium	2	4	6	1	....	1	2	2	4
(c) Post Infection Psychoses	....	2	2	....	....	....	....	1	1
Exhaustion Psychoses:—									
(a) Collapsed Delirium	....	3	3	....	....	....	2	....	2
(b) Acute Confusional Psychoses	1	1	2	....	1	1	....	1	1
(c) Neurasthenia	4	....	4	1	1	2	....	....	....
Intoxication Psychoses:—									
(a) Acute Intoxications	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Chronic "	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(a) Alcoholism (acute and chronic)	7	1	8	6	1	7	....	....	....
(b) Delirium Tremens	2	....	2	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Korsakow's Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(d) Acute Alcoholic Hallucinosis	6	....	6	5	....	5	....	....	....
(e) Alcoholic Hallucinatory Dementia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(f) " Paranoia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(g) " Paresis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(h) Morphinism	4	1	5	3	1	4	1	....	1
(i) Cocainism	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Thyroigenous Psychoses:—									
(a) Mixœdematous Psychoses	1	1	2	....	2	2	....	....	....
(b) Cretinism	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Dementia Praecox:—									
(a) Hebaphrenic	2	....	2	1	1	2	....	1	1
(b) Catatonic	13	5	18	7	1	8	....	3	3
(c) Paranoid	9	9	18	6	6	12	1	....	1
General Paresis:—	12	....	12	1	....	1	5	....	5
Organic Dementias:—									
(a) Cerebral Sclerosis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Huntingdon's Chorea	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Multiple Sclerosis	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	1
(d) Cerebral Syphilis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(e) Tabetic Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(f) Arterio Sclerotic Psychoses	6	....	6	3	....	3	3	....	3
(g) Cerebral Tumor, Abscess, Hæmorrhage	....	1	1	1	....	1	....	....	....
Involution Psychoses:—									
(a) Melancholia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Pre-senile Delusional Psychoses	....	2	2	1	1	2	....	....	....
(c) Senile Dementia	9	4	13	2	1	3	3	1	4
Manic Depressive Psychoses:—									
(a) Manic States	6	12	18	6	14	20	3	1	4
(b) Depressed States	5	10	15	4	10	14	2	6	8
(c) Mixed States	....	....	....	....	....	....	2	1	3
Carried Forward	89	56	145	48	40	88	25	17	42

TABLE No. 10—KINGSTON—*Continued.*

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward	89	56	145	48	40	88	25	17	42
Paranoia:	10	2	12	3	....	3	....	....	....
Psychoses from Constitutional Neuroses:—									
(a) Epileptic Psychoses	2	1	3	....	1	1	3	....	3
(b) Hysterical Psychoses	....	1	1	....	1	1	....	....	....
(c) Sexualis Psychopathia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
States of Deficient Mental Development:—									
(a) Imbecility	5	4	9	5	1	6	....	1	1
(b) Idiocy	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
Not Diagnosed:	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
Not Insane:	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	107	65	172	56	43	99	28	18	46

TABLE No. 11—KINGSTON.

Periods.	Alleged duration of insanity prior to admission.	Length of residence of those remaining in Hospital on Oct. 31st, 1913	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged recovered during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged improved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged unimproved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who died during the year.
Under 1 month	42	15	7	3	....	11
From 1 to 2 months	11	13	2	3	....	2
" 2 " 3 "	13	8	2	2	1	1
" 3 " 4 "	3	8	7	3	....	1
" 4 " 5 "	5	9	8	2	....	2
" 5 " 6 "	3	4	4	5	....	2
" 6 " 9 "	8	23	13	7	....	3
" 9 " 12 "	11	19	2	2	....	1
" 12 " 18 "	3	20	7	3	....	1
" 18 months to 2 years	2	20	1	....	....	....
" 2 to 3 years	10	28	3	3	....	2
" 3 " 4 "	7	23	....	3	....	....
" 4 " 5 "	1	18	1	....	....	2
" 5 " 10 "	11	83	2	....	....	2
" 10 " 15 "	2	77	....	1	....	4
" 15 " 20 "	4	72	....	1	....	....
" 20 years and upwards	6	138	....	1	....	12
Unascertained	30	....	....	....	....	....
Totals	172	578	59	39	1	46

HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, LONDON.

Dec. 9th, 1913.

To Inspector E. R. Rogers,

Parliament Buildings, Toronto, Ont.

Sir,—I beg to present the forty-third Annual Report of the Hospital for Insane, London, for the year ending October 31st, 1913.

During this period our admissions number 203, our discharges 92, and the deaths 67. Although the admissions were slightly lower than in the previous year, our population increased by 38, due directly to a considerable diminution in the number of deaths. No suicides or accidental deaths occurred during the year.

Tuberculosis.

17.9 per cent. of the deaths during the past year were caused by tuberculosis. This is slightly higher than the average of the past forty-two years, which was 16.3 per cent. A very pressing requirement of this hospital is a small building where patients suffering from this disease can be isolated.

With the exception of a slight outbreak of typhoid fever the general health of our patients has been exceptionally good during the year. The outbreak of this disease coincided with a break in one of our sewers and contamination of the Deep Well. The contamination of the well was probably due to a workman who was repairing the pump. One death occurred from this disease, although in this case the post mortem showed advanced miliary tuberculosis.

Water Supply.

The deficiency of our water supply appears to have been permanently solved by the installation of a proper pump in the Deep Well. This well now supplies 75 per cent. of the water required for domestic purposes, leaving us at all times with a reservoir full in case of fire or any other emergency.

Canning Operation.

The operation of our canning plant was again very successful and we were able to take care of a very large crop of tomatoes, plums, pears and apples. The operation of this plant is conducted entirely by our own employees and patients, and with comparatively small expense the out-put can be very greatly increased. In addition to supplying our own requirements, we will have about four thousand gallons to spare for sister institutions.

Changes in Staff.

Much to the regret of everyone connected with the institution, Dr. Stead, our second assistant physician, resigned from the service to take up the practice of his profession in Oakville. However, we are extremely fortunate in securing Dr. Neely, late of the Eastern Hospital, Brockville, as his successor.

Main Building, London

Mr. George Ross, Assistant Engineer, who had been in the service of the institution upwards of forty years, died in October after a short illness. He was one of our most valued employees and his death was greatly regretted by all.

Our thanks are especially due to the Protestant clergymen of the city who have so faithfully performed their duties in conducting divine service at our chapel every Sunday morning at nine o'clock, and to the Roman Catholic priests of the parish of St. Mary's, who have also been most faithful in the discharge of their duties towards the sick and dying inmates of their flock.

The following is a partial report of Dr. Edward Fidlar, our pathologist: —

"The following report of laboratory work done for the Hospital for Insane, London, is respectfully submitted:—

Water Examinations.—A preliminary unrecorded examination of the reservoir was made in the early summer and showed the water there to be of good sanitary quality. Before the use of the Deep Well, in June, water taken from a tap leading directly from the well showed 40 bacteria per cc. and no evidence of colon bacilli in 10 cc. About June 25th, a broken sewer was discovered within less than 50 feet of the well. The pump was stopped and no water was used until after the sewer had been repaired and until examination proved the water to be fit for use. On June 30th, when the repairs to the sewer had been completed, it seemed best to examine the water left standing in the well. A sample was collected with due precautions from the surface. This showed a count of 7,000 bacteria per cc. with colon bacilli present in 1/100 cc. This contamination could come from two sources: 1, By possible seepage through the wall. 2. Through the tracking in of contaminated soil to the well-room during the repair of the sewer. The water from the well was not used for drinking purposes until a thorough pumping out and flushing had been made. In the meantime, water from the tap in the laboratory on two different occasions showed a count of 80 and 125 bacteria per cc. respectively, and colon bacilli present 1 cc. After the final flushing and while the well was being pumped out on July 7th, a sample was taken of the water passing over from the well to the sewer. This showed a count of 260 bacteria per cc. and colon bacilli still present in 1 cc. amounts. On July 14th, the first positive Widal reaction was obtained, roughly between two and three weeks from the discovery of the broken sewer and the contaminated water in the well. On July 18th, water from the tap in the laboratory showed about 200 bacteria per cc., but colon bacilli present only in 100 cc. amounts. On this same date, samples of water were taken from the discharge pipe of the pump after twelve hours operation and also from the drip occurring from this pipe back into the well and thought to be a possible source of contamination. Both of these samples showed practical absence of bacteria in 1 cc., though the same sample from the discharge pipe colon bacilli in 100 cc. amounts. Finally, on August 4th, water from the tap in the laboratory showed a count of 18 per cc. and colon bacilli were absent in 10 cc. amounts."

The following tables illustrate the results of the various laboratory examinations in our Pathological Department:—

WIDAL EXAMINATION.

Name.	Date.	Result.	Name.	Date.	Result.
S. S.	7, 14, 1913	Positive.	G. P.	7, 24, 1913	Suspicious.
W. C.	7, 14, 1913	Positive.	J. H. S.	7, 24, 1913	Negative.
P. K.	7, 16, 1913	Negative.	G. P.	7, 28, 1913	Negative.
P. K.	7, 18, 1913	Negative.	W. T.	8, 15, 1913	Negative.
A. M.	7, 18, 1913	Negative.	W. T.	8, 18, 1913	Suspicious.
M. S.	7, 18, 1913	Negative.	W. L.	8, 19, 1913	Positive.
P. K.	7, 21, 1913	Atypical.	W. T.	8, 19, 1913	Suspicious.
A. M.	7, 21, 1913	Positive.	W. T.	8, 22, 1913	Positive.
H. W.	7, 21, 1913	Atypical.	E. E.	8, 22, 1913	Negative.
P. K.	7, 22, 1913	Atypical.	M. W.	9, 8, 1913	Positive.
H. W.	7, 22, 1913	Positive.	R. F.	9, 12, 1913	Negative.
S. H.	7, 23, 1913	Negative.	R. F.	9, 16, 1913	Negative.
E. M.	7, 24, 1913	Negative.	R. F.	10, 3, 1913	Negative.

WASSERMANN TESTS.

Name.	Date.	Material.	Result.
L.	5, 26, 1913.	Blood serum.	Positive.
O. D.	5, 26, 1913.	Blood serum.	Negative.
E. W.	5, 26, 1913.	Blood serum.	Negative.
S. P.	6, 9, 1913.	Blood serum.	Positive.
G.	6, 16, 1913.	Blood serum.	Strongly positive.
J. C.	6, 16, 1913.	Blood serum.	Weakly positive.
W	6, 16, 1913.	Blood serum.	Negative.
McI.	6, 30, 1913.	Blood serum.	Anticomplementary.
McI	7, 3, 1913.	Blood serum.	Negative.
B. M.	8, 12, 1913.	Blood serum.	Weakly positive.
B. M.	8, 12, 1913.	Cerebro-spinal fluid.	Positive (complete inhibition in .6 cc.).
J. D	9, 3, 1913.	Blood serum.	Strongly positive (complete inhibition in .2 cc.).
T.	9, 15, 1913.	Blood serum.	Negative.
J. B.	9, 22, 1913.	Blood serum.	Negative.
J. B.	9, 22, 1913.	Cerebro-spinal fluid.	Negative.
J. D.	10, 7, 1913.	Blood serum.	Strongly positive.
J. D.	10, 7, 1913.	Cerebro-spinal fluid.	Strongly positive (complete inhibition in .2 cc.).
F.	10, 7, 1913.	Blood serum.	Strongly positive.
F.	10, 7, 1913.	Cerebro-spinal fluid.	Strongly positive (complete inhibition in .2 cc.).
W. E.	10, 27, 1913.	Blood serum.	Doubtful.
W. E.	10, 27, 1913.	Cerebro-spinal fluid.	Positive (complete inhibition in .4 cc.).
C. S.	10, 27, 1913.	Blood serum.	Strongly positive.
C. S.	10, 27, 1913.	Cerebro-spinal fluid.	Strongly positive (complete inhibition in .2 cc.).
J. W.	11, 3, 1913.	Blood serum.	Negative.
J. W.	11, 3, 1913.	Cerebro-spinal fluid.	Negative.
J. R.	11, 3, 1913.	Blood serum.	Strongly positive.
J. R.	11, 3, 1913.	Cerebro-spinal fluid.	Strongly positive (complete inhibition in .2 cc.).
Mrs. S.	11, 10, 1913.	Blood serum.	Negative.
Mrs. S.	11, 10, 1913.	Cerebro-spinal fluid.	Negative.
G.	11, 10, 1913.	Blood serum.	Negative.
M.	11, 19, 1913.	Blood serum.	Negative.

North Building and Recreation Grounds, London.

CEREBRO SPINAL FLUIDS.

Name.	Date.	Butyric Acid Test.	Ammon. Sulph Test.	Cell Count.	Wassermann Test.
B. M.	8, 12, 1913.	Slightly positive.	Positive.	10 per cmm.	Positive (complete inhibition only in .6 cc.).
J. B.	9, 22, 1913.	Negative.	Negative.	Less than 5 per cmm.	Negative.
J. D.	10, 7, 1913.	Positive.	Positive.	10 per cmm.	Strongly positive (complete inhibition in .2 cc.).
F.	10, 7, 1913.	Positive.	Positive.	18 per cmm.	Strongly positive (complete inhibition in .2 cc.).
W. E.	10, 27, 1913.	Slightly positive.	Positive.	20 per cmm.	Positive (complete inhibition in .4 cc.).
C. S.	10, 27, 1913.	Positive.	Positive.	60 per cmm.	Strongly positive (complete inhibition in .2 cc.).
J. W.	11, 3, 1913.	Negative.	Negative.	5 per cmm.	Negative.
J. R.	11, 3, 1913.	Positive.	Positive.	20 per cmm.	Strongly positive (complete inhibition in .2 cc.).
Mrs. S.	11, 10, 1913.	Negative.	Negative.	Less than 5 per cmm.	Negative.

POST MORTEM EXAMINATION.

Name.	Date.	Autopsy Diagnoses.
B. K.	11, 13, 1912.	Carcinoma of sigmoid and rectum, with perforation. Pelvic peritonitis. Subacute nephritis, with fatty change. Pyelitis right. Acute vegetative and chronic sclerotic endocarditis. Fatty degeneration of the liver. Fibroid of the uterus. Arterio-sclerosis. Chronic leptomeningitis.
J. P.	11, 15, 1912.	Asthenia. Aspiration pneumonia. Œdema of the brain. Chronic endocarditis. Arterio-sclerosis. Fatty degeneration of the liver. Old tuberculosis of the mesenteric glands. Chronic leptomeningitis.
F. B.	11, 27, 1912.	Senility. Chronic diffuse nephritis. Arterio-sclerosis. Brown atrophy of the heart. Gastric polypi. Old tuberculosis of the lungs and pleural adhesion. Cataract of the left lens.
M. L.	12, 6, 1912.	Senility. Chronic diffuse nephritis. Arterio-sclerosis. Œdema of the brain. Chronic leptomeningitis. Old pleural adhesions. Gastric polypi.
R. H.	1, 2, 1913.	Fatty degeneration of the heart. Chronic diffuse nephritis. Arterio-sclerosis. Fatty degeneration of the liver. Old tuberculosis of the lungs. Old pleural adhesions.
W. G. M.	1, 17, 1913.	Atrophy of cerebral convolutions. Pia-arachnoiditis. Granular ependymitis. Early aspiration pneumonia. Œdema of the lungs. Chronic endocarditis. Local organized pneumonia. Old pleural adhesions.
J. C.	4, 13, 1913.	Aspiration pneumonia. Carcinoma of the stomach. Chronic leptomeningitis.
A. D.	8, 12, 1913.	Arterio-sclerosis, with "atheromatous ulcers." Infarction of the bowel. General peritonitis. Infarction of the spleen.
J. S.	8, 21, 1913.	Broncho-pneumonia. Atrophy of cerebral convolutions. Pia-arachnoiditis. Granular ependymitis. Œdema of the brain. Chronic cholecystitis and choletithiasis. Chronic pancreatitis, with fat necroses. Arterio-sclerosis. Old pleural adhesions.

POST MORTEM EXAMINATION.—*Continued.*

Name	Date.	Autopsy Diagnoses.
C. S.	9, 18, 1913.	(Patient died in the epileptic state.) Infarction of the lungs. Fatty degeneration of the liver. Chronic focal tuberculosis of the lung. Old pleural adhesions.
M. A. McC		Myocarditis. Chronic endocarditis. Arterio-sclerosis. Chronic diffuse nephritis. Psammomata and osteomata of the dura. Old pleural adhesions. Emphysema of the lungs.
W.	11, 18, 1913.	Broncho-pneumonia, with abscess. Purulent pleurisy, right fibrino. Pyelonephritis. Enlarged prostate. Arterio-sclerosis. Calcified bronchial glands. Old pleural adhesions. Healed deformed fracture of right femur.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

W. J. ROBINSON,

Medical Superintendent.

ANNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, LONDON, FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31st, 1913.

TABLE No. 1—LONDON.

Showing movements of patients in the Hospital for the official year ending October 31st, 1913.

	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Capacity of Hospital	511	555	1,066			
In residence, October 31st, 1912				520	566	1,086
Admitted during year 1912 and 1913:—						
By Warrant	42	9	51			
By Medical Certificate	67	85	152	109	94	203
Total number under treatment during year				629	660	1,289
Discharges during year:—						
As recovered	19	24	43			
" improved	17	19	36			
" unimproved	5	8	13			
" not insane						
Total number discharged during year.	41	51	92			
Died	35	32	67			
Deported						
Eloped	6		6			
Transferred				82	83	165
Remaining in Hospital, October 31st, 1913				547	577	1,124
Total number admitted since opening of Hospital				3,674	3,339	7,013
Total number discharged since opening of Hospital	1,548	1,482	3,030			
Total number died since opening of Hospital	1,191	1,017	2,208			
Total number deported since opening of Hospital	10	3	13			
Total number eloped since opening of Hospital	133	16	149			
Total number transferred since opening of Hospital	245	244	489	3,127	2,762	5,889
Total remaining in Hospital, October 31st, 1913				547	577	1,124
Daily average population	535.6	573.3	1,108.8			
Collective days' stay of all patients in residence during year	195,501	209,236	404,437			
Number of applications on fyle	12	7	19			

Hospital, London.

TABLE No. 2—LONDON.

Showing social state and religion of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

	Admissions of Year.			In residence Oct. 31, 1913.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
SOCIAL STATE.									
Single	65	37	102	389	292	681	2,053	1,286	3,339
Married	39	49	88	143	256	399	1,585	2,002	3,587
Widowed	5	8	13	12	28	40	34	51	85
Divorced	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2	.....	.....	.....
Separated	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
Totals	109	94	203	547	577	1,124	3,674	3,339	7,013
RELIGION.									
Baptists	5	6	11	41	39	80	251	260	511
Congregationalists	.....	.....	.....	4	4	8	31	25	56
Church of England	16	14	30	77	86	163	674	584	1,258
Methodists	31	28	59	131	166	297	872	906	1,778
Presbyterians	25	27	52	123	142	265	814	727	1,541
Roman Catholics	16	9	25	94	100	194	581	548	1,129
Other Denominations	12	9	21	25	40	65	245	176	421
Unascertained	4	1	5	52	.....	52	206	113	319
Totals	109	94	203	547	577	1,124	3,674	3,339	7,013

TABLE No. 3—LONDON.

Showing nativity of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

Nativity.	Admissions of Year.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Total Admissions	109	94	203	3,674	3,339	7,013
Total born in Canada	83	75	158	2,298	2,117	4,415
Armenia						
Assyria				1	1	2
Austria						
Australia						
Belgium						
Bulgaria						
Central America						
China				1		1
Denmark					2	2
England	6	7	13	469	350	819
France		1	1	3	4	7
Finland						
Galicia						
Germany				46	42	88
Greece						
Holland				1		1
Hungary						
Ireland	10	6	16	369	428	797
Italy				3	3	6
Japan						
Macedonia						
Other British Possessions				6	2	8
Norway						
Roumania						
Russia	1	1	2	3	4	7
Scotland	5	2	7	270	217	487
South America						
Spain						
Sweden				6		6
Turkey				5		5
United States	4	2	6	114	99	213
West Indies				2	1	3
Unascertained				77	69	146
Totals	109	94	203	3,674	3,339	7,013

South Cottage, London.

TABLE No. 4—LONDON.

Showing the occupation of those admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Occupation.	Admitted this Year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Professional:—						
Clergy, Military and Naval Officers Physicians, Lawyers, Architects Artists, Authors, Civil Engineers, Surveyors, etc.	3	.....	3	64	25	89
Commercial:—						
Bankers, Merchants, Accountants Clerks, Salesmen, Stenographers Typewriters, etc.	6	3	9	274	30	304
Agricultural and Pastoral:—						
Farmers, Gardeners, Stock Men etc.	56	.....	56	1,456	121	1,577
Mechanics at Outdoor Vocations:—						
Railway and Stationary Engineers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters Engine Fitters, Sawyers, Painters, police, etc.	10	.....	10	282	.....	282
Mechanics, etc., at Sedentary Vocations:—						
Shoemakers, Bookbinders, Compositors, Weavers, Tailors, Seamstresses, Bakers, Factory Workers, etc.	3	2	5	289	113	402
Domestic Service:—						
Waiters, Cooks, Servants, etc.	3	12	15	22	485	507
Education and Higher Domestic Duties:						
Governesses, Teachers, Students Housekeeprs, Nurses, etc.	.....	65	65	48	2,015	2,063
Miners, Marine Engineers, Railway Employees, Seamen, etc.	.....	.....	.....	53	.....	53
Laborers	23	.....	23	925	1	926
No Occupation	5	12	17	75	203	278
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	186	346	532
Totals	109	94	203	3,674	3,339	7,013

TABLE No. 5—LONDON.

Showing the Counties and Districts from which patients have been admitted during the year, and since opening of Hospital.

Counties and Districts.	Admitted during year.			Admitted since opening.			Warrant cases. Admitted during year.			Warrant cases. Admitted since opening.			Remaining in residence.		
	Male.	Female.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.
Algoma District				9	7	16				8	2	10	1		1
Brant				38	35	73				20	11	31	1	3	4
Bruce	10	10	20	273	219	492	6		6	144	72	216	59	54	113
Carleton				4	7	11					2	2			
Dufferin															
Dundas															
Durham													1		1
Elgin	9	5	14	253	247	500	2	1	3	73	27	100	43	45	88
Essex	8	7	15	247	213	460	2	1	3	97	56	153	42	51	93
Frontenac				5	8	13					1	1			
Glengarry															
Grenville															
Grey				19	19	38				19	9	19	5	4	9
Haldimand				22	24	46				11	3	14			
Halton				10	7	17				7	3	10		1	1
Hastings				5	9	14				2	5	7		1	1
Huron	9	13	22	354	346	700	6	1	7	134	76	210	56	65	121
Kent	12	15	27	260	266	526	2		2	78	41	119	49	57	106
Lambton	12	8	20	402	299	701	3	1	4	192	62	254	65	41	106
Lanark				3	3	6					1	1			
Leeds					5	5									
Lennox and Addington				3	1	4				1		1			
Lincoln				11	6	17				8	1	9			
Middlesex	22	23	45	878	880	1,758	11	1	12	266	154	420	120	156	276
Muskoka District															
Nipissing District															
Norfolk				34	37	71				23	13	36			
Northumberland				15	10	25				4	2	6			
Ontario				6	13	19				1	7	8	1		1
Oxford	13	4	17	314	226	540	6	1	7	150	43	193	43	34	77
Parry Sound District															
Peel				4	6	10				3	5	8			
Perth	11	7	18	306	246	552	4	3	7	136	61	197	52	42	94
Peterborough				1	6	7				1	6	7			
Prescott				2	3	5				1	1	2			
Prince Edward				1	1	2					1	1		1	1
Rainy River District															
Renfrew				13	21	34									
Russell															
Simcoe				6	7	13				5	6	11		4	4
Stormont				12	14	26				1		1			
Thunder Bay District					1	1								1	1
Victoria				33	22	55				9	9	18			
Waterloo				8	7	15				7	7	14	2	2	4
Welland				20	16	36				3	5	8			
Wellington	1	1	2	19	25	44				14	11	25	2	1	3
Wentworth				46	48	94				6	9	15	2	2	4
York				31	25	56				30	31	61	1	10	11
Unascertained	2	1	3	7	4	11				1		1	2	2	4
Totals	109	94	203	3,674	3,339	7,013	42	9	51	1,446	743	2,189	547	577	1124

TABLE No. 6—LONDON.

Showing the assigned causes of insanity in the cases admitted during year.

Causes.	Men.	Women	Total.	Inherited Predisposition.			Un-ascertained.
				Men.	Women.	Total.	
MORAL.							
Adverse Conditions (such as loss of friends, business troubles, etc.)	6	3	9	3	1	4	.....
Mental Strain, Worry and Overwork (not included in above)	11	10	21	6	5	11	.....
Religious Excitement	.....	2	2	.....	1	1	.....
Love Affairs (including seduction)	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fright and Nervous Shock	1	1	2	1	.....	1	.....
PHYSICAL.							
Alcoholism	10	1	11	6	.....	6	.....
Sexual Excess	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Venereal Diseases	7	3	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Masturbation	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Insolation	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Accident or Injury	2	1	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pregnancy	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Parturition and Puerperium	.....	8	8	.....	4	4	.....
Lactation	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Climacteric Period	.....	17	17	.....	9	9	.....
Fevers	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Privation and Overwork	3	2	5	2	1	3	.....
Epilepsy	4	.....	4	3	.....	3	.....
Other Convulsive Diseases	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Diseases of Brain and Skull	3	3	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Senility	8	8	16	4	3	7	.....
Exophthalmic Goitre	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Epidemic Influenza	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Abuse of Drugs	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Loss of Special Sense	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Uræmia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other Auto-infection	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other Bodily Diseases	1	6	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
HEREDITARY.							
Congenital Defect	17	7	24	15	5	20	.....
Unascertained	32	18	50	33	28	61	73
Not Insane	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	109	94	203	73	57	130	73

TABLE No. 7—LONDON.

Showing hereditary tendency to insanity in patients admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

	Admitted during year.			Since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Paternal Branch	10	5	15	77	81	158
Maternal Branch	7	8	15	87	107	194
Paternal and Maternal Branches				17	24	41
Collateral Branches	23	16	39	256	196	452
No Hereditary Tendency	36	37	73	642	649	1,291
Unascertained	33	28	61	225	209	434
Totals	109	94	203	1,304	1,266	2,570

TABLE No. 8—LONDON.

Showing summary of Probational discharges during the year.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Number Granted Probational Discharges	45	65	110
Discharged, Recovered, while on Probation	14	21	35
" Improved " " "	10	18	28
" Unimproved " " "	3	4	7
Died, while on Probation			
Returned to Hospital	11	12	23
Absent on Probation on Oct. 31st, 1913	7	10	17
	45	65	110

TABLE No. 9—LONDON.

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Specific Infectious Diseases:—						
Typhoid Fever				5	3	8
Influenza				3	1	4
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis					1	1
Diphtheria						
Erysipelas				7	8	15
Septicæmia	1	3	4	9	11	20
Dysentery				51	66	117
Syphilis				1	1	2
Tuberculosis	5	7	12	159	203	362
Constitutional Diseases:—						
Rheumatism				1	1	2
Arthritis Deformans				1	1	2
Diabetes Mellitus				6	2	8
Diseases of the Digestive System:—						
Mouth, salivary glands						
Pharynx						
Tonsils						
Œsophagus						
Diseases of the Intestinus:—						
Diseases of tho Liver				11	14	25
Diseases of the Pancreas				1	1	2
Diseases of the Peritoneum		1	1	29	21	50
Diseases of the Respiratory System:—						
Diseases of the Nose and Larynx						
" " Bronchi				19	12	31
" " Lungs	3	3	6	59	58	117
" " Pleura				5	1	6
Diseases of the Circulatory System:—						
Diseases of the Pericardium					1	1
" " Heart	2	2	4	71	80	151
Arterio-sclerosis	2	3	5	6	6	12
Aneurism				4	1	5
Diseases of the Blood and Ductless Glands:—						
Anæmia				3	3	5
Pernicious Anæmia				1	1	2
Leucæmia				1		1
Exophthalmic Goitre				1	1	2
Diseases of the Genito-Urinary System	5	2	7	17	6	23
Carried Forward	18	21	39	471	504	975

TABLE No. 9—LONDON *Continued.*

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward	18	21	39	471	504	975
Diseases of the Nervous System:—						
Diseases of the Nerves				5	5	10
" " Spinal Cord					1	1
" " Meninges				11	7	18
Organic Diseases of the Brain, (Tumor, Abscess, Embolism, Thrombosis, Hæmorrhage and other gross lesions)	4	2	6	86	56	142
Functional Nervous Diseases, (Paralysis Agitans, Chorea, Eclampsia, Hysteria)				28	10	38
Epilepsy	3		3	115	72	187
Mental Diseases:—						
Exhaustion of Acute Mental Disease				77	62	139
Exhaustion of Chronic Mental Disease				60	56	116
General Paresis	4	1	5	118	16	134
Intoxications:—						
Alcoholism						
Morphinism						
Metallic Poisoning						
Heat Stroke					1	1
Debility of Old Age	5	7	12	186	176	362
Accident				7	7	14
Suicide				10	9	19
Surgical Diseases				2	4	6
Gynæcological Diseases						
Malignant New Growths, or Cancer	1	1	2	15	31	46
Totals	35	32	67	1,191	1,017	2,208

TABLE No. 10—LONDON.

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Infection Psychoses:—									
(a) Fever Delirium									
(b) Infection Delirium									
(c) Post Infection Psychoses		3	3		3	3			
Exhaustion Psychoses:—									
(a) Collapsed Delirium		1	1						
(b) Acute Confusional Psychoses	1		1	1		1			
(c) Neurasthenia									
Intoxication Psychoses:—									
(a) Acute Intoxications									
(b) Chronic "	4		4						
(a) Alcoholism (acute and chronic)		1	1	3	1	4			
(b) Delirium Tremens									
(c) Korsakow's Psychoses									
(d) Acute Alcoholic Hallucinosis									
(e) Alcoholic Hallucinatory Dementia									
(f) " Paronia									
(g) " Paresis									
(h) Morphinism		1	1	1		1		1	1
(i) Cocainism									
Thyroigenous Psychoses:—									
(a) Mixœdematous Psychoses									
(b) Cretinism									
Dementia Præcox:—									
(a) Hebaphrenic	21	13	34	8	9	17	4	4	8
(b) Catatonic	6	7	13	3	7	10		3	3
(c) Paranoid	10	8	18	6	5	11	4	6	10
General Paresis	7	2	9	1		1	5	1	6
Organic Dementias:—									
(a) Cerebral Sclerosis	1		1		2	2			
(b) Huntingdon's Chorea								1	1
(c) Multiple Sclerosis									
(d) Cerebral Syphilis	1		1						
(e) Tabetic Psychoses				1		1			
(f) Arterio Sclerotic Psychoses	1	4	5				1	4	5
(g) Cerebral Tumor, Abscess, Hæmorrhage									
Involution Psychoses:—									
(a) Melancholia	10	17	27	3	8	11	4	4	8
(b) Pre-senile Delusional Psychoses	12	13	25	4	7	11	4	1	5
(c) Senile Dementia	5	4	9	2	1	3	7	7	14
Manic Depressive Psychoses:—									
(a) Manic States	16	10	26	4	5	9	2	1	3
(b) Depressed States	4	8	12	3	3	6			
(c) Mixed States									
Carried Forward	99	92	191	40	51	91	32	32	64

TABLE No. 10—LONDON—*Continued*

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward	99	92	191	40	51	91	33	32	64
Paranoia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Psychoses from Constitutional Neuroses:—									
(a) Epileptic Psychoses	3	....	3	....	....	....	3	....	3
(b) Hysterical Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Sexualis Psychopathia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
States of Deficient Mental Development:—									
(a) Imbecility	6	1	7	1	....	1	....	....	....
(b) Idiocy	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Not Diagnosed	1	1	2	....	....	....	....	....	....
Not Insane	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Totals	109	94	203	41	51	92	35	32	67

TABLE No. 11—LONDON.

Periods.	Alleged duration of insanity prior to admission.	Length of residence of those remaining in Hospital on Oct 31st, 1913.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged recovered during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged improved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged unimproved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who died during the year.
Under 1 month	47	17	....	....	....	6
From 1 to 2 months	27	19	1	1	....	....
" 2 " 3 "	18	17	5	1	1	1
" 3 " 4 "	8	17	7	2	1	3
" 4 " 5 "	7	15	7	5	2	2
" 5 " 6 "	11	17	2	1	1	1
" 6 " 9 "	12	23	13	9	3	5
" 9 " 12 "	12	23	1	6	2	....
" 12 " 18 "	12	48	1	3	....	4
" 18 months to 2 years	9	56	....	....	1	1
" 2 to 3 years	10	66	1	4	....	5
" 3 " 4 "	7	52	2	2	....	1
" 4 " 5 "	6	50	....	1	....	6
" 5 " 10 "	6	241	2	1	1	11
" 10 " 15 "	4	138	....	....	....	4
" 15 " 20 "	3	103	....	....	....	5
" 20 years and upwards	4	222	1	....	1	12
Totals	203	1,124	43	36	13	67

HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, MIMICO.

ANNUAL REPORT OF MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT FOR YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31ST, 1913.

To EDWIN R. ROGERS, ESQ.

Inspector of Hospitals for Insane,
Toronto, Ont.

SIR.—In accordance with the requirements of the Statute I have the honor to enclose herewith the Nineteenth Annual Report of this hospital for the year ending October 31st, 1913.

	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
There were in residence on October 31st, 1912				313	311	624
Admitted during the year by Warrant	71	23	94			
Admitted during the year by Certificate	36	53	89			
Total admitted during the year				107	76	138
Total number under treatment during year				420	387	807
Discharged during the year recovered	30	24	54			
Discharged during the year improved	13	7	20			
Discharged during the year unimproved	1	1	2			
Discharged during the year not insane	0	0	0			
Total discharged during the year	44	32	76			
Number died during the year	22	18	40			
Number eloped during the year	2	0	2			
Number deported during the year	6	0	6			
Number transferred during the year	0	12	12			
Total number leaving the hospital during year				74	62	136
Total number remaining in Hospital on October 31st, 1913				346	325	671

ADMISSIONS.

During the past year there were one hundred and eighty-three patients admitted, ninety-four by warrant and eighty-nine by medical certificate.

Of this number one hundred and seven were men and seventy-six were women. Ninety-two had been married and ninety-one were single; fourteen of this number had lost their helpmates. Of the ninety-one single persons admitted sixty-four were men and twenty-eight were women; while of the ninety-two married persons admitted forty-three were men and forty-nine were women. Among the men an hereditary tendency could be traced in twenty-one cases and among the women it was found to exist in eighteen cases amounting in all to about twenty per cent. of the total number of admissions.

Loss of friends, business troubles, mental strain, worry, privation and overwork accounted for forty-six cases, twenty being men and twenty-six being women.

Of the total number admitted sixty-two were reported to have been ill for a period less than two months prior to admission, while seventy had already entered the chronic state, having been ill for more than a year before they were brought to the hospital for treatment.

Discharges.

During the past year seventy-six patients were discharged, forty-four men and thirty-two women; also two male patients were sent back to the Old Land, having been residents of this country less than two years. Of this number thirty-six had been under treatment for a period less than twelve months; the remaining forty had been under treatment during a much longer period, three of these forty having been in residence between five and ten years and one as long as fifteen years.

Seventy-six patients went home with their friends on probation during the year, forty-five men and thirty-one women. The majority of the seventy-six patients discharged had been given the privilege of a trial at home with their friends and after their improved condition had been demonstrated as established by their residence at home they were ultimately discharged and their names removed from the books of the Institution at the expiration of such term of probation. Of the total number who were allowed home during the year on probation only five were brought back to the Institution.

Deaths.

During the past year forty deaths have occurred in this hospital, twenty-two being men and eighteen women. Of this number eight died at middle life, six between the ages of 50 and 60 years, four between 60 and 70 years, four between 70 and 80 years and one woman had attained the age of 90 years. Twenty-five per cent. of these deaths were due to pulmonary affections and senility, paresis, apoplexy, epilepsy and exhaustion accounted for the greater part of the remaining number.

Voluntary Admissions.

During the past year the practice of admitting voluntary patients to this hospital has been continued with entirely satisfactory results. It not infrequently happens that a man may be ill mentally and may be so conscious of it that he may desire to have the care and protection of the hospital as well as to avail himself of the measures for treatment which the hospital provides and in some of these instances the patient applies in person and requests admission which of late years has been sometimes granted him. As the legislation stands at the present time an applicant for voluntary admission, no matter how pressing his claims, would have to be refused admission until he could be regularly certified and in some of these cases the suicide of the applicant would probably take place before the statutory conditions for his admission could be completed: voluntary admission in such cases would seem to be the only available remedy. The frequency of this experience is such that it would appear most desirable that there should be legislative enactment authorizing voluntary admission to our hospitals for the insane so that they may at least be on an equal footing in this respect with the private hospitals in the Province which have such privileges accorded them.

Main Building and Cottages, Mimico.

Increased Accommodation.

In the early part of the year owing to the accumulation of insane in the gaols of the district it became necessary to devise some means of providing additional accommodation in this hospital for a large number of men and women, and in order to meet these requirements the space which had heretofore been allotted to each person had somewhat to be curtailed and a reduction made in the cubic space heretofore allotted them. By this means and by an arrangement for the temporary occupation of the refreshment room in the Assembly Hall temporary accommodation was made for thirty men and thirty women, and this additional accommodation for the time being relieved the pressure from the gaols in the district.

The twenty men which are provided with sleeping accommodation are of the very quiet and safe class, who are not likely to become disturbed at night and who do not require so urgently night attendance as the average patient, and this lot of patients only receives attention at night from one of the night watches regularly stationed in one of the cottages.

Transfers to Houses of Industry.

From time to time and for many years the subject of accommodating some of the patients of the hospitals who had become slightly demented in the county houses of industry has been considered and discussed, but the feasibility of the plan had never been put to a test until during the past year. The pressure from the outside for hospital accommodation had again become so great that in the month of October the expedient was given a test, and thirteen men and six women were sent from this hospital to houses of industry in the counties which comprise this hospital district. The patients selected for this transfer were quiet, harmless ones who had commonly passed through an acute attack of mental illness and who had thus been deprived of some of their original brightness and mental force, but who, upon recovering their acute attack could not be said to be quite well enough to be turned out upon the public without a limited degree of oversight. Thus far the experimental test has been entirely satisfactory as in no individual instance has anyone been returned to the hospital, which means that the facilities at the houses of industry have been equal to the provision of the necessary comforts of the inmates committed to them, and in this way some slight additional accommodation has been provided for those who are suffering from the more acute forms of mental disease.

Training School.

Notwithstanding the very large number of changes in the staff of nurses during the past three years there were five nurses, who after pursuing the whole course in training, passed the examinations and were awarded graduates' diplomas during the year. It is too soon to generalize upon a short experience, but it would seem that there exists in the minds of the graduate nurses a strong disinclination to remain in the hospital service after having pursued the course prescribed by the training school, and after having become through the efforts of the hospital staff as well qualified as possible for the performance of the highest type of pro-

fessional services. At the present time four of the foregoing five nurses who graduated in the spring have already severed their connection with the hospital and the fifth one has arranged to do so, thus depriving the hospital within a few months of the time of their graduation of their highly valued special and experienced services.

Work on Grounds.

A good deal of levelling and grading was done on the lake front during the summer and a trench twelve hundred feet in length was made for a new water pipe along the south side of the garden as far as the brick barn. This new four inch pipe will supply small pipes branching off northward into the garden space for the use of the gardener wherever he may require additional water for the vegetables. This pipe will also give a water supply to the new stables which will ultimately be situated near the brick barn. Besides the foregoing a good deal of grading was done on the ground north of the men's cottages and near the Assembly Hall, and this whole area is now taking on a very much improved appearance.

Loss of Ornamental Trees.

The prolonged period of unusually dry weather during the past summer was attended by the most serious loss of ornamental trees which has ever taken place here in one summer. Although the gardener endeavoured to avert the loss by a system of artificial irrigation about sixty or seventy healthy elms and maples perished. In former years a few trees have died but commonly their destruction has been traceable to the attacks of woodpeckers or to the influence of injurious insects, but during the past year these trees which have died and which since have been taken out by the roots show no internal evidence of any other cause operating on them than drought. New trees will replace the old ones in the spring but as the old ones had been growing nicely for twelve years and more their loss to the Park is a serious one.

Farm and Garden.

During the past year there has been some re-arrangement of the farm staff so that now there is a herdsman who has charge of all the stock such as horses, cattle, pigs and so forth and this arrangement has been eminently satisfactory.

The yield of grain and hay and roots was somewhat above the average during the past summer notwithstanding the unusually dry weather, but the soil is of such a character that the dry weather did not seriously militate against an abundant crop. The garden products were also abundant and of excellent quality, the new garden plot giving greater facility to the gardener for the growth of roots and vegetables than heretofore. The small fruits such as strawberries, raspberries and currants suffered from the dry weather, as did also the apple crop, which was considerably below the average.

Improved Method of Milk Delivery.

Milk is divided at the dairy by straining into as many tins as there were objective points for delivery so that the milk could be delivered from the dairy at the farm to the Administration Building or kitchen or cottages, instead of being

Main Building and Cottages, Mimico (from the North).

delivered to the butcher shop, there to be divided into quantities requisitioned by these various places. Since this improved method of delivery has been adopted there is greater uniformity in the amount received by each cottage and the quality has always been first-class, as each objective point preserves its own supply. It may be added that not only has the quality of the milk been greatly improved by this method of delivery but during the past season the quantity of the milk from the same number of cows as were formerly in the stable has been greatly augmented.

Reorganization of Laundry.

For some years past the old mangle in use at the laundry had been found to be quite inadequate for the requirements and representations of this fact had received your co-operation in the purchase of a larger and more efficient machine. While the mangle itself was too small the floor of the laundry had somewhat decayed with age, and as its supports were of timber and had not been originally constructed with the view of sustaining very heavy weight it was found impossible to instal the new mangle until a new floor had been constructed to take the place of the old decayed one. It therefore became necessary to put in steel girders and a cement floor throughout the whole laundry, and in order to do this all of the pipes composing the driers in the drying room had to be removed. The former laundry floor was so placed that there was no available working space between it and the tops of the boilers in the boiler house below it, and it was recommended that when the new floor was being made it should be raised about two feet so as to allow working space over the boilers and this recommendation of his was carried out.

This reorganization of the laundry with the addition of the new mangle which can now be installed with safety, because of the increased strength of the floor, will give the Institution a very much better service than ever has been possible under the old conditions.

Engineer's New Work Shop.

In the process of reorganization of the laundry the inclusion of the Engineer's former work shop into the laundry made it necessary to make some provision for the engineer, and in order to do this some of the space formerly occupied by the carpenter shop and part of the hallway and another room in the carpenter shop were turned into one and fitted up for the engineer's work shop. After many years of reorganization and reconstruction in the centre building and carpenter shop the accommodation for the kitchen and employees' dining-room and laundry and engineer's and carpenter's work-shop is at the present time in very much better condition than at any prior date of the history of the Institution.

Renovating Lavatories.

The floors of the lavatories were much worn and required to be reconstructed in a more permanent way and this work, with the entire renewal of the interior fittings of the lavatory, has been carried out during the past year by the Public Works Department. The Institution mason and carpenter are assisting with this work and when completed it is to be hoped that the sanitary conditions will be entirely satisfactory.

CHANGES AMONG OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.

Late last year the chief female attendant and trained nurse Mrs. Alice Robertson resigned her position on account of ill health and her post was filled on the 22nd of November of the present official year by Mrs. Christina Brock.

The two assistant medical officers Doctor William Marshall and Doctor Edgar Leary who had given good service here for over a year also resigned. Doctor Allan Earle and Doctor Allan Parker were appointed to fill these vacancies; subsequently when Doctor Earle resigned Doctor Louis Yealland was appointed to fill his place.

In keeping with the records of the past several years there were many changes among the employees, one hundred and twenty-three new servants receiving employment, seventy-eight being men and forty five women; a large proportion of the vacancies were created by the resignation of employees who found their interest better served by securing other occupation outside of the hospital.

Gratefully acknowledging your valuable counsel and support during the year in many perplexing problems.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

N. H. BEEMER,

Medical Superintendent.

South Cottages, Mimico. (Women's Side.)

ANNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, MIMICO, FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31st, 1913.

TABLE No. 1—MIMICO.

Showing movements of patients in the Hospital for the official year ending 31st October, 1913.

	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Capacity of Hospital	340	320	660			
In Residence 31st October, 1912	.....	.....	.....	313	311	624
Admitted during year 1912-13:—						
By Warrant	71	23	94			
By Medical Certificate	23	53	89	107	76	183
Total number under treatment during year	.....	.....	.....	420	387	807
Discharges during year:—						
As recovered	30	24	54			
" improved	13	7	20			
" unimproved	1	1	2			
" not insane	.....	.....	.....			
Total number discharged during year	44	32	76			
Died	22	18	40			
Deported	6	.....	6			
Eloped	2	.....	2			
Transferred	.....	12	12	74	62	136
Remaining in Hospital 31st October, 1913	.....	.....	.....	346	325	671
Total number admitted since opening of Hospital	.....	.....	.....	1,613	1,506	3,119
Total number discharged since opening of Hospital	502	476	978			
Total number died since opening of Hospital	451	402	853			
Total number deported since opening of Hospital	41	5	46			
Total number eloped since opening of Hospital	37	1	38			
Total number transferred since opening of Hospital	236	297	533	1,267	1,181	2,448
Total remaining in Hospital 31st October, 1913	.....	.....	.....	346	325	671
Daily average population	388.93	321.42	660.35			
Collective days' stay of all patients in residence during year	123,710	117,317	241,027			
Number of applications on fyle	78	46	124			

TABLE No. 2—MIMICO.

Showing social state and religion of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital

	Admissions of Year.			In residence Oct. 31, 1913.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
SOCIAL STATE.									
Single	64	28	92	240	153	393	1,000	598	1,598
Married	36	41	77	94	150	244	587	868	1,455
Widowed	7	7	14	12	21	33	26	39	65
Divorced					1	1		1	1
Separated									
Unascertained									
Totals	107	76	183	346	325	671	1,613	1,506	3,119
RELIGION.									
Baptists	6	3	9	13	14	27	53	72	125
Congregationalists					1	1	3	7	10
Church of England	24	20	44	71	66	137	325	329	654
Methodists	13	18	31	82	91	173	369	393	762
Presbyterians	21	13	34	65	69	134	315	288	603
Roman Catholics	26	17	43	79	64	143	373	311	684
Other Denominations	11	5	16	21	15	36	114	64	178
Unascertained	6		6	15	5	20	61	42	103
Totals	107	76	183	346	325	671	1,613	1,506	3,119

Overlooking Lake Ontario and Wharf, Mimico.

TABLE No. 3—MIMICO.

Showing nativity of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

Nativity.	Admissions of Year.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Total admissions	107	76	183	1,613	1,506	3,119
Total born in Canada	69	57	126	1,062	1,021	2,083
Armenia						
Assyria						
Austria	5		5	13		13
Australia				1		1
Belgium						
Bulgaria						
Central America						
China						
Denmark				1		1
England	9	11	20	191	158	349
France				4	1	5
Finland	2		2	15	5	20
Galacia						
Germany	3		3	20	7	27
Greece						
Holland						
Hungary					1	1
Ireland	6	2	8	152	182	334
Italy				10	1	11
Japan						
Macedonia				1		1
Other British Possessions		1	1	1	6	7
Norway	1		1	7	2	9
Roumania	2		2	3		3
Russia	6	3	9	16	6	22
Scotland	1	2	3	67	71	138
South America						
Spain					1	1
Sweden	2		2	9	7	16
Turkey						
United States	1		1	25	26	51
West Indies				2		2
Unascertained				13	11	24
Totals	107	76	183	1,613	1,506	3,119

TABLE No. 4—MIMICO.

Showing the occupation of those admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Occupation.	Admitted this Year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Professional :— Clergy, Military and Naval Officers, Physicians, Lawyers, Architects, Artists, Authors, Civil Engineers, Surveyors, etc	2	.....	2	62	7	69
Commercial :— Bankers, Merchants, Accountants, Clerks, Salesmen, Stenographers, Typewriters, etc	7	.....	7	131	15	146
Agricultural and Pastoral :— Farmers, Gardeners, Stock Men, etc.	29	.....	29	458	.....	458
Mechanics at Outdoor Vocations :— Railway and Stationary Engineers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Engine Fitters, Sawyers, Painters, Police, etc	10	.....	10	156	2	158
Mechanics, etc., at Sedentary Vocations : Shoemakers, Bookbinders, Compositors, Weavers, Tailors, Seamstresses, Bakers, Factory Workers, etc	5	.....	5	101	48	149
Domestic Service :— Waiters, Cooks, Servants, etc	1	9	10	9	211	220
Education and Higher Domestic Duties : Governesses, Teachers, Students, Housekeepers, Nurses, etc	1	63	64	21	1,023	1,044
Miners, Marine Engineers, Railway Employees, Seamen, etc	2	.....	2	35	.....	35
Laborers	46	1	47	523	2	525
No Occupation	3	3	6	58	152	210
Unascertained	1	.....	1	59	46	105
Totals	107	76	183	1,613	1,506	3,119

TABLE No. 5—MIMICO.

Showing the Counties and Districts from which patients have been admitted during the year, and since opening of Hospital.

Counties and Districts.	Admitted during year.			Admitted since opening.			Warrant cases. Admitted during year.			Warrant cases. Admitted since opening.			Remaining in residence.		
	Male.	Female.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Algoma District ..	9	7	16	53	58	111	9	4	13	43	28	71	16	21	37
Brant	....	....	....	7	5	12	....	....	....	3	1	4	1	1	2
Bruce	....	1	1	3	4	7	....	....	....	2	1	3	...	1	1
Carleton	....	....	....	10	11	21	....	....	....	8	6	14	...	....	....
Dufferin	1	....	1	6	3	9	1	....	1	2	1	3	3	1	4
Dundas	....	....	....	3	5	8	....	....	....	2	3	5	...	....	....
Durham ..	1	....	1	13	18	31	1	....	1	7	8	15	3	3	6
Elgin	....	....	....	5	.....	6	....	....	....	4	....	4	1	...	1
Essex	....	....	....	5	2	7	....	....	....	.....	1	1	...	1	1
Frontenac	....	....	....	11	17	28	....	....	....	4	7	11	2	...	2
Glengarry	....	....	....	2	2	4	....	....	....	1	....	1	...	....	....
Grenville	....	....	....	4	6	10	....	....	....	2	3	5	...	....	....
Grey	....	....	....	19	16	35	....	....	....	12	7	19	2	6	8
Haldimand	....	....	....	1	1	2	....	....	....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2
Haliburton	....	1	1	3	3	6	....	1	1	1	2	3	...	....	....
Halton	....	1	1	6	11	17	....	....	....	1	2	3	...	4	4
Hastings	....	....	....	23	33	56	....	....	....	15	25	40	1	2	3
Huron	....	....	....	5	6	11	....	....	....	1	1	2	1	...	1
Kent	....	....	....	4	.....	4	....	....	....	4	....	4	2	...	2
Lambton	....	....	....	5	5	10	....	....	....	4	3	7	1	1	2
Lanark	....	....	....	9	8	17	....	....	....	7	6	13	...	....	....
Leeds	....	....	....	1	3	4	....	....	....	1	2	3	...	....	....
Lennox and Addington	....	....	....	4	5	9	....	....	....	3	5	8	1	...	1
Lincoln	....	....	....	1	1	2	....	....	....	.....	.....	.....	...	....	....
Manitoulin	2	2	4	15	8	23	....	....	....	7	3	10	3	5	8
Middlesex	....	....	....	16	6	22	....	....	....	8	1	9	2	...	2
Muskoka District .	2	6	8	48	41	89	1	1	2	25	12	37	5	10	15
Nipissing District.	25	10	35	125	52	177	23	7	30	96	27	123	47	21	68
Norfolk	....	....	....	3	4	7	....	....	....	2	1	3	...	....	....
Northumberland ..	....	....	....	26	24	50	....	....	....	13	9	22	7	1	8
Ontario	6	6	12	115	141	256	2	....	2	58	34	92	22	28	50
Oxford	....	....	....	9	2	11	....	....	....	7	2	9	3	...	3
Parry Sound District	4	6	10	50	34	84	2	....	2	33	15	48	12	14	26
Peel	4	3	7	77	76	153	2	....	2	33	23	56	17	18	35
Perth	....	....	....	9	2	11	....	....	....	4	....	4	3	...	3
Peterborough	6	7	13	101	135	236	3	1	4	59	37	96	24	35	59
Prescott	....	....	....	4	3	7	....	....	....	4	3	7	...	....	....
Prince Edward	....	....	....	2	6	8	....	....	....	2	2	4	...	1	1
Rainy River District	1	....	1	28	17	45	1	....	1	24	14	38	4	8	12
Renfrew	....	....	....	4	5	9	....	....	....	4	3	7	...	....	....
Russell	....	....	....	3	1	4	....	....	....	3	....	3	...	....	....
Simcoe	17	9	26	218	186	404	10	....	10	84	35	119	52	28	80
Stormont	....	....	....	1	2	3	....	....	....	.....	1	1	...	....	....
Thunder Bay District	5	7	12	57	29	86	5	5	10	52	24	76	13	10	23
Victoria	7	2	9	123	114	237	4	1	5	82	32	114	30	28	58
Waterloo	....	....	....	5	2	7	....	....	....	3	1	4	1	...	1
Welland	....	....	....	2	2	4	....	....	....	2	2	4	1	...	1
Wellington	1	....	1	4	3	7	....	....	....	.....	1	1	1	...	1
Wentworth	....	....	....	.....	8	8	....	....	....	.....	3	3	...	....	....
York	16	8	24	355	377	732	7	3	10	189	169	358	63	76	139
Unascertained	....	....	....	9	3	12	....	....	....	2	3	5	1	...	1
Totals	107	76	183	1,613	1,506	3,119	71	23	94	923	569	1,492	346	325	671

TABLE No. 6—MIMICO.

Showing the assigned causes of insanity in the cases admitted during year.

Causes.	Men.	Women	Total.	Inherited Predisposition.			Un-ascertained.
				Men.	Women.	Total.	
MORAL							
Adverse Conditions (such as loss of friends, business troubles, etc)	5	10	15	2	2	4	11
Mental Strain, Worry and Overwork (not included in above)	15	11	31	3	5	8	2
Religious Excitement	1	1	2	1	1	2	.....
Love Affairs, including seduction	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	1
Fright and Nervous Shock	.....	3	3	.....	.....	.....	3
PHYSICAL.							
Alcoholism	6	2	8	.....	1	1	7
Sexual Excess	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Venereal Diseases	6	1	7	.....	.....	.....	7
Masturbation	4	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	4
Insolation	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
Accident or Injury	4	3	7	2	.....	2	5
Pregnancy	.....	4	4	.....	2	2	2
Parturition and Puerperium	.....	1	1	.....	1	1	.....
Lactation	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Climacteric Period	.....	7	7	.....	.....	.....	7
Fevers	3	.....	3	1	.....	1	2
Privation and Overwork	13	1	14	5	.....	5	9
Epilepsy	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other Convulsive Diseases	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Diseases of Brain and Skull	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	2
Senility	7	5	12	.....	.....	.....	12
Exophthalmic Goitre	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Epidemic Influenza	.....	2	2	.....	1	1	1
Abuse of Drugs	1	1	2	.....	.....	.....	2
Loss of Special Sense	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Uraemia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other Auto-infection	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other Bodily Diseases	1	3	4	.....	1	1	3
HEREDITARY.							
Congenital Defect	15	6	21	5	3	8	13
Unascertained	22	9	31	2	1	3	28
Not Insane	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
Totals	107	76	183	21	18	39	144

TABLE No. 7—MIMICO.

Showing hereditary tendency to insanity in patients admitted during the year.

	Admitted during year.		
	Male.	Female	Total.
Paternal Branch	5	4	9
Maternal Branch	5	6	11
Paternal and Maternal Branches	7	3	10
Collateral Branches	4	5	9
No Hereditary Tendency	40	38	78
Unascertained	46	20	66
Totals	107	76	183

TABLE No. 8—MIMICO.

Showing summary of Probational Discharges during the year.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Number granted probational discharge	60	36	96
Discharged recovered while on probation	17	14	31
" Improved " "	11	6	17
" Unimproved " "	.....	.....	.....
Died " "	1	.....	1
Returned to Hospital " "	5	2	7
Absent on probation on 31st October, 1913	26	14	40

TABLE No. 9—MIMICO.

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Specific Infectious Diseases —						
Typhoid Fever				5	5	10
Influenza					2	2
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis						
Diphtheria						
Erysipelas	1		1	3	2	5
Septicæmia	2	1	3	6	4	10
Dysentery				8	18	26
Syphilis				1		1
Tuberculosis	1	4	5	51	76	127
Constitutional Diseases :—						
Rheumatism				2		2
Arthritis Deformans						
Diabetes Mellitus				3	4	7
Diseases of the Digestive System :—						
Mouth, salivary glands						
Pharynx						
Tonsils						
Œsophagus						
Diseases of the Intestines :—						
Diseases of the Liver				2	1	3
Diseases of the Pancreas				1	1	2
Diseases of the Peritoneum				7	7	14
Diseases of the Respiratory System :—						
Diseases of the Nose and Larynx				1		1
Diseases of the Bronchi				1	2	3
Diseases of the Lungs	2	4	6	26	26	52
Diseases of the Pleura				1		1
Diseases of the Circulatory System :—						
Diseases of the Pericardium				1		1
Diseases of the Heart	2		2	36	38	74
Arterio-sclerosis				1	3	4
Aneurism					1	1
Diseases of the Blood and Ductless Glands :—						
Anæmia				6	7	13
Pernicious Anæmia				3		3
Leukæmia				1		1
Exophthalmic Goitre					1	1
Diseases of the Genito-Urinary System	1	1	2	3	2	5
Carried Forward	9	10	19	169	200	359

TABLE No. 9—MIMICO—*Continued.*

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward	9	10	19	169	200	359
Diseases of the Nervous System :—						
Diseases of the Nerves						
Diseases of the Spinal Cord	1		1	6	2	8
Diseases of the Meninges						
Organic Diseases of the Brain, (Tumor, Abscess, Embolism, Thromboids, Hæmorrhage, and other gross lesions)	1	2	3	37	27	64
Functional Nervous Diseases, (Paralysis Agitans, Chorea, Eclampsia, Hysteria)				4	2	6
Epilepsy	1	2	3	60	14	74
Mental Diseases :—						
Exhaustion of Acute Mental Disease	1	2	3	37	31	68
Exhaustion of Chronic Mental Disease	1		1	36	28	64
General Paresis	3	1	4	32	12	44
Intoxications :—						
Alcoholism						
Morphinism						
Metallic Poisoning						
Heat Stroke						
Debility of Old Age	4	1	5	56	70	126
Accident				2	3	5
Suicide				4	1	5
Surgical Diseases				1	3	4
Gynæcological Diseases						
Malignant New Growths, or Cancer				4	9	13
Unknown (died while on probation)	1		1	3		3
Totals	22	18	40	451	402	853

TABLE No. 10—MIMICO.

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Infection Psychoses:—									
(a) Fever Delirium									
(b) Infection Delirium									
(c) Post Infection Psychoses	....	3	3	....	1	1	....	2	2
Exhaustion Psychoses:—									
(a) Collapsed Delirium	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Acute Confusional Psychoses									
(c) Neurasthenia									
Intoxication Psychoses:—									
(a) Acute Intoxications									
(b) Chronic "									
(a) Alcoholism (acute and chronic)	3	....	3	4	....	4	....	....	....
(b) Delirium Tremens									
(c) Korsakow's Psychoses	1	....	1	....	....	....	1	....	1
(d) Acute Alcoholic Hallucinosis									
(e) Alcoholic Hallucinatory Dementia	....	....	....	1	....	1	....	....	....
(f) " Paranoia									
(g) " Paresis									
(h) Morphinism									
(i) Cocainism									
Thyroigenous Psychoses:—									
(a) Mixœdematous Psychoses									
(b) Cretinism									
Dementia Praecox:—									
(a) Hebaphrenic	11	6	17	10	1	11	2	....	2
(b) Catatonic	15	3	18	1	2	3	1	4	5
(c) Paranoid	6	8	14	7	2	9	1	1	2
General Paresis	2	1	3	1	....	1	3	2	5
Organic Dementias:—									
(a) Cerebral Sclerosis							1	....	1
(b) Huntingdon's Chorea	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Multiple Sclerosis									
(d) Cerebral Syphilis	1	....	1	....	....	....	1	....	1
(e) Tabetic Psychoses									
(f) Arterio Sclerotic Psychoses									
(g) Cerebral Tumor, Abscess, Hæmorrhage	1	1	2	2	....	2	2	....	2
Involution Psychoses,—									
(a) Melancholia	3	6	9	1	4	5	1	....	1
(b) Pre-senile Delusional Psychoses	5	....	5	2	1	3	....	....	....
(c) Senile Dementia	7	4	11	....	1	1	6	2	8
Manic Depressive Psychoses:—									
(a) Manic States	25	11	36	8	9	17	1	2	3
(b) Depressed States	11	12	23	3	6	9	....	....	....
(c) Mixed States	3	2	5	....	1	1	....	....	....
Carried Forward	86	58	143	40	28	68	19	13	33

TABLE No. 10—MIMICO—*Continued.*

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward	86	58	143	40	28	68	19	13	33
Paranoia	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
Psychoses from Constitutional Neuroses :—									
(a) Epileptic Psychoses	1	1	2	....	1	1	1	2	3
(b) Hysterical Psychoses	....	1	1	....	1	1	....	....	....
(c) Sexualis Psychopathia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
States of Deficient Mental Development :—									
(a) Imbecility	2	1	3	3	1	4	1	1	2
(b) Idiocy	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Not Diagnosed	8	14	22	....	....	....	....	2	2
Not Insane	1	....	1	1	1	2	....	....	....
Totals	107	76	183	44	32	76	22	18	40

TABLE No. 11—MIMICO.

Periods.	Alleged duration of insanity prior to admission.	Length of residence of those remaining in Hospital on Oct. 31st, 1913.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged recovered during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged improved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged unimproved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who died during the year.
Under 1 month	13	9	....	....	....	7
From 1 to 2 months	29	20	1	....	....	4
" 2 " 3 "	10	8	4	....	1	1
" 3 " 4 "	11	11	....	....	....	1
" 4 " 5 "	6	9	3	5	....	....
" 5 " 6 "	7	13	4	2	....	2
" 6 " 9 "	11	43	13	1	....	2
" 9 " 12 "	6	16	10	2	....	1
" 12 " 18 "	11	48	9	2	....	....
" 18 months to 2 years.	7	25	3	3	....	5
" 2 to 3 years	17	45	6	1	....	....
" 3 " 4 "	7	47	....	2	....	2
" 4 " 5 "	5	34	....	....	....	2
" 5 " 10 "	3	133	1	....	1	6
" 10 " 15 "	2	75	....	1	....	3
" 15 " 20 "	2	63	....	....	....	....
" 20 years and upwards	10	72	....	....	....	4
Unknown	6	....	....	....	....	....
Totals	183	671	54	20	2	40

HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, PENETANGUISHENE.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31ST, 1913.

TO EDWIN R. ROGERS, ESQ.

Inspector of Hospitals for the Insane,

Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

SIRS,—In accordance with the Statutory requirements I have the honor to submit the Tenth Annual Statistical Report of the Hospital for Insane, Penetanguishene, for the year ending October 31st, 1913.

POPULATION.

At the beginning of the year there were 165 male and 204 female patients in residence. During the year we had eighteen deaths, four more than last year, but the average age of patients who died increased from 61.2 to 61.6, the oldest being 88 and the youngest 31, the latter being carried off by tuberculosis, which was the only case of infectious or contagious disease that we had during the year. We received 6 male and 18 female transfers from other institutions and transferred 3 men and 5 women who could not be accommodated here.

HEAT AND LIGHT.

In April finding it difficult to secure and keep a suitable engineer at our electric light plant, we made arrangements with the town of Penetanguishene, to supply electric light and power, and have an agreement with them to bring power over their own wire direct to the building, so that we will be able to instal motors, and use power at granary, bakeshop, carpenter shop and other places, at a cost much less than we can produce it. The use of this Hydro-Electric power will result in considerable saving of coal, none being used at power house, and having the power continuously we are using electric irons in laundry and sewing room, thus doing away with the use of coal for heating irons.

WORK DONE.

All hands were kept busy throughout the year; all necessary repairs were made, the coal dock was rebuilt and enlarged, a capacious double deck balcony was built on the north end of main building, the stable at farm was torn out and completely made over, giving us a thoroughly up-to-date stable, the rink was completed, steam heat was put in dressing rooms, and the heating system in Wards 1 and 4 was very much improved; an attempt to get water by boring near engine room proved a failure; the walls of the boiler house beneath the hill were rebuilt, a balcony on the Superintendent's residence was commenced, and the sewage disposal system was all but completed.

Main Building, Penetanguishene.

Wants.

A start has been made towards improving a much felt want, viz., the water pressure, and we hope before another year passes to have one of the most up-to-date water systems in the service. One of the most pressing needs at this institution is the accommodation for acute and excited patients, and to this end I would strongly recommend extensions to Cottage A, and possibly the remodelling and extending of carpenter shop to provide room for female patients. This would necessitate increased dining-room accommodation, which might be had, by using the present kitchen and taking the cold storage building adjoining for a kitchen or by extending the present dining-room to the contemplated extension of Cottage A. A new pig pen, improvements to granary, a stable for calves, a new ice house, extension to greenhouse, balcony on Cottage A, fire escapes from Amusement Hall and to Cottage B, motors for carpenter shop, granary, bakeshop and boat, improvements to our root houses, together with the removal of two houses from sewage disposal farm, changes in the heating system Wards 2 and 3, and at the employees' cottage are our most pressing needs.

Now that the stable accommodation at the farm has been increased the old stables and sheds at Assistant Superintendent's house will be torn down in the early spring, and repairs to the house must be made unless the contemplated removal of this building to another part of the grounds is accomplished.

Church Services.

We have again to thank the clergy of the town of Penetanguishene for their services, and can assure them that their coming among our people is looked forward to and deeply appreciated by all.

Staff.

There has been but one change and one addition to the official staff. Mr. H. J. Spence, Bursar for a number of years, was transferred to Cobourg and Mr. W. H. Tallman was transferred from Orillia to fill the position here. Miss Latham a graduate of Brockville Training School came in April as Assistant Matron and Chief Attendant, and has proven herself to be a most efficient officer. R. Demure, employed here since the opening of the Institution as Farmer, was transferred to Orillia and Fred Parker was promoted to the vacancy. I have to thank all members of the staff, artisans and employees for their loyalty to me as their official head and you, Sir, for the consideration and advice you have so cheerfully given.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

W. T. Wilson,

Medical Superintendent.

ANNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, PENETANGUISHENE, FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31st, 1913.

TABLE No. 1—PENETANGUISHENE.

Showing movements of patients in the Hospital for the official year ending October 31st, 1913.

—	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Capacity of Hospital	166	204	370			
In Residence October 31st, 1912				165	204	369
Admitted during year 1913:—						
By Warrant	4	11	15			
By Medical Certificate	2	7	9	6	18	24
Total number under treatment during year				171	222	393
Discharges during year:—						
As recovered						
" improved						
" unimproved						
" not insane						
Total number discharged during year						
Died	4	14	18			
Deported						
Eloped						
Transferred	3	5	8	7	19	26
Remaining in Hospital October 31st, 1913				164	203	367
Total number admitted since opening of Hospital				258	321	579
Total number discharged since opening of Hospital	17	22	39			
Total number died since opening of Hospital	51	80	131			
Total number deported since opening of Hospital	8		8			
Total number eloped since opening of Hospital	7		7			
Total number transferred since opening of Hospital	11	16	27	94	118	212
Total number remaining in Hospital October 31st, 1913				164	203	367
Daily average population	164.32	200.94	365.17			
Collective days' stay of all patients in residence during year	59,947	73,344	133,291			
Number of applications on fyle						

Main Building and Employees' Cottages from the Bay, Penetanguishene.

TABLE No. 2—PENETANGUISHENE.

Showing social state and religion of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital

	Admissions of Year.			In residence Oct. 31, 1913.			Admissions since opening		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
SOCIAL STATE.									
Single	4	11	15	130	112	242	187	164	351
Married	2	7	9	34	91	125	64	150	214
Widowed									
Divorced									
Separated									
Unascertained							7	7	14
Totals	6	18	24	164	203	367	258	321	579
RELIGION.									
Baptists	1	1	2	5	10	15	11	12	23
Congregationalists									
Church of England	1	3	4	29	49	78	52	77	129
Methodists		6	6	38	48	86	48	66	114
Presbyterians	1	4	5	23	22	45	37	51	88
Roman Catholics	1	1	2	41	48	89	59	76	135
Other Denominations	1	1	2	14	10	24	26	22	48
Unascertained	1	2	3	14	16	30	25	17	42
Totals	6	18	24	164	203	367	258	321	579

TABLE No. 3—PENETANGUISHENE.

Showing nativity of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

Nativity.	Admissions of Year.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Total Admissions	6	18	24	258	321	579
Total born in Canada	3	9	12	144	194	338
Armenia					1	1
Assyria					2	2
Austria						
Australia						
Belgium						
Bulgaria						
Central America						
China						
Denmark					1	1
England	1	3	4	41	32	73
France				1		1
Finland	1		1	4	1	5
Galicia						
Germany				4	5	9
Greece				1		1
Holland						
Hungary						
Ireland		3	3	19	46	65
Italy				4	1	5
Japan						
Macedonia				1		1
Other British Possessions						
Norway				1		1
Roumania						
Russia				3	2	5
Scotland		3	3	9	18	27
South America						
Spain						
Sweden	1		1	2	1	3
Turkey						
United States				6	6	12
West Indies						
Unascertained				15	14	29
Total	6	18	24	258	321	579

Men's Cottage, Penetanguishene.

TABLE No. 4—PENETANGUISHENE

Showing the occupation of those admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital

Occupation.	Admitted this Year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Professional :— Clergy, Military and Naval Officers, Physicians, Lawyers, Architects, Artists, Authors, Civil Engineers Surveyors, etc.				3		3
Commercial :— Bankers, Merchants, Accountants, Clerks, Salesmen Stenographers, Typewriters, etc.				3		3
Agricultural and Pastoral :— Farmers, Gardeners, Stockmen, etc.	2		2	62		62
Mechanics at Outdoor Vocations ;— Railway and Stationary Engineers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Engine Fitters, Sawyers, Painters, Police, etc.				19		19
Mechanics, etc., at Sedentary Vocations :— Shoemakers, Bookbinders, Compositors, Weavers, Tailors, Seamstresses, Bakers. Factory Workers, etc.		1	1	8	11	19
Domestic Service :— Waiters, Cooks, Servants, etc.		8	8		107	107
Education and Higher Domestic Duties :— Governesses, Teachers, Students, Housekeepers, Nurses, etc.		4	4	6	124	130
Miners, Marine Engineers, Railway Employees, Seamen, etc.						
Laborers	4		4	116		116
No Occupation		5	5	16	50	66
Unascertained				25	29	54
Totals	6	18	24	258	321	579

TABLE No. 5—PENETANGUISHENE.

Showing the Counties and Districts from which patients have been admitted during the year, and since opening of Hospital.

Counties and Districts.	Admitted during year.			Admitted since opening.			Warrant cases.						Remaining in residence.		
							Admitted during year.			Admitted since opening.					
	Male.	Female.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Algoma District				15	5	20				9	2	11	11	5	16
Brant					1	1								1	1
Bruce				1	5	6				1	3	4	1	4	5
Carleton		1	1	1	4	5		1	1	1	2	3	1	3	4
Dufferin		3	3		4	4		1	1		1	1		4	4
Dundas															
Durham				1	1	2							1		1
Elgin				1	4	5				1	3	4	1	4	5
Essex					2	2					2	2		2	2
Frontenac					4	4				1	2	3		4	4
Glengarry															
Grenville															
Grey		1	1	14	5	19		1	1	11	4	15	9	3	12
Haldimand															
Halton				1		1							1		1
Hastings					6	6					6	6		2	2
Huron				2	3	5				1		1	2	3	5
Kent															
Lambton				1	3	4				1	1	2		1	1
Lanark					1	1								1	1
Leeds				1	1	2					1	1	1	1	2
Lennox and Addington				1	6	7					5	5		3	3
Lincoln				2	2	4				2	2	4	1		1
Middlesex				5	8	13				4	4	8	2	2	4
Muskoka District	1		1	12	9	21	1		1	9	7	16	8	5	13
Nipissing District				7	3	10				8	1	9	2	2	4
Norfolk					3	3								2	2
Northumberland		1	1	5	10	15		1	1	2	4	6	3	7	10
Ontario		1	1	15	13	28				14	6	20	12	10	22
Oxford				2	2	4				2	1	3	2	1	3
Parry Sound District				4	1	5				4		4	1		1
Peel		1	1	1	3	4		1	1		2	2	1	3	4
Perth				1	3	4				1	2	3		1	1
Peterborough		1	1	5	3	8		1	1	5	3	8	5	2	7
Prescott				2	1	3				1		1	2		2
Prince Edward															
Rainy River District	1		1	7	3	10	1		1	7	3	10	4	2	6
Renfrew				1	3	4				2	1	3		3	3
Russell															
Simcoe	1	1	2	64	82	146				25	28	53	27	45	72
Stormont					1	1					1	1		1	1
Thunder Bay District	2	2	4	4	3	7	2	2	4	4	3	7	3	1	4
Victoria				7	7	14				6	6	12	4	6	10
Waterloo		1	1	2	1	3		1	1	2	1	3		1	1
Welland					2	2				1		1		1	1
Wellington				3	3	6				1		1	3	3	6
Wentworth	1		1	7	2	9				2	2	4	6	2	8
York		5	5	48	88	136		2	2	39	48	87	39	59	98
Unascertained				15	10	25				17	9	26	11	3	14
Totals	6	18	24	258	321	579	4	11	15	184	166	350	164	203	367

TABLE No. 6—PENETANGUISHENE.

Showing the assigned Causes of Insanity in the cases admitted during year.

Causes.	Total Admissions.			Inherited Predisposition.			Unascertained.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	
Moral.							
Adverse Conditions (such as loss of friends, business troubles, etc.)							
Mental Strain, Worry and Overwork (not included in above)	1	2	3				
Religious Excitement							
Love Affairs, including seduction		1	1				
Fright and Nervous Shock							
Physical.							
Alcoholism		1	1		1	1	
Sexual Excess							
Venereal Diseases	1	1	2				
Masturbation							
Insolation							
Accident or Injury	1	1	2				
Pregnancy		1	1				
Parturition and Puerperium		1	1				
Lactation							
Climacteric Period		1	1				
Fevers	1	1	2				
Privation and Overwork							
Epilepsy							
Other Convulsive Diseases							
Diseases of Brain and Skull							
Senility							
Exophthalmic Goitre							
Epidemic Influenza							
Abuse of Drugs							
Loss of Special Sense							
Uræmia							
Other Auto-infection	1	1	2				
Other Bodily Diseases							
Hereditary.							
Congenital Defect		4	4		4	4	
Unascertained	1	3	4	1	3	4	15
Not Insane							
Totals	6	18	24	1	8	9	15

TABLE No. 7—PENETANGUISHENE.

Showing hereditary tendency to insanity in patients admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

	Admitted During Year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.
Paternal Branch	1	1	2	22	32	54
Maternal Branch	.....	2	2	15	25	40
Paternal and Maternal Branches	.....	.....	.....	5	7	12
Collateral Branches	.....	.....	.....	18	20	38
No Hereditary Tendency	5	13	18	83	93	176
Unascertained	.....	2	2	115	144	259
Totals	6	18	24	258	321	579

TABLE No. 8—PENETANGUISHENE.

Showing summary of Probational Discharges during the year.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Number Granted Probational Discharge	2	6	8
Discharged, Recovered, while on Probation	.....	.....	.....
" Improved, " "	.....	.....	.....
" Unimproved, " "	1	.....	1
Died while on Probation	.....	.....	.....
Returned to Hospital	1	5	6
Absent on Probation on October 31st, 1913	.....	1	1

TABLE No. 9—PENETANGUISHENE.

Showing the Causes of Death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Specific Infectious Diseases:—						
Typhoid Fever				1		1
Influenza						
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis						
Diphtheria						
Erysipelas				1	2	3
Septicæmia					1	1
Dysentery					2	2
Syphilis						
Tuberculosis	1		1	6	7	13
Constitutional Diseases:—						
Rheumatism						
Arthritis Deformans						
Diabetes Mellitus					1	1
Diseases of the Digestive System:—						
Mouth, salivary glands						
Pharynx						
Tonsils						
Æsophagus						
Diseases of the Intestines:—						
Diseases of the Liver		1	1	1	1	2
" " Pancreas		1	1		1	1
" " Pertoneum					1	1
Diseases of the Resjiratory System:—						
Diseases of the Nose and Larynx						
" " Bronchi					2	2
" " Lungs		1	1	1	2	3
" " Pleura				1		1
Diseases of the Circulatory System:-						
Diseases of the Pericardium						
" " Heart	1	4	5	11	16	27
Arterio-sclerosis						
Aneurism						
Diseases of the Blood and Ductless Glands:—						
Anæmia					1	1
Pernicious Anæmia		1	1	1	2	3
Leukæmia						
Exophthalmic Goitre						
Diseases of the Genito-Urinary System				3		3
Carried Forward	2	8	10	27	38	65

TABLE No. 9—PENETANGUISHENE—*Continued.*

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward	2	8	10	27	38	65
Diseases of the Nervous System:—						
Diseases of the Nerves		1	1		1	1
" " Spinal Cord						
" " Meninges				1		1
Organic Diseases of the Brain: (Tumor, Abscess, Embolism, Thrombosis, Hæmorrhage and other gross lesions)		3	3	4	11	15
Functional Nervous Diseases: (Paralysis Agitans, Chorea, Eclampsia, Hysteria)						
Epilepsy	1		1	1	3	4
Mental Diseases:—						
Exhaustion of Acute Mental Disease				1	2	3
Exhaustion of Chronic Mental Disease						
General Paresis				4	4	8
Intoxications:—						
Alcoholism						
Morphinism				1		1
Metallic Poisoning						
Heat Stroke						
Debility of Old Age	1		1	11	13	24
Accident					1	1
Suicide				1		1
Surgical Diseases					2	2
Gynæcological Diseases						
Malignant New Growths, or Cancer		2	2		5	5
Totals	4	14	18	51	80	131

TABLE No. 10—PENETANGUISHENE.

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Infection Psychoses:—									
(a) Fever Delirium									
(b) Infection Delirium								1	1
(c) Post Infection Psychoses									
Exhaustion Psychoses:—									
(a) Collapsed Delirium									
(b) Acute Confusional Psychoses									
(c) Neurasthenia								1	1
Intoxication Psychoses:—									
(a) Acute Intoxications									
(b) Chronic "									
(a) Alcoholism (acute and chronic)		1	1						
(b) Delirium Tremens									
(c) Korsakow's Psychoses									
(d) Acute Alcoholic Hallucinosis									
(e) Alcoholic Hallucinatory Dementia									
(f) " Paranoia									
(g) " Paresis									
(h) Morphinism									
(i) Cocainism									
Thyroigenous Psychoses:—									
(a) Mixœdematous Psychoses									
(b) Cretinism									
Dementia Præcox:—									
(a) Hebaphrenic	1	6	7					4	4
(b) Catatonic	1	3	4					2	2
(c) Paranoid	1	4	5					1	1
General Paresis	1		1						
Organic Dementias:—									
(a) Cerebral Sclerosis									
(b) Huntingdon's Chorea									
(c) Multiple Sclerosis									
(d) Cerebral Syphilis									
(e) Tabetic Psychoses									
(f) Arterio Sclerotic Psychoses								1	1
(g) Cerebral Tumor, Abscess, Hæmorrhage	1		1						
Involution Psychoses:—									
(a) Melancholia									
(b) Pre-senile Delusional Psychoses							1	1	2
(c) Senile Dementia								2	2
Manic Depressive Psychoses:—									
(a) Manic States							1	1	2
(b) Depressed States									
(c) Mixed States	1		1						
Carried Forward	6	14	20				2	14	16

TABLE No. 10—PENETANGUISHENE—*Continued.*

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward	6	14	20	....	....	....	2	14	16
Paranoia	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
Psychoses from Constitutional Neuroses:									
(a) Epileptic Psychoses	....	1	1	....	....	....	1	....	1
(b) Hysterical Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Sexualis Psychopathia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
States of Deficient Mental Development:—									
(a) Imbecility	....	1	1	....	....	....	1	....	1
(b) Idiocy	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Not Diagnosed	...	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
Not Insane	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Totals	6	18	24	....	....	....	4	14	18

TABLE No. 11—PENETANGUISHENE.

Periods.	Alleged duration of insanity prior to admission.	Length of residence of those remaining in Hospital on Oct. 31st, 1913.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged recovered during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged improved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged unimproved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who died during the year.
Under 1 month	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
From 1 to 2 months	3	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 2 " 3 "	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 3 " 4 "	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 4 " 5 "	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 5 " 6 "	1	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 6 " 9 "	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 9 " 12 "	3	14	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 12 " 18 "	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 18 months to 2 years		26	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 2 to 3 years	.....	43	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 3 " 4 "	2	35	.....	.....	.....	1
" 4 " 5 "	1	29	.....	.....	.....	2
" 5 " 10 "	2	35	.....	.....	.....	3
" 10 " 15 "	2	71	.....	.....	.....	1
" 15 " 20 "	1	49	.....	.....	.....	1
" 20 years and upwards	1	53	.....	.....	.....	10
Totals	24	367	.....	.....	.....	18

HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, TORONTO.

OCTOBER 31st, 1913.

To E. R. ROGERS, ESQ.

Inspector of Hospitals for Insane, etc., Province of Ontario.

SIR,—In accordance with your request I have the honour to submit the Seventy-third Report of this hospital for the twelve months ending October 31st, 1912:—

	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Capacity of Hospital	426	426	852			
In Residence October 31st, 1912				473	479	952
Admitted during year 1912:						
By Warrant	86	29	115			
By Medical Certificate	82	149	231	168	178	346
Total number under treatment during year				641	657	1,298
Discharges during year:—						
As recovered	39	45	84			
" improved	33	45	78			
" unimproved	6	7	13			
not insane	1	0	1			
Total number discharged during year	79	97	176			
Died	42	32	74			
Deported	19	9	28			
Eloped	6	2	8			
Transferred	4	17	21	150	157	307
Remaining in Hospital Oct. 31st, 1913				491	500	991

ADMISSIONS.

There has been another increase this year in the admissions, which reached the total of 346 (168 men and 178 women). The warrant process accounted for 115 of these, 86 being men and 29 women. As prompt reception as possible, considering the accommodation of the hospital, was given to those who unfortunately had to come by way of the gaol.

It is gratifying to note that the provision afforded by the new act for voluntary admissions has been made use of in 11 cases—eight men and three women. In but one instance has the patient given the five days' notice in writing of his desiring to be discharged.

DISCHARGES.

The discharges during the year numbered 176 (79 men, 97 women). Of these 162 had either recovered or were very much improved. These figures do not include those who were discharged for deportation. There were 28 such cases—10 of these had recovered, 15 were much improved, and three unimproved. Including these deportations the discharge list would have reached 204.

Farm Camp.

The camp at Whitby, which is carried on on the colony plan, has been a good feature of the hospital treatment. During the summer 36 male patients were in residence and engaged on the farm in various ways. It is wonderful what they accomplished, and how happy they remained while occupied in this way.

Nursing Staff.

The interest has been well sustained in the Training School for Nurses both by the nurses and by the staff, who gave the regular course of lectures outlined in the syllabus. Although there was but one candidate for graduation, Miss Meta Parker, there were seven successful in the intermediate and ten in the primary examinations. Many of the graduates have taken up the work of private nursing, and in this way made it possible to treat many cases in their homes which would otherwise have come to one of the hospitals. The comments that have reached me regarding the work of our graduates have been very complimentary.

Mrs. Brock was promoted from the Toronto staff to take charge of the Training School in the Mimico Hospital.

Laboratory Work.

Doctor C. S. McVicar, as clinician and pathologist, has, whenever the consent of the relatives had been obtained, held post-mortem examinations in cases of interest, and records of these are attached to the case history.

I am indebted to Drs. George Strathy and Gordon Bates for reports on the Wassermann reactions both of the serum and spinal fluid in any case where these tests are desired. The doctors conduct these examinations weekly in the hospital laboratory, and the results tend to accuracy in the diagnoses of organic brain diseases.

Bulletin.

Contributions have been made to the Bulletin by the various members of the medical staff, and many a case history is filed away as an ordinary record which might have been published in a medical journal with credit to the physician.

Staff.

The medical staff meets in conference daily at 11.30 a.m. for one hour, at which several cases are presented and their histories read.

A new departure has been entered upon this year in devoting one of the meetings weekly to the reviewal of an article in one of the medical journals by each member of the staff.

A New Disease.

Two women were admitted in the month of June who presented unusual symptoms not conforming to any of the ordinary types of mental disease met with in hospital practice. Close observation was kept on their progress, and the diagnosis of Pellagra was made in both cases after the fullest investigation. The credit for being the first to recognize this disease must be given to Dr. George Strathy. Dr. C. S. McVicar later in the day made the same diagnosis quite in-

Entrance to Grounds, Hospital for Insane, Toronto.

dependently. Further confirmation of the diagnosis was afforded by the progress of the cases and by several medical men, some of whom were more or less familiar with this disease. Both cases ran a very similar course in the final stages, and died within a few days of each other. These cases did not bear out the popularly conceived idea of feeding on tainted maize. Both of these women were admitted from the city with the disease. With the exception of one other doubtful case there has been no indication of spreading.

Changes in Staff.

Several changes have occurred in the official staff during the past year. Dr. F. S. Vrooman was promoted to the post of Assistant Superintendent of the Brockville Hospital for Insane on the 1st of April, 1913. Dr. Vrooman's promotion was well earned by what can be termed "hard work and scientific interest" in the welfare of his patients. Dr. George C. Kidd succeeded Dr. Vrooman, and Dr. Thomas D. Cumberland was appointed Assistant Physician, filling the place formerly held by Dr. Kidd.

Miss Maude Cooke, trained nurse, resigned on the 28th February, and was succeeded by Miss Lena A. Davis, a graduate of the Western Hospital Training School.

On the 22nd of November last death removed a valued servant in the person of Mr. B. Winnifrith, who had been for the past eighteen years attached to this hospital as steward. His removal cast a gloom over the whole institution, and the staff and patients felt that they had lost a good friend and the institution a faithful worker.

The duties formerly exercised by the steward were assigned Mr. McGuire, and Mr. John Carson was made head supervisor of the men's department.

Mr. John Simons, who had been painter for the last seven years, died on the 7th of April, 1913.

I wish to express my highest appreciation of the efforts shown by the Assistant Superintendent, Dr. Harvey Clare, and the staff generally in maintaining the standard of the work on hospital ideals.

Thanking you, Sir, for your interest in the affairs of this hospital, and for your advice and help.

I have the honour to remain,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

J. M. Forster,

Medical Superintendent.

ANNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, TORONTO, FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31ST, 1913.

TABLE No. 1—TORONTO.

Showing movements of patients in the Hospital for the official year ending October 31st, 1913.

	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Capacity of Hospital	426	426	852			
In Residence October 31st, 1912				473	479	952
Admitted during year 1913:—						
By Warrant	86	29	115			
By Medical Certificate	82	149	231	168	178	346
Total number under treatment during year				641	657	1,298
Discharges during year:—						
As recovered	39	45	84			
" improved	33	45	78			
" unimproved	6	7	13			
" not insane	1		1			
Total number discharged during year	79	97	176			
Died	42	32	74			
Deported	19	9	28			
Eloped	6	2	8			
Transferred	4	17	21	150	157	307
Remaining in Hospital October 31st, 1913				491	500	991
Total number admitted since opening of Hospital				6,047	5,771	11,818
Total number discharged since opening of Hospital	2,998	3,107	6,105			
Total number died since opening of Hospital	1,638	1,323	2,961			
Total number deported since opening of Hospital	96	33	129			
Total number eloped since opening of Hospital	142	21	163			
Total number transferred since opening of Hospital	682	787	1,469	5,556	5,271	10,827
Total remaining in Hospital October 31st, 1913				491	500	991
Daily average population	465.47	479.33	944.8			
Collective day's stay of all patients in residence during year	169,896.55	174,955.45	344,852.0			
Number of applications on fyle	23	45	68			

Main Building, Toronto.

TABLE No. 2—TORONTO.

Showing Social State and Religion of Patients admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

	Admissions of Year.			In residence Oct. 31, 1913.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
SOCIAL STATE.					Female.				
Single	94	83	177	305	262	567	3,220	2,278	5,498
Married	66	79	145	144	177	321	2,770	3,389	6,159
Widowed	8	15	23	25	59	84	53	102	154
Divorced	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2
Separated	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	17	2	19	4	1	5
Totals	168	178	346	491	500	991	6,047	5,771	11,818
RELIGION.									
Baptists	2	8	10	10	22	32	135	167	320
Congregationalists	1	.....	1	3	8	11	60	84	144
Church of England	66	44	110	144	143	287	1,749	1,590	3,339
Methodists	23	34	57	108	92	200	1,142	1,161	2,303
Presbyterians	22	40	62	78	98	176	1,265	1,230	2,495
Roman Catholics	29	24	53	77	78	155	1,082	1,039	2,121
Other Denominations	23	23	46	48	46	94	429	402	831
Unascertained	2	5	7	23	13	36	167	98	265
Totals	168	178	546	491	500	991	6,047	5,771	11,818

TABLE No. 3—TORONTO.

Showing nativity of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

Nativity.	Admissions of Year.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Total Admissions	168	178	346	6,047	5,771	11,818
Total born in Canada	69	97	166	2,638	2,671	5,309
Armenia						
Assyria	2		2	2		2
Austria	4	2	6	8	4	12
Austrialia						
Belgium						
Bulgaria				2		2
Central America						
China	1		1	3		3
Denmark				1		1
England	51	35	86	1,167	977	2,144
France		1	1	1	1	2
Finland		1	1	4	3	7
Galicia						
Germany				8	5	13
Greece				2		2
Holland				1		1
Hungary						
Ireland	13	16	29	1,172	1,192	2,364
Italy	6		6	13		13
Japan						
Macedonia						
Other British Possessions	1	2	3	4	3	7
Norway					1	1
Roumania				1	1	2
Russia	2	3	5	16	14	30
Scotland	8	15	23	582	505	1,087
Spain				1		1
Sweden						
Turkey		1	1	1	2	3
United States						
West Indies	7	4	11	200	225	425
Unascertained				1	2	3
	4	1	5	219	165	384
Totals	168	178	346	6,047	5,771	11,818

TABLE No. 4—TORONTO.

Showing the occupation of those admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Occupation.	Admitted this Year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Professional:— Clergy, Military and Naval Officers, Physicians, Lawyers, Architects, Artists, Authors, Civil Engineers, Surveyors, etc.	1	.....	1	256	15	271
Commercial:— Bankers, Merchants, Accountants, Clerks, Salesmen, Stenographer Typewriters, etc.	24	12	36	727	78	805
Agricultural and Pastoral:— Farmers, Gardeners, Stock Men, etc.	13	.....	13	1,424	.....	1,424
Mechanics at Outdoor Vocations:— Railway and Stationary Engineers Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Engine Fitters, Sawyers, Painters, Police, etc.	19	.....	19	605	1	606
Mechanics, etc., at Sedentary Vocations:— Shoemakers, Bookbinders, Compositors, Weavers, Tailors, Seamstresses, Bakers, Factory Workers, etc.	13	14	27	516	292	808
Domestic Service:— Waiters, Cooks, Servants, etc. .	1	37	38	71	1,338	1,409
Education and Higher Domestic Duties: Governesses, Teachers, Students Housekeeprs, Nurses, etc.	3	78	81	240	3,067	3,307
Miners, Marine Engineers, Railway Employees, Seamen, etc.	1	.....	1	140	2	142
Laborers	83	.....	83	1,514	.....	1,514
No Occupation	10	36	46	228	605	833
Unascertained	.....	1	1	326	373	699
Totals	168	178	346	6,047	5,771	11,818

TABLE No. 5—TORONTO.

Showing the Counties and Districts from which patients have been admitted during the year, and since opening of Hospital.

Counties and Districts.	Admitted during year.			Admitted since opening.			Warrant cases.						Remaining in residence.		
							Admitted during year.			Admitted since opening.					
	Male.	Female.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Algoma District		1	1	14	18	32				6	1	7	3	4	7
Brant				49	60	109				2	3	5		1	1
Bruce				26	15	41				5		5	1	3	4
Carleton				81	66	147				12	2	14	2		2
Dufferin				8	9	17				3	1	4	1	1	2
Dundas				17	16	33				3	1	4			
Durham				173	164	337				34	17	51	5	6	11
Elgin				33	25	58				1		1	1	1	2
Essex				18	16	34				2	3	5	1		1
Frontenac				104	75	179				23	13	36		2	2
Glengarry				30	21	51				4	2	6	2		2
Grenville				19	17	36				5	1	6	1		1
Grey	1		1	120	94	214				58	17	75	2	1	3
Haldimand				26	26	52				5	1	6			
Halton				83	66	149				6	2	8		4	4
Hastings				116	89	205				53	27	80	3		3
Huron				65	60	125				4	1	5	3	3	6
Kent				26	23	49				6	2	8			
Lambton				30	24	54				3	2	5	1	1	2
Lanark				51	43	94				10	6	16	1		1
Leeds				41	35	76				6	4	10	1		1
Lennox and Addington				26	20	46				12	1	13	2		2
Lincoln				101	85	186				14	10	24		1	1
Middlesex				83	79	162				1		1	1		1
Muskoka District				20	20	40				3	2	5		2	2
Nipissing District	1	1	2	7	6	13				1	2	3	3		3
Norfolk				19	21	40									
Northumberland	2	1	3	149	141	290				29	11	40	7	4	11
Ontario	1	1	2	197	180	377				65	30	95	9	8	17
Oxford				39	40	79				4	5	9	3		3
Parry Sound District				1	3	4							1	1	2
Peel				128	129	257				31	10	41	4	6	10
Perth				50	49	99				7		7			
Peterborough				102	99	201				44	15	59	7	1	8
Prescott				21	22	43				3	1	4			
Prince Edward				26	29	55				3		3		1	1
Rainy River District				5	4	9				4	2	6			
Renfrew				4	11	15							1		1
Russell				12	10	22				2	1	3			
Simcoe				76	70	146				26	12	38	8	8	16
Stormont				49	35	84				6	3	9	1	1	2
Thunder Bay District				1	3	4							1	1	2
Victoria				143	145	288				52	26	78	4	2	6
Waterloo				53	55	108				10	4	14	3	4	7
Welland		1	1	51	51	102				6	4	10	2	3	5
Wellington				151	152	303				14	4	18	4	4	8
Wentworth				237	211	448				39	9	48	3	3	6
York	163	172	335	3,014	3,093	6,107	86	29	115	1,073	616	1,689	396	422	818
Unascertained		1	1	152	45	197				88	14	102	3		3
Manitoba					1	1								1	1
Totals	168	178	346	6,047	5,771	11,818	86	29	115	1,788	888	2,676	491	500	991

South Cottage, Toronto.

TABLE No. 6—TORONTO.

Showing the assigned causes of insanity in the cases admitted during year.

Causes.	Total Admissions.			Inherited Predisposition.			Unascertained.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	
MORAL.							
Adverse Conditions (such as loss of friends, business troubles, etc.)		7	7				
Mental Strain, Worry and Overwork (not included in above)	6	16	22	1	7	8	
Religious Excitement							
Love affairs, including seduction							
Fright and Nervous Shock		1	1				
PHYSICAL.							
Alcoholism	2	2	4				
Sexual Excess							
Venereal Diseases	1		1				
Masturbation							
Insolation							
Accident or Injury	1		1				
Pregnancy		5	5		1	1	
Parturition and Puerperium							
Lactation							
Climacteric Period		1	1		1	1	
Fevers							
Privation and Overwork							
Epilepsy							
Other Convulsive Diseases							
Diseases of Brain and Skull							
Senility	3	2	5				
Exophthalmic Goitre							
Epidemic Influenza							
Abuse of Drugs							
Loss of Special Sense							
Uræmia							
Other Auto-infection							
Other Bodily Diseases	1		1				
HEREDITARY.							
Congenital Defect	13	25	38	16	24	40	
Unascertained	139	119	158	150	145	295	
Not Insane	2		2	1		1	
Totals	168	178	346	168	178	346	

TABLE No. 7—TORONTO.

Showing hereditary tendency to insanity in patients admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

	Admitted During Year.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Paternal Branch	4	17	21
Maternal Branch	4	7	11
Paternal and Maternal Branches	.....	1	1
Collateral Branches	3	9	12
No Hereditary Tendency	.....	.....	.....
Unascertained	157	144	301
Totals	168	178	346

TABLE No. 8—TORONTO.

Showing summary of Probational discharges during the year.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Number granted probational discharge	63	101	164
Discharged, recovered while on probation	17	37	54
" improved " "	23	19	42
" unimproved " "	1	.....	1
Died while on probation	.....	.....	.....
Returned to Hospital	7	30	37
Absent on probation on Oct. 31st, 1913	15	15	30

TABLE No. 9—TORONTO.

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Specific Infectious Diseases:—						
Typhoid Fever				1	1	2
Influenza				2	3	5
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis						
Diphtheria						
Erysipelas	1		1	1	4	5
Septicaemia		2	2	2	11	13
Dysentery				5	4	9
Syphilis				1	1	2
Tuberculosis	3	4	7	38	75	113
Toxemia				1		1
Constitutional Diseases:—						
Rheumatism						
Arthritis Deformans						
Diabetes Mellitus				1	2	3
Stomach					1	1
Diseases of the Digestive System:—						
Mouth, Salivary glands						
Pharynx						
Tonsils						
Œsophagus				1		1
Diseases of the Intestines:—						
Diseases of the Liver	1		1	8	7	15
" " Pancreas				3	1	4
" " Peritoneum				3	5	8
Diseases of the Respiratory System:—						
Diseases of the Nose and Larynx						
" " Bronchi				3	5	8
" " Lungs	2		2	30	35	65
" " Pleura	1		1	2		2
Diseases of the Circulatory System:—						
Diseases of the Pericardium	1		1	1	2	3
" " Heart	2	4	6	47	43	90
Arterio-sclerosis	3	4	7	16	4	20
Aneurism				1		1
Diseases of the Blood and Ductless Glands:—						
Anæmia				1	1	2
Pernicious Anæmia				3		3
Leukæmia						
Exophthalmic Goitre					1	1
Diseases of the Genito-Urinary System	1		1	12	9	21
Kidney				3		3
Carried Forward	15	14	29	186	215	401

TABLE No. 9—TORONTO—*Continued.*

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward	15	14	29	186	215	401
Diseases of the Nervous System:—						
Diseases of the Nerves				2	1	3
" " Spinal Cord				2	1	3
" " Meninges				1		1
Organic Diseases of the Brain, (Tumor, Abscess, Embolism, Thrombosis, Hæmorrhage, and other gross lesions)		1	1	17	14	31
Functional Nervous Diseases, (Paralysis Agitans, Chorea Eclampsia, Hysteria)	1		1	1		1
Epilepsy	2		2	22	22	44
Mental Diseases:						
Exhaustion of Acute Mental Disease	1	3	4	20	23	43
Exhaustion of Chronic Mental Disease				8	6	14
General Paresis	17	3	20	146	12	158
Intoxications:—						
Alcoholism				2		2
Morphinism						
Metallic Poisoning				1		1
Heat Stroke						
Debility of Old Age	4	7	11	56	57	113
Accident				1	2	3
Suicide	1	1	2	8	5	13
Surgical Diseases						
Gynæcological Diseases						
Malignant New Growths, or Cancer	1	1	2	6	5	11
Pellagra		2	2		2	2
Totals	42	32	74	479	365	844
Unclassified				1,159	958	2,117
				1,628	1,323	2,961

TABLE No. 10—TORONTO.

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Infection Psychoses:—									
(a) Fever Delirium	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Infection Delirium	....	3	3	....	3	3	....	....	....
(c) Post Infection Psychoses	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
Exhaustion Psychoses:—									
(a) Collapsed Delirium	5	8	13	4	4	8	....	5	5
(b) Acute Confusional Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Neurasthenia	2	1	3	1	....	1	1	....	1
Intoxication Psychoses:—									
(a) Acute Intoxications	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Chronic "	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(a) Alcoholism (acute and chronic)	20	5	25	16	3	19	3	1	4
(b) Delirium Tremens	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Korsakow's Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(d) Acute Alcoholic Hallucinosis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(e) Alcoholic Hallucinatory Dementia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(f) " Paranoia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(g) " Paresis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(h) Morphinism	1	1	2	1	....	1	....	....	....
(i) Cocainism	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Pellagra	....	2	2	....	....	....	....	2	2
Thyroigenous Psychoses:—									
(a) Mixœdematous Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Cretinism	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Dementia Praecox:—									
(a) Hebaphrenic	30	22	52	14	11	25	1	2	3
(b) Catatonic	29	42	71	14	26	40	2	5	7
(c) Paranoid	6	15	21	7	7	14	1	1	2
General Paresis:—	12	4	16	4	....	4	17	3	20
Organic Dementias:—									
(a) Cerebral Sclerosis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Huntingdon's Chorea	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Multiple Sclerosis	....	....	....	1	....	1	....	....	....
(d) Cerebral Syphilis	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
(e) Tabetic Psychosis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(f) Arterio Sclerotic Psychosis	5	....	5	1	....	1	2	....	2
(g) Cerebral Tumor, Abscess, Hæmorrhage	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Involution Psychoses:—									
(a) Melancholia	4	13	17	3	15	18	2	3	5
(b) Pre-senile Delusional Psychosis	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Senile Dementia	10	19	29	3	8	11	9	6	15
Manic Depressive Psychosis:—									
(a) Manic States	16	13	29	12	17	29	1	1	2
(b) Depressed States	12	12	24	5	5	10	....	....	....
(c) Mixed States	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Paranoia:	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Carried Forward	153	161	314	86	99	185	39	29	68

TABLE No. 10—TORONTO—*Continued.*

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward	123	161	414	86	99	185	39	29	78
Psychoses from Constitutional Neuroses:—									
(a) Epileptic Psychoses	1	5	6	....	2	2	3	....	3
(b) Hysterical Psychoses	....	1	1	1	....	1	....	1	1
(c) Sexualis Psychopathia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
States of Deficient Mental Development:—									
(a) Imbecility	9	9	18	6	4	10	....	....	....
(b) Idiocy	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Not Diagnosed	2	2	4	3	2	5	....	1	1
Not Insane	2	....	2	1	....	1	....	....	....
Presbyhenia	1	....	1	1	....	1	....	1	1
Totals	168	178	346	97	107	*204	42	32	74

*Deportations included, 28.

TABLE No. 11—TORONTO.

Periods.	Alleged duration of insanity prior to admission.	Length of residence of those remaining in Hospital on Oct 31st, 1913.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged recovered during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged improved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged unimproved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who died during the year.
Under 1 month	108	38	6	18	7	10
From 1 to 2 months	42	19	10	24	2	6
" 2 " 3 "	27	18	17	12	.....	4
" 3 " 4 "	17	18	9	5	1	4
" 4 " 5 "	14	22	7	9	.....	3
" 5 " 6 "	18	21	6	2	1	6
" 6 " 9 "	18	39	17	5	1	4
" 9 " 12 "	17	17	8	8	.....	4
" 12 " 18 "	10	90	2	6	.....	2
" 18 months to 2 years.	10	18	3	4	.....	5
" 2 to 3 years	16	75	.....	1	1	4
" 3 " 4 "	11	67	1	2	.....	3
" 4 " 5 "	9	37	.....	2	.....	2
" 5 " 10 "	19	200	1	4	.....	8
" 10 " 15 "	4	108	.....	1	.....	3
" 15 " 20 "	3	76	.....	.....	.....	2
" 20 years and upwards	1	128	.....	.....	.....	4
Not insane	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	346	991	* 87	†103	13	74

* Includes 3 deported. † Includes 25 deported.

ANNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE HOMEWOOD SANITARIUM, GUELPH, FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31st, 1913.

VOLUNTARY BRANCH.

TABLE No. 1.

Showing movements of patients in the Hospital for the official year ending Oct ober 31st, 1913.

	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Capacity of Hospital, (both branches)	70	70	140			
In Residence October 31st, 1912.....	.....	.....	.....	32	26	58
Admitted during year 1913:						
By Warrant.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
By Medical Certificate.....	138	64	202	138	64	202
Total number under treatment during year	.....	... .	.....	170	90	260
Discharges during year:						
As recovered	75	26	101			
" improved	43	25	68			
" unimproved	13	12	25			
" not insane.....	.....	.....	.....			
Total number discharged during year....	131	63	194			
Died.....	4	2	6			
Deported	.....	.....	.....			
Eloped	2	1	3			
Transferred	3	2	5	140	68	208
Remaining in Hospital October 31st, 1913.	.....	.....	.....	30	22	52
Total number admitted since opening of Hospital.....	.....	.....	.....	1,343	490	1,833
Total number discharged since opening of Hospital.....	1,234	438	1,672			
Total number died since opening of Hospital	36	12	48			
Total number deported since opening of Hospital.....	.....	.....	.....			
Total number eloped since opening of Hospital.....	26	3	29			
Total number transferred since opening of Hospital	17	15	32	1,313	468	1,781
Total remaining in Hospital October 31st, 1913.....	.....	.....	.....	30	22	52
Daily average population	.....	.....	.....			
Collective days' stay of all patients in residence during year	.....	.....	.....			
Number of applications on fyle.....	.....	.....	.....			

ANNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE HOMEWOOD SANITARIUM, GUELPH, FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31st, 1913.

INSANE BRANCH.

TABLE No. 1.

Showing movements of patients in the Hospital for the official year ending October 31st, 1913.

	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Capacity of Hospital, both branches	70	70	140			
In Residence October 31st, 1912				13	29	42
Admitted during year 1913:						
By Warrant						
By Medical Certificate	45	46	91	45	46	91
Total number under treatment during year				58	75	133
Discharges during year:						
As recovered	11	9	20			
" improved	20	7	27			
" unimproved	1	3	4			
" not insane						
Total number discharged during year	32	19	51			
Died	4	6	10			
Deported						
Eloped						
Transferred	9	7	16	45	32	77
Remaining in Hospital October 31st, 1913				13	43	56
Total number admitted since opening of Hospital				439	433	872
Total number discharged since opening of Hospital	319	307	626			
Total number died since opening of Hospital	60	35	95			
Total number deported since opening of Hospital						
Total number eloped since opening of Hospital	3	2	5			
Total number transferred since opening of Hospital	44	46	90	426	390	816
Total remaining in Hospital Oct. 31st, 1913				13	43	56
Daily average population						
Collective days' stay of all patients in residence during year						
Number of applications on fyle						

167

PART II

OF THE

FORTY-SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Inspectors of Prisons and Public Charities of the Province of Ontario

CONTAINING REPORT ON THE

Hospital for Feeble Minded, Orillia

AND THE

Hospital for Epileptics, Woodstock

AND THE

EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE

Feeble Minded in Ontario

BEING FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st OCTOBER

1913

PRINTED BY ORDER OF

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO

TORONTO:
Printed and Published by L. K. CAMERON, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty
1914

Printed By
WILLIAM BRIGGS
29-37 Richmond St. W
TORONTO

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS.

TORONTO, January 15th, 1914.

To His Honour SIR JOHN MORISON GIBSON, K.C.M.G., K.C., LL.D., etc.
Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOUR:

I beg to submit herewith the Forty-sixth Annual Report upon the Hospitals for the Feeble Minded and Epileptic of Ontario, being for the official year ending 31st October, 1913.

I have the honour to be,

Your Honour's most obedient servant,

W. J. HANNA,

Provincial Secretary.

Office of the

Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities, Ontario,

Parliament Buildings, Toronto, January 15th, 1914.

Sir,—I have the honour to transmit herewith, to be presented to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, the Forty-sixth Annual Report upon the Hospitals for the Feeble Minded and Epileptic of Ontario, being for the official year ending 31st October, 1913.

We have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

Edwin R. Rogers,

Inspector.

The Honourable W. J. Hanna, M.P.P.
Provincial Secretary of the Province of Ontario
Toronto

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HOSPITALS FOR FEEBLE MINDED AND EPILEPTIC.

On the 31st October, 1913, there were in the Hospitals for Feeble Minded and Epileptic 1,034 patients divided as follows:

Orillia.			Woodstock.		
Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
414	409	823	105	106	211

being a net increase for the year of 21 patients.

On the 31st October, 1913, there was an over population of 87 patients and 207 applications on file.

Revenue.

The amount collected from paying patients for the year ending 31st October, 1913, was $26,594.66 from farm and miscellaneous, $3,578.50 making a total revenue of $30,173.16 being an increase over 1912 of $4,991.40.

Edwin R. Rogers,
Inspector.

TABLE No. 1.

Showing movements of patients in the Hospital for the year ending October 31st, 1913.

	Orillia Hospital.			Woodstock Hospital.			Total.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Capacity of Hospital	362	378	740	104	104	208	466	482	948
In Residence, Oct. 31st, 1912	415	402	817	103	93	196	518	495	1,013
Admitted during year 1913:									
By Warrant	8	3	11	1	2	3	9	5	14
By Medical Certificate ..	29	32	61	13	21	34	42	53	95
Total number under treatment during year	452	437	889	117	116	233	569	553	1,122
Discharges during year:									
As recovered.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
As improved	1	.....	1	4	.....	4	5	.....	5
As unimproved	1	1	2	4	3	7	5	4	9
As not insane.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total number discharged during year.....	2	1	3	8	3	11	10	4	14
Died.....	34	27	61	4	7	11	38	34	72
Deported	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eloped	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
Transferred.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
Total number admitted since opening of Hospital	1,261	1,101	2,362	229	179	408	1,490	1,280	2,770
Total number discharged since opening of Hospital	130	83	213	89	43	132	219	126	345
Total number died since opening of Hospital	668	583	1,251	31	27	58	699	610	1,309
Total number deported since opening of Hospital	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
Total number eloped since opening of Hospital.....	10	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	10
Total number transferred since opening of Hospital	37	26	63	4	3	7	41	29	70
Total remaining in Hospital, October 31st, 1913	414	409	823	105	106	211	519	515	1,034
Number of applications on file	.....	.....	197	5	5	10	.....	.....	207
Daily average population.	411	404	815	105	101	206	516	505	1,021
Collective days' stay of all patients in residence during year	150,051	147,396	297,447	38,199	36,990	75,189	188,250	184,386	372,636

TABLE No. 2.

Showing social state and religion of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospitals.

	Admissions of Year.	In Residence.	Admissions since opening.
SOCIAL STATE.			
Single	103	998	2,669
Married	6	35	98
Widowed	.....	1	1
Divorced	.....	.....	.....
Separated	.....	.....	.....
Unascertained	.....	.....	2
Totals	109	1,034	2,770
RELIGION.			
Baptists	4	54	123
Congregationalists	.....	3	7
Church of England	19	197	552
Methodists	27	266	727
Presbyterians	28	211	526
Roman Catholics	19	136	425
Other Denominations	10	73	165
Unascertained	2	94	245
Totals	109	1,034	2,770

TABLE No. 3.

Showing Nativity of Patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospitals.

Nativity.	Admissions of Year.			Admis-ions since Opening.		
	Orillia Hospital.	Woodstock Hospital.	Total.	Orillia Hospital.	Woodstock Hospital.	Total.
Total Admissions	72	37	109	2,362	408	2,770
Total born in Canada	61	31	92	1,947	331	2,278
Armenia						
Assyria						
Austria				5		5
Australia						
Belgium						
Bulgaria						
Central America						
China						
Denmark						
England	4	4	8	135	43	178
France				3		3
Finland						
Galicia						
Germany				18	3	21
Greece						
Holland						
Hungary						
Ireland		2	2	92	12	104
Italy						
Japan						
Macedonia						
Other British Possessions				5		5
Norway						
Roumania						
Russia	1		1	2	1	3
Scotland	4		4	55	9	64
South America						
Spain						
Sweden				5		5
Turkey						
United States	2		2	33	9	42
West Indies						
Unascertained				62		62
Totals	72	37	109	2,362	408	2,770

TABLE No. 4.

Showing the occupation of those admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospitals.

Occupation.	Admitted this Year.			Since Opening.		
	Orillia Hospital.	Woodstock Hospital.	Total.	Orillia Hospital.	Woodstock Hospital.	Total.
Professional:— Clergy, Military and Naval Officers, Physicians, Lawyers, Architects, Artists, Authors, Civil Engineers, Surveyors, etc.	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3
Commercial:— Bankers, Merchants, Accountants, Clerks, Salesmen, Stenographers, Typewriters, etc.	.....	1	1	3	18	21
Agricultural and Pastoral:— Farmers, Gardeners, Stock Men, etc.	.....	2	2	6	37	43
Mechanics at Outdoor Vacations:— Railway and Stationary Engineers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Engine Fitters, Sawyers, Painters, Police, etc	.....	1	1	2	12	14
Mechanics, etc., at Sedentary Vocations:— Shoemakers, Bookbinders, Compositors, Weavers, Tailors, Seamstresses, Bakers, Factory Workers, etc	.....	5	5	.....	26	26
Domestic Service:— Waiters, Cooks, Servants, etc.	5	2	7	5	25	30
Education and Higher Domestic Duties:— Governesses, Teachers, Students, Housekeepers, Nurses, etc.	1	5	6	2	54	56
Miners, Marine Engineers, Railway Employees, Seamen, etc	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Laborers	.....	5	5	10	63	73
No Occupation	66	16	82	2,334	163	2,497
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	7
Totals	72	37	109	2,362	408	2,770

TABLE No. 5.

Showing the Counties and Districts from which patients have been admitted during the year, and since opening of Hospitals.

Counties and Districts.	Admitted during year.			Admitted since opening.			Warrant cases.						Remaining in residence.		
							Admitted during year.			Admitted since opening.					
	Orillia Hospital.	Woodstock Hospital.	Total.	Orillia Hospital.	Woodstock Hospital.	Total.	Orillia Hospital.	Woodstock Hospital.	Total.	Orillia Hospital.	Woodstock Hospital.	Total.	Orillia Hospital.	Woodstock Hospital.	Total.
Algoma District	4	....	4	29	2	31	....	....	....	4	2	6	11	2	13
Brant	....	....	....	36	13	49	....	....	....	1	....	1	10	5	15
Bruce	1	....	1	65	6	71	....	....	....	9	....	9	18	3	21
Carleton	2	3	5	75	10	85	....	....	....	11	....	11	26	5	31
Dufferin	....	1	1	18	8	26	....	....	....	2	....	2	6	3	9
Dundas	....	....	....	16	1	17	....	....	....	4	....	4	8	....	8
Durham	....	....	....	37	2	39	....	....	....	....	....	....	7	....	7
Elgin	2	....	2	28	7	35	....	....	....	4	1	5	8	4	12
Essex	....	....	....	52	4	56	....	....	....	5	....	5	18	1	19
Frontenac	2	....	2	87	2	89	1	....	1	28	....	28	24	....	24
Glengarry	....	....	....	17	....	17	....	....	....	4	....	4	6	....	6
Grenville	1	....	1	25	....	25	1	....	1	1	....	1	4	....	4
Grey	....	2	2	84	4	88	....	....	....	18	....	18	20	3	23
Haldimand	....	....	....	28	1	29	....	....	....	4	1	5	4	1	5
Halton	....	1	1	24	5	29	....	....	....	3	1	4	7	3	10
Hastings	2	....	2	59	8	67	1	....	1	10	....	10	24	5	29
Huron	3	1	4	61	7	68	1	....	1	9	....	9	15	5	20
Kent	2	....	2	52	7	59	....	....	....	5	....	5	17	5	22
Lambton	2	....	2	49	18	67	....	....	....	8	1	9	20	7	27
Lanark	....	....	....	15	2	17	....	....	....	5	....	5	3	1	4
Leeds	2	....	2	29	2	31	....	....	....	9	....	9	7	2	9
Lennox and Addington	1	....	1	36	1	37	....	....	....	9	....	9	15	....	15
Lincoln	....	1	1	21	7	28	....	....	....	4	1	5	7	5	12
Middlesex	1	3	4	94	27	121	....	....	....	7	....	7	35	12	47
Muskoka District	1	....	1	38	1	39	....	....	....	3	....	3	13	1	14
Nipissing District	3	....	3	15	3	18	....	....	....	3	....	3	15	2	17
Norfolk	....	....	....	24	6	30	....	....	....	10	....	10	9	....	9
Northumberland	....	1	1	29	2	31	....	....	....	8	....	8	10	1	11
Ontario	2	....	2	68	6	74	....	....	....	6	....	6	17	2	19
Oxford	....	2	2	59	22	81	....	....	....	8	....	8	23	10	33
Parry Sound District	....	....	....	4	1	5	....	....	....	....	....	....	8	1	9
Peel	....	....	....	33	1	34	....	....	....	6	....	6	12	2	14
Perth	2	3	5	41	14	55	1	....	1	9	....	9	10	6	16
Peterborough	3	1	4	40	4	44	1	....	1	8	....	8	15	3	18
Prescott	....	....	....	13	....	13	....	....	....	9	....	9	8	....	8
Prince Edward	....	....	....	19	3	22	....	....	....	....	....	....	6	2	8
Rainy River District	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Renfrew	2	1	3	41	2	43	....	....	....	6	....	6	21	3	23
Russell	....	....	....	10	1	11	....	....	....	....	....	....	5	1	6
Simcoe	5	1	6	165	13	178	2	....	2	20	1	21	57	7	64
Stormont	....	....	....	18	4	22	....	....	....	11	....	11	3	3	6
Thunder Bay District	....	....	....	1	4	5	....	....	....	....	3	3	....	3	3
Victoria	3	1	4	40	9	49	....	....	....	7	1	8	10	4	14
Waterloo	1	....	1	45	9	54	....	....	....	2	2	4	12	3	15
Welland	....	....	....	17	3	20	....	....	....	1	1	2	5	2	7
Wellington	3	....	3	44	10	54	....	....	....	4	....	4	12	5	17
Wentworth	2	....	2	109	29	138	....	....	....	11	....	11	44	15	59
York	20	14	34	422	111	533	3	3	6	42	9	51	185	60	245
Unascertained	....	1	1	30	6	36	....	....	....	4	....	4	3	4	4
Totals	72	37	109	2,362	408	2,770	11	3	14	342	24	366	823	211	1,034

TABLE No. 6.

Periods.	Alleged duration of attack prior to admission.	Length of residence of those remaining in Hospitals on Oct. 31st, 1913.		Periods of treatment of those who were discharged recovered during the year.		Periods of treatment of those who were discharged improved during the year.		Periods of treatment of those who were discharged unimproved during the year.		Periods of treatment of those who died during the year.	
	Woodstock Hospital.	Orillia Hospital.	Woodstock Hospital.	Orillia Hospital.	Woodstock Hospital.	Orillia Hospital.	Woodstock Hospital.	Orillia Hospital.	Woodstock Hospital.	Orillia Hospital.	Woodstock Hospital.
Under 1 month		4	1						1		1
From 1 to 2 months		4	1					1	1	1	
" 2 " 3 "		7	2						1	1	
" 3 " 4 "		2	2								
" 4 " 5 "		6	2				1		1	1	
" 5 " 6 "	1	11	5						1		
" 6 " 9 "		14	12							2	1
" 9 " 12 "	1	18	8				1				
" 12 " 18 "	1	22	21								
" 18 months to 2 years		23	12						1	2	
" 2 to 3 years	1	54	22				1	1	1	2	1
" 3 " 4 "	4	32	48			1				5	1
" 4 " 5 "	4	43	23				1			2	4
" 5 " 10 "	2	180	52							11	3
" 10 " 15 "	16	133								11	
" 15 " 20 "		118								11	
" 20 years and upwards	7	153								12	
Totals	37	823	211			1	4	2	7	61	11

TABLE No. 7.

Showing the general movement and result of treatment of patients in the Hospital for Feeble Minded, Orillia, during each of the thirty-four years from the 1st January, 1879, to the 31st October, 1913.

	Average daily number of patients in residence.			Number patients admitted each year.			Number of patients discharged improved and unimproved each year.			Number of patients who died in each year.			Percentage of deaths upon number residents.			Number of patients remaining in Hospital at the end of each year.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Average five years— 1879 to 1883	87	84	171	18	16	34	2	1	3	6	7	13	6.25	7.69	6.95	96	91	187
Average five years— 1884 to 1888	122	109	231	18	18	36	2	2	4	10	7	17	8.13	6.19	7.20	123	113	236
Average five years— 1889 to 1893	221	183	404	42	36	78	2	2	4	12	16	28	5.55	8.33	6.87	216	192	408
Average five years— 1894 to 1898	322	264	586	44	38	82	4	4	8	24	23	47	7.28	8.52	7.84	330	270	600
1899	353	295	648	39	43	82	3	6	9	29	28	57	8.12	9.33	8.67	357	300	657
1900	351	300	651	45	26	71	4	5	9	41	24	65	11.48	8.08	9.94	357	297	654
1901	354	300	654	33	22	55	8	1	9	32	16	48	9.12	5.29	7.36	350	302	652
1902	349	307	656	29	28	57	9	1	10	22	16	38	6.36	5.11	5.76	346	313	659
1903	348	324	672	30	39	69	4	3	7	24	7	31	6.89	2.05	4.49	348	342	690
Average five years	351	305	656	35	32	67	6	3	9	30	18	48	8.40	5.97	7.25	352	311	663
1904	350	350	700	39	43	82	3	2	5	23	18	41	6.37	4.94	5.65	361	364	725
1905	368	368	736	46	35	81	6	2	8	29	26	55	7.79	7.03	7.41	372	370	742
1906	375	377	752	43	40	83	5	4	9	40	22	62	10.64	5.71	8.15	376	385	761
1907	380	390	770	35	31	66	7	3	10	21	19	40	5.48	4.85	5.16	383	392	775
1908	384	390	774	36	28	64	5	2	7	22	31	53	5.65	8.01	6.83	389	387	776
Average five years	369	375	744	40	35	75	5	3	8	27	23	50	7.19	6.11	6.64	376	378	754
*1909	390	386	776	29	28	57	11	3	14	15	18	33	3.84	4.66	4.26	392	394	786
1910	384	383	787	30	18	48	5	7	12	20	16	36	5.07	4.17	4.58	397	389	786
1911	410	391	801	50	18	68	2	2	4	12	13	25	2.93	3.33	3.12	417	392	809
1912	412	400	812	19	29	48	1	2	3	17	17	34	4.12	4.25	4.18	415	402	817
1913	411	404	815	37	35	72	2	1	3	34	27	61	8.27	6.68	7.48	414	409	823
Average five years	402	393	795	33	26	59	4	3	7	20	18	38	4.85	4.62	4.72	407	397	804

*Ten months ending October 31st, 1909.

TABLE No. 8.

Showing the general movement and result of treatment of patients in the Hospital for Epileptics, Woodstock, during each of the years from the 1st April, 1906, to the 31st October, 1913.

	Average daily number of patients in residence.			Number of patients admitted each year.			Number of patients recovered in each year.			Number of patients discharged improved and unimproved each year.			Number of patients who died in each year.			Percentage of recoveries upon admission.			Percentage of deaths upon number residents.			Number of patients remaining in Hospital at the end of each year.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1906 (Nine months)....	18	14	32	32	26	58	....	....	....	5	5	10	1	2	3	.....	.....	.....	3.85	10.53	6.67	26	19	45
1907.....	32	26	58	30	22	52	1	....	1	13	3	16	2	2	4	3.33	.0	1.92	5.26	5.71	5.48	38	35	73
1908.....	45	40	85	30	13	43	....	2	2	7	2	9	2	....	2	.0	15.38	4.65	3.39	.0	1.94	59	44	103
*1909.....	64	48	112	27	15	42	....	....	....	14	7	21	2	1	3	.....	.....	.....	3.39	2.27	2.68	70	51	121
1910.....	87	68	155	38	38	76	1	....	1	14	7	21	3	2	5	2.63	.0	1.32	3.45	2.94	3.22	90	78	168
1911.....	97	89	186	31	26	57	....	....	....	13	6	19	6	2	8	.....	.....	.....	6.18	2.25	4.30	102	96	198
1912.....	99	95	194	27	16	43	....	....	....	15	8	23	11	11	22	.....	.....	.....	10.78	11.46	11.11	103	93	196
1913.....	105	106	206	14	23	37	....	....	....	8	3	11	4	7	11	.....	.....	.....	3.84	6.60	5.34	105	106	211

*Ten months ending October 31st, 1909.

TABLE No. 9.

DEATHS IN HOSPITALS.

Hospital.	No. of deaths.	Daily average population.	Percentage of deaths to daily average population.
Orillia	61	815	7.48
Woodstock	11	206	5.34
Totals	72	1,021	7.05

TABLE No. 10.

The following table shows the number of beds in each of the Hospitals, number in residence, and applications on file at close of official year.

Asylums.	Number of beds.			Number in residence on 31st October, 1913.			Number of vacancies.			Over population.			Applications on file.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Orillia	362	378	740	414	409	823	.....	.....	.....	52	31	84	.....	.....	197
Woodstock	104	104	208	105	106	211	.....	.....	.....	1	2	3	5	5	10
Totals	466	482	948	519	515	1,034	.....	.....	.....	53	63	87	.....	.....	207

TABLE No. 11.

Showing the number of officers and employees in each and all of the Hospitals, classified according to the duties performed.

Occupation.	Orillia Hospital.	Woodstock Hospital.	Total.
Medical Superintendents	1	1	2
Associate Physicians	2	1	3
Bursars	1	1	2
Stenographers	1	1	2
Storekeepers	1	.....	1
Matrons	1	1	2
Assistant Matrons	1	.....	1
Cooks	3	5	8
Laundresses	2	1	3
Housemaids and Dairymaids	9	.....	9
Seamstresses	2	1	3
Bakers	1	.....	1
Tailors and Shoemakers	2	.....	2
Laundryman	1	.....	1
Engineer and Assistants	2	1	3
Stokers	4	2	6
Bricklayers and Masons	1	.....	1
Carpenters	1	1	2
Painters	1	.....	1
Farmers	1	1	2
Farmers' Assistants	2	3	5
Gardeners	1	1	2
Chief Attendants (males)	1	1	2
Supervisors (males)	2	2	4
Attendants (males)	19	6	25
Attendants (females)	18	10	28
Teachers	2	.....	2
Totals	83	40	123

TABLE No. 12.

Statement of revenue from paying patients and from farm and miscellaneous sources for the year, ending October 31st, 1913.

Hospital.	No. of paying patients.	From paying patients.	From farm and Miscellaneous.	Totals.
Orillia	150	13,230 48	$355 12	$13,585 60
Woodstock	115	13,364 18	3,223 38	16,587 56
Totals	265	$26,594 66	$3,578 50	$30,173 16

TABLE No. 13.

Showing the expenditure on maintenance under the different headings of the estimates for the year, ending October 31st, 1913.

Headings of Estimates.	Orillia Hospital.	Woodstock Hospital.
	$ c.	$ c.
Medicines	1,163 79	523 43
Groceries	31,592 71	11,877 34
Heat and Light	19,350 42	7,836 69
Clothing	7,200 24	401 20
Laundry	2,271 78	800 98
Repairs	5,472 68	1,235 28
Office	649 83	421 54
Farm	5,411 83	2,904 94
Miscellaneous	1,381 83	299 39
Total expenses	65,494 61	26,300 79
Salaries	31,946 68	16,023 75
Grand Totals	97,441 29	42,324 54

Notes on Per Capita Statement.

Attached hereto is a statement of the cost of maintenance per patient per day for the twelve months ending October 31st, 1913, in the ten hospitals mentioned, as compared with the year 1912, being based on actual consumption.

It follows out the order of the sub-divisions of appropriations voted by the Legislature, and is calculated to two places of decimals of a cent. The figures in black-faced type represent totals.

Invoices for all purchases, properly certified by the Bursar and the Storekeeper, as to accuracy and receipt of goods, are checked in the Department before being submitted to the Treasury for payment.

A system of Daily Requisitions for all supplies, such as provisions, is carried out and these requisitions are forwarded to the Department semi-weekly. In case of coal, the amount consumed on each shift is weighed and weekly report of consumption made by the engineer.

Under headings "Provisions" and "Clothing" is shown only consumption by patients—the value of such supplies to officers, attendants, nurses and employees being included in the account "Employees' Meals and Uniforms" under the heading "Salaries."

Quarterly inventories of stock are taken at each Institution, and are checked with the ledger accounts of the Department.

Returns are made of all products of the Farm and Garden, as received, charges being made against the cost of maintenance, and the Farm and Garden given credit for the same; for this purpose a uniform price list is in use for all Institutions, regardless of size or fertility of farm. At the end of the year the value per patient per day of such products—fruits, vegetables, feed and fodder, meat and eggs—is deducted from the gross per capita cost and appears in the statement as "Farm Recoveries."

TABLE

Comparative Statement of Average Maintenance Cost per Capita

	Brockville.		Cobourg.		Hamilton.	
	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.
Days' residence of patients	255,291	251,398	56,099	55,994	467,308	456,711
Average number of patients	699.42	686.81	155.44	152.99	1,280.29	1,247.84
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
MEDICINES	.53	.45	.22	.26	.26	.23
Medicines and Medical comforts	.53	.45	.22	.26	.26	.23
PROVISIONS	13.78	14.98	8.92	9.01	14.64	14.66
Breakfast Foods and Cereals	.32	.28	.14	.19	.27	.25
Butter	1.99	1.83	1.24	1.13	2.56	2.31
Coffee and Tea	.48	.47	.38	.41	.47	.45
Eggs	.47	.57	.49	.43	.38	.31
Flour, Bread, etc	1.57	1.88	1.46	1.43	1.82	1.82
Fruit and Vegetables—Fresh	.29	.33	.37	.31	.77	.74
" " Canned and Dried	.53	.56	.10	.19	.35	.42
Milk	1.56	1.77	1.44	1.45	1.49	1.23
Potatoes	.86	1.05	.33	.33	.65	.84
Salt, Spices, Pickles, etc	.07	.07	.02	.03	.08	.08
Sugar and Syrup	.79	.94	.51	.54	.72	.86
Unenumerated Groceries	.87	.88	.52	.45	.67	.81
Butchers' Meat	3.48	3.48	1.88	2.07	3.74	3.86
Fish and Fowl	.50	.37	.04	.05	.72	.68
FUEL, LIGHT AND WATER	7.66	8.12	5.58	5.61	6.28	6.26
Coal and Wood	5.39	5.74	3.88	3.82	4.85	4.95
Electricity	.05	.06	.89	.89	.43	.42
Gas	1.25	1.27	.....	.....	.31	.26
Oil, Candles, Matches, etc	.06	.05	.01	.01	.03	.02
Water	.91	1.00	.80	.89	.66	.61
CLOTHING	1.83	2.41	.69	1.07	1.50	1.49
Clothing—Dry Goods	1.32	1.95	.45	.83	1.18	1.21
Boots, Shoes, etc	.51	.46	.24	.24	.32	.28
LAUNDRY AND CLEANING	.77	.69	.76	.85	.61	.59
Brushes, Brooms and Mops	.17	.15	.04	.06	.10	.10
Miscellaneous Expenses	.23	.17	.05	.11	.12	.18
Soap	.37	.37	.67	.68	.39	.31
GENERAL REPAIRS	1.98	2.01	.71	.89	2.02	2.00
Furniture and Furnishings	1.53	1.81	.33	.61	1.50	1.45
Plant	.45	.20	.38	.28	.52	.55
OFFICE EXPENSES	.38	.42	.49	.43	.29	.26
Miscellaneous Items	.20	.21	.21	.15	.17	.14
Postage	.08	.11	.09	.11	.06	.06
Telephone and Telegraph	.10	.10	.19	.17	.06	.06
SALARIES	18.27	16.48	23.03	22.27	13.65	13.59
Supt. and Physicians	1.89	2.06	5.09	5.95	1.60	1.76
Bursar and Assistants	1.47	1.54	2.68	2.28	1.01	1.04
Matron and Assistants	2.58	2.16	5.19	4.86	2.06	2.00
Engineer and Assistants	1.60	1.38	3.33	3.40	1.03	1.06
Artisans, not Domestic	.92	.82	.60	.53	.50	.53
Farm and Garden	1.38	1.03	1.16	1.07	1.13	1.05
Teachers	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Attendants	5.31	4.87	.....	.....	4.36	4.04
Nurses	3.11	2.62	4.98	4.18	1.95	2.11
Temporary Assistance	.01	.....	.....	.....	.01	.....

No. 14.

per Day for the Twelve Months ending October 31st, 1913.

Kingston.		London.		Mimico.		Orillia.		Penetang.		Toronto.		Woodstock.	
This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year
209,907	206,667	395,564	393,816	232,343	219,521	297,402	297,929	133,170	132,614	331,782	327,307	74,657	70,379
575.08	564.66	1,083.73	1,076.00	636.55	599.78	814.80	814.01	364.84	362 32	908.99	894.28	204.53	191.74
Cents.	Cents.	ents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cts.
.61	.59	.31	.30	.34	.42	.39	.34	.12	.17	.34	.32	.70	.76
.61	.59	.31	.30	.34	.42	.39	.34	.12	.17	.34	.32	.70	.76
13.73	14.13	13.90	12.58	12.50	13.44	9.79	10.72	11.11	10.72	16.89	17.92	14.95	15.35
.25	.25	.42	.40	.40	.31	.23	.14	.21	.19	.22	.24	.28	.27
2.03	1.93	2.20	1.96	2.94	2.74	2.09	2.33	1.89	1.94	2.94	2.64	3.81	4.02
.56	.50	.63	.60	.32	.39	.33	.32	.43	.44	.43	.44	.40	.45
.36	.29	.21	.18	.26	.54	.11	.07	.01	.01	.57	.66	.15	.18
1.78	1.80	2.27	1.89	1.67	1.84	1.95	2.12	1 .84	1.89	1.62	1.67	1.73	1.69
.31	.52	.59	.58	.63	.75	.35	.71	.21	.23	.27	.33	1.14	1.01
.59	.57	.45	.26	.20	.33	.29	.34	.20	.19	.59	.87	.74	.86
1.18	1.24	1.38	1.32	1.13	1.02	1.15	.83	1.73	1.23	1.90	1.52	3.05	2.94
.76	.84	.54	.29	.66	.55	.31	.32	.29	.44	.77	1.12	.81	.92
.07	.08	.11	.08	.06	.06	.03	.05	.02	.01	.11	.12	.08	.06
.75	.79	.85	1.06	.74	.90	.56	.57	.23	.34	.84	1.00	.98	1.16
.74	.76	1.01	.46	.50	.82	.24	.25	.63	.12	.05	.74	.34	.24
3.81	4.04	3.01	3.14	2.43	2.66	1.77	2.26	2.99	2.33	5.05	5.55	.81	.97
.54	.52	.23	.36	.56	.53	.38	.41	.43	.42	.93	1.02	.63	.58
7.46	7.16	5.05	4.82	7.26	7.10	3.80	3.63	7.75	5.83	6.43	5.94	9.11	9.36
7.41	7.10	4.04	3.59	7.14	6.98	3.00	3.01	6.40	4.64	4.82	4.59	5.50	5.55
.....	.....	.77	.44	.....	.....	.62	.48	.16	.....	.25	.23	1.24	1.31
.....	.....	.22	.76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.77	.64	.....	.....
.05	.06	.02	.03	.12	.12	.03	.02	.04	.05	.03	.04	.03	.02
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.15	.12	1.15	1.14	.56	.44	2.34	2.48
2.21	2.38	2.07	1.95	1.43	1.70	2.36	2.30	1.53	1.48	1.06	1.58	.53	.51
1.70	1.84	1.51	1.42	1.13	1.40	1.87	1.77	1.11	1.00	.86	1.38	.39	.38
.51	.54	.56	.53	.30	.30	.49	.53	.42	.48	.20	.20	.14	.18
1.22	1.09	.94	.89	.81	.83	.81	.79	.48	.57	.98	.88	1.07	1.11
.21	.18	.15	.17	.14	.18	.14	.15	.08	.07	.17	.17	.09	.10
.38	.28	.23	.22	.17	.16	.06	.04	.09	.12	.19	.17	.32	.31
.63	.63	.56	.50	.50	.49	.61	.60	.31	.38	.62	.54	.66	.70
3.05	3.33	2.30	2.45	2.32	2.42	1.91	1.92	1.31	1.02	2.26	2.37	1.38	1.25
2.13	2.63	1.67	1.82	1.77	1.85	1.09	1.42	.79	.54	1.94	1.95	1.00	.86
.92	.70	.63	.63	.55	.57	.82	.50	.52	.48	.32	.42	.38	.39
.66	.59	.29	.35	.49	.42	.22	.18	.30	.22	.33	.33	.56	.41
.38	35	.14	.19	.28	.22	.09	.07	.16	.10	.17	.17	.37	.23
.14	.15	.08	.07	.08	.09	.07	.05	.05	.04	.05	.05	.10	.09
.14	.09	.07	.09	.13	.11	.06	.06	.09	.08	.11	.11	.09	.09
22.25	21.15	16.55	15.43	18.16	18.62	10.74	10.06	18.05	18.03	16.33	16.53	21.47	22.11
3.09	3.21	1.78	1.60	2.60	2.79	1.86	1.76	2.85	2.77	1.99	2.18	4.82	5.02
1.60	1.58	1.20	1.20	1.42	1.39	.95	.94	1.88	1.69	1.61	1.67	2.44	2.56
2.87	2.92	2.54	2.36	2.37	2.52	2.35	2.07	3.08	2.95	2.48	2.72	3.12	3.17
1.54	1.53	1.82	1.51	2.06	1.96	.95	.90	1.85	2.04	1.02	.87	1.44	1.28
1.37	1.34	.91	.93	.75	.83	.54	.61	1.68	1.29	.79	.88	.94	.91
1.16	1.17	1.42	1.31	1.90	1.83	.61	.44	2.10	2.15	.66	.76	3.10	3.12
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.22	.20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5.76	5.36	4.37	4.02	4.08	4.46	2.26	2.35	2.56	2.98	4.07	4.24	3.40	3.59
4.82	4.04	2.50	2.50	2.98	2.84	.89	.79	2.05	2.16	3.67	3.21	2.16	2.46
.04	.....	.01	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.04	.....	.05	.....

TABLE

Comparative Statement of Average Maintenance Cost per Capita

	Brockville.		Cobourg.		Hamilton.	
	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year	Last Year.
Days' residence of patients	255.291	251.898	56,009	55.994	467,308	456,711
Average number of patients	699.42	686.81	155.44	152.99	1,280.29	1,247.84
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
ALLOWANCES	4.67	4.67	4.15	3.74	4.50	4.66
Employees' Meals and Uniforms	4.48	4.48	3.86	3.58	4.36	4.60
Employees' Other Allowances	.19	.19	.29	.16	.14	.06
FARM AND GARDEN	3.79	4.30	.37	.19	3.33	3.74
Feed and Fodder	2.71	2.83	.09	.....	1.96	2.55
Miscellaneous Farm Expenses	.72	.86	.18	.09	1.04	.78
Seeds, etc	.36	.61	.10	.10	.33	.41
CONTINGENCIES	.82	.79	.92	1.03	.66	.57
Amusements, Religion, Education	.19	.19	.09	.09	.06	.05
Elopers, Cost of Recovery	.02	.02	.....	.....	.01	.....
Freight, Duties, etc	.20	.08	.09	.16	.05	.04
Ice	.15	.19	.27	.23	.24	.13
Incidental Expenses	.22	.23	.43	.46	.27	.28
Officers' Travelling Expenses	.04	.08	.04	.09	.03	.07
Per Capita cost per day, less Salaries	31.54	34.17	18.66	19.34	29.59	29.88
" " " " " of Salaries	22.94	21.15	27.18	26.01	18.15	18.25
Total gross per Capita cost per day	54.48	55.32	45.84	45.35	47.74	48.05
Less total recovery per Capita per day	13.28	11.31	2.48	2.25	15.37	14.42
Net per Capita burden payable by Province	41.20	44.01	42.36	43.10	32.37	33.73

N.B.—The above is a Comparative Statement of the cost of maintenance per patient per day for the twelve months ending 31st October, 1913, in the ten Hospitals for the Insane, as compared with the twelve months ending 31st October, 1912, based on actual consumption and calculated to two places of decimals of a cent. The figures in black-faced type represent totals.

Under the headings "Provisions" and "Clothing" is shown the actual consumption by patients—the value of such supplies to officers, attendants, nurses and employees being included in the account "Employees' Meals and Uniforms."

Where no charge is shown for light or water, these are included in the cost of coal.

The produce of the Farm and Garden consumed is included in the gross per capita cost. The total crop being deducted as shown, gives the net per capita cost per day.

No. 14—*Continued.*

per Day for the Twelve Months ending October 31st, 1913. —*Continued.*

Kingston.		London.		Mimico.		Orillia.		Penetang.		Toronto.		Woodstock.	
This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.	This Year.	Last Year.
209,907	206,667	395,564	393,816	232,343	219,521	297,402	297,929	133,170	132,614	331,782	327 307	74,657	70 379
575.08	564.66	1,083.73	1,076.00	636.55	599.78	814.80	814.01	364.84	362.32	908.99	894.28	204.53	191.74
Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	Cts.
5.70	5.42	4.76	4.99	5.86	6.32	2.95	2.92	4.23	4.29	4.30	3.71	5.40	5.11
5.48	5.20	4.67	4.91	5.72	6.03	2.90	2.85	3.82	3.86	4.16	3.65	5.32	5.07
.22	.22	.09	.08	.11	.29	.05	.07	.41	.43	.14	.06	.08	.04
3.37	3.32	4.31	3.71	3.17	2.80	2.71	2.56	3.68	3.19	.62	1.55	7.25	5.54
2.43	2.03	2.63	2.96	1.66	1.73	1.68	1.21	3.13	2.73	.17	1.38	5.03	3.77
.65	.96	1.23	.50	1.16	.62	.93	1.17	.33	.23	.41	.15	1.39	.93
.29	.33	.45	.25	.35	.45	.10	.18	.22	.23	.04	.02	.83	.84
.83	.84	.55	.62	.56	.63	.49	.50	.52	.70	.95	.91	.49	.24
.26	.23	.16	.09	.15	.15	.13	.10	.04	.04	.10	.13	.05	.06
.03	.01	.03	.03	.....	.01	.....	.....	.02	.01	.....	.....	.....	.....
.14	.10	.07	.06	.10	.09	.11	.21	.17	.26	.14	.07	.16	.08
.....	.15	.....	.04	.15	.15	.02	.02	.....	.07	.23	.24	.08	.02
.32	.30	.26	.38	.16	.18	.19	.12	.24	.22	.42	.45	.17	.05
.08	.05	.03	.02	.....	.05	.04	.05	.05	.10	.06	.02	.03	.03
33.14	33.43	29.72	27.67	28.89	29.76	22.48	22.94	26.80	23.91	29.86	31.80	36.04	34.53
27.95	26.57	21.31	20.42	24.02	24.94	13.69	12.98	22.28	22.32	20.63	20.24	26.87	27.22
61.09	60.00	51.03	48.09	52.91	54.70	36.17	35.92	49.08	46.23	50.49	52.04	62.91	61.75
11.37	11.66	16.42	15.94	16.51	14.26	7.81	7.39	7.64	6.69	16.00	19.14	34.33	29.87
40.72	48.34	34.61	32.15	36.40	40.44	28.36	28.53	41.44	39.54	34.49	32.90	28.58	31.88

TABLE No.

Comparisons, Appropriation, Expenditure, Consumption, Population

—		Brockville.	Cobourg.	Hamilton.
Days' residence of patients,		255,291	56,009	467,308
Average number of patients		699 42	155 44	1,280 29
Medicines	Appropriation	$1,200	200	1,200
	Expenditure	**1,195 79**	**125 25**	**1,167 14**
	Consumption	1,348 89	125 25	1,215 93
Provisions	Appropriation	$41,000	7,800	72,000
	Expenditure	**40,985 16**	**6,803 20**	**71,943 36**
	Consumption	35,165 89	4,994 66	68,403 87
Heat and Light	Appropriation	$22,500	4,450	30,500
	Expenditure	**21,956 81**	**2,852 40**	**30,131 51**
	Consumption	19,571 34	3,124 70	29,318 37
Clothing, etc	Appropriation	$6,800	900	8,500
	Expenditure	**5,780 97**	**522 50**	**8,339 27**
	Consumption	4,670 18	385 36	7,015 84
Laundry, etc	Appropriation	$2,300	550	2,800
	Expenditure	**1,829 65**	**413 06**	**2,330 81**
	Consumption	1,978 57	427 39	2,864 67
Repairs, etc	Appropriation	$6,300	1,000	10,000
	Expenditure	**5,931 97**	**488 42**	**9,738 37**
	Consumption	5,043 68	397 83	9,441 59
Office	Appropriation	$1,200	300	1,400
	Expenditure	**976 80**	**258 11**	**1,375 71**
	Consumption	975 78	273 11	1,372 77
Salaries	Appropriation	$51,017	15,110	66,907
	Expenditure	**46,655 94**	**12,899 78**	**63,795 97**
	Consumption	58,584 35	15,223 98	84,830 65
Farm, etc	Appropriation	$7,500	400	8,000
	Expenditure	**7,483 46**	**203 83**	**7,883 68**
	Consumption	9,663 76	207 12	15,542 29
Contingencies	Appropriation	$2,900	650	4,100
	Expenditure	**2,176 97**	**514 78**	**2,902 65**
	Consumption	2,085 69	514 78	3,088 97
Total Maintenance	Appropriation	$142,717	31,360	205,407
	Expenditure	**134,973 52**	**25,081 33**	**199,608 47**
	Consumption	139,088 13	25,674 18	223,094 95
Capital Accounts	Appropriation	$81,700	4,400	35,400
	Expenditure	**47,972 25**	**3,357 67**	**27,652 59**
Grand Total	Appropriation	$224,417	35,760	240,807
	Expenditure	**182,945 77**	**28,439**	**227,261 06**
REVENUE COLLECTIONS.				
From paying patients this year to date		$22,234 16	**1,033 41**	**46,302 52**
" " last "		15,038 37	851 38	40,521 67
Patients Revenue per capita this year	cents	8.71	**1.85**	**9.91**
" " " last year	cents	5.98	1.52	8.87
From Farm and Misc. Sales this year		**$343 76**	**123 45**	**562 81**
" " last "		440 28	191 02	517 05
Farm and Mis. Revenue per capita this year	cents	**13**	**22**	**12**
" " " last year	cents	18	34	11
Total Revenue this year		$22,577 92	**1,156 86**	**46,865 33**
" last "		15,478 65	1,042 40	41,038 72
Total Revenue per capita per day this year	cents	8.84	**2.07**	**10.03**
" " " last "	cents	6.16	1.86	8.98
Farm Production Consumption this year	cents	4.44	**.41**	**5.34**
" " last "	cents	5.15	.39	5.34
Total Recovery per capita this year	cents	13.28	**2.48**	**15.37**
" " last year	cents	11.31	2.25	14.32

14.—*Concluded.*

and Revenue for the 12 Months ending 31st October, 1913.

Kingston.	London.	Mimico.	Orillia.	Penetang.	Toronto.	Woodstock.
209,907	395,564	232,343	297,402	133,170	331,782	74,657
575 08	1,083 73	636 55	814 80	364 84	908 99	204 53
1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	750	1,500	700
1,193 74	**1,196 37**	**875 57**	**1,163 79**	**158 76**	**1,121 52**	**523 43**
1,285 10	1,245 92	788 22	1,164 54	158 76	1,141 17	523 43
36,000	58,000	38,000	35,000	18,000	69,000	12,000
32,528 86	**55,767 45**	**31,980 01**	**31,592 71**	**16,165 93**	**65,780 27**	**11,877 34**
28,830 32	54,977 78	29,054 32	29,116 89	14,799 41	56,039 45	11,163 85
16,000	23,000	14,200	13,000	11,600	20,500	8,000
15,972 36	**18,765 81**	**13,724 88**	**10,350 42**	**9,880 87**	**20,249 06**	**7,836 69**
15,662 15	19,989 81	16,867 19	11,302 13	10,321 70	21,321 85	6,802 07
5,800	9,400	6,000	7,500	4,800	6,500	1,000
5,778 26	**8,637 13**	**4,008 10**	**7,200 24**	**2,223 50**	**6,463 04**	**401 20**
4,637 61	8,179 09	3,321 30	7,033 11	2,036 13	3,517 63	396 17
2,740	4,200	2,300	2,700	1,200	3,500	1,200
2,548 55	**3,629 79**	**1,800 64**	**2,271 68**	**280 41**	**3,419 62**	**800 98**
2,551 27	3,711 31	1,895 90	2,420 25	640 54	3,267 98	800 21
7,000	10,000	6,500	6,300	4,000	7,000	1,500
6,911 36	**9,993 12**	**5,960 50**	**5,472 68**	**1,992 87**	**6,975 04**	**1,235 28**
6,403 54	9,103 39	5,399 07	5,672 51	1,749 99	7,488 93	1,032 32
1,500	1,500	1,200	900	600	1,500	500
1,411 16	**1,139,50**	**1,017 67**	**649 83**	**401 52**	**1,054 40**	**421 54**
1,383 16	1,136 83	1,142 97	639 73	401 52	1,078 30	418 54
50,973	67,990	48,275	35,982	27,810	61,862	18,181
46,706 76	**65,482 04**	**42,191 99**	**31,946 68**	**24,028 06**	**54,177 58**	**16,023 75**
58,666 62	84,298 78	55,808 53	40,708 02	29,667 75	68,437 80	20,055 13
6,660	8,000	4.000	5,500	4,500	7,200	3,000
5,764 42	**7,995 90**	**3,073 95**	**5,411 83**	**4,329 51**	**2,113 32**	**2,904 94**
7,081 15	17,065 28	7,365 57	8,060 22	4,895 80	2,052 13	5,413 80
2,450	2.500	2,200	1,500	900	5,000	1,000
1,699 56	**2,296 38**	**1,269 56**	**1,381 33**	**687 88**	**3,009 62**	**299 39**
1,736 38	2,161 97	1,301 17	1,447 58	687 88	3,158 11	361 89
130,323	185,790	123,875	109,582	74,160	183,562	47,081
120,515 03	**174,903 49**	**105,902 87**	**97,441 29**	**60,149 31**	**164,363 47**	**42,324 54**
128,237 30	201,870 16	122,944 24	107,564 98	65,359 48	167,503 35	46,967 41
38,500	58,000	34,900	92,300	27,400	206,800	13,400
24,484 01	**50,525 77**	**19,603 07**	**22,456 44**	**20,544 47**	**2,503 94**	**11,262 64**
168,823	243,790	158,775	201,882	101,560	390,362	60,481
144,999 04	**225,429 26**	**125.505 94**	**119,897 73**	**80,693 78**	**166,867 41**	**53,587 18**
16,778 67	**39,537 28**	**25,173 75**	**13,230 48**	**2,668 68**	**51,920 94**	**13,364 18**
16,809 16	36,877 40	19,190 34	9,684 43	2,532 85	57,275 76	13,087 67
7.98	**10.**	**10.83**	**4.45**	**2.00**	**15.65**	**17.90**
8.13	9.36	8.74	3.25	1.91	17.50	18.60
604 42	**638 38**	**533 95**	**355 12**	**873 56**	**877 45**	**3,223 38**
733 78	1,049 24	1,804 58	753 80	587 74	1,007 85	1,655 86
30	**16**	**23**	**12**	**66**	**26**	**4 32**
35	27	82	25	44	31	2 35
17,383 09	**40,175 66**	**25,707 70**	**13,585 60**	**3,542 24**	**52.798 39**	**16,587 56**
17,542 94	37,926 64	20,994 92	10,438 23	3,120 59	58,283 61	14,743 53
8.28	**10.16**	**11.06**	**4.57**	**2.66**	**15.91**	**22.22**
8.48	9.63	9.56	3.50	2.35	17.81	20.95
3.09	**6.26**	**5.45**	**3.24**	**4.98**	**09**	**12.11**
3.18	6.31	4.70	3.89	4.34	1.33	8.92
11.37	**16.42**	**16.51**	**7.81**	**7.64**	**16.00**	**34.33**
11.66	15.94	14.26	7.39	6.69	19.14	29.87

APPENDIX

TO FORTY-SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT UPON THE HOSPITALS FOR THE INSANE, CONTAINING THE ANNUAL REPORTS OF THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE HOSPITAL FOR IDIOTS, ORILLIA, AND THE HOSPITAL FOR EPILEPTICS, WOODSTOCK.

HOSPITAL FOR FEEBLE MINDED.

Report for the Year Ending October 31st, 1913.

E. R. Rogers, Esq.,

Inspectors of Asylums, etc., Toronto, Ontario.

Sirs,—I have the honour to present the Annual Report of the Hospital for Feeble Minded, Orillia, for the year ending October 31st, 1913.

The admissions for the past year were 37 males and 35 females, a total of 72 or 24 more than in the preceding twelve months. Discharges for the same period numbered three and the deaths 61. The unusually high death rate is largely attributable to an epidemic of pneumonia, which began with the year, and levied a heavy toll upon the aged and infirm of our population throughout the winter months. The daily average population for the year was 815, compared with 812 for the year 1912. It will therefore be seen that the population has been kept up to the extreme limits of the capacity of the Institution. In fact, it might be urged that for the health and comfort of the children there has been a too generous response to the constantly pressing demands for admissions

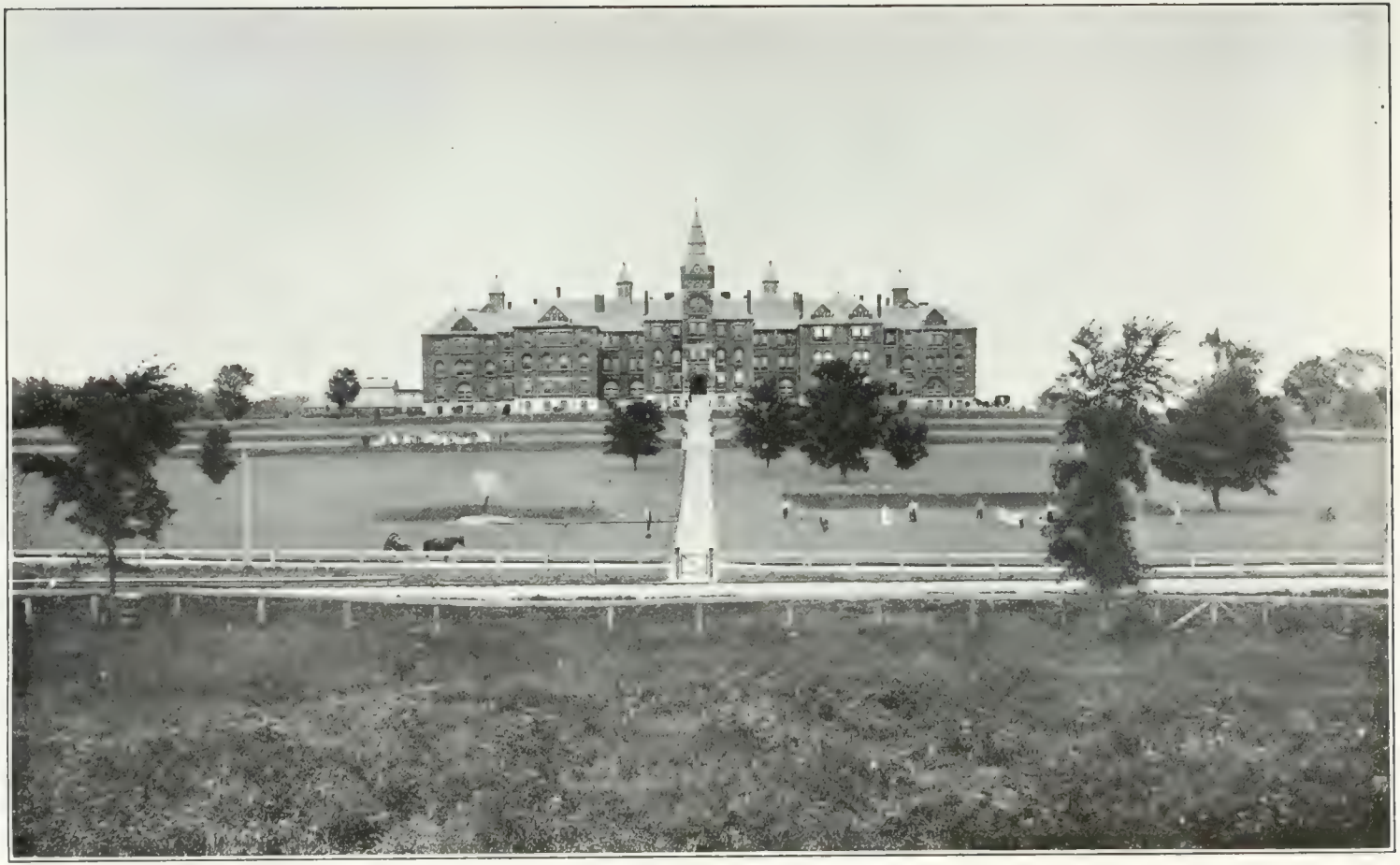
It is gratifying to be able to report that substantial commencement has been made towards providing further accommodation. The new cottage for women, capable of housing nearly 200 patients, was begun during the summer. With our own staff and the labor of our patients we were able to do the excavation work, and carry the foundations to the grade line. We may, therefore, reasonably expect that by the autumn of the year 1914 this building will be ready for occupation. A similar building on the opposite side, for men will, we hope, be begun this summer and carried to completion in the year 1915. These new cottages will enable us to accommodate 1,200 patients, as large a unit as it is desirable to have under one administration. We have reason to hope that with our new buildings we shall be enabled to afford relief to the most distressing cases throughout the Province and satisfy the public demand for enlarged facilities for the training and custody of this unfortunate class.

With our new cottages completed we shall be able to better classify our population and separate the improvable from the custodial cases. The main building, capable of accommodating 400 boys and girls can then be devoted exclusively to the work of a training school for the children, while the four cottages, each with a capacity of 200 will house the workers who have grown beyond the improvable stage, the old people and the low grades.

In addition to the work on the women's cottage we were enabled during the past summer to build a modern dairy barn in place of the one destroyed by fire a year ago. This building is of the most approved plan. The frame is of plank and truss construction. The stable proper is well lighted and ventilated, and the arrangement of the silo, cutting room, feed room, and milk room provides for the most effective management of the herd and the sanitary handling of the milk.

The farm work has gone along smoothly. The drainage of a large area of the Dunn swamp has been completed and a considerable portion of this will be brought into the area of pasture and cultivation during the coming season.

An analysis of the patients admitted during the past year places 25 of the 72 among the high grades, 21 in the medium class and 26 must be classified as low



Main Building, Orillia.

grades. Over one-third of the admissions are men and women who have reached, or are approaching middle life, and the majority of these cases could be safely looked after in any House of Refuge. It is only natural that each municipality should seek to transfer the responsibility for the care of its poor to Government maintained Institutions, especially when within its borders no House of Refuge is maintained. It should be borne in mind, however, that this Institution was not designed to relieve the municipalities of any portion of their ordinary work of Charity. Its sole purpose is to train and care for mental defectives. The feeble minded boy and girl should have first claim to a place in this Institution, because the well-being of society particularly demands the segregation of the young people of this unfortunate class.

The schools have been conducted with marked efficiency during the past year. There has been considerable increase in the number of pupils over the year 1912, and a wider range of work has been taken up. The ages of the school children range from six to fifteen years, and the most marked improvement, it may be interesting to note, was observable between the ages of ten and fifteen years. Among the new branches in the Industrial Department are canvas mat making, coloring, basket making and warp weaving. An Industrial class for the children of more advanced years was established in the late autumn and has served to arouse the interest and increase the usefulness of those who have attended.

The musical classes are also increasing in number. As has already been pointed out, a very large proportion of our high grade children are readily proficient in music. In addition to their regular weekly concerts we were enabled to produce a Cantata, "Fairies of the Season," which in its movement and tableaux and the fervor and evenness of its choral work was exceedingly creditable. Very popular, too, and of much benefit to the children are the calisthenic exercises. The first class numbers fifty and is capable of putting on a fine exhibition of fancy marching and physical drill. In the second class there are but thirty and their training so far has been confined to setting up exercises. As these improve they are promoted to the first class and their places filled by recruits.

More and more the value of the industrial training of the feeble minded is borne in upon us. The field of labor in which this class can be trained to perform useful service is not as circumscribed as might at first appear. Among girls, needlework is one of the most interesting and beneficial occupations. From the sewing classes to the sewing room, where all the knitting and seamstress work for the female side of the Hospital is performed, our girls are graduated and many of them acquire a remarkable degree of neatness and thoroughness. We have girls who grade low in the mental scale and yet are capable of executing the most beautiful embroidery. Sewing as an occupation is not so popular nor so easily developed among the boys. In our tailor shop, however, we have some lads who can make a plain garment very nicely and they take great pride in their work. Mat making, weaving and basketry, etc., are lines of work which the feeble minded take up very readily. Once the fingers are trained to follow a pattern or go through a series of movements the mastery of more difficult and intricate combinations can be accomplished by easy gradations.

Outside employment must take first place in the industrial economy of an institution such as ours. The boys from the construction work, from the garden, the fields, the bush and the stables are the healthiest and the most contented. They swing through their day's work in a cheerful manner and at night they are tired and happy. Holidays and the days when weather conditions prevent out-

side work are productive, I believe, of more trouble in the wards than all the other days of the year put together. I think I am within the mark when I say that the working force of this institution has been increased three hundred per cent. in the past three years. Had it not been so, we could not have carried through successfully the many large enterprises that are to our credit. Three years ago, in the autumn of 1910, the working force of the entire place was engaged in unloading coal. This year the coal was unloaded without any interference with the gangs at the new cottage, ditching, the swamp clearing or other operations.

We propose this year to establish a school garden in order that our little ones may develop a taste for and a knowledge of plant life and all that it means in the beauty and economy of our establishment. We are encouraged to believe that our children will enter enthusiastically into this work and that it will add to the interest and happiness of their lives.

The Pathological laboratory has continued to be a most useful adjunct to the medical work. The examination of swabs, sputum, blood, spinal fluid, etc., has many times demonstrated the value of such a facility in an institution of this character. A series of blood specimens is being taken and serum prepared by Dr. Evans for the Wasserman reaction. This promises valuable results in connection with the clinical and psychological history of a number of cases.. In the ordinary work of the care of the sick the laboratory has been in constant requisition and with our growing population will no doubt demand increased time and attention from the medical staff.

Two changes in the staff have taken place during the year. Mr. W. H. Tallman, bursar, was transferred to Penetang. and Mr. W. Cochrane, of the Hospital for the Insane, Cobourg, took his place. On the first of June, Miss Davey resigned and Miss Baker assumed the duties of stenographer. I am grateful to be able to report thorough harmony and good feeling throughout the institution. Loyal service and cordial sympathy with the work we have on hand have been given by every member of the staff. In particular I should mention Dr. Herriman, Medical Director, whose almost ubiquitous presence is a valued factor in the internal management of the Hospital. To you, sirs, may I also extend thanks for your counsel and co-operation.

I have the honour to be, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

J. P. Downey,
Superintendent.

TABLE No. 1—ORILLIA.

Showing movements of patients in the Hospital for the official year ending Oct. 31st, 1913.

——	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Capacity of Hospital	362	378	740			
In residence Oct. 31st, 1912				415	402	817
Admitted during year 1913:						
By Warrant	8	3	11			
By Medical Certificate	29	32	61	37	35	72
Total number under treatment during year				452	437	889
Discharges during year:—						
As recovered						
As improved	1		1			
As unimproved	1	1	2			
As not insane						
Total number discharged during year	2	1	3			
Died	34	27	61			
Deported						
Eloped	1		1			
Transferred	1		1	38	28	66
Remaining in Hospital Oct. 31st, 1913				414	409	823
Total number admitted since opening of Hospital				1,261	1,101	2,362
Total number discharged since opening of Hospital	130	83	213			
Total number died since opening of Hospital	668	583	1,251			
Total number deported since opening of Hospital	2		2			
Total number eloped since opening of Hospital	10		10			
Total number transferred since opening of Hospital	37	26	63	847	692	1,539
Total remaining in Hospital, Oct. 31st, 1913				414	409	823
Daily average population	411	404	815			
Collective days' stay of all patients in residence during year	150,051	147,396	297,447			
Number of applications on file			197			

TABLE No. 2—ORILLIA.

Showing social state and religion of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

	Admissions of Year.			In Residence.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Social State.									
Single	37	34	71	410	405	815	1,248	1,088	2,336
Married	.....	1	1	4	3	7	11	12	23
Widowed	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	1	1
Divorced	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Separated	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
Totals	37	35	72	414	409	823	1,261	1,101	2,312
Religion.									
Baptists	1	.....	1	19	16	35	53	38	91
Congregationalists	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2	3	3	6
Church of England	8	2	10	68	74	142	231	220	451
Methodists	8	10	18	104	101	205	317	290	607
Presbyterians	9	10	19	78	86	164	225	213	438
Roman Catholics	7	7	14	74	49	123	235	158	39
Other Denominations	4	5	9	25	38	63	77	64	141
Unascertained	.....	1	1	45	44	89	120	115	235
Totals	37	35	72	414	409	823	1,261	1,101	2,362

TABLE No. 3—ORILLIA.

Showing nativity of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

Nativity.	Admissions of Year.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Total Admissions	37	35	72	1,261	1,101	2,362
Total born in Canada	32	29	61	1,032	915	1,947
Armenia						
Assyria						
Austria				4	1	5
Australia						
Belgium						
Bulgaria						
Central America						
China						
Denmark						
England	1	3	4	69	66	135
France				3		3
Finland						
Galicia						
Germany				11	7	18
Greece						
Holland						
Hungary						
Ireland				50	42	92
Italy						
Japan						
Macedonia						
Other British Possessions				3	2	5
Norway						
Roumania						
Russia		1	1		2	2
Scotland	3	1	4	32	23	55
South America						
Spain						
Sweden				3	2	5
Turkey						
United States	1	1	2	19	14	33
West Indies						
Unascertained				35	27	62
Totals	37	35	72	1,261	1,101	2,362

TABLE No. 4—ORILLIA.

Showing the Occupation of those admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Occupation.	Admitted this Year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Professional:— Clergy, Military and Naval Officers, Physicians, Lawyers, Architects, Artists, Authors, Civil Engineers, Surveyors, etc.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Commercial:— Bankers, Merchants, Accountants, Clerks, Salesmen, Stenographers, Typewriters, etc.	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	3
Agricultural and Pastoral:— Farmers, Gardeners, Stock Men, etc.	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	6
Mechanics at Outdoor Vocations:— Railway and Stationary Engineers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Engine Fitters, Sawyers, Painters, Police, etc.	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
Mechanics, etc., at Sedentary Vocations:— Shoemakers, Bookbinders, Compositors, Weavers, Tailors, Seamstresses, Bakers, Factory Workers, etc.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Domestic Service: Waiters, Cooks, Servants, etc.	.....	5	5	.....	5	5
Education and Higher Domestic Duties:— Governesses, Teachers, Students, Housekeepers, Nurses, etc.	.....	1	1	1	1	2
Miners, Marine Engineers, Railway Employees, Seamen, etc.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Laborers	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	10
No Occupation	37	29	66	1,239	1,095	2,334
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	37	35	72	1,261	1,101	2,362

General View of Main Building and Grounds overlooking Lake, Orillia.

TABLE No. 5—ORILLIA.

Showing the Counties and Districts from which patients have been admitted during the year, and since opening of Hospital.

Counties and Districts.	Admitted during year.			Admitted since opening.			Warrant cases.						Remaining in residence.		
							Admitted during year.			Admitted since opening.					
	Male.	Female.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Algoma District	1	3	4	14	15	29	....	....	....	2	2	4	4	7	11
Brant	....	....	....	20	16	36	....	....	....	1	....	1	7	3	10
Bruce	1	....	1	34	31	65	....	....	....	5	4	9	10	8	18
Carleton	1	1	2	42	33	75	....	....	....	6	5	11	11	15	26
Dufferin	....	....	....	7	11	18	....	....	....	....	2	2	3	3	6
Dundas	....	....	....	11	5	16	....	....	....	3	1	4	4	4	8
Durham	....	....	....	17	20	37	....	....	....	....	....	....	5	2	7
Elgin	1	1	2	11	17	28	....	....	....	....	4	4	3	5	8
Essex	....	....	....	30	22	52	....	....	....	2	3	5	10	8	18
Frontenac	1	1	2	48	39	87	1	....	1	15	13	28	16	8	24
Glengarry	....	....	....	12	5	17	....	....	....	4	....	4	5	1	6
Grenville	....	1	1	14	11	25	....	1	1	....	1	1	1	3	4
Grey	....	....	....	48	36	84	....	....	....	13	5	18	9	11	20
Haldimand	....	....	....	20	8	28	....	....	....	4	....	4	3	1	4
Halton	....	....	....	13	11	24	....	....	....	1	2	3	2	5	7
Hastings	1	1	2	28	31	59	1	....	1	5	5	10	16	8	24
Huron	3	....	3	35	26	61	1	....	1	6	3	9	9	6	15
Kent	2	....	2	26	26	52	....	....	....	2	3	5	10	7	17
Lambton	1	1	2	28	21	49	....	....	....	4	4	8	12	8	20
Lanark	....	....	....	9	6	15	....	....	....	4	1	5	1	2	3
Leeds	2	....	2	17	12	29	....	....	....	6	3	9	4	3	7
Lennox and Addington	....	1	1	19	17	36	....	....	....	2	7	9	8	7	15
Lincoln	....	....	....	11	10	21	....	....	....	2	2	4	4	3	7
Middlesex	1	....	1	62	32	94	....	....	....	6	1	7	27	8	35
Muskoka District	1	....	1	19	19	38	....	....	....	2	1	3	8	5	13
Nipissing District	1	2	3	7	8	15	....	....	....	3	....	3	7	8	15
Norfolk	....	....	....	10	14	24	....	....	....	5	5	10	3	6	9
Northumberland	....	....	....	12	17	29	....	....	....	5	3	8	6	4	10
Ontario	1	1	2	39	29	68	....	....	....	5	1	6	8	9	17
Oxford	....	....	....	30	29	59	....	....	....	7	1	8	12	11	23
Parry Sound District	....	....	....	3	1	4	....	....	....	....	....	....	2	6	8
Peel	....	....	....	11	22	33	....	....	....	3	3	6	3	9	12
Perth	2	....	2	19	22	41	1	....	1	7	2	9	3	7	10
Peterborough	1	2	3	16	24	40	....	1	1	3	5	8	7	8	15
Prescott	....	....	....	9	4	13	....	....	....	7	2	9	6	2	8
Prince Edward	....	....	....	8	11	19	....	....	....	....	....	....	4	2	6
Rainy River District	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Renfrew	....	2	2	19	22	41	....	....	....	1	5	6	10	11	21
Russell	....	....	....	4	6	10	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	5	5
Simcoe	2	3	5	86	79	165	2	....	2	13	7	20	22	35	57
Stormont	....	....	....	11	7	18	....	....	....	11	....	11	...	3	3
Thunder Bay District	....	....	....	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Victoria	....	1	1	22	15	37	....	....	....	5	1	6	3	4	7
Waterloo	1	....	1	23	22	45	....	....	....	2	....	2	6	6	12
Welland	....	....	....	9	8	17	....	....	....	....	1	1	3	2	5
Wellington	....	3	3	26	18	44	....	....	....	2	2	4	4	8	12
Wentworth	2	....	2	58	51	109	....	....	....	3	8	11	19	25	44
York	11	9	20	227	195	422	2	1	3	30	12	42	93	92	185
Unascertained	....	....	....	16	14	30	....	....	....	2	2	4	1	2	3
Haliburton	....	2	2	....	3	3	....	....	....	....	1	1	1	2	3
Totals	37	35	72	1,261	1,101	2,362	8	3	11	209	133	342	414	409	823

TABLE No. 7.—ORILLIA

Showing hereditary tendency to Insanity in patients admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

	Admitted during Year.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Paternal Branch	1	3	4
Maternal Branch	10	7	17
Paternal and Maternal Branches	3	3	6
Collateral Branches	6	4	10
No Hereditary Tendency	13	15	28
Unascertained	4	3	7
Totals	37	35	72

TABLE No. 8—ORILLIA.

Showing summary of Probational discharges during the year.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Number Granted Discharge	3	3	6
Discharged, Recovered	.....	.....	.....
Discharged, Improved	.....	.....	.....
Discharged, Unimproved	1	.....	1
Died	.....	.....	.....
Returned to Hospital	1	1	2
Absent on Probation on October 31st. 1913	1	2	3
	3	3	6

TABLE No. 9—ORILLIA

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Specific Infectious Diseases:—						
Typhoid Fever				17	16	33
Influenza				2	7	9
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis				3	9	12
Diphtheria				1	1	2
Erysipelas				3	2	5
Septicæmia				5	2	7
Dysentery				13	10	23
Syphilis				3		3
Tuberculosis	3	7	10	157	158	315
Constitutional Diseases:—						
Rheumatism				1		1
Arthritis Deformans				1		1
Diabetes Mellitus				2		2
Diseases of the Digestive System:—						
Mouth, salivary glands						
Pharynx						
Tonsils					1	1
Œsophagus				1	2	3
Diseases of the Intestines:—						
Diseases of the Liver				9	5	14
Diseases of the Pancreas				2	1	3
Diseases of the Peritoneum	1	1	2	32	21	53
Diseases of the Respiratory System:—						
Diseases of the Nose and Larynx				3	2	5
Diseases of the Bronchi				11	8	19
Diseases of the Lungs	4	5	9	37	28	75
Diseases of the Pleura		1	1	7	2	9
Diseases of the Circulatory System:—						
Diseases of the Pericardium				2	1	3
Diseases of the Heart	9	3	12	54	48	102
Arterio-sclerosis	1		1	1	2	3
Aneurism						
Diseases of the Blood and Ductless Glands:—						
Anæmia		1	1	7	8	15
Pernicious Anæmia				4	7	11
Leucæmia					2	2
Exophthalmic Goitre						
Diseases of the Genito-Urinary System				16	6	22
Totals—*Carried Forward*	18	18	36	394	359	753

TABLE No. 9—*Continued.*

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Totals—*Brought Forward*	18	18	36	594	359	753
Diseases of the Nervous System:—						
Diseases of the Nerves	5	.....	5	10	6	16
Diseases of the Spinal Cord	.....	.....	.....	1	6	7
Diseases of the Meninges	.....	2	2	2	9	11
Organic Diseases of the Brain (Tumor, Abscess, Embolism, Thrombosis, Hæmorrhage, and other gross lesions)	.....	1	1	14	15	29
Functional Nervous Diseases (Paralysis Agitans, Chorea, Eclampsia, Hysteria)	.....	.....	.....	1	3	4
Epilepsy	7	1	8	90	76	166
Mental Diseases:—						
Exhaustion of Acute Mental Disease	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Exhaustion of Chronic Mental Disease	1	.....	1	1	.....	1
General Paresis	.....	.....	.....	53	37	90
Intoxications:—						
Alcoholism	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Morphinism	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Metallic Poisoning	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Heat Stroke	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Debility, Old Age, etc.	4	3	7	82	56	138
Accident	.....	.....	.....	5	2	7
Suicide	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Surgical Diseases	.....	1	1	14	9	23
Gynæcological Diseases	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Malignant New Growths, or Cancer	.....	.....	.....	2	2	4
Totals	35	26	61	669	582	1,251

TABLE No. 10—ORILLIA.

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male	Female	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Infection Psychoses:—									
(a) Fever Delirium									
(b) Infection Delirium									
(c) Post Infection Psychoses									
Exhaustion Psychoses:—									
(a) Collapsed Delirium									
(b) Acute Confusional Psychoses									
(c) Neurasthenia									
Intoxication Psychoses:—									
(a) Acute Intoxications									
(b) Chronic "									
(a) Alcoholism (acute and chronic)									
(b) Delirium Tremens									
(c) Korsakow's Psychoses									
(d) Acute Alcoholic Hallucinosis									
(e) Alcoholic Hallucinatory Dementia									
(f) " Paranoia									
(g) " Paresis									
(h) Morphinism									
(i) Cocainism									
Thyroigenous Psychoses:—									
(a) Mixœdematous Psychoses									
(b) Cretinism									
Dementia Præcox:—									
(a) Hebaphrenic									
(b) Catatonic									
(c) Paranoid									
General Paresis									
Organic Dementias:—									
(a) Cerebral Sclerosis									
(b) Huntingdon's Chorea									
(c) Multiple Sclerosis									
(d) Cerebral Syphilis									
(e) Tabetic Psychoses									
(f) Arterio sclerotic Psychoses									
(g) Cerebral Tumor, Abscess, Hemorrhage									
Involution Psychoses:—									
(a) Melancholia									
(b) Pre-senile Delusional Psychoses									
(c) Senile Dementia									
Manic Depressive Psychoses.—									
(a) Manic States									
(b) Depressed States									
(c) Mixed States									
Carried Forward									

TABLE No. 10—*Continued.*

Showing form of mental disease of patients admitted, discharged and died during the year.

Mental Disease.	Admitted.			Discharged.			Died.		
	Male.	Female	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Paranoia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Psychoses from Constitutional Neuroses:—									
(a) Epileptic Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(b) Hysterical Psychoses	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
(c) Sexualis Psychopathia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
States of Deficient Mental Development:—									
(a) Imbecility	20	21	41	1	....	1	7	7	14
(b) Idiocy	17	14	31	1	1	2	27	20	14
Not Diagnosed	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Not Insane	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Totals	37	35	72	2	1	3	34	27	61

TABLE No. 11—ORILLIA.

Periods.	Alleged duration of insanity prior to admission.	Length of residence of those remaining in Hospital on Oct. 31st, 1913.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged recovered during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged improved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged unimproved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who died during the year.
Under 1 month	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
From 1 to 2 months	.....	4	.....	.....	1	1
" 2 " 3 "	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	1
" 3 " 4 "	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 4 " 5 "	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	1
" 5 " 6 "	.....	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 6 " 9 "	.....	14	.....	.....	.....	2
" 9 " 12 "	.....	18	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 12 " 18 "	.....	22	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 18 months to 2 years	.....	22	.....	.....	.....	2
" 2 to 3 years	.....	54	.....	.....	1	2
" 3 " 4 "	.....	32	.....	1	.....	5
" 4 " 5 "	.....	43	.....	.....	.....	2
" 5 " 10 "	.....	180	.....	.....	.....	11
" 10 " 15 "	.....	133	.....	.....	.....	11
" 15 " 20 "	.....	118	.....	.....	.....	11
" 20 years and upwards	.....	153	.....	.....	.....	12
Totals	.....	823	.....	1	2	61

Bird's-Eye View of Buildings and Grounds, Woodstock.

HOSPITAL FOR EPILEPTICS, WOODSTOCK, ONT.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31ST, 1913.

To EDWIN R. ROGERS, ESQ.,

Inspector of Hospitals for the Insane,
Parliament Buildings, Toronto, Canada.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit to you the Eighth Annual Report of the Hospital for Epileptics, for the year ending October 31, 1913.

We had remaining in residence November 1, 1912, 196 patients. We admitted during the year 14 males and 23 females, total 37 patients. Total number under treatment during the year 233. Total number discharged 11. Discharged improved, 4. Unimproved, 7. Total number who died during the year, 11, being 4 males and 7 females. We had remaining in residence October 31, 1913, 211 patients. Number of applications sent out on request, 93.

IMPROVEMENTS.

One hundred and sixteen acres of land has been purchased for farming purposes. This property is separated by one hundred acres from our other land and within two miles of the City of Woodstock. We were able to secure this at the rate of Fifty Dollars per acre. The major portion of it is new land, having been ploughed but once. It is in a very good state of cultivation, fairly well drained, and with a little improvement in the way of fencing, draining, etc., will make a first-class farm.

The interiors of the cottages have been painted during the past year, which adds wonderfully to their appearance.

The superintendent's residence has been completed. This is a very substantial and satisfactory building. The work in connection with it has been done, as far as possible, by our own labor.

Quite a bit of drainage has been done, and the driveways and walks have been materially improved.

FARM AND GARDEN.

The crops of the farm and garden were splendid. We had the best results of any year since the Institution was opened. Both grain and roots turned out well in quantity and quality. The hay crop was extra heavy. From forty-eight acres, we stored one hundred and twenty tons, an average of two and one-half tons to the acre.

The following table shows the storage returns from Farm and Garden for this year:—

FARM.	GARDEN.
2,196 bus. Oats.	2,000 lbs. Beans.
2,600 bus. Mangles.	400 lbs. Citrons.
1,475 bus. Potatoes.	3,500 lbs. Onions.
140 tons Ensilage.	150 lbs. Vegetable Marrow.
20 tons Corn Fodder.	700 lbs. Squash.
30 tons Straw.	17,500 lbs. Potatoes.
350 bus. Barley.	600 lbs. Beets.
600 bus. Wheat.	5,000 lbs. Carrots.
120 tons Hay.	14,600 lbs. White Cabbage.
	3,300 lbs. Red Cabbage.
	1,500 lbs. Celery.
	100 lbs. Brussel Sprouts.
	8,000 lbs. Parsnips.
	15,200 lbs. Turnips.

In addition to this, we had a good supply of fruits and vegetables for table use during the summer.

We have our land in such a condition at the present, that we can depend upon good results if the season is at all favorable, and this state of cultivation has been attained by tile draining, freeing the land of all weeds, the removal of stones, a thorough working of the land, and the application of plenty of barnyard fertilizer. We also exercise great care in the selection of all seeds sown.

Requirements.

An amusement hall is urgently needed. The only available place at present for holding church services, entertainments, and weekly dances is in one of the day rooms, which will accommodate less than half of our population, and even with this number, it is very crowded and unpleasant. Chairs and settees have to be carried from each of the other cottages for use at these gatherings, which is a great inconvenience, and in bad weather, a hardship. Then there is the drawback that only a portion of our people can attend church service on Sunday, or the entertainments during the week. This leads to murmurings from those so deprived, as practically all our patients are quite capable of enjoying gatherings of these kinds, and it seems too bad that we have to deny some of them on account of lack of room.

The clergy have been very faithful in their attendance on Sunday, but some of them have expressed themslves very strongly upon the necessity of a proper place to worship, where they would not be so crowded and huddled in a small room. Along these lines, I agree, as it would not only make it more pleasant for them, but it would wonderfully increase the comfort of the patients and employees, and add materially to the efficiency of the Hospital. It would also provide a place where the employees could hold a concert or a dance without disturbing the patients. As it is now, the day room, just off the dormitories where the patients are sleeping, is the only available place where a few of them can gather to spend an evening in games and amusements.

New Cottages.

We have been taxed to our fullest capacity during the past year and have a large number of applications, which we have had to place on file to await a vacancy. Most of these cases have been very urgent and the friends have written repeatedly to see if by any means a vacancy could be granted.

Treatment of Patients.

In this we have met with results that have been very gratifying. We have quite a number of patients making splendid progress. Seizures have lessened, and the patients are mentally brighter, and their general appearance improved. They are cheerful, bright, and full of hope, looking forward to the time when they will be able to take their places in the world, unfettered by the effects of Epilepsy, and in a small percentage of cases, these hopes will be realized, as some of them have not had a return of the trouble for almost two years, where previous to admission, the attacks occurred on an average of three to five per week, the mind being affected to a marked extent as a result of the frequent and prolonged strain. The mental faculties improve as the seizures abate, it being a gradual process to the normal. The treatment of Epilepsy at the commencement in the most of cases, is very difficult, as they are very self-willed, and their likes and dislikes very pronounced. Especially do we find this the case in reference to bodily exercise, that is so essential in the satisfactory treatment of this disease, as it may be safely said, "No work,—no improvement." The good effects from open air exercise can be seen almost from the beginning. The patients are less irritable, bright in appearance, digestion is better, they become more contented and settle down to Hospital life with a good will, realizing that the work is beneficial and necessary for their improvement. In cases afflicted with this disease, where no bodily exercise is demanded, one meets with difficulty all the way. Digestive troubles set in, the patients become depressed, irritable, dull and morose. Evil habits are practised, discontentment rules and the disease progresses more rapidly. We have kept in touch with a number of patients that have been discharged from the Hospital as improved after having remained for a full two years from the last attack, and we find the most of them are doing well. One case to which we will refer, is a young boy who had Epilepsy four years previous to entering the Hospital, with a history of an average of five attacks per week, mentally much affected, physically weak, of speech almost gone. He was put under treatment and watched closely. After a few weeks, we noticed some improvement. He had less seizures, grew much stronger physically, brightened mentally, and his speech returned. He remained in the Hospital for two years after the last seizure, the last four or five months being purely under observation. His mental state, when he left the Hospital compared favorably with boys of his age. Three years have passed since he was discharged improved, and there has been no return of the trouble whatever. This boy is now taking a course in the Calgary Collegiate Institute, and making a creditable standing.

Conclusion.

The officers and staff have rendered efficient service during the past year, doing their work with a willingness and satisfaction that has been very gratifying.

To you, Sir, we are indebted for the interest you have taken in all matters pertaining to the management of the Hospital. Your promptness at all times to discuss our requirements and your acquiescence in the securing of what was necessary for the comfort and happiness of all, have been much appreciated.

I have the honour to remain, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

J. J. Williams.
Medical Superintendent.

ANNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS OF THE HOSPITAL FOR EPILEPTICS, WOODSTOCK, FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCT. 31st, 1913.

TABLE No. 1—WOODSTOCK.

Showing movements of patients in the Hospital for the official year ending October 31st, 1913.

——	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Capacity of Hospital	104	104	208			
In Residence, Oct. 31st, 1912	.....	.....	.....	103	93	196
Admitted during year 1913 :—						
By Warrant	1	2	3			
By Medical Certificate	13	21	34	14	23	37
Total number under treatment during year	.....	.....	.....	117	116	233
Discharges during year:—						
As recovered	.....	.....	.....			
As improved	4	0	4			
As unimproved	4	3	7			
As not insane	.....	.....	.....			
Total number discharged during year	8	3	11			
Died	4	7	11			
Deported	.....	.....	.....			
Eloped	.....	.....	.....			
Transferred	.....	.....	.....	12	10	22
Remaining in Hospital, Oct. 31st, 1913	.....	.....	.....	105	106	211
Total number admitted since opening of Hospital	.....	.....	.....	229	179	408
Total number discharged since opening of Hospital	89	43	132			
Total number died since opening of Hospital	31	27	58			
Total number deported since opening of Hospital	.....	.....	.....			
Total number eloped since opening of Hospital	.....	.....	.....			
Total number transferred since opening of Hospital	4	3	7	124	73	197
Total remaining in Hospital, Oct. 31st, 1913	.....	.....	.....	105	106	211
Daily average population	104.65	101.34	205.98			
Collective days' stay of all patients in residence during year	38,199	36,990	75,189			
Number of applications on file	5	5	10			

TABLE No, 2—WOODSTOCK.

Showing social state and religion of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

	Admissions of Year.			In Residence.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
SOCIAL STATE.									
Single	14	18	32	95	88	183	190	143	333
Married	.....	5	5	10	18	28	39	36	75
Widowed	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Divorced	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Separated	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	27	23	37	105	106	211	229	179	408
RELIGION.									
Baptists	3	.....	3	7	12	19	16	16	32
Congregationalists	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	1	.....	1
Church of England	3	6	9	27	28	55	57	44	101
Methodists	2	7	9	29	32	61	61	59	120
Presbyterians	3	6	9	26	21	47	53	35	88
Roman Catholics	2	3	5	7	6	13	20	12	32
Other Denominations	.....	1	1	6	4	10	16	8	24
Unascertained	1	.....	1	2	3	5	5	5	10
Totals	14	23	37	105	106	211	229	179	408

TABLE No. 3—WOODSTOCK.

Showing nativity of patients admitted during the year and since opening of Hospital.

Nativity.	Admissions of Year.			Admissions since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Total Admissions	14	23	37	229	179	408
Total born in Canada	12	19	31	185	146	331
Armenia						
Assyria						
Austria						
Australia						
Belgium						
Bulgaria						
Central America						
China						
Denmark						
England	2	2	4	22	21	43
France						
Finland						
Galicia						
Germany—Jew				3		3
Greece						
Holland						
Hungary						
Ireland		2	2	6	6	12
Italy						
Japan						
Macedonia						
Other British Possessions						
Norway						
Roumania						
Russia					1	1
Scotland				5	4	9
South America						
Spain						
Sweden						
Turkey						
United States				8	1	9
West Indies						
Unascertained						
Totals	14	23	37	229	179	408

TABLE No. 4—WOODSTOCK.

Showing the occupation of those admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital

Occupation.	Admitted this year.			Since opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Professional:— Clergy, Military and Naval Officers, Physicians, Lawyers, Architects, Artists, Authors, Civil Engineers, Surveyors, etc.	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	3
Commercial:— Bankers, Merchants, Accountants, Clerks, Salesmen, Stenographers, Typewriters, etc.	1	.....	1	16	2	18
Agricultural and Pastoral:— Farmers, Gardeners, Stock Men, etc.	2	.....	2	37	.....	37
Mechanics at Outdoor Vocations:— Railway and Stationary Engineers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Engine Fitters, Sawyers, Painters, Police, etc.	1	.....	1	12	.....	12
Mechanics, etc., at Sedentary Vocations:— Shoemakers, Bookbinders, Compositors, Weavers, Tailors, Seamstresses, Bakers, Factory Workers, etc	3	2	5	16	10	26
Domestic Service:— Waiters, Cooks, Servants, etc.	.....	2	2	2	23	25
Education and Higher Domestic Duties:— Governesses, Teachers, Students, Housekeepers, Nurses, etc.	1	4	5	5	49	54
Miners, Marine Engineers, Railway Employees, Seamen, etc.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Laborers	5	.....	5	63	.....	63
No occupation	1	15	16	68	95	163
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	7
Totals	14	23	37	229	179	408

TABLE No. 5—WOODSTOCK.

Showing the Counties and Districts from which patients have been admitted during the year, and since opening of Hospital.

Counties and Districts.	Admitted during year.			Admitted since opening.			Warrant cases. Admitted during year.			Warrant cases. Admitted since opening.			Remaining in residence.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Algoma District	....	....	....	1	1	2	....	....	....	1	1	2	1	1	2
Brant	....	....	....	7	6	13	....	....	....	....	....	....	3	2	5
Bruce	....	....	....	3	3	6	....	....	....	....	....	....	2	1	3
Carleton	1	2	3	3	7	10	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	4	5
Dufferin	....	1	1	4	4	8	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	2	3
Dundas	....	....	....	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Durham	....	....	....	2	....	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Elgin	....	....	....	3	4	7	....	....	....	1	....	1	2	2	4
Essex	....	....	....	2	2	4	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1
Frontenac	....	....	....	2	....	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Glengarry	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Grenville	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Grey	....	2	2	1	3	4	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	3	3
Haldimand	....	....	....	1	....	1	....	....	....	1	....	1	1	....	1
Halton	1	....	1	4	1	5	....	....	....	1	....	1	2	1	3
Hastings	....	....	....	5	3	8	....	....	....	....	....	....	4	1	5
Huron	1	....	1	6	1	7	....	....	....	....	....	....	4	1	5
Kent	....	....	....	4	3	7	....	....	....	....	....	....	2	3	5
Lambton	....	....	....	10	8	18	....	....	....	1	....	1	4	3	7
Lanark	....	....	....	1	1	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	1
Leeds	....	....	....	....	2	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	2	2
Lennox and Addington	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Lincoln	1	....	1	6	1	7	....	....	....	....	1	1	4	1	5
Middlesex	....	3	3	18	8	27	....	....	....	....	....	....	5	7	12
Muskoka District	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1
Nipissing District	....	....	....	1	2	3	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	2	2
Norfolk	....	....	....	4	2	6	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Northumberland	....	1	1	....	2	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1
Ontario	....	....	....	1	5	6	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1	2
Oxford	1	1	2	12	10	22	....	....	....	....	....	....	5	5	10
Parry Sound District	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1
Peel	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	2	2
Perth	2	1	3	12	2	14	....	....	....	....	....	....	4	2	6
Peterborough	1	....	1	2	2	4	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	2	3
Prescott	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Prince Edward	....	....	....	2	1	3	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1	2
Rainy River District	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Renfrew	....	1	1	1	1	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1	2
Russell	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1
Simcoe	....	1	1	8	5	13	....	....	....	1	....	1	4	3	7
Stormont	....	....	....	2	2	4	....	....	....	....	....	....	2	1	3
Thunder Bay District	....	....	....	4	....	4	....	....	....	3	....	3	3	....	3
Victoria	....	1	1	4	5	9	....	....	....	1	....	1	1	3	4
Waterloo	....	....	....	8	1	9	....	....	....	2	....	2	2	1	3
Welland	....	....	....	3	....	3	....	....	....	1	....	1	2	....	2
Wellington	....	....	....	4	6	10	....	....	....	....	....	....	2	3	5
Wentworth	....	....	....	14	15	29	....	....	....	....	....	....	5	10	15
York	6	8	14	59	52	111	1	2	3	5	4	9	32	28	60
Unascertained	....	1	1	4	2	6	....	....	....	....	....	....	2	2	4
Totals	14	23	39	229	179	408	1	2	3	18	6	24	105	106	211

Cottages, Woodstock.

TABLE No. 6—WOODSTOCK.

Showing the assigned causes of Epilepsy in the cases admitted during year.

Causes.	Men.	Women	Total.	Inherited Predisposition.			Un-ascertained.
				Men.	Women.	Total.	
Moral:—							
Adverse Conditions (such as loss of friends, business troubles, etc.)	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mental Strain, Worry and Overwork (not included in above)	1	2	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Religious Excitement	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Love Affairs, including seduction	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fright and Nervous Shock	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Physical:—							
Alcoholism	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sexual Excess	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Venereal Diseases	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Masturbation	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Insolation	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Accident or Injury	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pregnancy	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Parturition and Puerperium	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lactation	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Climacteric Period	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fevers	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Privation and Overwork	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Epilepsy	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other Convulsive Diseases	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Diseases of Brain and Skull	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Senility	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Exophthalmic Goitre	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Epidemic Influenza	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Abuse of Drugs	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lose of Special Sense	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Uræmia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other Auto-infection	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other Bodily Diseases	1	2	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hereditary:—							
Congenital Defect	10	13	23	.....	.....	.....	.....
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Not Insane	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	14	23	37	.....	.....	.....	.....

TABLE No. 7—WOODSTOCK.

Showing hereditary tendency to Epilepsy in patients admitted during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

	Admitted during Year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male	Female.	Total.
Paternal Branch	.....	4	4	12	10	22
Maternal Branch	1	.....	1	16	11	27
Paternal and Maternal Branches	.....	.....	.....	1	3	4
Collateral Branches	.....	.....	.....	14	11	25
No Hereditary Tendency	13	19	33	172	140	312
Unascertained	.....	.....	.....	14	4	18
Totals	14	23	37	229	179	408

TABLE No. 8—WOODSTOCK.

Showing summary of Probational Discharges during the year.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Number granted Discharge	9	8	17
Discharged, Recovered	.....	.....	.....
Discharged, Improved	.....	.....	.....
Discharged, Unimproved	1	.....	1
Died	.....	.....	.....
Returned to Hospital	8	8	16
Absent on Probation on October 31st, 1913	.....	.....	.....
Total	9	8	17

TABLE No. 9—WOODSTOCK.

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Specific Infectious Diseases:—						
Typhoid Fever						
Influenza						
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis						
Diphtheria						
Erysipelas						
Septicæmia						
Dysentery						
Syphilis						
Tuberculosis				1		1
Constitutional Diseases:—						
Rheumatism						
Arthritis Deformans						
Diabetes Mellitus						
Diseases of the Digestive System:—						
Mouth, salivary glands						
Pharynx						
Tonsils						
Œsophagus					1	1
Diseases of the Intestines:—						
Diseases of the Liver						
Diseases of the Pancreas						
Diseases of the Peritoneum						
Diseases of the Respiratory System:—						
Diseases of the Nose and Larynx						
Diseases of the Bronchi				1		1
Diseases of the Lungs		2	2	4	5	9
Diseases of the Pleura						
Diseases of the Circulatory System:—						
Diseases of the Pericardium						
Diseases of the Heart				1	3	4
Arterio-sclerosis						
Aneurism						
Diseases of the Blood and Ductless Glands:—						
Anæmia				2	2	4
Pernicious Anæmia						
Leucæmia						
Exophthalmic Goitre						
Diseases of the Genito-Urinary System						
Carried Forward		2	2	9	11	20

TABLE No. 9—WOODSTOCK—*Continued.*

Showing the causes of death of patients who died during the year and since the opening of the Hospital.

Cause of Death.	Died during year.			Since Opening.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Brought Forward		2	2	9	11	20
Diseases of the Nervous System:—						
Diseases of the Nerves						
Diseases of the Spinal Cord						
Diseases of the Meninges						
Organic Diseases of the Brain (Tumor, Abscess, Embolism, Thrombosis, Hemorrhage and other gross lesions) Paralysis				2		2
Functional Nervous Diseases (Paralysis Agitans, Chorea, Eclampsia, Hysteria)				2		2
Epilepsy	3	4	7	17	14	31
Mental Diseases:—						
Exhaustion of Acute Mental Disease						
Exhaustion of Chronic Mental Disease	1	1	2	1	1	2
General Paresis						
Intoxications:—						
Alcoholism						
Morphinism						
Metallic Poisoning						
Heat Stroke						
Debility of Old Age						
Accident						
Suicide						
Surgical Diseases						
Gynæcological Diseases						
Malignant New Growths, or Cancer					1	1
Totals	4	7	11	31	27	58

The Pond, Woodstock.

TABLE No. 11—WOODSTOCK.

Periods.	Alleged duration of epilepsy prior to admission.	Length of residence of those remaining in Hospital on Oct. 31st, 1913.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged recovered during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged improved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who were discharged unimproved during the year.	Periods of treatment of those who died during the year.
Under 1 month	.....	1	.....	.....	1	1
From 1 to 2 months	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....
" 2 " 3 "	.....	2	.....	.....	1	.....
" 3 " 4 "	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 4 " 5 "	.....	2	.....	1	1	.....
" 5 " 6 "	1	5	.....	.....	1	.....
" 6 " 9 "	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	1
" 9 " 12 "	1	8	.....	1	.....	.....
" 12 " 18 "	1	21	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 18 months to 2 years	.....	12	.....	.....	1	.....
" 2 to 3 years	1	22	.....	1	1	1
" 3 " 4 "	4	48	.....	.....	.....	1
" 4 " 5 "	4	23	.....	1	.....	4
" 5 " 10 "	2	52	.....	.....	.....	3
" 10 " 15 "	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 15 " 20 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" 20 years and upwards	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	37	211	.....	4	7	11

OFFICE OF THE

INSPECTOR OF THE FEEBLE-MINDED, ONTARIO.

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, TORONTO,

December 31st, 1913.

SIR,—I have the honour to transmit herewith, to be presented to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, the Eighth Annual Report upon the Feeble-Minded in Ontario for the year ending December 31st, 1913.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

HELEN MACMURCHY,
Inspector.

HON. W. J. HANNA,
Provincial Secretary of Ontario.

Report of Feeble-Minded

The year has been rendered memorable by the passing of the British Mental Deficiency Act on August 15th, 1913, (3 and 4 George V., Chap. 28) which comes into operation in England April 1st, 1914, and is an Act to make further and better provision for the care of the Feeble-Minded and other Mentally Defective persons, and to amend the Lunacy Act.

It is the first comprehensive legislation secured for the mentally defective. Other Acts have simply established single institutions or provided some permissive education, e.g. the Epileptic and Defective Children's Act of 1899. Unlike these, the Mental Deficiency Act of 1913 takes up the whole question and says that the feeble-minded must be cared for, states who is to care for them and where, and who is to pay for this, and how. It will help the cause of the feeble-minded all over the world. It has been secured by nine years of definite action directed to this one end.

In 1904 the Government was approached by The National Association for the Feeble-Minded and other powerful social organizations; the members were convinced that great and ever increasing evil and expense was being caused by the want of any care or control for a great host of the feeble-minded, young and old, at large or in schools, charitable institutions, poor houses, refuges, orphanages, homes for inebriates, reformatories, hospitals, gaols, prisons and asylums. As a consequence the Government ordered a conference of several Government Departments and officers as follows: The Local Government Board, The Education Office, the Prison Commission and the Lunacy Commission. This conference recommended the appointment of a Royal Commission.

Royal Commission on the Care of the Feeble-Minded.

The Royal Commission was accordingly appointed by His Majesty King Edward in August, 1904. The terms of reference of the Commission were extended in 1906 to include the working of the Commission on Lunacy and the report was issued in 1908.

The evidence, given before the Commission by 248 witnesses, was of such a character that almost every intelligent citizen recognized immediate legislation to be imperative.

For the next two years the question was never allowed to be out of the public sight or the public mind. Meetings were held all over the country at which the burden of the feeble-minded was the leading subject discussed. Indeed hardly any measure of social reform or social justice can be considered apart from it. Letters and editorials, single and in series, appeared in *The Times*, *The Nation*, *The Lancet*, *The British Medical Journal*, *The Contemporary*, *The Englishwoman*, *The Fortnightly*, in the church papers, and in the local press. Men and women, boards of guardians, school boards, justices, judges, lawyers, physicians, teachers, churchmen, statesmen and the general public steadily pressed for legislation, until at last it was announced in June 1910 that a Draft Bill was in preparation.

The Bill Introduced.

In 1911 it was repeatedly stated in answer to questions in the House of Commons that the Bill would be introduced in 1912. Finally on May 16th, 1912, a Bill was brought down by the Home Secretary, the Right Honourable Reginald McKenna, and during the same Session two other Bills were brought forward by private members: the "Feeble-Minded Persons (Control) Bill" and "The Mental Defect Bill." Owing to the defeat of the Government on November 11th the Government Bill got no farther than the Second Reading.

No less than eight hundred resolutions in favour of this Bill, including resolutions from 14 county councils, 44 borough councils, 110 education committees, 6 urban district councils and 280 boards of guardians, and others had been received at the Home Office alone, and great disappointment was felt at the delay.

The Bill Becomes Law.

Finally the Bill was re-introduced in the next Session, and became law on August 15th, 1913. A similar Act was passed for Scotland.

The Act as it now stands is stated by Sir H. B. Donkin and other eminent authorities to be one of the most important and useful legislative measures that have been passed in recent times.

The Most Important Question of All.

As Prisons Commissioner he speaks of "the evils caused by the unconditional discharge from prisons of numerous mentally defective criminals who could not be certified insane under the existing laws." Even this experience, however, does not cause him to regard the question of the mentally defective criminal as the most important of all the important questions in the burden of the feeble-minded. He says, and in this those who have most studied the subject are all with him, that one other practical aspect of this Act—the care and control of the mentally defective children—"touches the most important question of all—the prevention of much harm—both suffered and done by defective persons who from the earliest childhood have been neglected and uncontrolled."

Definitions.

The Mental Deficiency Act gives legal definitions of the different grades of mental defect as follows:

1. Idiots: That is to say, persons so deeply defective in mind from birth or from an early age as to be unable to guard themselves against common physical dangers.

2. Imbeciles: That is to say, persons in whose case there exists from birth or from an early age mental defectiveness not amounting to idiocy, yet so pronounced that they are incapable of managing themselves or their affairs, or, in the case of children, of being taught to do so.

3. Feeble-minded persons: That is to say, persons in whose case there exists from birth or from an early age mental defectiveness not amounting to imbecility, yet so pronounced that they require care, supervision, and control for their own protection or for the protection of others, or, in the case of children, that they by reason of such defectiveness appear to be permanently incapable of receiving proper benefit from the instruction in ordinary schools.

4. Moral imbeciles: That is to say, persons who from an early age display some permanent mental defect, coupled with strong vicious or criminal propensities on which punishment has had little or no deterrent effect.

A Preventive Measure.

This Act is essentially a preventive measure and when its provisions come into force and are carried out it will show as nothing else could how very great the need for it was.

It has been well received. Steps were taken at once, both by officials and voluntary workers, to make it operative. Boards of guardians in England are taking joint action to provide for the feeble-minded in various counties and municipalities.

Practical Help.

The Act brings practical help to the feeble-minded through Government departments and official channels, and enables benevolent persons to help the feeble-minded properly.

For example, it is well known that from 10 per cent. to 25 per cent. of children brought before juvenile courts and of all persons brought before other courts are feeble-minded. Hitherto the law did not recognize this fact. Though it might be perfectly clear to the courts and to all who had any charge of the prisoners or children that they were unable to care for themselves, and that in a very short time they would be before the court again for additional offences, still they were discharged on the expiration of their sentences to steal, assault, burn and murder. Under the Mental Deficiency Act of 1913 this is changed.

Judges, juries and magistrates with mentally defective criminals before them. Education authorities plagued and perplexed with feeble-minded children, helpless parents of idiots or imbeciles who on account of poverty cannot provide for them, the neglected, abandoned or abused defective person, feeble-minded persons who are in prisons, in industrial schools, reformatories, homes for inebriates and asylums, feeble-minded drunkards, feeble-minded girls or women who have borne or are about to bear illegitimate children—each of these is recognized and helped under the Act. It gives good citizens, many of whom have long asked for it, the legal power to see that such persons are cared for and controlled.

Feeble-Minded Children.

The provisions for the care of mentally defective children under the Act are not yet adequate. It appears probable that the Defective Children's Act of 1909 will be made compulsory.

Mr. Pease stated in his address to the Conference of the Association of Education Committees, at Caxton Hall on June 6th, that he had charge of a supplementary Bill to call on Education authorities to provide for the education of the educable mentally-deficient children in the country. Mr. Pease further stated that it was proposed the grant already given for the education of those children should be raised from £4 4s. to £6.

A Bill to amend the Act of 1909 was accordingly introduced and read the first and second times but afterwards withdrawn. It is understood that the Bill will be re-introduced during 1914.

The Board of Control.

The Act provides for a central authority or board of control of not more than 15 commissioners, twelve paid and three unpaid, including four legal commissioners and four medical commissioners, one of the paid commissioners and one of the unpaid commissioners to be a woman, also the paid commissioners in lunacy become, by virtue of their office, paid commissioners of the board of control.

Local Authorities.

The local authority for the purposes of the Act is the county council or borough Council, as the case may be, and the local authority is charged to constitute a committee for the care of defectives, a majority of whom shall be members of the council and others of whom shall be persons having special knowledge and experience in regard to the care, control and treatment of defectives, some of whom shall be women. The local government board has power to order two or more local authorities to join for the above mentioned purposes.

The local authorities have power under the Act to provide for necessary expenses an amount which shall not exceed a rate of one half penny in the pound. They have also power to borrow for this purpose in a manner similar to that authorized under the Local Government Act and the Public Health Act.

Institutions.

The institutions for the care of mental defectives are of four different classes and the Act (Section 51) makes it a misdemeanour to undertake the care and control of more than one defective elsewhere than in a certified institution or house or an approved home.

The classification of institutions is as follows:

1. State institutions for defectives of dangerous or violent propensities to be established and maintained by the Board of Control at the public expense. For this purpose any building now vested in the prison commission or otherwise under the control of the secretary of state may be used.

2. Certified institutions or houses, charitable institutions or private institutions. These are to be certified and inspected by the board who may also give the management powers of detention as provided in the Act.

3. Poor law institutions to be similarly approved, certified and inspected.

4. Private homes (without powers of detention) established by any person desirous of receiving defectives in his house for private profit. These must be approved by the board and shall be subject to such conditions as the board think fit.

Defectives may also be placed under guardianship by the provisions of the Act.

Must Find the Feeble-Minded.

It is specially to be noted that county councils and other local authorities must ascertain what persons within their areas are mentally defective, and that education authorities must ascertain what children within their areas are mentally defective, that is, what children are permanently incapable by reason of mental defect of receiving benefit from instruction in ordinary schools, and for notifying the names and addresses of the same to the local authority.

Safe-Guards.

Adequate provision is made under the Act for proper certification of mental defect by two medical examiners, one of whom must be the physician specially appointed for this purpose by the board of control or the local authority, and no mentally defective person (not being an idiot or an imbecile) can be placed in any such institution without the medical certificates above mentioned, and an order from a judicial authority, a court of competent jurisdiction or from the secretary of state.

The Act does not interfere with any mentally defective person who is being adequately cared for and whose parents and guardians do not wish for a change.

Adequate provision is also made for re-examination at the end of one year from the first order and at the end of each succeeding five years.

A judicial authority for the purposes of the Act is a judge of county courts, police magistrate, or specially appointed justice under the Lunacy Act.

The Government Grant.

The Treasury Grant for the purposes of this Bill amounts to a total of £150,000. This sum is in addition to the maintenance of any institutions for mentally-defective criminals. The Lord Chancellor stated when the Bill was before the House that the apportionment of the Treasury Grant would be made according to the actual number of mental defectives cared for.

Voluntary Associations.

The voluntary associations, who had such a great part in securing this legislation now have an opportunity which they have not been slow to avail themselves of to reorganize and take up the new opportunities and duties which the Act presents to them.

Compulsory modes of dealing with mental defectives do not apply to all such persons, and the powers of the local authorities do not provide for all defectives.

The Act provides (Section 48) for grants to such voluntary associations, and the Board of Control has already communicated with the National Association for the care of the Feeble-minded intimating that they would welcome the establishment of some central body representative of all voluntary workers in the field with which the board could communicate and confer. A meeting was therefore called for November 15th, 1913, at the headquarters of the National Association for the Feeble-minded, Denison House, London, S.W., to which representatives of all such voluntary societies were invited. Steps were then taken to organize such a central association, Mr. Leslie Scott, K.C., M.P., having consented to act as chairman of the executive. The central council will consist of representatives of all county and county borough associations.

Mrs. Hume Pinsent, one of the Honorary Commissioners under the Act, who seconded the motion to form the association, said that the main difference in attitude between official and voluntary bodies was the tendency of the public local authority, when confronted with fresh legislation, to study an Act with a view to ascertaining what was the minimum that it must do; whereas the attitude of a voluntary body was to search the provisions of a statute with a view to finding the maximum that it might do. The harmonious co-operation of the voluntary agencies may in this work make good much that would otherwise be left undone, either as falling without the duties of the public authority, or as being beyond its reach in the first transitional period. It is in this spirit that the central association has been constituted, and for such purposes that it seems so eminently adapted.

Local Associations Can Help.

1. By undertaking the supervision (after-care) of defective children and adults leaving any schools, homes, or institutions, including State institutions.

2. By assisting in the provision of suitable guardians and visiting defectives under judicial guardianship.

3. By assisting in the boarding out of defectives under schemes approved of by local authorities.

4. By befriending or otherwise assisting defectives not dealt with under the Act.

The work devolving on the central council and its executive will be:—

1. To form a representative central body with which the Government can communicate and confer if so desired.

2. To distribute Government and other funds.

3. To organize the work of caring for defectives outside institutions.

4. To stimulate activities for the care and control of defectives.

5. To promote the formation of county and county borough associations.

6. To arouse public interest.

Nova Scotia.

The Superintendent of Education for Nova Scotia, Dr. A. H. MacKay, of Halifax, states in his annual report that assuming the population of that province to be 500,000 there are likely about 1,000 more or less mentally defective persons in Nova Scotia and about 100 in Halifax.

The Nova Scotia League for the Care and Protection of Feeble-Minded Persons, founded at Halifax in 1908, continues its good work, and during the year 1912-13 some fifty local branches of the League were formed, representing all districts of the province.

In every school in the Province of Nova Scotia there is a blank in the register to be filled in by the teacher and to be copied in the Annual Return, indicating the number of persons who, owing to some defect of sight or hearing, or temperament or mental power, are unable or are prevented from attendance at the public school. This classification is required to be supported by a statement of the address and defects of each individual, so that definite information, as far as possible, may be sent to the officials interested.

Nova Scotia is now endeavoring to solve the question of the education of educable mental defectives and the care of the uneducable mental defectives.

New Brunswick.

In New Brunswick the city of Moncton has had two special classes or Departments for Defectives, and St. John has the matter under consideration.

The Western Provinces.

The proposal was at one time made that Manitoba should provide an institution for the blind, Saskatchewan for the deaf, and Alberta for the mentally defective, British Columbia and the three other Western Provinces to have the privilege of sending the persons in need of care to these institutions respectively. This plan was not found to be practical, but it shows at least that the case of the mentally defective is being considered.

Manitoba.

In Winnipeg the matter was brought before the Winnipeg School Board by a report from the Medical Inspection Department, and the matter of engaging a specially trained teacher is under consideration.

Mr. Baldry and other officials and friends of Children's Aid Associations are doing a great work in investigating this matter and bringing it before the province.

Saskatchewan.

In Saskatchewan the province cares for some of the most serious cases of mental defect, and it is stated that more provision may be made in connection with the New Hospital for the Insane.

Mr. S. Spencer Page, of Regina, Superintendent of Neglected and Dependent Children for the Province of Saskatchewan, has long been familiar with the problem and realizes its gravity, both from the point of numbers and of the need of permanent care.

Alberta.

Mr. R. B. Chadwick, of Edmonton, Superintendent of Neglected and Dependent Children for Alberta, at the meeting of the Canadian Conference of Charities and Correction in Winnipeg in September, 1913, did much by his discussion of the question to awaken public interest and show the need of action to secure the permanent care and control of mentally-defective persons, especially children, in the Western Provinces and elsewhere in Canada.

The general discussion which followed this and other papers on the subject was encouraging.

Dr. Stanley, of High River, and other members of the Alberta Legislature are interested in the subject, and Alberta may be the first to legislate for permament care of the feeble-minded.

British Columbia.

In 1913 the Minister of Education for British Columbia, the Hon. Dr. Young, took the important step of appointing a teacher for a special class and paying the teacher's salary.

Both Vancouver and Victoria are making some provision for special classes in the public schools.

Ontario.

On February 26th, 1913, a deputation to the number of 200 or more representing a large number of Ontario municipalities assembled at the Parliament Buildings and were received by the Hon. I. B. Lucas, the Hon. J. S. Hendrie, Hon. Dr. Pyne, Hon. J. O. Reaume and Hon. Adam Beck. Controller McCarthy, of Toronto, Alderman Dr. Davey, of Hamilton, Commissioner Starr, and others spoke, requesting consideration of the subject and presenting the following resolutions and suggestions from the Conference of Ontario Municipalities on November 8th, 1912:—

"1. More care at entry ports in the inspection and examination of immigrants to keep out mental defectives.

"2. To suggest to the Government the absolute need of a bureau to record the names of the mentally defective persons at large in Ontario.

"3. To suggest to the Government the need of greater responsibility on the part of the municipalities in respect to the issuing of marriage licenses.

"4. To suggest such amendments to the Marriage Act as will prevent the marriage of mental defectives.

"5. That the Legislature be memorialized to provide institutions for the care of the feeble-minded in Ontario, and that municipalities be required to pay for inmates, making them wards of the State up to 21 years of age if necessary.

"6. For the sake of uniformity and of efficiency the training schools to be conducted by the Government and a charge made upon the municipality. The municipality is under a charge to educate the child, and if it is not normal it should receive special care."

Ontario Association for the Care of the Feeble-Minded.

In the afternoon of the same day a meeting of the Provincial Association for the care of the Feeble-Minded was held at the Council Chamber of the City Hall, Toronto, and Alderman Glass, of London, Lieut.-Col. Farewell, County Crown Attorney for Ontario, Sheriff Cameron, and others addressed the meeting.

Steps were taken to perfect the organization of the Association and arrange for the next annual meeting.

Mentally-Defective Children in the Juvenile Court.

Every Judge of a Children's Court meets this problem. Mentally-defective children appear in these Courts constantly. Every day the Judge realizes the need of an Institution to which the feeble-minded could be sent.

The progressive and helpful work of Dr. William Healy, of Chicago, who is the Director of the Juvenile Psychopathic Clinic in which the delinquent children coming before the Juvenile Court in Chicago are carefully studied and helped, has been followed in many cities.

Boston now has a Psychologist, Dr. Victor V. Anderson, to assist in the Municipal Courts. New York has the same plan.

Sixty-six per cent. Mentally-Defective.

Dr. Goddard and Mrs. Garfield Gifford report an examination of one hundred children who were sent from the Juvenile Court at Newark, N.J., to the Children's Detention Home. They were not in any way chosen, but taken just as they came. Sixty-six out of the hundred were found mentally defective.

Fifty per cent. Mentally-Defective.

With this agrees the opinion given by Dr. Max G. Schlapp, of the Clearing House for Mentally-Defective Children in New York City. "Over 50 per cent. of the criminal type of children are feeble-minded." But it is the same in all Juvenile Courts. No Juvenile Court can do satisfactory work without some expert opinion as to whether or not certain children are Mentally-Defective.

There are a great many abnormal children who can only be understood by an expert. The careful examination of children who run away repeatedly from home brings out of the fact that the majority of such children are either psychopathic or Feeble-Minded. Out of 120 persistent runaways brought during the last three years to the Out-Patient clinic of the Charité Hospital in Paris because they had repeat-

edly run away from home, a large percentage were found by Dr. Stier to be markedly mentally-defective.

It Cannot Wait.

Whatever part of the problem of the Mentally-Defective can afford to wait even another year, this problem of the Mentally-Defective child before the Children's Court can only wait at a cost to us and to our country too terrible to think of.

Commissioner Starr.

The first Commissioner of the Juvenile Court in Toronto, the Rev. J. Edward Starr, said that before his appointment to that position he scarcely knew of the existence of Mentally-Defective children in Canada. He had barely entered upon his new duties before he recognized it, and among many cases which he asked the writer to examine he was not mistaken once.

The case of Benjamin Gilbert, a Feeble-Minded boy, who passed in school for normal but was finally brought before Commissioner Starr on a charge of manslaughter, was a striking example of his power of penetration into the problems before him, and his ability to reach the real truth of a situation.

Probation, Commissioner Starr used to say, will succeed with most children before the Court unless they are Feeble-Minded.

Commissioner Starr was one of the best friends the Feeble-Minded in Ontario ever had. He spent himself for them. Particularly did the situation of Feeble-Minded children committed to Industrial Schools appeal to his pity and arouse his wrath. His letters and reports to the Board of Control and the City Council were clear and powerful in statement, indignant and vehement in demand that justice be done to those poor, wretched, unhappy Feeble-Minded children and to the community who suffer from their follies, crimes and immorality.

He Being Dead, Yet Speaketh.

Surely the City of Toronto and the City Council will not let his name be forgotten until his request to them has been answered.

This—one of the things he had to leave undone—should be done before the anniversary of his death comes round. The Capital of the Province of Ontario should place herself at the head of those who are ready to do something to care for the Feeble-Minded.

Two Cases in Point.

Two cases referred to-day from the Juvenile Court in Toronto will show how serious the problem of Feeble-Minded children is in the Children's Court.

R. C., a boy of eleven years of age, with a mental age of about eight years, who had set fire to his own home on more than one occasion, was accused upon some evidence of setting fire to a school. He had told four other boys he would do so by pouring coal oil into the waste-paper bag and using matches. The attempt was not very successful, as the Principal put out the fire with an extinguisher. R. C.'s record is as follows:—

March 11th, 1909.—Seven years of age. Brought to Police Court by mother, who stated that she "could do nothing with him."

May 17th, 1910.—Brought to Police Court charged with vagrancy.

May 28th, 1910.—A neighbor complains in Police Court of cruel treatment of R. C. by his parents.

March 6th, 1911.—Mrs. C. not well. Requests Children's Aid Society to care for R. C. for a few weeks. R. C. placed in Shelter.

April 24th, 1911.—Sent to Mimico Industrial School by Magistrate Denison as incorrigible.

This boy is seriously Mentally-Defective, probably a high grade imbecile. He is strongly built and is probably capable of improvement. He is very anxious to be a fireman, says he "likes to hear the bells ring." He will probably grow up, if he has any care, pretty strong, and might be made very useful. He would likely make a splendid stoker or fireman under constant supervision, and could in a village or farm colony do this work and ring the bells under orders, greatly to the benefit of the Institution and to his own happiness. It is not much that he needs to make him happy, and he could make a fair return for it. But in civilized society he is impossible. He is not a bad boy, and a good deal could be done for him and he could do a good deal for himself and others.

But he cannot do it till we get our Training School. It seems a pity, but in the meantime what can the Juvenile Court do with him?

After his last failure to burn down the School, on account of the activity of the Principal with a chemical Fire Extinguisher, he solaced himself by running to the nearest Fire Hall, putting his head in at the door and shouting: "You will have a fire at School yet."

It is not impossible that he will make his promise good. Meantime he has been sent back to the Victoria Industrial School at Mimico.

The other child, W. W., a girl, fourteen years old, sailed for Canada on September 23rd, 1911, by the S.S. Corinthian from England, with a Barnardo party. She came out to an Aunt who had offered to adopt her. She should never have been allowed to come. Her mental age is about two years. She is unable to guard herself from common physical dangers, and has even on several occasions put her fingers in the fire and burned them! Once she rested her chin on the hot stove and burned herself. She has more than once asked her Aunt "What would you do if I stuck a knife in your back?" And has an unpleasant habit of getting behind the Aunt's back.

The Aunt, who goes out by the day to work, is obliged to take W. W. with her to work wherever she goes, as she cannot leave her alone. The poor girl answers questions in monosyllables; not once in the course of a somewhat long conversation did she say one sentence. Her appearance indicates a great restlessness and there would appear to be no little danger in having her at large. She must be repatriated if possible. If not, where is she to go? And into whose back will she put that knife? The only plan is to care for her in an Institution where knives are not supplied for such purposes.

Industrial Schools.

As indicated in previous reports a large percentage of children sent to the Victoria and the Alexandra Industrial Schools are Mentally-Defective. The work of these Schools is hampered, delayed and rendered more and more difficult—almost impossible—by the presence of Mentally-Defective girls and boys in the Schools. They should be removed, and every means should be taken to bring before

the Municipalities of the Province and the people of the Province as a whole, the urgent need for the permanent care of the Mentally-Defective. Those belonging to this class now in the Industrial Schools alone are numerous enough to fill an Institution. But there are many, many others.

The Feeble-Minded Criminal.

The Feeble-Minded Criminal in Canada, as in other Countries, has been the cause of great expense to innocent individuals and to the community as well as much trouble and wickedness and even loss of life.

The attention of the Dominion Prison Commission has been drawn to this matter on more than one occasion during their investigations.

A recent investigation by the Russell Sage Foundation as to the number of Mentally-Defective prisoners in seven Correctional Institutions gives the following result. Per cent. of inmates who are Mentally-Defective:—

Bedford Reformatory for Women	37
Industrial School for Girls, Lancaster, Pa	50
Maryland Industrial School for Girls	60
Reformatory for Men and Boys, New York	37
Reformatory for Men and Boys, New Jersey	33
Reformatory for Men and Boys, Illinois	20

Ontario Gaols.

There are few Gaols in the Province of Ontario in which one or more Feeble-Minded men cannot be found, often admitted in compassion by the Gaoler in order that they may be cared for. Sometimes there are Feeble-Minded women, usually convicted of petty larceny, vagrancy and similar offences. The situation is one that should be made known. Wherever it is known it is strongly disapproved of by the people of the Province.

Ottawa.

By permission of the Minister the week of December 1st was spent at Ottawa, assisting in the examination of over 50 children who were seen at the request of the Principal and teachers, sometimes because the children were very backward, sometimes because there was something wrong.

The registration in the Ottawa Public Schools in December was about 8,000. At the school from which nearly all the 50 children came the attendance was about 600, and of the 50 children above mentioned about 15 were recommended for special teaching and about 10 of these were definitely Mentally-Defective.

The plans made by the Inspector, Dr. J. H. Putman, and the Ottawa School Board, have been extremely well-judged and prudent and will likely be of real benefit to the community. Much care was taken in the selection and appointment of two teachers who were interested in the work and possessed aptitude for it, Miss Taylor and Miss Patton.

It had been arranged that one of these ladies should go to Vineland, remain there some time and take part in the real work of the Training School for the Feeble-Minded there as well as visiting special classes in Philadelphia. The other teacher went to Waverley to study under Dr. Fernald and investigate the working of his

Training School for the Feeble-Minded and afterwards study the Special Classes in Boston and elsewhere. No one who has taken up this work in Canada so far has had such good opportunities to prepare for it, and it may be confidently expected that good results will follow.

On Thursday, December 4th, a large public meeting was held in the Hall of the Normal School with Controller Dr. Parent in the Chair. The Local Council of Women, under whose auspices the meeting was held, Mr. W. L. Scott, Ald. Foster and others of the City Council, and a large number of citizens were present, and after an address on the Problem of the Mentally-Defective was given an animated and practical discussion took place in which Mr. W. L. Scott and others took part. Mr. Scott told the audience that the Children's Aid Society of Ottawa now had as wards Feeble-Minded children whose parents were Feeble-Minded children, and wards of the Society twenty years ago when it began. An end must be put to such a state of affairs as that, said Mr. Scott, and the audience agreed with him.

Special Classes.

Nothing has accomplished as much up to the present time for the Mentally-Defective children as the establishment of special schools. It is also true, however, that if we are to have these classes, which cost about $150.00 per year for each pupil, and then send these Feeble-Minded children out into the world, without care and control or any prospects except pauperism, wretchedness and crime we might much better have saved our $150.00.

Special classes are the thing for backward children, to give them a helping hand over the stile into the place where normal children work and play, but the proper function and benefit of special classes to Feeble-Minded children is to secure them every chance, thorough and absolutely correct diagnosis and then, if they be proved to be Mentally-Defective, transfer them into a permanent and happy home for their permanent childhood, for they will always be children. The Special Class is properly only a " Clearing House " for Feeble-Minded Children.

Training Feeble-Minded Children.

Feeble-Minded children are almost always badly trained at home. The poor mother always dresses them—she is a slave to them. It is always easier—so she thinks—to put on the child's boots and lace them and tie the laces than to teach him to do it. That is a sad mistake. It is possible to teach nearly every child to dress, except the low-grade idiots.

Normal babies should not be taught to walk. They will walk when they are ready. But the Feeble-Minded child must be taught everything—even the thing that the normal child picks up.

Speech must be very carefully taught. Walking must be taught. Using the muscles must be taught.

The Mentally-Defective, then, should really not stay in a public school, not even in a special class, because they are not and cannot be made citizens. They are and always will be dependents, and when that is once certain, the sooner that a permanently happy home can be secured for them the better. Nothing is gained by delay, though the Golden Rule must always be remembered, especially in dealing with the parents, and great tact used even in trying to carry out the Golden Rule.

The Feeble-Minded child needs:—
Nursery and toilet lessons.
Lessons in expression—Speaking, drawing, etc.
Lessons in using the muscles—Grasping, etc.
Lessons in manners—How to behave at meals, etc.
Lessons from objects—e.g., Bell, bag, fruit, money, etc.
Lessons in manual work.

Activity and constant employment with recreation is the great essential in teaching the Feeble-Minded.

The Board of Education, Toronto.

In November, 1907, Dr. John Hunter moved in the Board of Education, Toronto, for a return of the number of backward children, and information as to what help they needed to overcome the handicap which they might be suffering from. This was probably the first effort in this direction in the Schools of Ontario.

During the last six years the matter has been kept in mind by the Board and investigations as to the number and the needs of backward and Mentally-Defective children have been frequently made and have assisted in educating public opinion on the subject. It is evident that action to make proper provision for these children will not be much longer delayed, and it is frequently asked for by Charitable Institutions, Social Workers, the Local Council of Women and other organizations.

Mr. R. H. Cowley, Chief Inspector of the Toronto Schools is at present preparing a Report upon the whole subject, which will be laid before the Board early in 1914.

Dr. James Kerr's Lectures.

The visit of Dr. James Kerr, School Medical Research Officer of the Education Committee of the London County Council, served to direct special attention to the education of Mentally-Defective school-children, as he referred to it frequently in his addresses to teachers and others when addressing them on the Medical Inspection of Schools.

Dr. Kerr, as Chief School Medical Officer to the Education Committee of the London Council, formerly directed the education of some 10,000 Mentally-Defective children in the London Schools, and has written valuable reports upon this subject. His visit to Canada was at the special invitation of the Minister of Education, the Honourable Dr. Pyne.

Immigration.

The Feeble-Minded immigrant is a great danger to us. In the report of the Minister of the Interior for the year ending March 31st we find in Sessional Paper No. 25, p. 125: Table 1, Total Detentions: Cause of Detention: Feeble-Mindedness: that the total number detained on account of Feeble-Mindedness is 47.

Number debarred	23
Number released	24

In view of the fact that *more than half* of the immigrants detained on account of Feeble-Mindedness were thus afterwards permitted to enter Canada, and of the

still more serious fact that the medical examiners of immigrants have at present but little opportunity to detect Mentally-Defective persons at all during the brief Medical Examination at the port of entry, it must appear to Canadians who consider the interests of the country that action should be taken at once about this matter. It is necessary that the press, public bodies and Associations of all kinds, as well as patriotic Societies and Municipal Governments act. The Toronto Board of Health wrote a letter about it in 1913.

MAJOR LORNE DRUM,
Secretary Canadian Public Health Association, Regina, Sask.

DEAR SIR,—As you are doubtless aware, the question of dealing with the Feeble-Minded and Mentally-Defective of every municipality is becoming a very necessary and important one, and with the increasing yearly influx of immigrants to this country, the number of this unfortunate class is likely to be very materially augmented.

Our Local Board of Health are unanimously of the opinion that valuable assistance could be rendered by the immigration authorities so increasing their staff as to enable them to make a more thorough examination of all parties entering the country. To that end I have been instructed by our Local Board of Health to ask the Canadian Public Health Association, when assembled at Regina, to take this matter into their serious consideration, with the hope that your organization will take concerted action thereon and memorialize the Federal Government as to the necessity of prompt action being taken along this line, in order that Mental-Defectives or diseased persons may not be admitted to this country.

Again soliciting your consideration and co-operation in this matter, I remain,

Your obedient servant,

(Signed) W. A. LITTLEJOHN,

City Clerk and Secretary Local Board of Health, Toronto.

EXAMINE BEFORE EMBARKATION.

Immigrants for Canada should be examined at their homes before embarkation, where the family history can be obtained. In this way, only, can undesirable immigrants be prevented from making trouble for us and for themselves.

DEEDS—NOT WORDS.

It is estimated (quoted by Goddard) that 3¼ per cent. of immigrants from Northern Europe and 7½ to 9 per cent. of immigrants from Southern Europe to the United States are Mentally-Defective. Our immigration from Europe (British not included) in 1912-13 was 111,881.

If only one per cent. of these foreign-born European immigrants were Mentally-Defective that means that over one thousand Mentally-Defective persons were added to our population in 1912-13.

This is a situation so serious that deeds are more appropriate than words for it.

The Marriage of the Feeble-Minded.

The marriage of Feeble-Minded persons continues to occur in the Province. Two cases may be mentioned.

The first was that of William J. Hutchinson, 37 years of age, said to be a Commercial Traveller, who married Eva Howard, a Feeble-Minded girl of 16 years of age, who was a ward of the Alexandra Industrial School.

Magistrate Denison described his conduct as shameful and sent him down for four months to the Central Prison on December 8th, 1913.

Within a week after this occurrence attention was drawn to a still worse case in St. Thomas, in which a Feeble-Minded girl 15 years old was married to a man, Albert Tagg, who is said to be more Mentally-Defective than she is. All the girl's family are said to be Feeble-Minded.

Within a few weeks afterwards both this man and his wife were apprehended as vagrants. He was sent to gaol for three months and she was placed for care and safe keeping in the Elgin County House of Refuge. She is apparently able to work and would have done well under proper care.

The man above referred to has already served two years in the Central Prison, and as he perjured himself by swearing that the girl was over 18 years of age when she was only between 15 and 16 years, he will probably be indicted for perjury on discharge.

This evil-doing and this expense would have been saved if these Feeble-Minded persons had been under care and control.

The United States.

Cities and States, as well as National Societies and Institutions, are beginning to deal with the problem of Feeble-Mindedness. At the New York State Conference of Charities and Correction it was shown that there are 30,000 persons in New York State known to be Feeble-Minded.

Where are they? Half of them at large—15,000—10,000 more confined in prisons, and other places not intended for them, and the rest—5,000—are in Institutions intended for them.

The Training School at Vineland.

The Training School for the Feeble-Minded at Vineland has made a great advance during the year in the work of its Extension Department, of which Alexander Johnson, formerly of Hamilton, Ontario, is Director. This new Department aims at educating the public, and keeping them in touch, not only with the Institution but with the whole progress of the movement to care for the Feeble-Minded, and aims moreover at securing the help of the general public for the movement.

Two new Colonies have been started during 1913 by the Vineland Institution, one at Menantico, four miles from Vineland, 520 acres, which is being cleared and on which roads and buildings are being made, by 20 or 30 Feeble-Minded boys under foreman and supervisors.

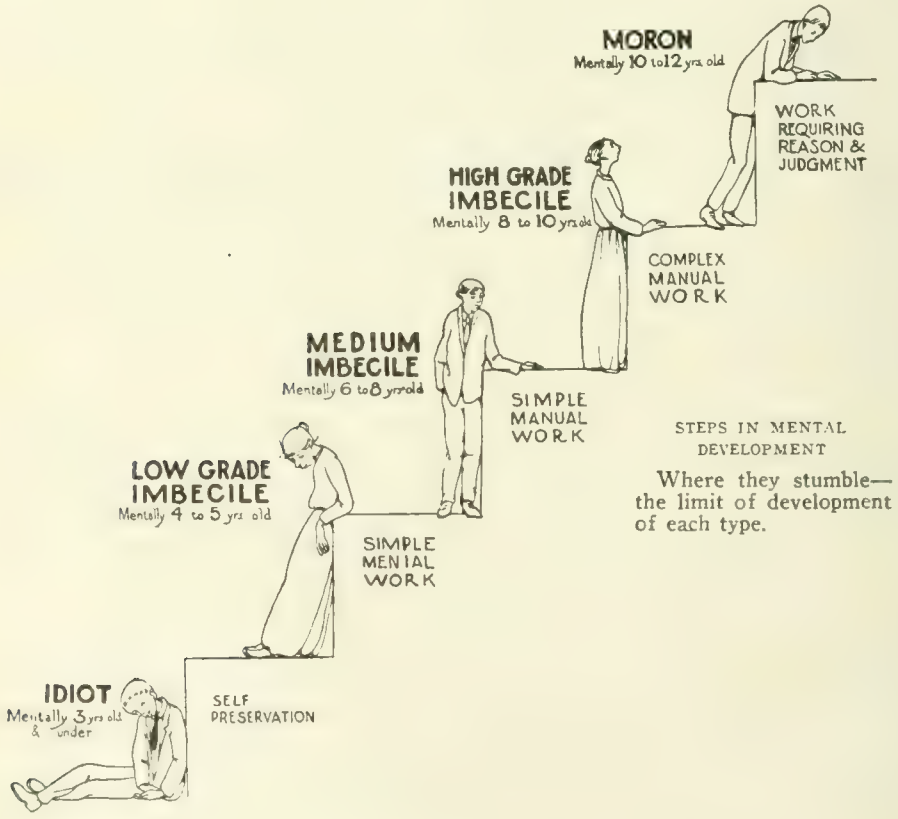
The other is the Burlington County Colony, for the buildings on which $10,000.00 is needed. About $5,000.00 has already come in for it. Ten of these dollars came from a workingman, who listened to one of the Extension lectures and said he had a Feeble-Minded boy at home. Fifty cents of it came from a thrifty washerwoman in Burlington who canvassed a city block where poor people like herself lived, and told them she hoped to have her own Feeble-Minded child cared for when the colony should be ready for residents.

A Clearing House for the Mentally-Defective.

In New York the Commissioner of Charities, Michael J. Drummond, established in 1913 a "Clearing House for Mental-Defectives" which is held at the Post-Graduate Hospital. It is stated that children are sent to this Clearing House from 147 different sources in the City, such as Courts, Churches, Schools and Church Settlements. Dr. Max G. Schlapp is in charge, and is assisted by seven Assistant Neurologists and three Psychologists. Every help that medicine and surgery can give is made available for the children at the clinic. About 2,800 such examinations have been made. In October moving pictures at the Metropolitan Insurance Building showed the work of the "Clearing House," and a free exhibit with lectures took place during the whole of October. Valuable information and help is thus given to the public in an easily understood form.

A great many new cases have been sent to the Clearing House for help since the Exhibit opened, and the attendance at the latter has been sometimes over 2,000 per day.

The outline sketches below from *The Survey* show the places where different grades of Mentally-Defective persons stop and can go no farther.


MORON
Mentally 10 to 12 yrs old
WORK REQUIRING REASON & JUDGMENT
HIGH GRADE IMBECILE
Mentally 8 to 10 yrs old
COMPLEX MANUAL WORK
MEDIUM IMBECILE
Mentally 6 to 8 yrs old
SIMPLE MANUAL WORK
LOW GRADE IMBECILE
Mentally 4 to 5 yrs old
SIMPLE MENTAL WORK
IDIOT
Mentally 3 yrs old & under
SELF PRESERVATION
STEPS IN MENTAL DEVELOPMENT
Where they stumble—the limit of development of each type.

North Carolina.

In 1911 the Legislature of North Carolina gave a grant of $60,000 to establish a School for the Feeble-Minded, and the citizens of Kingston gave a fine piece of land. In March, 1913, an appropriation of $10,000 was made by the Legislature to complete the School.

The money on hand will provide the necessary accommodation for 130 Feeble-Minded children, at a total cost it is stated of $1,000 per bed.

By using modern business plans for building such a school it has been found possible to erect simple but substantial and comfortable buildings for this purpose at a cost of about $500.00 per bed. This is important, because economical business plans will greatly hasten the necessary provision for the Feeble-Minded.

A Programme.

The Russell Sage Foundation, like every other Social Institution, has long had opportunities to study the problem of the Feeble-Minded. Dr. Hastings Hart, the Director of the Department of Child-Helping, suggests:—

1. That in every new Institution for Feeble-Minded Children preference be given in granting admission to girls of child-bearing age.

2. That every Institution for Feeble-Minded Children shall cease to receive girls under the age of twelve and boys of any age until every Feeble-Minded girl of child-bearing age is provided for.

Much may be said in favour of this plan, but we must not forget that so far as the serious question of the procreation of Feeble-Minded children is concerned Feeble-Minded boys and men are also a grave danger to the community.

New York.

The New York Board of Education has this year appointed two visiting teachers for the Ungraded Classes. The interests of the children in the Special Classes, of their families and of the community will be helped by this step. So far as is known at present this is the first time that an appropriation has been made or such officers employed by a Board of Education, though last year the Public Education Association lent one of their Social Workers to do this work. She studied each child from every point of view and was able in this way to be of great use to the teacher and the child. The two visiting teachers are Miss Dorothy Brown, who has done School Nursing and also Visiting Nursing, and Miss Julia Culp, a Kindergarten teacher who has also been a social worker.

Dr. Montessori in America.

Interest in work for Mentally-Defective children was stimulated by the visit of Dr. Maria Montessori to America in December, 1913.

It is well known that her methods which are derived and elaborated from the work of Seguin and others were first used in training Mentally-Defective Children in the "Casa Bambini" of the tenements in Rome. Then she devoted herself with great success to developing methods for training normal children based upon her work with the Sub-normal. Eminent gifts and personal charm, a scientific mind, and a wonderful capacity for work and for training assistants and fellow-workers have made the Montessori methods as developed by her of assistance and inspiration to others who can use them.

The Buffalo Congress.

The Fourth International Congress on School Hygiene was held in Buffalo, August 25th-30th, 1913. The United States and Canada were well represented and there were a few delegates from Great Britain, including Dr. James Kerr and Dr. Crowley, of the Board of Education, London, as well as a number of delegates from other countries.

The time and attention given to the question of Mentally-Defective Children both on the programme and by the general public was far greater than at any previous Congress.

Five Sessions of over three hours each were devoted to subjects connected with the education and care of Mentally-Defective and Backward Children. In particular the minute discussion of the Binet-Simon Tests and other means of testing general intelligence and mental age were closely followed by a large audience.

The history of the Binet-Simon Scale and its usefulness as well as the development and standardization of these and other tests to assist the Medical Examiner and the teacher form a very important subject of enquiry.

In 1904 an educational order was passed in Paris that Mentally-Defective children must be educated, and it was to meet the need of tests for mental defect that Binet and Simon in 1905 first published the "Scale." Two Revisions have been issued, one in 1908 and the other in 1911. Other valuable tests have been proposed by workers in Europe and America and it is hoped that before long this subject will be dealt with in a satisfactory manner.

Nothing needs to be said to emphasize the importance of such an examination. The whole course of an individual's life may be profoundly affected by it and the irresponsible and unauthorized way in which ignorant people sometimes make statements as to supposed mental defect in someone of whom they know little or nothing cannot be too strongly repudiated by all right-minded persons.

Psychology and Feeble-Mindedness.

This Conference at Buffalo was important on account of the co-operation of Educators, Psychologists and Physicians.

The Physician must learn to use the Mental Tests. The Psychologist must not place too much reliance on Mental Tests. The teacher must not over-value practical school-room experience, nor must the other two under-value it. The Doctor can remove or improve defective physical conditions and so help. Positive findings are more valuable than negative findings.

Inasmuch as the earliest knowledge of the Mental Deficiency of Children must necessarily come to teachers and other Educational authorities, it must be remembered that the method of recognizing and dealing with the problem of the Mentally-Defective in Schools is by far the best. It is the only one which is distinctly preventive, and the only one which gives the Mentally-Defective child a chance for the development of what powers he may possess, especially of powers of self-support and self-development.

Prison Reform and the Feeble-Minded.

In the Morals Court in Chicago, Dr. Dwyer, the Physician appointed as Assistant to the Court in 1913, has made a report on 759 women who have appeared before the Court from April to December, 1913. The examination took account both of the physical and mental condition of the woman.

The following are the occupations of the 759:—

House Workers	225
Waitresses	174
Laundresses	136
No occupation	106
Clerks or Cashiers	83
Cleaners	24
Dressmakers	6
Stenographers	4
Manicurist	1
	759

Practically all of them needed medical care and attention.

Two-Thirds Were Mentally-Defective.

Two-thirds of them on examination were found to be Mentally-Defective. If they had been recognized in the Public Schools and placed under permanent care and guardianship how much money and time and crime and civic and national degradation and deterioration would have been saved!

No Occupation.

One hundred and six with no occupation. They could have been trained to an occupation they would have liked and partly at least supported themselves in an institution adapted for them.

House Workers.

Two hundred and twenty-five houseworkers! The occupation most necessary to home and family comfort and efficiency! The occupation that of all others needs social recognition and reorganization! What a chance for the Florence Nightingale or St. Theresa of the Twentieth Century!

Help Needed.

To remove the Mentally-Defective from the delinquent class alone would be productive of much good to her and to Society. To make the best of the Mentally-Defective delinquent woman in the only place where she can "make good" that is, in an Institution, would be a wonderful help and relief to Judges, Magistrates, Juries, Gaols and citizens.

Social Dangers.

The Feeble-Minded cannot be members of a normal community. Their crimes against Society proceed from want of sense, want of self-control and want of will.

Thus they set fire, as in instances above mentioned, to the house which shelters them, to the school where they are being taught, or to the barn where they have slept just because they are tired of monotony, or of their present surroundings and want to see the excitement and change produced by a burning building and the rapid assembling of people and horses accompanied by a noise and tumult. Normal people are interested in a fire, but they realize too well the loss, danger and wickedness of incendiarism to cause a fire. The Mentally-Defective, on the other hand, are mentally more or less in the condition of the baby attracted by the flames.

Intemperance.

Want of control in the Feeble-Minded leads often to intemperance. It is well known that a majority of chronic alcoholics are more or less Mentally-Defective. Sexual immorality occurs among Mentally-Defective persons to a fearful extent, and sometimes debases the community in which they live. More than one country district in Ontario has appealed for help against a Feeble-Minded family that was simply a centre of evil in the community.

Crime.

Want of self-control among the Feeble-Minded leads not infrequently to murder.

Dr. Savage, Physician to Earlswood Asylum, tells of a Mentally-Defective boy who when slightly irritated by his little sister killed her. He had no sense of what he had done. It was a sudden uncontrolled impulse.

Mentally-Defective prisoners allowed to leave the Court on probation have been known to commit the same crime on the way home.

Other crimes endangering life and property such as the placing of obstructions on a railway track are committed by the Feeble-Minded partly because they have no will of their own and partly because they have no sense to realize the wickedness of wrecking the train and endangering innocent lives.

The Social Evil.

The cause of the so-called Social Evil is receiving more attention of late. Recent investigations in Toronto and elsewhere show that a considerable number of prostitutes in Canada are more or less Feeble-Minded. The estimated number is from 25 to 50 per cent. of the total, but all who have accurate information on the subject agree that the permanent care and control of Feeble-Minded girls and women in Institutions where they could be usefully and happily employed would prevent much evil by removing a cause that is constantly operating.

Syphilis as a Cause of Feeble-Mindedness.

The discovery of the micro-organism causing this dreadful and shameful disease, the introduction of new and better methods of treatment, the highly important and accurate means of diagnosis, especially in obscure and para-syphilitic cases, known as the Wassermann reaction, and, above all, a marked change in public opinion, have all exerted a powerful influence on the present state of knowledge in regard to this matter, and foreshadowed a new and greatly improved mode of action on the part of the legislators, health authorities, physicians and the general public to prevent and where possible to cure this shame of civilization.

It is now known that syphilis in parents has a relation to mental defect in their children. Not that it is the cause of mental defect in very many cases. But the percentage is considerable enough to be important.

Dr. J. Leslie Gordon, of Aberdeen, Assistant Medical Officer in the Caterham Asylum, in a valuable paper on this subject (Lancet, Sept. 20, 1913) gives the number of Mentally-Defective children having congenital syphilis as 66 out of 400 examined, a percentage of 16.5. The stigmala of syphilis were present in 11 only out of the 66, but the Wassermann reaction revealed the true situation.

Dr. Sherlock, another observer, gives the number of mentally defective persons who suffer from congenital syphilis as 14.4 per cent. These results are sig-

nificant, and when known to our people will hasten the day when syphilis will be treated as a contagious disease, which it is. It will hasten the day when treatment for this disease, thorough, systematic and continued till cure occurs, will be insisted on by the community in self-defence.

"If some measures for the control of venereal disease were to be adopted in this country, and were to result, as I think they undoubtedly would, in a diminution of the incidence of idiocy, imbecility, and Feeble-Mindedness, they would, indeed, well justify their adoption quite apart from considerations of other beneficial results. This is clear when we take into account the ever-increasing burden which congenital Mental-Deficiency imposes on the community."—Gordon.

Eugenics.

A sign of progress in these matters is the success of the new Study of Eugenics. The platform on which Galton, Major Darwin, Adami and other leaders stand has commended itself to the world at large. No plank in this platform is a stronger one than that which declares for permanent care and control for the Feeble-Minded so that they should not become parents.

The Mental Deficiency Act of 1913 is an advance towards eugenic ideals.

The Feeble-Minded have no right to become parents. This is a wrong to them, a wrong to their unfit, unhappy, wretched children, and a crime against the country. We now know that the greatest cause of Feeble-Mindedness is heredity. Legislation to improve the housing or the feeding or anything else about the Feeble-Minded is useless. The root of the matter is to prevent their birth.

Development of Industrial Colonies.

Three main reasons lead us to care for the Feeble-Minded.

1. The necessity of protecting Society from their inefficiency, crime and prolific procreation.

2. The need of protecting the Feeble-Minded from chronic poverty, misery, abuse, temptation and the consequences of the crime and wickedness of themselves and others.

3. The necessity of giving them employment so that they may be trained and developed and made as far as possible economically productive, as well as happy and useful.

These and other reasons that might be urged point to the establishment of the Industrial and Farm Colonies which have been so successful in Britain, the United States and other countries. It is now about 36 years since the first was established in Great Britain, and the history of their gradual development has been a record of steady progress and improvement. Much more can be done in the training of the Feeble-Minded than would appear possible until a fair trial is given each one at, if necessary, several different employments until the work at which he or she can do best is found. If perfect patience, great understanding, the power of making everything simple, analysing such a simple act as putting on and lacing up a pair of boots, and teaching one step at a time, and persevering to the end, are all employed by a Superintendent and staff who have the right spirit, it is marvellous what results can be obtained in such Colonies.

It may take months or a year to teach a girl to hold an ordinary sewing-needle and thread it and make a few poor stitches, but that girl, in course of time, may be an excellent operator on the sewing machine and earn her own living (but only *inside* the Institution—*outside* all goes wrong).

The Colony makes a community or world of their own for the Feeble-Minded. There they enjoy for the first time self-respect and the respect of others. Utter discouragement is replaced by confidence, they feel the effects of a healthy rivalry with others and of the stimulus of seeing that they can do something worth doing. "The call of the job" reaches them at last. Facilities for recreation and frequent change of occupation are a great means of carrying on successfully the work of a colony and the building up of the powers of the inmates.

Cheap and suitable land, situated within reasonable distance of the population which the Institution is to serve, is the prime requisite for such a colony. It must have a good water supply and be as far as possible self-supporting in regard to food and all other necessary supplies, including building supplies. These and all other plans for the care of the Mentally-Defective are of course useless without adequate powers of detention. Such are some of the lessons learned by a study of the Farm and Industrial Colonies in Monyhall and Darenth, in England, or at the Princess Christian Colony in Kent, or at some of the Colonies in the United States, Templeton, Mass.; Menantico, N.J.; Fort Wayne, Ind.; Lincoln, Ill.; Faribault, Minn.; Columbus, Ohio, and Letchworth, N.Y.

These Colonies have worked wonders in converting to usefulness waste human material, in increasing health and happiness, in relieving many homes and families of grievous and intolerable difficulties and burdens, and in preventing the birth of a great host of Mentally-Defective children who would otherwise have been added every year to the burdens of the nation and caused deterioration of the national character.

The Templeton Farm Colony in connection with the Massachusetts School for the Feeble-Minded is on seven large "abandoned" farms comprising a tract of 2,000 acres in extent, three miles long and a mile wide, broken by hills and valleys and by a little river. This tract of land contains timber, wood, gravel, sand and building-stone and was bought for about $10.00 per acre.

Self-Support.

As time goes by and more and more is learned about the powers of the Feeble-Minded we shall become more business-like and economical in the care of them. At the very least, such an Institution should do *all* of its own work, even to the weaving of tweed and towels and the making of boots, stockings and nearly everything else. Raising flowers and vegetables may well be a means of income.

In about another century it will be found if we really take charge of most of the Feeble-Minded that the community is saving money, because they have cut off the supply of paupers and other costly luxuries, and that we are not building so many new Prisons, Orphanages, Refuges, Rescue Homes, etc., etc. Meantime the great thing to do is to find the Feeble-Minded instead of leaving them to waste our National capital in more ways than one behind our backs, then to keep them under the eye and management of some kind and capable person, happily occupied earning their living as far as possible.

How far is it possible for a Feeble-Minded person to earn his or her living? Not an easy question to answer. In the first place, they never can "pay house-rent" as it were. When the site is provided and buildings are put up, can they manage to make ends meet? This is a question which is arousing great interest in England at the present time, on account of the Mental Deficiency Act of 1913, and really no one can yet give an authoritative answer.

Darenth.

Excluding rent or loan and special or central expenses, in fact "overhead charges," it seems that at Darenth, a great Industrial Colony, which is more like a first-class comfortable factory than anything else, the average weekly cost of each patient (given in The Hospital, October 11th, 1913) was 9s. 7½d., of which 3s. 4d. represented the cost of maintenance.

They Like to Work.

Dr. Rotherham, the Superintendent at Darenth, says that the hours are "From 9 to 12 and 1 to 5. No inducement is required to keep the patients at work, and they require little discipline in the schoolboy sense of the word. The punishment most dreaded by any of the patients is to be removed from the workroom back to the ward. The Feeble-Minded, however, differ markedly from those in full possession of their faculties in two respects which affect administration. They are not prone to play the fool, like schoolboys, or to be careless and scamp their work, like men who have grown beyond the stage of school-larking. Once they show signs of taking an interest in what they do, their patient persistence, industry, and care in the use of mechanical devices, like the knitting machines that you saw just now, are very striking. They like to be at work all day; and though they work more slowly than healthily developed people, they are more steady and sure than most, and it is very rare indeed for us to have an accident with any of the machinery that we use.

The work is necessarily run on commercial lines, with order-books, elaborate accounts and so on. The factory inspector pays us periodical visits, and though our products are not intended for the general market, we supply the largest part of what is needed for the forty-seven Institutions of the Board. The workshops include those of the tailors, the shoemakers, the upholsterers, the basket-makers, the carpenters, the bookbinders, the printers, the brush-makers, the wood-choppers, the mat-makers, a small tinsmith's, where twenty-one boys are employed, who last year made 3,581 new articles and repaired 345. The workshops for Feeble-Minded girls include weaving, straw-hat making and rug-making, and in the Training School a variety of occupations are taught, like flower work, macramé work (so beloved of English cottagers) Teneriffe and drawn-thread work and so on. Some of the Teneriffe work is exquisitely done, as also is the sewing, for which certain patients show a wonderful aptitude. You will notice that the patients are almost all smiling and cheerful.

How is the Work Distributed?

The Board has a central store in London to which many of the articles are sent, and frequently orders arrive from one or other of the Board's Institutions: "Can you let us have 100 mattresses at once?" and so on. Only a few days ago an order came for 30, and they went off the next morning. Though a certain amount of machinery is employed, for the most part the work is done by hand, and some perhaps would say that there is an irony in the fact that in the twentieth century hand work on a large scale survives mainly among the Feeble-Minded. How skilled much of their work is can be seen, from another point of view, in the fact that an Exhibition of industrial occupations is being held during October in London, for which many articles, furniture among them, are being made here.

Indeed, the work of this colony and its function in relation to the other institutions controlled by the same authority may be best described by calling Darenth the Supply Department of the Metropolitan Asylums Board. Innumerable forms, papers, ledgers, bed cards are necessary for its work, and the largest part of the printing of these is done here. We even print our own Prayer-books. The chaplain, Mr. C. M. Jenkins, finding that a shortened form of service was more suitable to the needs of the patients, obtained permission from the Bishop slightly to curtail the established use for morning and evening prayer, and this is now printed and bound here for use in the chapel services.

All the Attendants and Nurses Specially Trained.

Yes, in addition to their mental training the nurses are apprenticed for two months to brush-making or whatever may be the occupation in which they intend to become instructors. The industrial attendants, as the men are called, have additional leave, and their hours of work are less than those of the nurses—on the male side from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. My experience has gone to show that it does not pay to have very highly-skilled instructors—men and women, that is, who are experts in the occupation in which they have to instruct the patients here. The reason is that such skill pre-supposes an interest in the work which militates against the unfailing patience that is required to teach the Feeble-Minded, and has been acquired without, as a rule, any experience in nursing. It is very important that the instructors should regard their pupils as patients first of all, and the habit of mind which produces this is that which a training in nursing can best provide. The teaching staff in the second building, known as the adult colony, which was converted from an ordinary mental hospital to its present use in 1904, and is capable of housing 1,166 patients, consists, on the male side, of a craft-master, Mr. Bickmore, his assistant, and sixteen industrial attendants, together with a master shoemaker and upholsterer. On the female side, under Miss Ferrier, the matron, are a head sempstress, her assistant, and eleven industrial attendants, together with a kitchen and laundry staff. The colony for adults is in part recruited from the training school and the record which was kept during the preliminary period indicates the sort of work which they are most likely to do well. Sometimes, of course, a patient is moved from shop to shop before a bent is found in him, and I can think now of one of our best carpenters who for six months seemed to make no progress at all in this work, which he now does with great skill. The fact that the patients know that what they make is going to be of practical use, or, in other words, that they are executing orders and not working merely to pass the time, stimulates them enormously, and gives a degree of self-respect difficult otherwise to find a means of inculcating. Physical drill has also been invaluable in this respect: they perform the exercises extremely well, and not only their physique, but their manners and appearance, have improved immensely from it.

What is the Financial Value of the Patients' Work?

Roughly speaking, it may be said that the patients' work pays for the salaries of their attendants, and in addition contributes £2,000 a year towards the expenses of the colony. This figure is, of course, exclusive of the capital expended."

What We Pay for the Feeble-Minded in Ontario.

1. For house rent, firing, furniture, food and clothes, medicine and medical attendance and nursing and care, while they do nothing for themselves.	Because they are maintained by night and day in hospitals, houses of refuge, refuges, orphanages, havens, rescue homes or by patriotic, benevolent, church and other societies, and municipalities and private persons, so that they shall not starve.
2. For the care of their children, largely illegitimate.	Because they have on an average twice as many children as normal people.
3. For enforcement of law and order and the care of them in prisons, and the cost of trials and all other legal and judicial processes.	Because they are continually committing crimes over and over again.
4. For the consequences of their crimes.	Because they burn houses and barns, wreck railway trains, commit indecent assault and commit murder.
5. For the constant supervision of them in respectable homes.	Because it takes one good citizen's time to care for one mentally defective person in a home.
6. For the moral damage they do.	Because they harm and corrupt others with their evil ways, and are a temptation to others, and centres of immorality.
7. For the national and social unhappiness, degradation and deterioration they cause.	Because they bring into being unfit and foolish citizens, and thus pass on to coming generations the curse of Feeble-Mindedness.
8. For the loss of happy home-life, the great security of national and personal well-being.	Because the normal children are really deprived of the mother's care—she must give all her time to the Feeble-Minded one. Because proper social intercourse with other families is thus rendered impossible. Other members of such families in Ontario have been forced to leave home, have threatened to run away, and have said their lives were ruined.

In other words, we pay more in cash now for the maintenance of the Feeble-Minded than their permanent care in Industrial and Farm Colonies would cost us.

Through the agency of teachers, public health officials, clergymen and others willing to help in protecting the Feeble-Minded every case should be reported to the Municipal Clerk of the township, village, town or city in which the Feeble-Minded person resides. A register of the names and addresses of all Feeble-Minded persons should be kept in each municipality. In that way alone will the municipalities be brought face to face with this responsibility, and gradually come to recognize the fact that to neglect providing custodial care for the Feeble-Minded in Ontario is a great economic blunder.

What the School Can Do.

Find the Feeble-Minded children in school and out of school. Give them a second chance in an Auxiliary or Special Class. If they are shown to be Feeble-Minded and incapable of attaining self-support and citizenship, notify the proper Municipal and Provincial Authorities in order that they may receive suitable training and permanent care.

What the Municipality Must Do.

Provide care, control and training for all its Feeble-Minded Children in Industrial Farm Colonies, so that they may be safe and happy, learn useful occupations and help in their own support. Parents to support their own children as far as possible. Where parents are unable to do this, the cost to be provided for out of Municipal taxes, Government grants and private generosity. Adults to be cared for in separate Institutions of the Industrial Farm Colony or Village type.

Appoint a Committee on the Care of Mental-Defectives.

In cities, organize a central "Vocational Clinic," "Clearing House" or "Social Service Clinic" in connection with a Hospital where the Educational Authorities, the Juvenile and other Courts, the Officers of Justice and all others concerned with the problem of Mental-Defectiveness could send children or adults for a confidential study and expert opinion as to their mental age and capacity.

I have the honour to be.

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

Helen MacMurchy,

Inspector of Feeble-Minded.

FORTY-FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

INSPECTOR OF PRISONS AND PUBLIC CHARITIES

UPON THE

Hospitals and Charitable Institutions

OF THE

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

BEING FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30th SEPTEMBER,

1913

PRINTED BY ORDER OF
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PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS,

TORONTO, DEC. 3RD, 1913.

To His Honour SIR JOHN MORISON GIBSON, *Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, a Colonel in the Militia of Canada, etc., etc., Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario.*

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOUR:

I beg to submit herewith the Forty-fourth Annual Report upon the Hospitals and Charitable Institutions of Ontario, being for the official year ending September 30th, 1913.

I have the honour to be,

Your Honour's obedient servant,

W. J. HANNA,

Provincial Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE

INSPECTOR OF PRISONS AND PUBLIC CHARITIES, ONTARIO.

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, TORONTO, NOV. 14TH, 1913.

SIR,—I have the honour to transmit herewith, to be presented to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, the Forty fourth Annual Report upon the Hospitals and Charitable Institutions, etc., for the official year ending September 30th, 1913.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

R. W. BRUCE SMITH,

Inspector.

THE HONORABLE W. J. HANNA, M.P.P.,

Secretary of the Province of Ontario.

Toronto.

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Hospitals and Charitable Institutions

In presenting the forty-fourth annual report on the Hospitals and Charitable Institutions for the year ending September 30th, 1913, I beg to state that there are at present in Ontario:—

89 Public Hospitals, including 12 Sanatoria for Consumptives.
57 Private Hospitals.
37 Refuges.
33 Orphanages.
3 Homes for Incurables.
3 Convalescent Homes.
31 County Houses of Refuge.

These have received official visits of inspection during the year, and those entitled to Government aid in accordance with the Statute have shared in the grants voted by the Legislature for Hospitals and Charities.

The Hospitals.

The record of the year indicates the continued success and progress of the Hospitals of Ontario:

Number of patients in the hospitals, October 1st, 1912	3,608
Number of patients admitted during the year	60,920
Number of births in the hospitals during the year	4,210
Total number under treatment during year	68,738

The above figures do not include those who received medicine and treatment as outdoor patients.

Number of deaths during the year	4,058
Percentage of deaths to number under treatment	5.90
Total number of days' stay in the hospitals	1,406,677

Provincial grant to hospitals	$232,376 03
Amount received from all sources	2,026,035 05
Subscriptions, donations, etc.	231,515 88
Total expenditure for hospitals (including capital account, $1,183,762.12)	3,155,310 09
Average cost for each patient per day	1.48
Percentage of Provincial grant to total maintenance expenditure	.118

Provincial Aid to Hospitals.

1. A Provincial grant is made for all patients in a hospital during the first ten years of its existence at the rate of twenty cents per day, irrespective of what sum is contributed by the patients themselves.

2. After a hospital has been in existence for ten years the grant is paid only for patients for whose maintenance $7.00 per week or less is contributed.

3. In all cases the limit is 120 days, and if the patients remain in the hospital longer than that period the refuge rate of seven cents per day is allowed.

4. Children over one year and under twelve years are allowed for at the rate of seven cents per day.

5. No allowance is made for infants under one year of age.

Aid to Sanatoria for Consumptives.

1. A grant of $1,000 on the erection and satisfactory equipment of the necessary buildings.

2. A grant of three dollars per week for the maintenance of each patient for whose support $4.90 per week or less is contributed.

These grants to be in consideration of proper accommodation being provided, and only to assist in the maintenance of indigent patients coming from the Province of Ontario. There were 1,781 patients cared for in the 9 different Sanatoria for Consumptives during the past year.

The Year's Work.

The progress made in the Hospitals of Ontario during recent years may justly be considered commendable. Twenty years ago there were only thirty-four hospitals in this Province; to-day there are eighty-nine such institutions

The following table is of interest:

	Total number of patients.	Total expenditure for hospital maintenance.
1893. 34 hospitals	14,363	$ 321,473 44
1903. 61 "	39,223	852,240 51
1913. 89 "	68,738	1,971,577 67

Ten years ago there was only one Sanatorium for Consumptives; to-day there are 8 Sanatoria for Consumptives in different parts of Ontario.

This splendid showing is a tribute to the philanthropy of the people through whose benevolence hospitals have been provided in every part of the Province. To the credit of Ontario, no public hospital has yet been compelled for lack of support to close its doors, and in many places where doubts were at first expressed regarding the likelihood of hospitals to be sustained experience has demonstrated that the local hospital is now looked upon as a necessity in every County. Some of the most thriving hospitals are located in the towns, and before long every physician in Ontario will be provided with hospital facilities for his patients within easy reach of their homes.

During the past year, Sir William Osler, in his address as President of the British Hospital Association, made reference to the system of hospitals in Ontario as an example to the whole world. Commendation from such an eminent authority must be regarded as highly satisfactory. The Ontario Hospital Act of 1912 has been pronounced by English Journals as furnishing a standard worthy of adoption by other countries. The Old Country hospitals have been

founded and exist solely for the treatment of people unable to pay for their maintenance. The result has been to encourage pauperism to such an extent as to render difficult the financing of many of the British Hospitals, notwithstanding their great endowments. The middle classes in England are not provided for and have to resort to Nursing Homes, many of which Sir William Osler declares are poorly equipped and indifferently managed. Instead of providing in General Hospitals, as is done in Ontario, for rich and poor with a system of graded charges, the poor alone are admitted, and, instead of all classes of the community being cared for, the hospital is regarded as an institution only for those in needy circumstances.

The Ontario Hospital Act provides that poor people shall have every necessary care, but that those able to pay for their maintenance shall be encouraged to do so. The Act further provides that the burden of caring for the poor shall not be placed wholly upon the hospital management, but a portion paid by the municipality from which the patient came to the hospital. On the other hand, accommodation is provided for those able to pay more than what it actually costs for maintenance and the surplus goes to assist in paying for those unable to contribute the full quota. In brief, the system in Ontario is that the rich help the poor, and everyone is encouraged to contribute according to their means. The result is that the total cost is so distributed that the hospital cannot be regarded as a burden to any community.

New Toronto General Hospital.

The completion of the new Toronto General Hospital, at a cost of $3,500,000, must be regarded as the great hospital event of the year. It will afford accommodation for over seven hundred patients and its completion has been most satisfactorily accomplished. The members of the Hospital Trust have demonstrated what may be accomplished by earnestness and sincerity of purpose, deservedly meriting and securing liberal support in carrying out a great scheme for the public weal. Probably never before on the American Continent has any single Hospital Board succeeded in bringing to completion such an undertaking and enabling the hospital to open its doors, with practically no debt to encumber its future maintenance. Only those actively interested in hospital work can appreciate what has been accomplished. Probably there is to-day in many respects no better hospital in the world, and civic pride can justly be taken in the splendid pile located in the most central part of the city and made readily accessible by an efficient system of motor ambulances.

A few years ago, when the American Hospital Association was convened in Toronto, hospital conditions were such that the visitors expressed surprise. To-day if such a gathering was held the General and the Hospital for Sick Children and Nurses' residence could be pointed to with the satisfaction of knowing that these are institutions unsurpassed on this continent.

St. Michael's and the Western Hospitals have also, during the past year, made substantial additions to their equipment.

Toronto's Greatest Hospital Need.

The necessity for having in Toronto a reception hospital for nervous and mental diseases is now a recognized requirement which cannot longer be delayed. Proper provision for the treatment of incipient insanity is most inadequate.

The barbarous custom of committing many suspected of being insane to gaol is now, by recent legislation, declared illegal. In a city of nearly half a million people, cases are daily reported for whose care and treatment some provision must be made. The City of Toronto has provided by by-law one hundred thousand dollars for such an institution. The history of every such Reception Hospital shows that a large percentage of the patients who were given the advantage of treatment in the early stages recovered without having to be sent to the larger hospital. The excellent work accomplished by Reception Hospitals was first demonstrated in Germany where, under the name of Psychiatric Clinics, it has for years been demonstrated that in the incipient stages mental and nervous diseases can be cured without having to commit such patients by legal process. Insanity, although one of the most dreaded diseases, is still little understood by the medical student at graduation. A Reception Hospital in a great University centre like Toronto, would afford facilities for the individual study of all that phenomena known as insanity and the future medical graduate would go forth with clinical advantages which would indirectly prove of incalculable benefit to the community at large. The Provincial Hospitals afford excellent provision for the insane and the scientific treatment of the patients in Ontario institutions is fully equal to that found in any other country, but the progress being made directs attention to the necessity for a special central Reception Hospital. Those who are specially engaged in the Provincial Hospitals have been the first in Ontario to point out the advantages that would come from having in Toronto a Reception Hospital where incipient cases might be kept under observation. Within the next two years the Provincial Hospital will be moved from Queen St. to Whitby, and in a city the size of Toronto what is now a great need will then be regarded as an absolute necessity. Toronto gaol will no longer be available and the emergency cases must be provided for. The time, therefore, seems most opportune for action. The needs for such an institution are fully recognized. A Reception Hospital might with advantage be organized by the city, but placed under Government control and management, and have the same financial relation to the municipality as a General Hospital under the terms of the *Hospital Act*. The City of Boston has now a Reception Hospital which might well be considered a model for Toronto. The State Hospital for the Insane is located at Dorchester, twelve miles away, and all emergency and incipient cases are first cared for at the Reception Hospital. Many of them are cured there without having to be certified and sent on to the larger State institution. The work that is being carried on so successfully at Boston and other American cities can be successfully inaugurated in Toronto. The notion that those manifesting the slightest symptoms of insanity form a special class of dependents and must be cared for by the Province in the large Provincial Hospitals is most misleading. The Province cares well for all suitable cases, but the necessity of taking care of the borderland cases, those in whom progress of disease may be prevented, will surely soon be recognized by local philanthropy.

Sanatoria for Consumptives.

During the past year 1,781 patients were admitted to the local Sanatoria for consumptives. When that number is compared with the total number of cases which are known to exist in Ontario, it will readily be seen that only a small percentage of patients suffering from tuberculosis are receiving hospital care. More and more it is becoming apparent that it is desirable to have more local sanatoria

established in different parts of the Province. The consumptives of each county, or group of counties, should have separate provision made for them where they can be cared for near their homes, and be occasionally visited by their own physicians. The work already done in this respect at St. Catharines, London, Hamilton, Ottawa, Gravenhurst, Kingston and Toronto, is an example which other districts should follow. The new Sanatorium for Essex County was opened during the past year and is doing excellent work. Waterloo County will have completed its sanatorium during the coming year. In some places the idea has prevailed that in establishing local sanatoria it would be necessary to copy the usual methods of hospital construction, and the question of expense has stood in the way. Expensive and ornate constructions should not be thought of in preparing plans for the housing of consumptive patients. The one aim should be to provide for a maximum amount of pure air at a minimum expense in architectural outlay. A frame building with wide verandahs and a few shacks comfortably fitted up would surely be an investment that every county in Ontario could profitably make. The many instances that we have in Ontario where consumption has been cured is assuring evidence that should justify the establishment of municipal sanatoria, especially when the Government grant is liberal. The districts in Germany, England and Scotland that have had sanatoria established for several years demonstrate the fact that these institutions are never a menace to the community where they are located. On the other hand, it is clearly shown that there is less tuberculosis in the immediate neighborhood of the institutions than there was previous to their establishment. We know that Gravenhurst has not suffered in any sense by having the two hospitals for consumptives so convenient thereto. This country is gradually awakening to the proper methods of dealing with the white plague and the next decade will no doubt bring about greatly increased sanitarium facilities for the proper care of the consumptive individual. The establishment of these local institutions will not only effect a cure, or improvement, in patients under their shelter, but one of their great missions will be to teach a proper mode of life to the community in general and to the consumptive in particular. They will spread the gospel of a life in pure air as the only proper mode of life for every human being.

On account of the efforts made to educate the public regarding the nature of tuberculosis and the successful means which may be adopted for its prevention, the death rate in Ontario is year by year growing less.

This splendid result must be ascribed to the efforts made by the Provincial Board of Health through the efficient District Officers to bring its Exhibit with its striking educational features before the people, to the introduction of suitable text books in our schools, as well as the dissemination of suitable literature, to the work of the local sanatoria with their dispensaries, and visiting nurses, and to the fact that the people of Ontario are more than ever appreciating the fact that healthy homes and pure air are the great essential necessities to rid this country of the disease.

Private Hospitals.

There are now 73 private Hospitals under Provincial license in accordance with the Act. A private hospital is defined as a house in which two or more patients are received and lodged at the same time, and if any house is used as private hospital without a license the occupier and all persons concerned in its management shall incur a penalty not exceeding $25 for every day during which

such use is continued. Every application for license to keep a private hospital must be made in writing to the Provincial Secretary, and shall furnish the full particulars as set forth in the Act. A fee of $5 must accompany each application for a license which cannot be granted unless the house is approved by the Inspector as suitable for the purposes indicated in the application, and the Provincial Secretary is satisfied as to the character and fitness of the applicant. Every licensed hospital shall according to the tenor of the license issued be either: (*a*) a licensed maternity hospital; (*b*) a licensed medical and surgical hospital or; (*c*) a hospital licensed both as a maternity and as a medical and surgical hospital. Every license must state the maximum number of patients who may be received and lodged in the hospital at any one time. Every license must be renewed annually in the month of October and the fee of $5 paid to the Provincial Secretary for the continuance of the license. The conditions under which a license may be revoked are clearly set forth and are sufficiently restrictive to render it absolutely necessary that a private hospital must be properly equipped, and conducted in a creditable manner. The superintendent of every private hospital must, under special exemption granted only by the Provincial Secretary, be either a legally qualified medical practitioner or a trained graduate nurse. Every private hospital must keep a register of patients open for inspection. If the Inspector believes or suspects that any house is used as a private hospital without being licensed he may at any time and from time to time, by himself or by any person authorized by him, enter and inspect such house and every part thereof, and any person who prevents or obstructs, or attempts to prevent or obstruct, any such entry or inspection shall incur a penalty not exceeding $200. A licensed hospital shall not be used for any purpose other than the purposes in respect of which the license is granted, nor for a greater number of patients than that authorized, under a penalty of $25 for every day during which it is so used. Births and deaths in a private hospital must be punctually registered. The deplorable condition that formerly permitted illegitimate children, born in private hospitals, sometimes designated maternity homes, to be secretly taken away to some isolated baby farms, is being gradually lessened. Every effort is being made to have these infants nursed by their own mothers and no departure from this rule should be permitted except under most exceptional circumstances.

Fire Protection.

Ontario has been most fortunate in freedom from fires in its hospitals and charitable institutions. The large majority are unfortunately not of fireproof construction, hence the absolute necessity of insisting on proper fire protection in every institution where the sick and helpless are cared for. This is constantly urged and made a subject of report in every inspection. The licenses of two private hospitals were cancelled during the year on account of failure to provide the conditions called for.

It is gratifying to note that there has been considerable improvement of late in the facilities for fire protection at the hospitals and public charities of Ontario. Too great caution cannot be taken to have constantly at hand not only simple and effective means for checking a fire, but also a recognized and well understood system for the quick removal of the inmates if danger should be threatened. Those in charge of these refuges have in nearly every instance cheerfully complied with the suggestions that have been given, and it is pleasing to record many observed incidents indicating faithful and conscientious devotion to duty in caring for the old and infirm committed to their care.

The Undesirable Immigrant Class.

Attention must again be called to the fact that a large number of undesirable and unsuitable immigrants have been induced to come to Ontario and have, shortly after landing, become a public charge on our hospitals and charities. There are no more benevolent and patriotic people to be found anywhere than those who so generously support the charitable institutions of this Province. They have just reason to complain of the unreasonably large number of dependants and defectives that some designing agencies have induced to seek shelter here. The most kindly spirit has been displayed by our charitable organizations to provide for the needy and the sick, but when week after week cases are reported that should have been kept at home and apparently were only sent to Canada to be gotten rid of, it is little wonder that protests are made. Any system that permits steamship, or any other agency to induce immigration, without proper discrimination, cannot be defended. During the past year it has cost the hospitals and public charities of this Province of Ontario many thousands of dollars to provide for people who should never have been allowed to embark for this country. The fault lies in the system that allows these poor people to have their little means taken from them on the other side of the Atlantic and told they will be well looked after in Canada. The time and place to check the undesirable immigrant is when proposing to leave his domicile in the Old Country and before he agrees to pay the steamship agent double what his fare under ordinary circumstances would be. The fact that the dependents who become a public charge may be deported affords a most inadequate remedy. Deportations are made weekly from Ontario, but no one will become a party to insisting on a poor advanced consumptive or a helpless epileptic or imbecile undertaking an ocean voyage to his home. Many of these people tell pitiable tales of the false hopes held out to them by the wary steamship agent to induce them to leave home and come to a land pictured as all sunshine and prosperity.

City Refuges Receiving Government Aid.

There are 43 Refuges and Homes in Ontario receiving Government aid. The total population during the past year was 6,176. The total expenditure for the maintenance of these Refuges for the year was $480,378.83. Towards this expenditure the Government contributed $85,878.48 to be divided among the institutions at the rate of seven cents per day, as provided for by the Charity Aid Act, according to the length of residence of inmates, the balance of the expenditure being contributed by subscriptions, bequests, municipal grants, etc. These Refuges have all been regularly inspected according to Statute, and suggestions made in some instances for their improvement. Often it was found that there was a tendency to crowd too many inmates in dormitories and thus limit the air space. The regulation demanding that in every dormitory there must be a space of at least two feet between each bed and that each sleeping apartment must be properly ventilated, is not observed as well in some institutions as in others. Those in charge of these Refuges are fortunately realizing more than ever before, the responsibilities resting upon them for the care and protection of the old and helpless people committed to their care. The municipal grant received by these Refuges from the cities and towns wherein they are located must hereafter according to recent legislation at least equal the Government grant. Unfortunately this has not been the case in some municipalities. For example, in Ottawa the

municipal grants to the Refuges of that city last year amounted to $6,300.00 while the Government grants to these institutions were $15,325.03. This is not as it should be and suggests the wisdom of the Act which now states that in no case shall the Government grant be greater than the annual municipal grant for the maintenance of these institutions which largely exist for the benefit of the Municipality in which they are located. This must in future be definitely understood. As soon as the local municipality appreciates that the local refuges must receive municipal aid equal to that coming from the Government the relief will surely not be withheld.

Houses of Refuge.

There are now 31 County Houses of Refuge in Ontario, a new one for the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry having been opened at Cornwall during the past year. During the past year the average number of inmates in the County Houses of Refuge was 1,810. Nearly all these institutions are well conducted and the inmates provided with comfortable homes. Those counties which hesitated for many years before complying with the statute, which compels each county to provide a home for its indigents, now recognize their local institutions are a necessity and that in making provision for the old people, a humane step has been taken. There are many Houses of Refuge in Ontario that do credit to the counties which have erected and are maintaining them. There are a few instances, however, where there is an apparent tendency on the part of the county councils to neglect the duty of keeping up the necessary repairs and improvements needful for the comfort of the old people committed to these institutions. The comfort of the inmates so much depends upon the management. The time has come when every House of Refuge should have an efficient nurse to care for the sick and infirm. The inmates should never be allowed to care for themselves. This condition, fortunately, is now confined to only a few counties. At some of the institutions where I have pointed out the necessity of reforms being instituted in order to have the inmates, their bedding and clothing, kept in a proper condition, the argument has been raised that the inmates were never as comfortable in their lives before. From that point of view such contention may in some instances be correct. But such a point of view is not the right one to take. These Houses of Refuge are public institutions, maintained and supported by the ratepayers, who have a right to expect and demand that abuses shall not be tolerated. It is not in any way encouraging extravagance to insist that these institutions should be kept clean and free from vermin, and that the inmates when sick should have some one employed to nurse them and minister to their needs. When proper help is employed there is no difficulty in conducting these Houses as they should be. The result of the past year's inspections affords gratifying evidence that in nearly all the Counties an earnest effort is being made to conduct the Houses of Refuge properly, and some of the institutions that were criticized in previous reports have been greatly improved.

The recent legislation, which has done away with the right to tax municipalities according to the number of poor sent to Houses of Refuge, is most satisfactory. The cost of maintenance is now levied on the whole county.

Orphanages.

During the past year 33 Orphanages have received Government aid. These institutions had a total population of 5,261 children. The total expenditure for the maintenance of these charities during the year was $217,605.42. The Govern-

ment grant to assist in meeting that expenditure was, at the rate of two cents per day, $18,796.39, the balance being contributed by private donations, municipal grants, etc. An official visit of inspection was paid to each of these institutions. The domestic management was found in nearly every Orphanage to be carefully and prudently looked after. The funds contributed for the maintenance of these institutions are expended most carefully, and their financial returns compare most favorably with those of similar charities in other countries.

The number of children in the Orphanages of Ontario is 263 more than last year. This is not a hopeful sign, and on inquiry I find that the increase in the number of inmates is in many institutions ascribed to the many children belonging to the immigrant class, recently arrived in this country, who have had to be provided for. The best institution is a poor substitute for the home. The Children's Aid Societies throughout Ontario have more applications for children for adoption than can be supplied, and it seems peculiar that so many children should be kept in Orphanages who might be adopted into comfortable homes. Nearly all the institutions for the care of children in Ontario are well managed, but at best the life of a child therein is deprived of that broadening development that comes from intercourse with outside children. The environment in childhood has a potent influence in moulding character. No matter how kindly cared for they may be in these institutions, there is lacking some of the elements that make for rugged upbuilding of character. We are yearly providing in Canada comfortable homes for hundreds of children brought out from the Orphanages of Great Britain while keeping so many of our own native born young Canadians housed in our own institutions. The majority of people taking English children express a preference for Canadian born, but for some reason their wishes cannot be complied with. The fault lies, I am convinced, not nearly so much with the people in charge of our Orphanages as with the persons who commit children to these institutions with the expressed understanding that they must be kept there and not given out for adoption into private homes. I have expressed the opinion that the rules governing the admission of all inmates should be changed so as to permit the management of all our Orphanages, after a child has remained a certain period, to decide in regard to his removal for adoption.

My visits of inspection, and my daily communication in one form or another with the Hospitals and Public Charities of Ontario, impress me with the fact that these institutions are, with very few exceptions, conducted in a manner that deserves commendation. Those in charge generally esteem the duty and privilege of personal service, and appreciate the fact that whatever may be the nature of the work which engages their attention, however they may be absorbed in plans for the enlargement and betterment of one particular scheme and method, they seldom lose sight of the fact that it is the suffering and the necessitous for whom they are planning and acting, and that only in so far as this suffering is alleviated and these necessities relieved can they claim true success, or rest satisfied with their labors. Two thousand years ago it was said by Him who while on earth went about doing good, "The poor ye have always with you." This saying is equally true to-day, and the best results can be accomplished and the highest level of achievement reached only by responding with the best that is in us to accomplish the tasks duty and privilege have assigned us.

R. W. BRUCE SMITH, *Inspector.*

TABLE I.—Showing the general movements in each hospital separately.

Hospitals.	Location.	Capacity in beds.	Number remaining under treatment on 1st Oct., 1912.	Number admitted during the year ending 30th Sept., 1913.	Number of births in hospital during the year.	Total number under treatment during the year ending 30th Sept., 1913.	Number discharged during the year.	Number who died during the year.	Number remaining under treatment on 30th Sept., 1913.
General Hospital	Toronto	650	318	5,587	371	6,276	5,482	396	398
Grace Hospital	"	121	100	1,534	311	2,142	1,933	118	91
Hospital for Sick Children	"	250	150	1,498	.....	1,648	1,256	256	136
St. Michael's Hospital	"	400	240	4,229	234	4,803	4,220	326	257
Western Hospital	"	259	127	3,276	244	3,621	3,152	268	201
The Orthopedic Hospital	"	35	21	288	.....	309	289	3	17
St. Joseph's Hospital	Hamilton	53	39	870	.....	909	817	46	46
Mountain Sanatorium	"	73	58	134	.....	192	120	5	67
General Hospital	Kingston	184	80	1,952	76	2,108	1,945	88	75
Hotel Dieu Hospital	"	165	74	1,711	38	1,823	1,685	62	76
General Protestant Hospital	Ottawa	150	111	2,351	1	2,463	2,235	128	100
Roman Catholic Hospital	"	250	122	2,610	.....	2,732	2,468	119	145
Misericordia Maternity Hosp.	"	165	102	266	264	629	524	2	103
Maternity Hospital	"	24	37	497	467	1,001	952	19	30
St. Luke's General Hospital	"	85	72	1,499	.....	1,571	1,447	60	64
Royal Sanatorium	"	38	29	107	.....	136	65	37	36
General Hospital	London	300	155	2,453	218	2,834	2,535	154	145
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	80	60	1,038	128	1,226	1,110	54	62
Queen Alexandra Sanator'm	"	50	28	73	.....	101	68	1	32
General and Marine Hosp.	St. Catharines	90	46	821	124	991	876	62	53
Consumptive Sanatorium	"	15	13	24	.....	37	14	14	9
General Hospital	Galt	50	16	435	45	496	419	52	25
General Hospital	Guelph	85	58	986	92	1,136	1,037	45	54
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	68	28	589	29	646	582	35	29
General Hospital	Pembroke	95	27	701	.....	728	629	42	57
Cottage Hospital	"	30	17	286	11	314	275	21	18
General Hospital	Mattawa	45	29	301	.....	330	289	12	29
J. H. Stratford Hospital	Brantford	72	36	814	57	907	774	71	62
St. Joseph's Hospital	Port Arthur	100	61	1,319	60	1,340	1,225	49	66
Railway and Marine Hosp.	"	50	23	671	13	707	629	28	50
General Hospital	Belleville	80	23	761	51	835	767	38	30
St. Vincent de Paul Hosp.	Brockville	87	32	1,054	43	1,149	1,047	47	55
General Hospital	"	60	38	578	46	662	587	36	39
General and Marine Hospital	Collingwood	50	21	383	41	445	378	34	33
Nicholls' Hospital	Peterborough	72	32	697	38	767	690	45	32
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	70	31	627	28	682	630	21	31
Hotel Dieu Hospital	Windsor	115	51	940	34	1,025	897	75	53
St. Joseph's Hospital	Chatham	47	29	583	92	704	601	53	50
General Hospital	"	85	46	635	64	745	658	46	41
General Hospital	Stratford	65	27	561	57	645	578	36	31
Amasa Wood Hospital	St. Thomas	10	31	514	54	602	538	33	31
General and Marine Hosp.	Owen Sound	80	17	431	36	484	437	22	25
St. Joseph's Hospital	Sudbury	130	66	1,588	29	1,683	1,522	65	96
General Hospital	Woodstock	35	23	400	27	450	393	31	26
Berlin and Waterloo Hosp.	Berlin	70	20	526	26	572	503	44	25
General Hospital	Sarnia	52	26	599	72	697	607	52	38
Royal Victoria Hospital	Barrie	75	25	358	39	422	369	25	28
Hotel Dieu Hospital	Cornwall	105	39	658	.....	697	634	29	34
General Hospital	"	50	20	499	18	537	488	20	29
Muskoka Cottage Sanatorium	Gravenhurst	94	67	170	.....	237	162	2	73
Muskoka Free Hosp. for Con.	"	180	144	263	.....	407	229	14	164
General Hospital	Kenora	50	9	248	18	275	239	18	18
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	60	12	260	8	280	243	17	20
General Hospital	Sault Ste. Mar.	103	49	693	32	774	694	39	41
Victoria General Hospital	Renfrew	15	5	162	14	181	160	9	12
Ross Memorial Hospital	Lindsay	35	22	330	15	367	317	30	20
McKellar General Hospital	Fort William	130	57	1,746	85	1,888	1,687	107	94
General Hospital	Walkerton	27	11	136	18	165	139	15	11
Queen Victoria Hospital	North Bay	43	20	484	18	522	466	27	29
General Hospital	Midland	15	11	180	9	200	177	12	11
St. Francis' Hospital	Smith's Falls	21	32	448	22	502	471	14	17
King Edward Sanatorium	Weston	310	127	486	3	616	262	158	196
Free Hospital for Consump.	"								
Queen Mary Hosp. for Children	"								
Victorian Hospital	Almonte	14	5	116	23	144	124	11	9
General Hospital	Niagara Falls	25	20	373	22	415	367	25	23
General Hospital	Wingham	20	10	132	12	154	141	8	5
General and Marine Hosp.	Goderich	14	6	124	16	146	132	9	5
Lady Minto Hospital	New Liskeard	15	10	228	4	242	201	18	23
Royal Alexandra Hospital	Fergus	75	34	276	7	317	278	18	21
General Hospital	Parry Sound	40	5	176	6	187	166	12	9
General Hospital	Orillia	30	20	353	28	401	358	18	25
General Hospital	Welland	30	16	437	17	470	419	25	26
General Hospital	Ingersoll	19	4	127	9	140	123	8	4
General Hospital	Kincardine	23	2	82	9	93	86	4	3
Cottage Hospital	Cobourg	14	6	120	4	130	102	16	12
General Hospital	Oshawa	25	16	312	13	341	287	37	17
Charlotte E. Englehart Hosp.	Petrolea	20	7	150	5	162	142	11	9
General Hospital	Clinton	20	4	150	3	157	155	2	.....
General Hospital	Penetang	12	2	117	20	139	131	3	5
General Hospital	Orangeville	12	0	90	12	102	94	5	3
General Hospital	Port Hope	9	0	58	2	60	50	6	4
General Hospital	Bowmanville	17	0	96	11	107	83	10	14
Mowat Sanitarium	Kingston	28	0	55	.....	55	28	12	15
General Hospital	Smith's Falls	52	0	363	10	403	375	13	15
		.....	3,668	60,920	4,210	68,758	60,462	4,058	4,218

TABLE II.—Showing the collective stay in days of the adult and infant patients, also the average length of time each patient was under treatment.

Hospitals.	Location.	Number of patients (not including births).	Collective stay of infants under one year of age.	Collective stay of adult patients.	Total collective stay of adults and infants.	Average stay of each patient (including births).
General Hospital	Toronto	9,379	5,708	115,729	121,527	19.4
Grace Hospital	"	2,142	4,451	31,667	36,118	16.8
Hospital for Sick Children	"	1,618	3,252	48,170	51,422	31.2
St. Michael's Hospital	"	4,803	4,136	93,790	97,926	20.4
Western Hospital	"	3,821	3,416	58,837	62,253	17.5
The Orthopedic Hospital	"	300	12	8,034	8,046	26.0
St. Joseph's Hospital	Hamilton	1,000	.....	14,393	14,393	15.8
Mountain Sanatorium	"	192	.....	2,150	2,150	11.2
General Hospital	Kingston	1,428	225	23,028	23,253	15.8
Hotel Dieu Hospital	"	1,823	278	29,823	30,101	16.5
General Protestant Hospital	Ottawa	1,465	1,365	39,075	40,440	16.4
Roman Catholic Hospital	"	1,758	142	45,530	45,672	16.7
Misericordia Maternity Hospital	"	824	22,548	20,597	43,115	68.5
Maternity Hospital	"	1,001	5,433	6,096	11,529	11.4
St. Luke's General Hospital	"	1,571	83	21,514	21,597	13.7
Royal Sanatorium	"	136	.....	12,955	12,955	95.2
General Hospital	London	2,834	4,108	48,519	52,627	18.6
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	922	2,128	21,485	23,613	19.3
Queen Alexandra Sanitorium	"	101	.....	10,851	10,851	107.4
General and Marine Hospital	St. Catharines	991	2,194	13,386	15,580	15.7
Consumptive Sanatorium	"	37	.....	3,117	3,117	84.2
Galt Hospital	Galt	496	615	7,998	8,613	17.4
General Hospital	Guelph	1,136	948	21,165	22,113	19.4
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	646	381	13,085	13,466	20.8
General Hospital	Pembroke	428	32	14,926	14,958	20.5
Cottage Hospital	"	314	204	5,077	5,281	13.6
General Hospital	Mattawa	326	157	8,410	8,567	25.9
J. H. Stratford Hospital	Brantford	1,417	732	15,522	16,254	17.1
St. Joseph's Hospital	Port Arthur	1,349	819	21,380	22,199	16.5
Railway and Marine Hospital	"	707	31	10,749	10,780	15.2
General Hospital	Belleville	835	593	11,314	11,907	14.3
St. Vincent de Paul Hospital	Brockville	1,149	660	19,043	19,703	17.1
General Hospital	"	812	691	11,808	12,499	18.7
General and Marine Hospital	Collingwood	445	69	9,604	10,204	22.9
Nicholls' Hospital	Peterborough	767	1,078	10,832	11,910	15.1
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	682	411	9,928	10,338	15.2
Hotel Dieu Hospital	Windsor	1,025	379	16,445	16,824	16.4
St. Joseph's Hospital	Chatham	704	1,339	9,156	10,495	14.9
General Hospital	"	745	971	12,114	12,985	17.4
General Hospital	Stratford	645	799	10,835	11,634	18.0
Amasa Wood Hospital	St. Thomas	602	689	9,148	9,837	16.3
General and Marine Hospital	Owen Sound	484	470	7,148	7,618	15.7
St. Joseph's Hospital	Sudbury	1,683	513	24,579	25,092	14.8
Woodstock Hospital	Woodstock	455	296	7,336	7,632	16.9
Berlin and Waterloo Hospital	Berlin	572	360	8,060	8,420	14.7
General Hospital	Sarnia	697	1,252	10,428	11,680	16.7
Royal Victoria Hospital	Barrie	422	486	7,457	7,943	18.8
Hotel Dieu Hospital	Cornwall	985	17	15,770	15,787	22.6
General Hospital	"	537	205	8,865	9,070	16.9
Muskoka Cottage Sanatorium	Gravenhurst	233	.....	23,361	23,361	98.7
Muskoka Free Hosp. for Consump.	"	407	.....	54,963	54,963	135.0
General Hospital	Kenora	565	257	4,565	4,822	17.5
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	287	100	7,922	8,022	28.6
General Hospital	Sault Ste. Marie	774	400	12,537	12,937	16.7
Victoria General Hospital	Renfrew	181	144	3,459	3,603	19.9
Ross Memorial Hospital	Lindsay	367	199	5,893	6,092	16.6
McKellar General Hospital	Fort William	885	1,417	22,719	24,136	12.8
General Hospital	Walkerton	165	234	3,624	3,858	23.4
Queen Victoria Hospital	North Bay	522	231	7,331	7,562	14.5
General Hospital	Midland	200	114	3,090	3,204	16.0
St. Francis' Hospital	Smith's Falls	536	419	6,137	6,556	13.0
King Edward Sanatorium	Weston	1,616	659	62,732	63,391	10.3
Free Hospital for Consump.	"	1,144	239	1,729	1,968	13.6
Queen Mary Sanatorium	Almonte	415	305	5,779	6,084	14.6
Victorian Hospital	Niagara Falls	854	193	2,428	2,621	17.2
General Hospital	Wingham	146	188	2,290	2,478	16.9
General Hospital	Goderich	242	52	4,715	4,767	19.7
General and Marine Hospital	New Liskeard	317	468	6,644	7,112	22.4
Lady Minto Hospital	Fergus	187	95	2,406	2,501	13.4
Royal Alexandra Hospital	Parry Sound	411	392	6,417	6,809	17.0
General Hospital	Orillia	470	29	6,047	6,076	13.3
General Hospital	Welland	140	18	2,667	2,685	19.2
General Hospital	Ingersoll	93	222	1,238	1,360	14.6
General Hospital	Kincardine	246	50	2,417	2,471	19.0
Cottage Hospital	Cobourg	341	154	6,414	6,568	19.2
General Hospital	Oshawa	166	12	3,614	3,734	23.0
Charlotte Eleanor Englehart Hospital	Petrolia	157	39	1,524	1,556	9.9
General Hospital	Clinton	139	324	1,068	1,392	10.0
General Hospital	Penetang	146	198	1,323	1,521	14.9
General Hospital	Orangeville	61	29	567	596	9.9
General Hospital	Port Hope	107	145	1,154	1,289	12.0
Mowat Sanitarium	Bowmanville	55	.....	3,633	3,633	66.0
General Hospital	Kingston	443	647	4,604	5,251	13.0
Totals for 1913	Smith's Falls	48,758	84,[illegible]	[illegible]	1,406,677	[illegible]
Totals for 1912		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	21.4

TABLE III.—Showing the deductions which have to be made from the collective stay of patients for the protracted residence of incurables, lying-in cases, etc. For persons coming within these classes only seven cents per day is allowed.

Hospitals.	Location.	Collective days' stay, exclusive of infants under one year of age.	Deduct for incurables and lying-in cases, for which only Refuge rate is allowed, also deduct the days' stay of patients who paid over $4.90 per week.	No. of days' stay for which hospital allowance is made.
General Hospital	Toronto	115,729	37,859	77,870
Grace Hospital	"	31,667	12,939	18,728
Hospital for Sick Children	"	51,601	1,250	50,351
St. Michael's Hospital	"	93,790	21,608	72,182
Western Hospital	"	58,837	22,340	36,497
The Orthopedic Hospital	"	8,034	6,373	1,661
St. Joseph's Hospital	Hamilton	14,393	4,828	9,565
Mountain Sanatorium	"	21,560	.....	21,560
General Hospital	Kingston	33,028	13,518	19,510
Hotel Dieu Hospital	"	29,415	8,137	21,278
General Protestant Hospital	Ottawa	39,075	18,590	20,485
Roman Catholic Hospital	"	45,550	19,980	25,550
Misericordia Maternity Hospital	"	20,597	13,698	6,899
Maternity Hospital	"	6,096	4,221	1,875
St. Luke's General Hospital	"	21,514	13,454	8,060
Royal Sanatorium	"	12,955	.....	12,955
General Hospital	London	48,519	14,530	33,989
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	21,485	15,589	5,896
Queen Alexandra Sanatorium	"	10,851	.....	10,851
General and Marine Hospital	St. Catharines	13,386	6,841	6,545
Consumptive Sanatorium	"	3,117	.....	3,117
Galt Hospital	Galt	7,998	3,480	4,518
General Hospital	Guelph	21,165	3,571	17,594
St Joseph's Hospital	"	13,085	4,709	8,376
General Hospital	Pembroke	14,926	4,685	10,241
The Cottage Hospital	"	5,077	1,201	3,876
General Hospital	Mattawa	8,410	953	7,457
J. H. Stratford Hospital	Brantford	15,522	4,625	10,897
St. Joseph's Hospital	Port Arthur	21,380	5,342	16,038
Railway and Marine Hospital	"	10,470	208	10,262
Belleville Hospital	Belleville	11,314	4,393	6,921
St. Vincent de Paul Hospital	Brockville	19,043	8,844	10,199
General Hospital	"	11,808	6,742	5,066
General and Marine Hospital	Collingwood	9,604	4,348	5,256
Nicholls' Hospital	Peterborough	10,832	2,594	8,238
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	9,928	3,641	6,287
Hotel Dieu Hospital	Windsor	16,445	7,706	8,739
St. Joseph's Hospital	Chatham	9,156	4,643	4,513
General Hospital	"	12,014	6,536	5,478
General Hospital	Stratford	10,835	3,955	6,880
Amasa Wood Hospital	St. Thomas	9,148	2,958	6,190
General and Marine Hospital	Owen Sound	7,148	3,366	3,782
St. Joseph's Hospital	Sudbury	24,579	3,144	21,425
Woodstock Hospital	Woodstock	7,336	3,632	3,704
Berlin and Waterloo Hospital	Berlin	8,060	3,506	4,554
General Hospital	Sarnia	10,428	5,047	5,381
Royal Victoria Hospital	Barrie	7,457	1,754	5,703
Hotel Dieu Hospital	Cornwall	15,770	2,042	13,728
General Hospital	"	8,865	3,432	5,433
Muskoka Cottage Sanatorium	Gravenhurst	23,361	.....	23,361
Muskoka Free Hosp. for Cons.	"	54,963	.....	54,963
General Hospital	Kenora	4,565	942	3,623
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	8,022	1,574	6,448
General Hospital	Sault Ste. Marie	12,537	3,288	9,249
Victoria General Hospital	Renfrew	3,459	840	2,619
Ross Memorial Hospital	Lindsay	5,893	3,016	2,877
John McKellar Memorial Hospital	Fort William	22,719	3,049	19,670
General Hospital	Walkerton	3,624	469	3,155
Queen Victoria Hospital	North Bay	7,331	1,469	5,862
General Hospital	Midland	3,090	589	2,501
St. Francis' Hospital	Smith's Falls	6,137	346	5,791
King Edward Sanatorium	Weston	62,732	.....	62,732
Free Hospital for Consumptives	"	.....	.....	.....
Victorian Hospital	Almonte	1,739	206	1,533
General Hospital	Niagara Falls	5,779	161	5,618
General Hospital	Wingham	2,428	120	2,308
General and Marine Hospital	Goderich	2,290	112	2,178
Lady Minto Hospital	New Liskeard	4,715	287	4,428
Royal Alexandra Hospital	Fergus	6,644	862	5,782
General Hospital	Parry Sound	2,406	644	1,762
General Hospital	Orillia	6,417	496	5,921
General Hospital	Welland	6,047	255	5,792
General Hospital	Ingersoll	2,505	166	2,339
General Hospital	Kincardine	1,238	20	1,218
Cottage Hospital	Cobourg	2,415	113	2,302
General Hospital	Oshawa	6,414	110	6,304
Charlotte Eleanor Englehart Hosp.	Petrolea	3,614	477	3,139
General Hospital	Clinton	1,524	57	1,467
General Hospital	Penetang	1,068	92	976
General Hospital	Orangeville	1,323	15	1,308
General Hospital	Port Hope	567	16	551
General Hospital	Bowmanville	1,154	.....	1,154
Mowat Sanitarium	Kingston	3,633	.....	3,633
General Hospital	Smith's Falls	4,604	219	4,385
		1,325,939	366,820	959,119

TABLE IV.—Relative to income of Hospitals.

Hospitals.	Location.	Amount received from municipalities as a grant and for patients' maintenance.	Amount received from patients for board.	Amount received as income from property or investments belonging to hospital.	Subscriptions and donations of private individuals and incidental receipts.	Total receipts from all sources other than the Government grant.
		$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
General Hospital	Toronto	62,983 45	87,900 62	37,515 15	9,296 27	197,695 49
Grace Hospital	"	13,656 40	35,861 78	2,820 46	1,374 63	51,713 27
Hospital for Sick Children	"	35,516 91	8,204 46	8,347 40	35,453 43	87,522 26
St. Michael's Hospital	"	57,852 30	54,310 90	.....	1,971 00	114,134 20
Western Hospital	"	22,257 30	60,913 50	.....	7,423 26	90,594 06
The Orthopedic Hospital	"	.....	11,252 03	235 12	40 58	11,528 53
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	832 50	11,387 55	.....	685 00	12,905 05
General Hospital	Kingston	8,950 00	24,640 90	.....	4,387 70	37,978 60
Hotel Dieu Hospital	"	3,154 00	13,536 76	.....	7,715 59	24,406 35
General Protestant Hospital	Ottawa	15,610 50	37,216 90	3,942 27	4,898 03	61,667 79
Roman Catholic Hospital	"	11,083 20	35,511 74	2,000 00	3,121 97	51,716 91
Misericordia Maternity Hosp.	"	550 00	2,636 25	.....	8,587 72	11,773 97
Maternity Hospital	"	550 00	13,475 00	.....	1,463 23	15,488 23
St. Luke's General Hospital	"	7,609 20	28,448 43	1 20 85	3,896 95	40,154 43
General Hospital	London	41,995 79	33,470 62	163 69	14,437 72	90,067 75
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	.....	29,381 96	.....	.....	29,381 96
General and Marine Hospital	St. Catharines	2,750 00	17,318 70	45 00	224 60	20,288 30
Galt Hospital	Galt	3,600 00	7,292 84	111 32	1,895 62	15,897 78
General Hospital	Guelph	2,997 35	22 994 65	.....	5,977 81	31,969 81
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	2,778 95	10,701 70	.....	1,004 20	14,484 85
General Hospital	Pembroke	2,556 23	8,097 58	.....	924 88	11,578 69
The Cottage Hospital	"	541 00	4,526 65	143 82	3,482 44	8,692 91
General Hospital	Mattawa	.....	4,929 50	.....	1,405 53	6,335 03
J. H. Stratford Hospital	Brantford	6,850 00	12,843 06	237 91	522 40	20,493 37
St. Joseph's Hospital	Port Arthur	1,750 00	18,402 21	.....	3,662 00	23,814 21
Belleville Hospital	Belleville	1,500 00	13,806 18	107 00	1,646 02	17,059 20
St. Vincent de Paul Hospital	Brockville	1,915 00	18,420 62	.....	3,183 23	23,518 85
General Hospital	"	1,600 00	12,603 15	1,487 27	7,485 83	23,176 25
General and Marine Hospital	Collingwood	850 00	10,247 08	.....	42 48	11,239 56
Nicholls' Hospital	Peterborough	.....	10,259 56	11,854 82	.....	21,154 38
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	.....	8,070 05	.....	1,432 89	9,502 94
Hotel Dieu Hospital	Windsor	1,820 11	15 257 22	.....	871 20	17,948 53
St. Joseph's Hospital	Chatham	991 14	9,364 13	.....	305 50	10,661 07
General Hospital	"	609 81	16,203 50	.....	.....	16,813 31
General Hospital	Stratford	2,550 00	13,191 27	.....	854 43	16,595 70
Amasa Wood Hospital	St. Thomas	8,500 00	9,184 98	.....	.....	17,684 98
General and Marine Hospital	Owen Sound	1,992 00	8,341 15	.....	767 05	11,100 20
St. Joseph's Hospital	Sudbury	.....	19,566 27	.....	7,181 27	26,747 54
General Hospital	Woodstock	2,200 00	8,294 33	1,233 69	89 00	11,817 02
Berlin and Waterloo Hospital	Berlin	4,875 00	8,616 37	.....	4,806 24	18,297 61
General Hospital	Sarnia	2,000 00	11,228 25	1,572 86	1,951 93	16,753 04
Royal Victoria Hospital	Barrie	825 00	7,143 26	462 00	609 95	9,040 21
Hotel Dieu Hospital	Cornwall	2,325 00	4,450 00	.....	5,222 60	11,997 60
General Hospital	"	2,360 00	7,744 45	36 35	4,948 20	15,089 00
Muskoka Cottage Sanatorium	Gravenhurst	.....	48,612 18	.....	2,967 77	51,579 95
Muskoka Free Hosp. for Cons.	"	20,017 30	6,635 48	5,975 00	19,418 18	50,046 26
General Hospital	Kenora	825 00	3,440 54	.....	2,232 65	6,498 19
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	307 50	4,213 70	.....	1,453 66	5,974 86
General Hospital	Sault Ste. Marie	3,053 25	9,949 19	8,000 45	1,265 00	22,263 89
Victoria General Hospital	Renfrew	821 57	3,585 14	.....	401 00	4,807 71
Ross Memorial Hospital	Lindsay	1 750 00	6,289 55	1,063 54	1,856 00	10,959 09
John McKellar Mem'l Hosp.	Fort William	3,384 75	31,273 35	.....	2,095 65	36,753 75
General Hospital	Walkerton	1,635 00	2,880 14	9 72	859 74	5,401 60
Queen Victoria Hospital	North Bay	400 00	7,457 93	.....	778 00	8,636 93
General Hospital	Midland	500 00	4,162 72	.....	1,148 18	5,810 90
St. Francis' Hospital	Smith's Falls	250 00	5,112 36	.....	154 64	5,517 00
King Edward Sanatorium	Weston	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Queen Mary Sanatorium	"	33,695 32	6,304 61	1,994 14	3,242 69	46,333 76
Free Hosp. for Consumptives	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mountain Sanatorium	Hamilton	7,211 68	4,199 52	581 05	2,000 00	13,992 25
Victorian Hospital	Almonte	450 00	1,590 98	350 00	697 83	3,088 81
General Hospital	Niagara Falls	1,500 00	7,874 81	.....	237 25	9,612 06
General Hospital	Wingham	426 98	4,162 88	.....	176 63	4,766 49
General and Marine Hospital	Goderich	946 18	2,452 07	.....	83 35	3,481 60
Lady Minto Hospital	New Liskeard	225 00	5,937 74	.....	2,038 02	8,200 76
Royal Alexandra Hospital	Fergus	1,418 00	6,258 67	.....	2,780 16	10,456 83
General Hospital	Parry Sound	31 00	3,605 08	.....	430 75	4,066 83
General Hospital	Orillia	1,000 00	7,090 85	.....	245 91	8,336 76
General Hospital	Welland	2,400 00	7,950 85	.....	2,434 11	11,784 36
Railway and Marine Hospital	Port Arthur	1,750 00	8,875 95	.....	1,865 20	12,491 15
General Hospital	Ingersoll	3,000 00	2,626 32	.....	397 98	6,024 30
General Hospital	Kincardine	.....	1,368 32	1,250 50	333 31	2,952 13
Cottage Hospital	Cobourg	640 00	2,545 25	.....	984 81	4,149 06
General Hospital	Oshawa	1,100 00	7,921 72	.....	208 46	9,230 18
Consumptive Sanatorium	St. Catharines	1,661 03	853 95	117 58	501 09	3,133 65
Royal Sanatorium	Ottawa	10,889 94	735 06	.....	108 91	11,733 91
Queen Alexandra Sanatorium	London	4,176 30	3,753 03	.....	.....	7,929 33
Charlotte E. Englehart Hosp.	Petrolea	1,800 00	3,850 96	76 00	1,733 30	7,460 26
General Hospital	Clinton	426 84	2,808 00	.....	.....	3,234 84
General Hospital	Penetang	1,050 00	1,356 65	.....	707 60	3,114 25
General Hospital	Orangeville	1,765 89	2,173 94	.....	110 00	4,049 83
General Hospital	Port Hope	.....	887 97	.....	1,097 16	1,985 43
General Hospital	Bowmanville	.....	1,797 85	.....	47 04	1,844 89
Mowat Sanatorium	Kingston	500 00	701 95	.....	5,173 87	6,375 82
General Hospital	Smith's Falls	4,885 89	2,612 50	225 00	2,000 00	9,723 39
Totals for '1913		458,500 95	1,040,155 25	92,049 75	231,515 88	1,822,083 85
Totals for 1912		344,610 25	950,596 79	77,595 61	242,078 13	1,614,880 78

TABLE V.—Showing the basis on which statutory aid is granted.

Hospitals.	Location.	Collective days' stay upon which Hospital grants are based.	Collective days' stay upon which computation of Refugee rate is based.	Computation of 7 cents per day, being Refugee rate for improperness for Hospital treatment.	Amount of grant for proper Hospital cases.	Amount payable to each Hospital from appropriation by the Legislature for 1913.
General Hospital	Toronto	77,870	7,285	$509 95	$15,574 00	$16,083 95
Grace Hospital	"	18,728	2,003	140 21	3,745 60	3,885 81
Hospital for Sick Children	"	50,351	.....	.....	10,070 20	10,070 20
St. Michael's Hospital	"	72,182	1,672	327 04	14,436 40	14,763 44
Western Hospital	"	36,497	5,460	242 20	7,299 40	7,541 60
Orthopedic Hospital	"	1,661	967	67 69	332 20	399 89
St. Joseph's Hospital	Hamilton	9,565	606	42 42	1,913 00	1,955 42
Mountain Sanatorium	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
General Hospital	Kingston	19,519	5,805	408 35	3,902 00	4,308 35
Hotel Dieu Hospital	"	21,278	5,320	232 40	4,255 60	4,488 00
General Protestant Hospital	Ottawa	20,485	5,219	225 33	4,097 00	4,322 33
Roman Catholic Hospital	"	25,550	4,584	320 88	5,110 00	5,430 88
Misericordia Maternity Hosp	"	6,899	13,551	948 57	1,379 80	2,328 37
Maternity Hospital	"	1,875	.....	.....	375 00	375 00
St. Luke's General Hospital	"	8,060	1,186	83 02	1,612 00	1,695 02
Royal Sanatorium	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
General Hospital	London	33,980	6,297	440 79	6,796 80	7,238 59
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	5,896	199	13 93	1,179 20	1,193 13
Queen Alexandra Hospital	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
General and Marine Hospital	St. Catharines	6,545	556	38 92	1,309 00	1,347 92
Consumptive Sanatorium	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
General Hospital	Galt	4,518	981	68 67	903 60	972 27
General Hospital	Guelph	17,594	814	56 98	3,518 80	3,575 78
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	8,376	524	36 68	1,675 20	1,711 88
General Hospital	Pembroke	10,241	530	37 10	2,048 20	2,085 30
The Cottage Hospital	"	3,876	252	17 64	775 20	792 84
General Hospital	Mattawa	7,457	220	15 40	1,491 40	1,506 80
J. H. Stratford Hospital	Brantford	10,847	2,168	151 76	2,179 40	2,331 16
St. Joseph's Hospital	Port Arthur	16,038	1,394	97 58	3,207 60	3,305 18
Railway and Marine Hospital	"	10,262	208	14 56	2,052 40	2,066 96
General Hospital	Belleville	6,921	434	30 38	1,384 20	1,414 58
St. Vincent de Paul Hospital	Brockville	10,199	1,507	105 49	2,039 80	2,145 29
General Hospital	"	5,056	1,088	76 16	1,013 20	1,089 36
General and Marine Hospital	Collingwood	5,256	610	42 70	1,051 20	1,093 90
Nicholls' Hospital	Peterborough	8,238	497	28 49	1,647 60	1,676 09
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	6,287	270	18 90	1,257 40	1,276 30
Hotel Dieu Hospital	Windsor	8,739	494	34 58	1,747 80	1,782 38
St. Joseph's Hospital	Chatham	4,513	248	17 36	902 60	919 96
General Hospital	"	5,478	517	34 29	1,095 60	1,119 89
General Hospital	Stratford	6,880	360	25 20	1,376 00	1,401 20
Amasa Wood Hospital	St. Thomas	6,190	198	34 86	1,238 00	1,272 86
General and Marine Hospital	Owen Sound	3,782	491	34 37	756 40	790 77
St. Joseph's Hospital	Sudbury	21,435	339	23 73	4,287 00	4,310 73
General Hospital	Woodstock	3,704	587	41 09	740 80	781 89
Berlin and Waterloo Hospital	Berlin	4,554	423	29 61	910 80	940 41
General Hospital	Sarnia	5,381	238	16 66	1,076 20	1,092 86
Royal Victoria Hospital	Barrie	5,703	200	14 00	1,140 60	1,154 60
Hotel Dieu Hospital	Cornwall	13,728	1,546	108 22	2,745 60	2,853 82
General Hospital	"	5,433	393	27 51	1,086 60	1,114 11
Muskoka Cottage Sanatorium	Gravenhurst	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Muskoka Free Hosp. for Cons.	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
General Hospital	Kenora	3,623	278	19 53	724 60	744 13
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	6,448	799	55 93	1,289 60	1,345 53
General Hospital	Sault Ste. Marie	9,249	507	35 49	1,849 80	1,885 29
Victoria General Hospital	Renfrew	2,619	423	29 61	523 80	553 41
Ross Memorial Hospital	Lindsay	2,877	165	11 55	575 40	586 95
John McKellar Mem'l Hosp.	Fort William	19,670	1,178	82 46	3,934 00	4,016 46
General Hospital	Walkerton	3,155	469	32 83	631 00	663 83
Queen Victoria Hospital	North Bay	5,862	37	2 59	1,172 40	1,174 99
General Hospital	Midland	2,501	589	41 23	500 20	541 43
St. Francis' Hospital	Smith's Falls	5,791	346	24 22	1,158 20	1,182 42
King Edward Sanatorium	Weston	}	.....	.....	.....	.....
Free Hospital for Cons.	"					
Queen Mary Hosp. for Chldn.	"	}				
Victorian Hospital	Almonte	1,533	20	14 42	306 60	321 02
General Hospital	Niagara Falls	5,618	161	11 27	1,123 60	1,134 87
General Hospital	Wingham	2,308	120	8 40	461 60	470 00
General and Marine Hospital	Goderich	2,178	112	7 84	435 60	443 44
Lady Minto Hospital	New Liskeard	4,428	287	20 09	885 60	905 69
Royal Alexandra Hospital	Fergus	5,782	862	60 34	1,156 40	1,216 74
General Hospital	Parry Sound	1,762	74	5 18	352 40	357 58
General Hospital	Orillia	5,921	496	34 72	1,184 20	1,218 92
General Hospital	Welland	5,792	255	17 85	1,158 40	1,176 25
General Hospital	Ingersoll	2,379	166	11 62	467 80	479 42
General Hospital	Kincardine	1,218	20	1 40	243 60	245 00
Cottage Hospital	Cobourg	2,302	113	7 91	460 40	468 31
General Hospital	Oshawa	6,304	110	7 70	1,260 80	1,268 50
Charlotte E. Englehart Hosp.	Petrolea	3,139	475	33 25	627 80	661 05
General Hospital	Clinton	1,467	57	3 99	293 40	297 39
General Hospital	Penetang	976	121	8 47	195 20	203 67
General Hospital	Orangeville	1,308	15	1 05	261 60	262 65
General Hospital	Port Hope	551	16	1 12	110 20	111 32
General Hospital	Bowmanville	1,154	.....	.....	230 80	230 80
Mowat Sanatorium	Kingston	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
General Hospital	Smith's Falls	4,385	219	15 33	877 00	892 33
Totals for 1913		765,947	83,958	5,877 06	153,189 40	159,066 46
Totals for 1912		729,556	95,814	6,706 58	145,915 20	152,622 18

TABLE VI.—Showing the cost of maintaining the Hospitals, also the average daily cost per patient, etc.

Hospitals.	Location.	Collective days' stay, exclusive of infants under one year of age.	Cost of dietaries.	Salaries, fuel, light, medicine, bedding and all other expenditure on maintenance account.	Total expenditure for maintenance.	Average cost of each patient per day.
			$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
General Hospital	Toronto	115,729	68,898 62	140,949 89	209,848 51	1 81
Grace Hospital	"	31,667	14,688 49	32,828 15	47,516 64	1 50
Hospital for Sick Children	"	51,601	17,212 72	84,483 46	101,696 18	1 97
St. Michael's Hospital	"	93,790	50,596 10	66,919 11	117,515 21	1 25
Western Hospital	"	58,837	25,641 03	62,679 39	88,320 42	1 50
The Orthopedic Hospital	"	8,034	2,783 92	6,449 06	9,232 98	1 15
St. Joseph's Hospital	Hamilton	14,393	6,301 47	8,791 50	15,092 97	1 05
Mountain Sanatorium	"	21,560	7,190 09	16,989 83	24,179 92	1 12
General Hospital	Kingston	33,028	14,579 49	26,867 85	41,447 34	1 25
Hotel Dieu Hospital	"	29,415	12,666 80	13,467 01	26,133 81	89
General Protestant Hospital	Ottawa	39,075	22,000 40	42,483 84	64,493 24	1 67
Roman Catholic Hospital	"	45,530	15,677 57	23,311 97	38,989 54	85
Misericordia Maternity Hospital	"	20,597	6,546 46	10,385 26	17,231 72	84
Maternity Hospital	"	6,096	3,912 46	8,733 42	12,645 88	2 07
St. Luke's General Hospital	"	21,514	12,107 26	27,644 61	40,051 87	1 84
Royal Sanatorium	"	12,955	6,468 18	14,682 44	21,150 62	1 63
General Hospital	London	48,519	27,546 91	68,510 97	96,057 88	1 98
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	21,485	11,965 11	18,717 22	30,682 33	1 47
Queen Alexandra Sanatorium	"	10,851	4,014 15	10,481 98	14,496 13	1 33
General and Marine Hospital	St. Catharines	13,386	7,139 24	14,441 36	21,580 60	1 61
Consumptive Sanatorium	"	3,447	1,445 81	2,645 87	4,091 68	1 31
General Hospital	Galt	7,908	3,564 74	12,866 96	16,431 70	2 05
General Hospital	Guelph	21,165	9,383 67	18,697 02	28,080 69	1 37
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	13,085	6,970 87	9,063 66	16,034 53	1 11
General Hospital	Pembroke	14,926	4,977 48	8,846 56	13,824 04	92
The Cottage Hospital	"	5,077	2,296 94	7,502 00	9,798 94	1 93
General Hospital	Mattawa	8,410	1,856 00	5,344 91	7,200 91	86
J. H. Stratford Hospital	Brantford	15,522	5,973 30	16,536 21	22,509 51	1 47
St. Joseph's Hospital	Port Arthur	21,380	8,360 48	17,347 98	25,708 46	1 20
Railway and Marine Hospital	"	10,470	5,509 48	10,336 33	15,845 81	1 51
General Hospital	Belleville	11,314	4,189 71	11,930 84	16,120 55	1 43
St. Vincent de Paul Hospital	Brockville	19,043	8,615 60	16,812 72	25,450 41	1 28
General Hospital	"	11,808	6,130 91	15,457 80	21,588 71	1 83
General and Marine Hospital	Collingwood	9,604	3,700 55	8,442 74	12,143 29	1 26
Nicholls' Hospital	Peterborough	10,832	6,545 34	17,341 02	23,886 36	2 20
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	9,928	3,784 30	6,942 56	10,726 86	1 08
Hotel Dieu Hospital	Windsor	16,445	8,454 37	10,589 95	19,044 32	1 16
St. Joseph's Hospital	Chatham	9,156	4,505 07	7,382 69	11,887 76	1 30
General Hospital	"	12,014	6,029 23	11,627 25	17,656 48	1 47
General Hospital	Stratford	10,835	5,489 71	12,871 99	18,361 70	1 69
Amasa Wood Hospital	St. Thomas	9,148	4,662 89	10,039 84	14,702 73	1 61
General and Marine Hospital	Owen Sound	7,148	4,179 26	7,552 48	11,731 74	1 64
St. Joseph's Hospital	Sudbury	24,579	10,684 42	13,047 09	23,731 51	97
General Hospital	Woodstock	7,336	4,449 47	7,255 53	11,705 00	1 59
Berlin and Waterloo Hospital	Berlin	8,060	3,733 06	14,445 70	18,178 76	2 25
General Hospital	Sarnia	10,428	4,264 88	10,370 25	14,635 13	1 40
Royal Victoria Hospital	Barrie	7,457	3,527 12	6,586 90	10,114 02	1 36
Hotel Dieu Hospital	Cornwall	15,770	5,709 27	8,184 90	13,894 15	88
General Hospital	"	8,865	3 536 44	8,964 21	12,500 65	1 41
Muskoka Cottage Sanatorium	Gravenhurst	23,361	28 654 84	33,040 49	61,695 33	2 64
Muskoka Free Hosp. for Consump	"	54,963	25,776 03	47,264 92	73,040 95	1 33
General Hospital	Kenora	4,565	2,905 79	7,994 72	10,900 51	2 39
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	8,922	2,467 45	4,179 88	6,347 33	72
General Hospital	Sault Ste. Marie	12,537	5,694 65	13,734 53	19,429 18	1 55
Victoria General Hospital	Renfrew	3,459	1,596 30	3,325 62	4,921 92	1 42
Ross Memorial Hospital	Lindsay	5,893	3,431 54	8,459 63	11,891 17	2 02
John McKellar Memorial Hospital	Fort William	22,549	10,153 24	27,086 59	37,239 83	1 19
General Hospital	Walkerton	3,624	1,797 80	4,513 01	6,310 81	1 74
Queen Victoria Hospital	North Bay	7,331	3,704 15	6,644 59	10,348 74	1 41
General Hospital	Midland	3,090	1,427 24	4,245 48	5,672 72	1 83
St. Francis' Hospital	Smith's Falls	6,137	2,225 44	4,386 74	6,612 18	1 08
King Edward Sanatorium	Weston					
Free Hospital for Consumptives	"	42,732	31,707 68	53,069 04	84,776 72	1 98
Queen Mary Hosp. for Children	"					
Victorian Hospital	Almonte	1,539	889 39	2,747 47	3,636 86	2 36
General Hospital	Niagara Falls	5,779	2,777 89	7,811 33	10,589 22	1 83
General Hospital	Wingham	2,128	1,190 29	3,492 90	4,683 19	1 93
General and Marine Hospital	Goderich	2,290	720 44	3,096 96	3,817 40	1 67
Lady Minto Hospital	New Liskeard	1,745	2,364 05	5,715 72	8,079 77	1 71
Royal Alexandra Hospital	Fergus	6,644	3,184 21	8,491 92	11,676 13	1 70
General Hospital	Parry Sound	2,106	1,336 89	3,192 23	4,529 12	1 88
General Hospital	Orillia	6,417	2,510 40	6,162 77	8,673 17	1 35
General Hospital	Welland	6,047	3,659 49	9,410 96	13,070 45	2 16
General Hospital	Ingersoll	2,595	1,652 15	4,021 08	5,673 23	2 20
General Hospital	Kincardine	1,228	659 16	3,285 44	3,944 60	3 18
Cottage Hospital	Cobourg	2,415	1,230 63	4,267 63	5,498 26	2 28
General Hospital	Oshawa	6,114	2,150 48	6,036 42	8,186 90	1 28
Charlotte Eleanor Englehart Hosp	Petrolea	3,611	1,914 62	6,683 49	8,597 11	2 38
General Hospital	Clinton	1,524	1,148 00	2,164 25	3,312 25	2 17
General Hospital	Penetang	1,068	791 76	2,541 52	3,333 28	3 12
General Hospital	Orangeville	1,323	333 48	1,208 80	1,542 18	1 12
General Hospital	Port Hope	567	292 50	1,518 75	1,911 25	3 37
General Hospital	Bowmanville	1,454	232 59	1,461 50	1,694 09	1 47
Mowat Sanatorium	Kingston	3,663	1,382 17	4,119 52	5,501 69	1 51
General Hospital	Smith's Falls	1,604	1,506 41	6,983 29	8,489 35	1 84
		1,325,939	645,366 03	1,326,211 64	1,971,577 67	1 48

TABLE VII.—Showing the proportion of maintenance of Hospitals paid by the Government

Hospitals.	Location.	Revenues on maintenance account exclusive of Government grant.	Government grant in aid of maintenance.	Total revenue for maintenance.	Total expenditure for maintenance.	Percentage of Government grant to total expenditure for maintenance.
General Hospital	Toronto	$197,695 19	$15,967 50	$213,662 69	$209,848 71	7.5
Grace Hospital	"	51,713 27	3,441 42	55,154 69	47,516 64	7.2
Hospital for Sick Children	"	87,486 27	11,273 20	98,759 46	101,696 18	10.1
St. Michael's Hospital	"	114,134 29	10,753 73	124,887 [illegible]	117,515 21	9.1
Western Hospital	"	[illegible]	4,377 35	94,971 41	88,320 42	4.9
The Orthopedic Hospital	"	11,528 53	305 00	11,833 53	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Joseph's Hospital	Hamilton	13,433 65	1,643 21	14,548 [illegible]	15,092 97	10.9
Mountain Sanatorium	"	14,412 25	9,569 58	23,561 83	24,179 92	39.5
General Hospital	Kingston	37,978 50	3,984 74	41,963 34	41,447 34	9.6
Hotel Dieu Hospital	"	24,406 35	4,403 92	28,810 27	26,133 81	16.8
General Protestant Hospital	Ottawa	61,667 79	4,846 80	66,514 59	64,493 24	7.5
Roman Catholic Hospital	"	51,716 91	5,266 32	56,983 23	38,989 54	13.5
Misericordia Maternity Hospital	"	11,573 97	2,131 31	13,905 28	17,231 72	12.4
Maternity Hospital	"	15,488 23	316 65	15,804 88	12,645 88	2.5
St. Luke's General Hospital	"	40,154 43	2,011 42	42,165 85	40,051 87	4.1
Royal Sanatorium	"	11,733 91	5,416 71	17,150 62	21,150 62	25.5
General Hospital	London	90,067 75	5,754 59	95,822 34	96,057 88	6.
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	29,081 [illegible]	1,325 61	30,707 57	30,682 33	4.3
Queen Alexandra Sanatorium	"	7,929 [illegible]	3,241 71	11,171 04	14,496 13	2.2
General and Marine Hospital	St. Catharines	20,288 30	1,292 [illegible]	21,580 60	21,580 60	22.5
Consumptive Sanatorium	"	3,433 65	1,169 14	4,602 78	4,091 68	25.9
General Hospital	Galt	15,897 78	857 29	16,755 07	16,431 [illegible]	5.2
General Hospital	Guelph	31,[illegible] 81	3,480 66	35,450 47	28,[illegible]	12.4
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	14,484 85	1,740 52	16,225 37	16,034 53	10.8
General Hospital	Pembroke	11,578 69	2,910 12	14,488 81	13,824 24	21.0
The Cottage Hospital	"	8,[illegible] 91	909 33	9,602 24	9,798 94	9.3
General Hospital	Mattawa	6,335 03	863 11	7,198 14	7,200 91	12.0
J. H. Stratford Hospital	Brantford	20,[illegible] 35	1,749 99	22,243 36	22,509 51	7.8
St. Joseph's Hospital	Port Arthur	23,814 21	1,951 74	25,765 95	25,708 46	7.6
Railway and Marine Hospital	"	12,491 15	2,055 [illegible]	14,546 41	15,845 81	12.9
General Hospital	Belleville	17,059 20	[illegible] 45	17,968 65	16,129 [illegible]	5.6
St. Vincent de Paul Hospital	Brockville	22,[illegible] 85	2,491 57	25,110 42	27,[illegible] 41	9.8
General Hospital	"	23,176 25	1,244 38	24,420 63	21,588 [illegible]	5.8
General and Marine Hospital	Collingwood	11,[illegible] 56	978 94	12,248 50	12,143 29	8.2
Nicholls' Hospital	Peterborough	21,[illegible] 48	1,517 14	22,671 52	23,886 33	6.3
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	9,502 94	1,100 13	10,[illegible] 67	10,726 86	10.3
Hotel Dieu Hospital	Windsor	17,948 53	1,[illegible] 43	19,[illegible] 96	19,044 32	5.6
St. Joseph's Hospital	Chatham	10,661 07	1,021 84	11,682 91	11,887 76	8.6
General Hospital	"	16,[illegible] 31	780 73	17,594 04	17,656 48	4.5
General Hospital	Stratford	16,595 70	1,221 75	17,817 45	18,361 70	6.6
Amasa Wood Hospital	St. Thomas	17,[illegible] 48	592 72	18,277 70	14,[illegible] 73	4.3
General and Marine Hospital	Owen Sound	11,[illegible] 4	743 42	11,843 62	11,731 74	6.3
St. Joseph's Hospital	Sudbury	26,[illegible] 54	3,515 19	30,162 73	23,731 51	14.8
General Hospital	Woodstock	11,[illegible] 82	763 24	12,[illegible] 26	11,705 00	6.5
Berlin and Waterloo Hospital	Berlin	18,297 61	909 98	19,207 59	18,178 76	5.1
General Hospital	Sarnia	16,[illegible] 04	834 15	17,587 19	14,635 13	5.7
Royal Victoria Hospital	Barrie	9,040 21	1,[illegible] 81	10,114 02	10,114 02	10.6
Hotel Dieu Hospital	Cornwall	11,[illegible] 68	1,947 37	13,944 97	13,894 15	14.0
General Hospital	"	15,089 00	1,421 70	16,510 70	12,500 65	11.4
Muskoka Cottage Sanatorium	Gravenhurst	50,168 70	.....	50,168 70	61,695 33	.....
Muskoka Free Hosp. for Con.	"	50,[illegible] 2	22,565 15	72,711 41	73,040 95	30.9
General Hospital	Kenora	8,423 19	472 28	8,895 47	10,900 51	4.3
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	5,974 86	1,146 62	7,121 48	6,347 33	18.0
General Hospital	Sault Ste. Marie	22,963 89	1,317 23	24,281 12	19,429 18	6.8
Victoria General Hospital	Renfrew	4,807 71	575 54	5,383 25	4 921 92	11.7
Ross Memorial Hospital	Lindsay	10,959 19	1,650 24	12,609 43	11,891 17	13.8
John McKellar Memorial Hosp.	Fort William	36,753 75	3,571 61	40,325 36	37,239 83	9.6
General Hospital	Workerton	5,400 60	553 64	5,954 24	6,310 81	8.8
Queen Victoria Hospital	North Bay	8,[illegible] 93	1,093 02	9,729 95	10,348 74	10.5
General Hospital	Midland	5,810 90	501 42	6,312 32	5,672 72	8.8
St. Francis' Hospital	Smith's Falls	5,[illegible] 70	1,340 09	6,857 09	6,612 18	20.2
King Edward Sanatorium	Weston	46,333 76	18,[illegible] 71	64,[illegible] 47	84,776 72	21.5
Free Hospital for Consumptives	"					
Queen Mary Hosp. for Children	"					
Victorian Hospital	Almonte	3,088 81	303 03	3,[illegible] 84	3,636 86	8.3
General Hospital	Niagara Falls	9,612 06	[illegible] 30	10,439 36	10,[illegible] 32	7.8
General Hospital	Wingham	4,[illegible] 49	430 83	5,[illegible] 32	4,683 29	9.2
General and Marine Hospital	Goderich	3,481 60	657 09	4,138 69	3,817 40	17.2
Lady Minto Hospital	New Liskeard	[illegible] 76	1,[illegible] 57	[illegible] 33	8,079 [illegible]	12.7
Royal Alexandra Hospital	Fergus	10,[illegible] 84	1,148 [illegible]	11,[illegible]	11,676 13	9.7
General Hospital	Parry Sound	4,[illegible] 80	462 32	4,529 15	4,529 12	10.2
General Hospital	Orillia	8,336 76	1,220 63	9,557 39	8,673 17	14.1
General Hospital	Welland	11,784 [illegible]	978 69	12,763 [illegible]	13,[illegible] 45	7.5
General Hospital	Ingersoll	6,024 30	527 56	6,551 86	5,673 23	9.3
General Hospital	Kincardine	3,801 [illegible]	264 92	4,066 55	3,944 60	6.7
Cottage Hospital	Cobourg	4,149 06	452.51	4,601 57	5,[illegible] 2[illegible]	8.2
General Hospital	Oshawa	9,230 18	905 55	10,135 73	8,[illegible] 6	11.0
Charlotte E. Englehart Hosp.	Petrolea	7,460 26	672 17	8,[illegible] 43	8,597 11	7.8
General Hospital	Clinton	3,234 84	240 75	3,475 59	3,[illegible] 25	7.3
General Hospital	Petrolia	3,114 25	46 41	3,160 66	3,[illegible] 28	1.4
General Hospital	Orangeville	4,049 83	.....	4,049 83	1,542 18	.....
Port Hope	Port Hope	1,985 43	.....	1,985 43	1,911 25	.....
General Hospital	Bowmanville	1,844 89	.....	1,844 89	1,694 [illegible]	.....
General Hospital	Kingston	6,375 82	.....	6,375 82	5,501 69	.....
General Hospital	Smith's Falls	[illegible] 5	.....	[illegible] 5	5,480 [illegible]	.....
Totals for 1913.		1,823,410 20	202,642 85	2,026,053 05	1,971,577 67	10.3
Totals for 1912.		1,613,987 52	207,187 19	1,821,174 71	1,800,518 45	11.8

TABLE VIII.—Showing the comparative cost per patient daily in the different Hospitals in periods of five years.

Hospitals.	Location.	1905.	1910.	1912.	1913.
		cents.	cents.	cents.	cents.
General Hospital	Toronto	1.28	1.41	1.49	1.81
Grace Hospital	"	1.00	1.39	1.37	1.39
Hospital for Sick Children	"	1.25	1.53	1.99	1.97
St. Michael's Hospital	"	.90¾	1.00	1.25	1.25
Western Hospital	"	.92	1.02	1.38	1.50
The Orthopedic Hospital	"	1.10¼	1.39	1.27	1.15
City Hospital	Hamilton	1.14	1.37	1.50	.....
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	.78	1.02	1.25	1.05
General Hospital	Kingston	.79	.96	1.14	1.25
Hotel Dieu Hospital	"	.55	.65	.87	.80
General Protestant Hospital	Ottawa	1.29	1.28	1.43	1.65
Roman Catholic Hospital	"	.81	1.02	1.01	.85
Misericordia Maternity Hospital	"	.70	1.15	.68	.84
Maternity Hospital	"	2.03	1.97	2.07	2.07
St. Luke's General Hospital	"	.87	1.62	1.61	1.86
General Hospital	London	1.26	1.62	1.81	1.98
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	1.23	1.24	1.29	1.43
General and Marine Hospital	St. Catharines	1.08	1.30	1.55	1.61
Galt Hospital	Galt	1.12½	1.55	1.62	2.05
General Hospital	Guelph	1.16	.95	1.44	1.33
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	.84	1.03	1.11	1.11
General Hospital	Pembroke	.53	.69	.67	.92
The Cottage Hospital	"	.97	1.12	1.34	1.93
General Hospital	Mattawa	.96	.91	.99	.86
J. H. Stratford Hospital	Brantford	1.78	1.19	1.45	1.45
St. Joseph's Hospital	Port Arthur	1.09	1.35	1.09	1.20
Belleville Hospital	Belleville	1.63	1.09	1.34	1.42
St. Vincent de Paul Hospital	Brockville	.87	1.16	1.03	1.28
General Hospital	"	.39	1.12	1.48	1.83
General and Marine Hospital	Collingwood	.96	1.01	1.15	1.26
Nicholls' Hospital	Peterborough	1.95	1.73	2.19	2.20
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	.47	.94	1.05	1.08
Hotel Dieu Hospital	Windsor	.76	1.04	1.17	1.16
St. Joseph's Hospital	Chatham	.72	.82	1.03	1.30
General Hospital	"	.87	1.00	1.26	1.47
General Hospital	Stratford	1.17	1.28	1.02	1.69
Amasa Wood Hospital	St. Thomas	1.92	1.97	1.98	1.61
General and Marine Hospital	Owen Sound	.89	1.11	1.91	1.64
St. Joseph's Hospital	Sudbury	1.08	1.06	.80	.97
Woodstock Hospital	Woodstock	1.87	1.34	1.50	1.59
Berlin and Waterloo Hospital	Berlin	1.64	1.64	1.95	2.25
General Hospital	Sarnia	1.63	1.59	1.24	1.40
Royal Victoria Hospital	Barrie	.93	1.14	1.38	1.36
Hotel Dieu Hospital	Cornwall	.53	.75	.88	.88
General Hospital	"	.74	.92	1.27	1.41
Muskoka Cottage Sanatorium	Gravenhurst	2.05	1.89	2.19	2.03
Muskoka Free Hosp. for Consumptives	"		1.14	1.20	1.33
General Hospital	Kenora	1.46	2.16	1.66	2.39
St. Joseph's Hospital	"	2.26	1.19	1.10	.72
General Hospital	Sault St. Marie	.90	1.14	1.21	1.55
Victoria General Hospital	Renfrew	1.49	1.11	1.36	1.42
Ross Memorial Hospital	Lindsay	1.89	1.52	1.54	2.02
John McKellar Memorial Hospital	Fort William	1.08	1.66	1.80	1.19
General Hospital	Walkerton	2.66	2.27	2.00	1.74
Queen Victoria Hospital	North Bay	1.33	1.07	1.12	1.41
General Hospital	Midland	2.10	1.74	1.92	1.83
St. Francis' Hospital	Smith's Falls	.78	.72	1.15	1.08
King Edward Sanatorium	Weston	.....	1.47		
Free Hosp. for Consumptives	"	1.53	1.35	1.21	1.35
Queen Mary Hospital for Children	"	.....	.....		
Mountain Sanatorium	Hamilton	.....	.99	1.01	1.12
Victorian Hospital	Almonte	.....	1.23	1.50	2.09
General Hospital	Niagara Falls	.....	1.54	2.00	1.83
General Hospital	Wingham	.....	1.29	1.58	1.93
General and Marine Hospital	Goderich	.....	1.73	1.02	1.67
Lady Minto Hospital	New Liskeard	.....	1.29	1.45	1.71
Royal Alexandra Hospital	Fergus	.....	1.52	1.57	1.76
General Hospital	Parry Sound	.....	1.61	1.72	1.88
General Hospital	Orillia	.....	1.12	1.41	1.35
General Hospital	Welland	.....	1.82	1.77	2.16
Railway and Marine Hospital	Port Arthur	.....	1.84	1.34	1.51
General Hospital	Ingersoll	.....	2.19	2.05	2.20
General Hospital	Kincardine	.....	2.35	2.04	3.18
Cottage Hospital	Cobourg	.....	1.66	1.74	2.28
General Hospital	Oshawa	.....	8.23	1.36	1.28
Consumptive Sanatorium	St Catharines	.....	1.14	1.14	1.31
Lady Grey Sanatorium	Ottawa	.....	1.84	1.56	1.63
Queen Alexandra Hospital	London	.....	2.11	1.43	1.33
Charlotte Eleanor Englehart Hosp.	Petrolea	.....	.....	2.43	2.38
General Hospital	Clinton	.....	.....	2.46	2.17
General Hospital	Penetang	.....	.....	2.80	3.12
General Hospital	Orangeville	.....	.....	.....	3.12
General Hospital	Port Hope	.....	.....	.....	3.35
General Hospital	Bowmanville	.....	.....	.....	1.47
Mowat Sanatorium	Kingston	.....	.....	.....	1.51
General Hospital	Smith's Falls	.....	.....	.....	1.84
Averages		1.13	1.29	1.38	1.48

SEPARATE REPORTS

GENERAL HOSPITAL, TORONTO.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment in all departments of the Hospital, 1st October, 1912	318
Admitted	5,587
Births in the Hospital	371
Total number under treatment	6,276
Discharges, including infants	5,482
Died	396
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	398
Total	6,276

Of the 6,276 inmates during the year, 762 were in the Burnside Lying-in-Branch, and include 202 male and 169 female children born in the Institution.

Sex.

Male	3,297
Female	2,979
	6,276

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$15,967 50
From the City of Toronto, in payment of patients' maintenance	61,349 95
From the County of York, in payment of patients' maintenance	442 70
From other municipalities of the Province	1,190 80
From paying patients themselves	87,900 62
Income from property belonging to Hospital Trust	37,515 15
Subscriptions, donations, and bequests of private individuals	4,764 27
From all other sources not above enumerated	4,532 00
Total	$213,662 99

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat, poultry and fish	$21,399 27
Butter and eggs	12,194 01
Flour, bread and meal	4,172 33
Milk and cream	9,690 59
Tea and coffee	2,355 25
Potatoes and other vegetables	8,841 12
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	10,246 05
Drugs and medicines	8,512 88
Laboratory supplies and salaries	2,248 62
Radiographic department	927 32
Medical and surgical appliances, bandages, etc.	10,015 25
Surgical instruments, ordinary, etc.	1,057 61
Beer, wine and spirits	828 33
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	4,813 04
Clothing, etc., for patients	193 32
Laundry, brooms, brushes, mops, soap, and cleansing appliances	15,391 75
Fuel, power house and wages	12,273 25
Light: Gas, oil, electric light	6,309 47
Water supply	654 60
Nurses' uniforms and medals	1,019 62
Nurses' text books	531 16
Ice supply	1,243 94
Salaries and wages	64,083 76
Postage and street car fares	521 19
Retiring allowance	700 00
Contingencies, miscellaneous expenses	1,108 61
Repairs, ordinary	1,879 78
Telephones	493 90
Interest on debts and insurance	2,549 83
Printing, postage, stationery, annual report, advertising	3,387 05
Ambulance service	205 71
Total	$209,848 51
Government grant for 1913	$16,083 95

GRACE HOSPITAL, TORONTO.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment in the Hospital, 1st October, 1912	100
Admitted	1,731
Births in the Hospital	311
Total number under treatment	2,142

New General Hospital, Cobourg.

GRACE HOSPITAL, TORONTO.—*Continued.*

Discharges, including infants.	1,933
Died	118
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	91
	2,142

Sex.

Male	898
Female	1,244
	2,142

Revenue.

From the Government of Ontario	$3,441 42
From the City of Toronto in payment of patients' maintenance	13,648 40
From the County of York	8 00
From other municipalities	.....
From paying patients themselves	33,861 78
Income from endowments, etc.	2,820 46
Subscriptions, donations and bequests of private individuals	806 00
From all sources not above enumerated	568 63
Total	$55,154 69

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$4,123 17
Butter and eggs	2,558 30
Flour, bread and meal	1,084 93
Milk	2,718 11
Tea and coffee	394 02
Potatoes and other vegetables.	1,421 15
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	2,388 81
Drugs and medicines	1,316 69
Medical and surgical appliances	3,941 76
Surgical instruments	344 59
Beer, wine and spirits	40 10
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	4,575 23
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	1,171 05
Fuel	3,665 14
Light: Electric, oil and candles	753 86
Water supply	287 17
Ice	471 89
Salaries and wages	12,690 98
Taxes and insurance	491 99
Contingencies	957 11
Repairs, ordinary	1,355 00
Advertising, stationery, etc.	584 84
Clothing for patients	180 75
Total	$55,154 69

Government grant for 1913... $3,885 81

HOSPITAL FOR SICK CHILDREN, TORONTO.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Under treatment, 1st October, 1912	150
Admitted	1,498
Total number under treatment	1,648
Discharged	1,256
Died	256
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	136
	1,648

Sex.

Male	934
Female	714
	1,648

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$11,273 20
From the City of Toronto	28,000 00
From municipalities	3,997 00
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment.	8,204 46
From property belonging to the Hospital	8,347 46
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	37,598 34
From all other sources not enumerated	1,375 00
Total	$98,759 46

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat, game and fish	$4,419 13
Butter and eggs	2,915 40
Flour, bread and meal	1,602 76
Milk	2,560 65
Tea and coffee	396 29
Potatoes and other vegetables.	1,619 56
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	3,697 93

HOSPITAL FOR SICK CHILDREN, TORONTO.—*Continued.*

Drugs and medicines	5,071 13
Medical and surgical appliances	6,363 88
Surgical instruments	533 08
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	878 70
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	2,165 65
Fuel	9,472 33
Light: Electric, gas, oil, candles	2,799 49
Water supply	522 50
Clothing for patients, including boots, shoes and linen	1,796 99
Ice	1,074 18
Salaries and wages	42,532 77
Insurance and taxes	1,472 21
Contingencies	741 42
Repairs, ordinary	1,437 66
Printing, stationery, etc.	6,363 15
Telephones and electricity	1,258 32
Total	$101,696 18
Government grant for 1913	$10,070 20

ST. MICHAEL'S HOSPITAL, TORONTO.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	240
Admitted	4,229
Births in the Hospital	334
Total number under treatment	4,803
Discharges, including infants	4,220
Died	326
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	257
	4,803

Sex.

Male	2,759
Female	2,044
	4,803

Revenue.

From the Government of Ontario	$10,753 73
From the City of Toronto in payment of patients' maintenance	57,852 30
From the County of York	.....
From other municipalities	.....
From paying patients themselves	54,310 90
Subscriptions, donations and bequests of private individuals	500 00
From all other sources not above enumerated	1,471 00
Total	$124,887 93

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat, poultry and fish	$12,179 21
Butter and eggs	10,927 78
Flour, bread and meal	4,356 56
Milk	9,238 92
Tea and coffee	1,541 19
Potatoes, other vegetables and fruit	5,457 34
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	6,895 10
Drugs and medicines	7,234 41
Medical and surgical appliances	7,453 96
Surgical instruments	2,433 79
Beer, wine and spirits	583 92
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	4,256 30
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	3,135 33
Fuel	7,220 00
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	4,795 30
Water supply	459 20
Ice	.....
Salaries and wages	20,477 00
Taxes and insurance	3,416 56
Contingencies	267 75
Repairs, ordinary	3,606 31
Telephone service	212 90
Advertising, printing, stationery, etc.	1,366 38
Total	$117,515 21
Government grant for 1913	$14,763 44

WESTERN HOSPITAL, TORONTO.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	127
Admitted	3,250
Births in Hospital	244
Total number under treatment	3,621
Discharged	3,152
Died	268
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	201
	3,621

Sex.

Male	1,660
Female	1,961
	3,621

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$4,377 35
From the City of Toronto	22,257 30
From the patients for maintenance and treatment	60,913 50
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	6,386 54
From other sources	1,036 72
Total	$94,971 41

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$6,824 07
Butter and eggs	5,958 98
Flour, bread and meal	2,108 31
Milk	2,955 89
Tea and coffee	538 95
Potatoes and other vegetables	2,702 86
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	4,551 97
Drugs and medicines	4,148 96
Medical and surgical appliances and instruments	5,903 06
Telephones	603 55
Beer, wine and spirits	496 36
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	6,261 83
Brooms, brushes, mops soap and cleaning appliances	1,927 52
Fuel	5,352 36
Light: Gas, oil and candles	3,227 13
Water	517 15
Ice supply	570 18
Salaries and wages	22,124 05
Taxes and insurance	215 03
Contingencies—interest	8,440 61
Repairs, ordinary	1,210 33
Clothing for patients	395 75
Printing, postage, etc.	1,285 52
Total	$88,320 42
Government grant for 1913	$7,541 60

THE ORTHOPEDIC HOSPITAL, TORONTO.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	21
Admitted	288
Total number under treatment	309
Discharges	289
Died	3
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	17
	309

Sex.

Male	170
Female	139
	309

Revenue.

From the Government of Ontario	$305 00
Income from endowments, etc., or other property belonging to the Hospital	235 92
From paying patients themselves	11,252 03
Subscriptions, donations and bequests of private individuals	.....
From all other sources not above enumerated	40 58
Total	$11,833 53

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$564 77
Butter and eggs	504 11

THE ORTHOPEDIC HOSPITAL, TORONTO.—*Continued.*

Flour, bread and meal	256 04
Milk	456 89
Tea and coffee	113 00
Potatoes and other vegetables	233 23
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	655 88
Drugs and medicines	58 67
Medical and surgical appliances, surgical instruments	348 39
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	269 40
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	117 09
Fuel	630 77
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	311 01
Water supply	49 55
Ice	49 24
Salaries and wages	2,713 45
Taxes and insurance	83 58
Repairs, ordinary	81 34
Gymnasium and sundries	1,306 32
Sundries	20 14
Clothing for patients	7 00
Total	$9,232 98
Government grant for 1913	$399 89

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL, HAMILTON.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	39
Admitted	870
Total number under treatment	909
Discharged	817
Died	46
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	46
	909

Sex.

Male	413
Female	496
	909

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,643 21
From the City of Hamilton	832 50
Income from endowments, investments, etc.	685 00
From paying patients themselves	11,387 55
Subscriptions, donations and bequests in cash	685 00
From all other sources	.....
Total	$14,548 26

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat and fish	$2,072 16
Butter and eggs	884 97
Flour, bread and meal	541 26
Milk	1,221 13
Tea and coffee	331 32
Potatoes and other vegetables	372 95
Groceries and other provisions not enumerated	877 68
Drugs and medicines	785 62
Medical and surgical appliances	596 20
Surgical instruments	253 59
Beer, wine and spirits	64 30
Bedding, etc.	1,166 69
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	232 13
Fuel	1,206 17
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	636 53
Water supply	145 09
Clothing for patients, including boots and shoes	119 95
Ice supply	129 75
Salaries and wages	1,372 08
Taxes, insurance and interest	683 70
Contingencies	296 37
Repairs, ordinary	835 38
Printing, stationery, etc.	267 95
Total	$15,092 97
Government grant for 1913	$1,955 42

GENERAL HOSPITAL, KINGSTON.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	80
Admitted	1,952
Births in Hospital	76
Total number under treatment	2,108

GENERAL HOSPITAL, KINGSTON.—*Continued.*

Discharged	1,945
Died	88
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	75
	2,108

Sex.

Male	1,064
Female	1,044
	2,108

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$3,984 74
From the City of Kingston	5,500 00
From the County of Frontenac	2,00 00
From other municipalities in the Province	1,150 00
From paying patients themselves for treatment	24,640 90
Subscriptions, donations and bequests	3,282 96
From all other sources not enumerated	1,104 74
Total	$41,963 34

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$2948 15
Butter and eggs	3,138 47
Flour, bread and meal	972 18
Milk	1,555 62
Tea and coffee	502 60
Potatoes and other vegetables	1,019 24
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	4,443 23
Drugs and medicines	1,645 59
Surgical instruments and appliances	2,637 76
Beer, wine and spirits	166 30
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	991 59
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	503 18
Fuel	3,244 50
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	2,008 43
Water supply	448 61
Ice	85 10
Salaries and wages	8,843 29
Insurance and taxes	689 72
Contingencies	3,952 69
Repairs, ordinary	780 06
Printing, stationery, etc.	804 03
Total	$41,447 34
Government grant for 1913	$4 308 35

HOTEL DIEU HOSPITAL, KINGSTON.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	74
Admitted	1,711
Births in Hospital	38
Total number under treatment	1,823
Discharged	1,685
Died	62
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	76
	1,823

Sex.

Male	880
Female	943
	1,823

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$4,403 92
From the City of Kingston	2,000 00
From the County of Frontenac	900 00
From other municipalities	254 00
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	13,536 76
Subscriptions, donations and bequests	3,923 89
From other sources not enumerated	3,791 70
Total	$28,810 27

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$3,559 61
Butter and eggs	2,654 43
Flour, bread and meal	1,126 42
Milk	1,622 73
Tea and coffee	470 12
Potatoes and other vegetables	469 86
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	2,763 63
Drugs and medicines	1,243 00
Medical and surgical appliances	1,258 49
Surgical instruments	35 00
Beer, wine and spirits	110 10
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	1 200 00
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	568 52
Fuel	2,960 40

HOTEL DIEU, HOSPITAL, KINGSTON.—*Continued.*

Light: gas, oil and candles	1,371 22
Water supply	786 12
Clothing for patients, including boots and shoes	26 30
Ice	.....
Salaries and wages	1,197 75
Taxes and insurance	25 00
Hay and straw	106 52
Contingencies	369 05
Repairs, ordinary	2,019 46
Printing, stationery, etc.	190 08
Total	$26,133 81
Government grant for 1913	$4,488 00

GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL, OTTAWA.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patient

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	111
Admitted	2,351
Births in the Hospital	1
Total number under treatment	2,463
Discharged	2,235
Died	128
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	100
	2,463

Sex.

Male	1,258
Female	1,205
	2,463

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$4,846 80
From the City of Ottawa	14,730 59
From the County of Carleton	605 00
From other municipalities	275 00
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	37,216 90
Income from endowments, investments, etc	3,942 27
Subscriptions, donations and bequests of private individuals	4,515 07
From other sources not enumerated	382 96
Total	$66,514 59

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$5,786 10
Butter and eggs	2,673 85
Flour, bread and meal	1,740 43
Milk	4,189 81
Tea and coffee	717 45
Potatoes and other vegetables	967 86
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	5,933 90
Drugs and medicines	3,324 82
Medical and surgical appliances	3,837 02
Surgical instruments	588 39
Beer, wine and spirits	258 77
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	1,748 83
Brooms, brushes mops, soap and cleaning appliances	1,087 48
Fuel	5,747 98
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	684 69
Water supply	553 59
Clothing for patients, including boots and shoes	135 28
Ice	175 16
Salaries and wages	17,719 07
Taxes and insurance	1,281 83
Contingencies	1,561 65
Repairs, ordinary	1,762 67
Interest	808 10
Printing, stationery, etc	1,208 51
Total	$64,493 24
Government grant for 1913	$4,322 33

ROMAN CATHOLIC HOSPITAL, OTTAWA.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	122
Admitted	2,610
Total number under treatment	2,732
Discharged	2,468
Died	119
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	145
	2,732

New General Hospital, Strathroy.

ROMAN CATHOLIC HOSPITAL, OTTAWA.—*Continued.*

Sex.

Male	1,379
Female	1,353
	2,732

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$5,266 32
From the City of Ottawa	10,669 20
From the County of Carleton.	300 00
From other municipalities	114 00
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment.	35,511 74
Income from property	2,000 00
Subscriptions, donations and bequests of private individuals	612 03
From all other sources not enumerated	2,509 94
Total	$56,983 23

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$3,991 24
Butter and eggs	3,040 81
Flour, bread and meal	1,252 36
Milk	2,535 46
Tea and coffee	756 70
Potatoes and other vegetables.	2,053 89
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	2,047 11
Drugs and medicines	2,496 17
Medical and surgical appliances	953 03
Surgical instruments	818 77
Beer, wine and spirits	598 42
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	962 32
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	290 12
Fuel	3,350 30
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	691 36
Water supply	.....
Clothing for patients, including boots and shoes	1,691 13
Ice	295 00
Salaries and wages	5,320 00
Taxes and insurance	2,554 79
Contingencies	275 40
Repairs, ordinary	2,791 16
Printing, stationery, etc.	224 00
Total	$38,989 54
Government grant for 1913	$5,430 88

MISERICORDIA MATERNITY HOSPITAL, OTTAWA.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	102
Admitted	266
Births in Hospital	261
Total number under treatment	629
Discharged	524
Died	2
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	103
	629

Sex.

Male	176
Female	453
	629

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$2,131 31
From the City of Ottawa	550 00
From the County of Carleton	.....
From paying patients themselves	2,636 25
From subscriptions and donations	5,969 81
From other sources	2,617 91
Total	$13,905 28

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$1,184 29
Butter and eggs	811 13
Flour, bread and meal	1,144 79
Milk	1,733 11
Tea and coffee	245 28
Potatoes and other vegetables	682 95
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,044 91
Drugs and medicines	269 16
Medical and surgical appliances	256 45
Surgical instruments	42 10
Beer, wine and spirits	97 40
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	973 76
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	353 52
Fuel	1,942 17
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	508 62
Water supply	272 97
Hay and straw	181 62
Clothing for patients, including boots and shoes	580 32
Salaries and wages	3,033 45

MISERICORDIA MATERNITY HOSPITAL, OTTAWA.—*Continued.*

Taxes and insurance	526 10
Coffins and funerals	103 50
Contingencies	260 07
Repairs, ordinary	730 85
Ice supply	100 00
Printing, stationery, etc.	153 10
Total	$17,231 72
Government grant for 1913	$2,328 37

MATERNITY HOSPITAL, OTTAWA.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year.

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	37
Admitted	497
Number of births	467
Total number under treatment	1,001
Discharged	952
Died	
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	30
	1,001

Sex.

Male	251
Female	750
	1,001

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$316 60
From the City or Ottawa	550 00
From the County of Carleton.	
From paying patients themselves	13,475 00
From subscriptions and donations	1,463 23
From other sources	
Total	$15,804 83

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$1,025 67
Butter and eggs	902 43
Flour, bread and meal	411 06
Milk	492 56
Tea and coffee	111 85
Potatoes and other vegetables	510 88
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	458 01
Drugs and medicines	510 92
Medical and surgical appliances	1,000 80
Surgical instruments	48 78
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	226 37
Brooms, brushes, mops, soaps and cleaning appliances	102 97
Fuel	779 13
Gas, oil, candles and electric light	360 65
Water supply	68 55
Beer, wine and spirits	
Ice	103 60
Salaries and wages	4,373 25
Stationery, printing, etc.	117 13
Contingencies	158 83
Repairs, ordinary	774 02
Taxes and insurance	108 47
Total	$12,645 88
Government grant for 1913	375 00

ST. LUKE'S GENERAL HOSPITAL, OTTAWA.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	72
Admitted	1,499
Total number under treatment	1,571
Discharged	1,447
Died	60
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	64
	1,571

Sex.

Male	942
Female	629
	1,571

ST. LUKE'S GENERAL HOSPITAL, OTTAWA.—*Continued.*

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$2,011 42
From the City of Ottawa	7,409 20
From the County of Carleton	200 00
From paying patients themselves	28,448 43
Income from investments	199 85
From subscriptions and donations	128 00
From other sources	3,768 95
Total	$42,165 85

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$3,418 57
Butter and eggs	2,814 85
Flour, bread and meal	1,211 69
Milk	2,055 60
Tea and coffee	346 57
Potatoes and other vegetables	501 42
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	2,058 56
Drugs and medicines	1,425 92
Medical and surgical appliances	2,124 64
Surgical instruments	78 49
Beer, wine and spirits	93 85
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	3,200 37
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	424 21
Fuel	3,586 80
Gas, oil, candles and electric light	675 54
Water supply	21 41
Ice	340 65
Salaries and wages	11,825 23
Taxes, insurance and interest	939 58
Contingencies	1,694 00
Repairs, ordinary	918 01
Total	$40,051 87
Government grant for 1913	$1,695 02

GENERAL HOSPITAL, LONDON.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	133
Admitted	2,453
Births in Hospital	248
Total number under treatment	2,834
Discharged	2,535
Died	154
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	145
	2,834

Sex.

Male	1,339
Female	1,495
	2,834

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$5,754 59
From the City of London	37,770 49
From the County of Middlesex, in payment of patients	4,225 30
From paying patients themselves	33,470 62
From income from property or investments	163 62
Subscriptions, donations and bequests	14,337 72
Total	$95,822 34

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$7,621 55
Butter and eggs	3,939 30
Flour, bread and meal	1,680 85
Milk	4,032 58
Tea and coffee	856 05
Potatoes and other vegetables	1 221 49
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	8,195 09
Drugs and medicines	4,833 05
Surgical instruments	173 33
Medical and surgical appliances	3,780 27
Beer, wine and spirits	288 40
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	4,781 50
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	1,921 64
Fuel	8,508 89
Light: Gas, oil and candles	1,880 44
Water	312 08
Ice	403 40
Salaries and wages	35,985 74
Insurance	485 00
Contingencies	2,073 73
Repairs, ordinary	2,420 40
Printing and stationery	663 10
Total	$96,057 88
Government grant for 1913	$7,238 59

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL, LONDON.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	60
Admitted	1,038
Births in Hospital	128
Total number under treatment	1,226
Discharged	1,110
Died	54
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	62
	1,226

Sex.

Male	430
Female	796
	1,226

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,325 61
From other municipalities	.....
From paying patients	29,381 96
Subscriptions, donations, etc.	.....
Other sources	.....
Total	$30,707 57

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$2,960 87
Butter and eggs	2,490 04
Flour, bread and meal	1,059 26
Milk	2,174 01
Tea and coffee	185 79
Potatoes and other vegetables	855 82
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	2,339 32
Drugs and medicines	1,288 90
Medical and surgical appliances	1,166 63
Beer, wine and spirits	178 70
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	2,945 77
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	212 03
Fuel	2,426 04
Light: Gas, oil and candles	1,032 45
Water	181 74
Telephone	67 50
Ice	98 18
Salaries and wages	4,141 85
Insurance, taxes and interest	860 50
Contingencies	200 87
Repairs, ordinary	3,832 66
Printing, stationery, postage, etc.	83 00
Total	$30,682 33
Government grant for 1913	$1,193 13

GENERAL AND MARINE HOSPITAL, ST. CATHARINES.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	46
Admitted	821
Births in Hospital	124
Total number under treatment	991
Discharged	876
Died	62
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	53
	991

Sex.

Male	443
Female	548
	991
Butter and eggs	1,474 47

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,292 30
From the City of St. Catharines	1,500 00
From the County of Lincoln	1,200 00
From other municipalities	
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	17,318 70
From endowments, investments, or other property belonging to the Hospital	45 00
From subscriptions, bequests and donations of private persons	101 45
From all other sources not above enumerated	123 15
Total	$21,580 60

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat and fish	$2,061 33
Flour, bread and meal	499 81

General Hospital, Oshawa.

GENERAL AND MARINE HOSPITAL, ST. CATHARINES.—*Continued.*

Milk	969 48	Fuel	2,740 63
Tea and coffee	289 60	Electric light, gas, oil, candles	286 33
Potatoes and other vegetables and fruit	450 18	Water supply	121 85
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,394 37	Ice	490 68
Drugs and medicines	891 19	Salaries and wages	6,626 00
Medical and surgical appliances	522 89	Taxes and insurance	153 42
Surgical instruments	358 00	Contingencies	397 35
Beer, wine and spirits	43 85	Repairs, ordinary	558 91
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	580 93	Printing, stationery, etc.	230 80
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	438 53	Total	$21,580 60
		Government grant for 1913	$1,347 92

GALT HOSPITAL, GALT.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	16
Admitted	435
Number of births in the Institution	45
Total number under treatment	496
Discharged	419
Died	52
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	25
	496

Sex.

Male	244
Female	252
	496

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$857 29
From the Town of Galt	2,000 00
From the County of Waterloo	1,500 00
From other municipalities	100 00
From paying patients themselves	7,292 84
Income from endowments, investments, etc.	111 32
From subscriptions, bequests, and donations of private individuals	209 76
From other sources	4,683 86
Total	$16,755 07

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$890 08
Butter and eggs	532 67
Flour, bread and meal	433 54
Milk	173 23
Tea and coffee	65 50
Potatoes and other vegetables	188 93
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,280 79
Drugs and medicines	833 29
Medical and surgical appliances	1,658 92
Beer, wine and spirits	57 70
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	339 19
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	267 94
Fuel	2,943 90
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	271 18
Water supply	153 16
Hay and straw	94 70
Ice	75 00
Salaries and wages	3,910 11
Taxes and insurance	189 51
Contingencies	268 45
Repairs, ordinary	534 11
Printing, stationery, etc.	58 27
Grounds	1,211 52
Total	$16,431 69
Government grant for 1913	$972 27

GENERAL HOSPITAL, GUELPH.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	58
Admitted	986
Births in Hospital	92
Total number under treatment	1,136
Discharged	1,037
Died	45
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	54
	1,136

Sex.

Male	565
Female	571
	1,136

Revenue.

Received from the Province of Ontario	$3,480 66
From the City of Guelph	2,452 25
From the County of Wellington.	420 10
From other municipalities	125 00
From paying patients	22,994 65
Subscriptions, donations, etc...	435 07
From other sources not enumerated	5,542 74
Total	$35,450 47

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	2,693 02
Butter and eggs	2,099 81
Flour, bread and meal	1,001 24
Milk	125 01
Tea and coffee	515 34
Potatoes and other vegetables.	232 79
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	2,716 46
Drugs and medicines, surgical instruments and appliances.	2,655 61
Beer, wine and spirits	169 23
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	788 97
Brooms, brushes, mops, etc....	674 88
Fuel	3,139 21
Electric light, gas, oil, candles.	1,851 06
Water supply	128 55
Hay and straw	507 23
Ice	170 00
Salaries and wages	8,450 76
Taxes, insurance and interest..	900 88
Repairs, ordinary	1,038 66
Contingencies	603 71
Printing, stationery, etc.	274 08
Total	$28,089 69
Government aid for 1913	$3,575 78

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL, GUELPH.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	28
Admitted	589
Births in Hospital	29
Total number under treatment	646
Discharged	582
Died	35
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	29
	646

Sex.

Male	268
Female	378
	646

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,740 52
From the City of Guelph	1,412 95
From the County of Wellington	1,366 00
From other municipalities of the Province	.....
From paying patients	10,701 70
Subscriptions, donations, etc	366 55
Other sources	637 65
Total	$16,225 37

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat and fish	$2,324 15
Butter and eggs	861 64
Flour, bread and meal	863 79
Milk	230 43
Tea and coffee	382 33
Potatoes and other vegetables.	.....

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL, GUELPH.—*Continued.*

Groceries and provisions not enumerated	2,308 53
Drugs and medicines	638 26
Medical and surgical appliances	523 11
Surgical instruments	124 05
Beer, wine and spirits	72 65
Bedding, napery and general furnishings	1,134 09
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	448 84
Fuel	2,014 38
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	482 13
Water supply	50 00
Salaries and wages	1,536 50
Taxes, interest and insurance	621 40
Contingencies	715 06
Repairs, ordinary	503 59
Ice supply	.....
Clothing for patients	27 75
Printing, stationery, etc.	171 85
Total	$16,034 53
Government aid for 1913	$1,711 88

GENERAL HOSPITAL, PEMBROKE.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	27
Admitted	701
Total number under treatment	728
Discharged	629
Died	42
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	57
	728

Sex.

Male	393
Female	335
	728

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$2,910 12
From the County of Renfrew	1,078 43
From Dominion Government	359 80
From Town of Pembroke	336 00
From other municipalities	682 00
From patients themselves	8,097 58
From subscriptions, bequests and donations of private individuals	795 00
From all other sources	129 88
Total	$14,488 81

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$892 04
Butter and eggs	1,294 78
Flour, bread and meal	627 23
Milk	298 91
Tea and coffee	367 55
Potatoes and other vegetables	197 85
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,299 12
Surgical instruments	.....
Drugs and medicines	617 95
Medical and surgical appliances	576 03
Beer, wine and spirits	.....
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	290 92
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	181 07
Fuel	1,740 20
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	292 42
Water	125 55
Hay and straw	26 35
Clothing for patients, including boots and shoes	39 24
Ice	47 48
Salaries and wages	2,976 00
Contingencies	461 00
Repairs, ordinary	1,111 15
Taxes and insurance	270 00
Printing, stationery, etc.	91 46
Total	$13,824 24
Government grant for 1913	2,085 30

COTTAGE HOSPITAL, PEMBROKE.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	17
Admitted	286
Births in Hospital	11
Total number under treatment	314
Discharged	275
Died	21
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	18
	314

Sex.

Male	163
Female	151
	314

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario.	$909 33
From the County of Renfrew..	520 00
From other municipalities	20 00
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment.	4,526 65
From endowments, investments, etc.	143 82
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	3,266 37
From other sources	216 07
Total	$9,602 24

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$587 50
Butter and eggs	539 57
Flour, bread and meal	258 25
Milk	140 27
Tea and coffee	90 25
Potatoes and other vegetables	167 59
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	513 51
Drugs and medicines	238 84
Medical and surgical appliances	367 44
Surgical instruments	132 74
Beer, wine and spirits	26 30
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	1,302 50
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	141 29
Fuel	416 20
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	172 95
Water supply	50 40
Salaries and wages	2,741 67
Taxes and insurance	31 25
Hay and straw	87 28
Contingencies	1,181 93
Repairs, ordinary	486 17
Ice supply	30 80
Printing, postage, etc.	94 24
Total	$9,798 94
Government grant for 1913	792 84

GENERAL HOSPITAL, MATTAWA.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	29
Admitted	301
Total number under treatment	330
Discharged	289
Died	12
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	29
	330

Sex.

Male	229
Female	101
	330

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario.	$863 11
From patients for maintenance and treatment	4,929 50
From subscriptions, bequests and donations of private individuals	225 00
From other sources	1,180 53
Total	$7,198 14

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$480 00
Butter and eggs	450 00
Flour, bread and meal	275 00
Milk	285 00
Tea and coffee	105 00
Potatoes and other vegetables.	165 00

Sarnia Hospital

GENERAL HOSPITAL, MATTAWA.—*Continued.*

Groceries and provisions not enumerated	96 00
Drugs, medicines	286 53
Medical and surgical appliances	225 20
Beer, wine and spirits	30 60
Surgical instruments	75 00
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	224 06
Brooms, brushes, etc.	72 00
Fuel	875 00
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	206 50
Water supply	144 00
Printing, stationery, etc.	67 92
Hay and straw	98 50
Ice	50 00
Salaries and wages	2,170 00
Taxes and insurance	100 00
Repairs, ordinary	352 95
Contingencies	186 65
Clothing for patients	180 00
Total	7,200 91
Government grant for 1913	$1,506 80

THE JOHN H. STRATFORD HOSPITAL, BRANTFORD.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the [illegible]:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	36
Admitted	814
Births in the Hospital	57
Total number under treatment	907
Discharged	774
Died	71
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	62
	907

Sex

Male	443
Female	464
	907

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,749 99
From the City of Brantford	6,000 00
From the County of Brant	500 00
From other municipalities	350 00
From patients for maintenance and treatment	12,843 06
Income from endowments, investments, etc.	277 91
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	25 00
From all other sources	497 40
Total	$22,243 36

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$1,383 99
Butter and eggs	607 10
Flour, bread and meal	616 77
Milk	639 09
Tea and coffee	341 69
Potatoes and other vegetables	994 08
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,390 58
Drugs and medicines	1,071 02
Medical and surgical appliances and surgical instruments	793 37
Beer, wine and spirits	88 60
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	671 75
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	55 31
Fuel	2,128 36
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	1,167 86
Ice	171 40
Salaries and wages	6,901 66
Taxes and insurance	296 75
Printing, stationery, etc.	221 69
Contingencies	1,382 22
Repairs, ordinary	1,250 24
Hay and straw	335 98
Total	$22,509 51
Government grant for 1913	$2,331 16

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL, PORT ARTHUR.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	61
Admitted	1,219
Births in Hospital	60
Total number under treatment	1,340
Discharged	1,225
Died	49
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	66
	1,340

Sex.

Male	991
Female	349
	1,340

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,951 74
From the City of Port Arthur	1,750 00
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment.	18,402 21
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	221 00
From other sources	3,441 00
Total	$25,765 95

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat and fish	$5,778 23
Flour, bread and meal	1,651 14
Milk	250 17
Tea and coffee	380 67
Potatoes and other vegetables.	150 00
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	4,150 27
Drugs and medicines	827 12
Surgical and medical appliances	1,076 66
Beer, wine and spirits	74 00
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	2,387 15
Fuel	.....
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	140 00
Electric light, gas, oil and power	7 50
Water supply	50 00
Ice	.....
Salaries and wages	792 78
Taxes and insurance, telephone and power	187 50
Stationery, printing, etc.	249 02
Contingencies	1,167 90
Repairs, ordinary	3,295 31
Hay and straw	400 00
Total	$25,708 46
Government grant for 1913	$3,305 18

GENERAL HOSPITAL, BELLEVILLE.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	23
Admitted	761
Births in Hospital	51
Total number under treatment	835
Discharged	767
Died	38
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	30
	835

Sex.

Male	454
Female	381
	835

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$909 45
From the City of Belleville	1,000 00
From County of Hastings	500 00
From patients for maintenance and treatment	13,806 18
Income from endowments, investments, etc.	107 00
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	1,338 94
From other sources	307 08
Total	$17,968 65

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$1,130 36
Butter and eggs	769 85
Flour, bread and meal	406 93
Milk	538 35
Tea and coffee	121 33

GENERAL HOSPITAL, BELLEVILLE.—*Continued.*

Potatoes and other vegetables.	291 03
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	931 86
Drugs and medicines	700 09
Medical and surgical appliances	901 37
Beer, wine and spirits	60 60
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	783 63
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	293 83
Fuel	1,720 93
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	790 91
Clothing for patients	118 19
Ice supply	74 00
Salaries and wages	3,853 25
Contingencies	408 20
Repairs, ordinary	1,086 33
Stationery and printing	176 35
Taxes, insurance and interest.	963 16
Total	$16,120 55
Government grant for 1913.	$1,414 58

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL HOSPITAL, BROCKVILLE.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	52
Admitted	1,054
Births in Hospital	43
Total number under treatment	1,149
Discharged	1,047
Died	47
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	55
	1,149

Sex.

Male	486
Female	663
	1,149

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$2,491 57
From the Town of Brockville.	1,000 00
From other municipalities.. ..	15 00
From paying patients	18,420 62
From subscriptions, bequests and donations from private individuals	825 00
From other sources not enumerated	2,358 23
Total	$25,110 42

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat and fish	$2,300 20
Butter and eggs	1,592 68
Flour, bread and meal	765 53
Milk	904 21
Tea and coffee	538 67
Potatoes and other vegetables.	881 63
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,654 77
Drugs and medicines	504 06
Medical and surgical appliances	342 58
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	3,861 37
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	275 71
Fuel	1,968 20
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	843 67
Water supply	26 30
Clothing for sisters, including boots and shoes	389 66
Ice supply	145 71
Salaries and wages	3,634 81
Taxes, insurance and interest	1,021 97
Contingencies	1,907 71
Repairs, ordinary	1,384 66
Printing, stationery, etc	400 00
Total	$25,450 41
Government grant for 1913	$2,145 29

THE BROCKVILLE GENERAL HOSPITAL.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	38
Number admitted	578
Births in Hospital	46
Total number under treatment	662

THE BROCKVILLE GENERAL HOSPITAL.—*Continued.*

Discharged	587
Died	36
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	39
	662

Sex

Male	289
Female	373
	662

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,244 38
From the Town of Brockville.	1,000 00
From the Counties of Leeds and Grenville	600 00
From other municipalities of the Province	.....
From paying patients	12,603 15
From property belonging to the Hospital	1,487 27
From subscriptions, bequests and donations from private individuals	1,192 36
From other sources not enumerated	4,127 80
Total	$22,254 96

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$1,824 45
Butter and eggs	1,261 98
Flour, bread and meal	376 45
Milk	594 86
Tea and coffee	243 70
Potatoes and other vegetables	381 15
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,448 32
Drugs and medicines	742 06
Medical and surgical appliances	968 94
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	734 95
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	882 11
Fuel	2,877 55
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	1,177 04
Water supply	30 25
Ice supply	121 79
Salaries and wages	5,887 07
Taxes and Insurance	200 76
Contingencies	384 04
Repairs, ordinary	1,275 91
Ambulance	101 50
Printing, stationery, etc.	133 83
Total	$21,588 71
Government grant for 1913	$1,089 36

GENERAL AND MARINE HOSPITAL, COLLINGWOOD.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	21
Admitted	383
Number of births in the Institution during the year	41
Total number under treatment	445
Discharged	378
Died	34
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	33
	445

Sex.

Male	190
Female	255
	445

Revenue.

Received from the Province of Ontario	$978 94
From the Town of Collingwood	450 00
From the County of Simcoe	500 00
From paying patients	10,247 08
Subscriptions, donations, etc.	42 48
From sources not enumerated	.....
Total	$12,218 50

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$1,124 18
Butter and eggs	579 02
Flour, bread and meal	384 02
Milk	498 94
Tea and coffee	131 32
Potatoes and other vegetables	273 00
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	710 67
Drugs and medicines	553 47

The Charlotte Eleanor Englehart Hospital, Petrolia.

GENERAL AND MARINE HOSPITAL, COLLINGWOOD. *-Continued.*

Medical and surgical appliances	1,084 40	Salaries and wages	3,212 30
Beer, wine and spirits	.....	Contingencies	250 33
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	571 78	Repairs, ordinary	1,166 46
Brooms, brushes, mops, etc..	105 56	Taxes and insurance	.....
Fuel	1,075 06	Total	$12,143 29
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	215 04		
Water supply	71 79	Government grant for 1913	$1,093 90
Ice	136 55		

THE NICHOLLS' HOSPITAL, PETERBOROUGH.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	32
Admitted	697
Births in Hospital	38
Total number under treatment	767
Discharged	690
Died	45
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	32
	767

Sex.

Male	359
Female	408
	767

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,517 14
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment.	10,259 56
From property belonging to Hospital, endowments, etc .	10,894 82
From subscriptions, donations, and bequests from private individuals	.....
Total	$22,671 52

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$2,075 57
Butter and eggs	1,283 78
Flour, bread and meal	445 85
Milk	382 30
Tea and coffee	164 70
Potatoes and other vegetables	855 03
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,388 08
Drugs and medicines	1,371 44
Surgical instruments and appliances	1,630 83
Beer, wine and spirits	.....
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	1,397 92
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	260 99
Fuel	2,388 70
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	216 24
Water supply	243 76
Clothing for patients	10 23
Ice	200 00
Salaries and wages	7,550 63
Taxes and insurance	234 75
Hay and straw	56 96
Contingencies	737 93
Printing, stationery, etc	80 00
Repairs, ordinary	850 24
Total	$23,886 33
Government grant for 1913	$1,676 09

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL, PETERBOROUGH.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	31
Admitted	623
Births in Hospital	28
Total number under treatment	682
Discharged	630
Died	21
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	31
	682

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL, PETERBOROUGH.—*Continued.*

Sex.

Male	305
Female	377
	682

Revenue.

From the Province	$1,100 13
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	8,070 05
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	1,040 00
From all other sources	392 89
Total	$10,603 07

Expenditures

Butchers' meat	$1,258 34
Butter and eggs	590 12
Flour, bread and meal	207 30
Milk	343 90
Tea and coffee	37 90
Potatoes and other vegetables	441 68
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	905 06
Drugs and medicines	586 49
Medical and surgical appliances	300 29
Beer, wine and spirits	32 30
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	920 32
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	136 28
Fuel	1,122 13
Electric light, gas, oil, and power	452 79
Water supply	326 66
Hay and straw	67 00
Clothing for sisters	288 09
Salaries and wages	1,671 50
Printing, stationery, etc	38 20
Contingencies	175 02
Taxes and insurance	.....
Repairs, ordinary	788 74
Ice supply	36 75
Total	$10,726 86
Government grant for 1913	$1,276 30

HOTEL DIEU HOSPITAL, WINDSOR.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	51
Admitted	940
Births in Hospital	34
Total number under treatment	1,025
Discharged	897
Died	75
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	53
	1,025

Sex.

Male	509
Female	516
	1,025

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,074 43
From the Town of Windsor	1,706 54
From the County of Essex	113 57
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	15,257 22
Subscriptions, donations and bequests	428 00
From other resources not enumerated	443 20
Total	$19,022 96

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$1,883 51
Butter and eggs	1,065 05
Flour, bread and meal	560 00
Milk	1,266 63
Tea and coffee	159 57
Potatoes and other vegetables	1,026 56
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	2,493 05
Drugs and medicines	1,408 67
Medical and surgical appliances	1,537 39
Surgical instruments	11 90
Beer, wine and spirits	568 15
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	952 95
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	445 70
Fuel	1,078 15
Light; gas, oil and candles	911 16
Water supply	58 00
Hay and straw	101 35

HOTEL DIEU HOSPITAL, WINDSOR.—*Continued.*

Clothing for patients, including boots and shoes	150 70
Ice	233 50
Salaries and wages	2,126 33
Taxes and insurance	60 00
Contingencies	202 65
Repairs, ordinary	581 55
Printing, stationery, etc.	161 80
Total	$19,044 32
Government grant for 1913	$1,782 38

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL, CHATHAM.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	29
Admitted	583
Births in hospital	92
Total under treatment	704
Discharged	601
Died	53
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	50
	704

Sex.

Male	303
Female	401
	704

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario.	$1,021 84
From the Town of Chatham	560 06
From the County of Kent	431 38
From patients for maintenance and treatment	9,364 13
From subscriptions, donations, and bequests from private individuals	151 50
From other sources	154 00
Total	$11,682 91

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$986 82
Butter and eggs	503 33
Flour, bread and meal	451 98
Milk	568 75
Tea and coffee	181 91
Potatoes and other vegetables	218 40
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,593 88
Drugs and medicines	206 95
Medical and surgical appliances	477 39
Beer, wine and spirits	37 05
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	1,787 07
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	231 55
Fuel	726 50
Light: electric, gas, oil, candles	215 29
Ice supply	
Salaries and wages	2,054 87
Taxes, insurance and interest	686 58
Contingencies	295 15
Repairs, ordinary	664 29
Total	$11,887 76
Government grant for 1913	$919 96

GENERAL HOSPITAL, CHATHAM.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	46
Admitted	635
Births in hospital	64
	745
Discharged	658
Died	46
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	41
	745

Sex.

Male	355
Female	390
	745

GENERAL HOSPITAL, CHATHAM.—*Continued.*

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$780 73
From the Town of Chatham..	390 36
From the County of Kent....	219 45
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment.	16,203 50
From subscriptions donations and bequests from private individuals	.....
From all other sources	.....
Total	$17,594 04

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$1,187 31
Butter and eggs	871 50
Flour, bread and meal	360 33
Milk	1,368 80
Tea and coffee	104 85
Potatoes and other vegetables	306 50
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,310 19
Drugs and medicines	410 90
Medical and surgical appliances	844 32
Beer, wine and spirits	12 25
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	208 37
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	175 60
Fuel	1,656 00
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	27 80
Ice	154 16
Salaries and wages	5,915 50
Insurance and interest	258 58
Contingencies	111 16
Repairs, ordinary	406 76
Water supply	35 06
Stationery, postage, etc.	119 87
Total	$15,845 81
Government grant for 1913..	$1,119 89

GENERAL HOSPITAL, STRATFORD.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	27
Admitted	561
Number of births during the year	57
	645
Discharged	578
Died	36
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	31
	645

Sex.

Male	302
Female	343
	645

Revenue.

Received from the Province of Ontario	$1,221 75
From the City of Stratford ..	1,500 00
From the County of Perth....	1,000 00
From other municipalities of the Province	50 00
From paying patients	13,191 27
Income from endowments, investments, etc.	.....
Subscriptions, donations, etc.	775 80
From other sources	78 63
Total	$17,817 45

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$1,468 85
Butter and eggs	1,213 79
Flour, bread and meal	467 30
Milk	741 18
Tea and coffee	199 41
Potatoes and other vegetables	324 75
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,074 43
Drugs and medicines	619 02
Medical and surgical appliances	1,979 58
Surgical instruments	92 68
Beer, wine and spirits	61 61
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	128 39
Brooms, brushes, mops, etc. ..	216 73
Fuel	2,066 47
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	923 25
Water supply	116 33
Ice	126 45
Salaries and wages	4,730 91
Taxes and insurance	.....
Contingencies	778 41
Repairs, ordinary	1,032 16
Total	$18,361 70
Government grant for 1913...	$1,401 20

Hospital for Incurables, Toronto

AMASA WOOD HOSPITAL, ST. THOMAS.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	34
Admitted	514
Births in the hospital	54
Total number under treatment	602
Discharged	538
Died	33
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	31
	602

Sex.

Male	321
Female	281
	602

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$592 72
From the City of St. Thomas.	8,500 00
From paying patients themselves	9,184 98
Other sources	.....
Total	$18,277 70

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$668 25
Butter and eggs	436 54
Flour, bread and meal	207 84
Milk	726 00
Tea and coffee	163 30
Potatoes and other vegetables.	348 40
Groceries and other provisions not enumerated	2,112 56
Drugs and medicines	727 80
Medical and surgical appliances	930 20
Surgical instruments	178 30
Beer, wine and spirits	14 35
Bedding, etc.	334 34
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	891 59
Fuel	1,236 49
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	406 02
Water supply	75 05
Ice	99 41
Ambulance expenses	150 50
Salaries and wages	4,407 18
Taxes and insurance	130 53
Contingencies	274 69
Repairs, ordinary	79 54
Printing, stationery, etc.	103 85
Total	$14,702 73
Government grant for 1913	$1,272 86

GENERAL AND MARINE HOSPITAL, OWEN SOUND.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	17
Admitted	431
Births in hospital	36
Total number under treatment	484
Discharged	437
Died	22
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	25
	484

Sex.

Male	233
Female	251
	484

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$743 42
From the Town of Owen Sound	867 00
From the County of Grey	1,000 00
From other municipalities	125 00
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment.	8,341 15
From subscriptions, bequests and donations of private persons	336 62
From all other sources not enumerated	430 43
Total	$11,843 62

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat and fish	$744 44
Butter and eggs	489 58
Flour, bread and meal	345 27
Milk	538 50

GENERAL AND MARINE HOSPITAL, OWEN SOUND.—*Continued.*

Tea and coffee		Electric light, gas, oil	504 37
Potatoes and other vegetables	103 16	Hay and straw	
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,958 31	Ice	84 75
Drugs and medicines	486 17	Salaries and wages	3,774 30
Medical and surgical appliances	259 65	Insurance and interest	35 42
Beer, wine and spirits	35 75	Contingencies	99 69
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings		Repairs, ordinary	225 66
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	314 41	Printing, stationery, etc.	115 24
Fuel	1,617 07	Total	$11,731 74
		Government grant for 1913	$790 77

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL, SUDBURY.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	66
Number admitted	1,588
Births in hospital	29
Total number under treatment	1,683
Discharged	1,522
Died	65
Remaining under treatment on the 30th September, 1913	96
	1,683

Sex.

Male	1,336
Female	347
	1,683

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$3,515 19
From paying patients themselves	19,566 27
Subscriptions, donations and bequests	3,224 18
Other sources	3,957 09
Total	$30,262 72

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$2,696 68
Butter and eggs	1,634 96
Flour, bread and meal	939 99
Milk	1,873 01
Tea and coffee	688 46
Potatoes and other vegetables	722 48
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	2,128 84
Drugs and medicines	1,253 77
Medical and surgical appliances	964 08
Beer, wine and spirits	471 13
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	959 92
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap, and cleaning appliances	337 64
Fuel	569 96
Electric light, gas and oil	403 41
Water	36 00
Clothing for patients	865 80
Ice	125 00
Salaries and wages	4,951 41
Contingencies	826 25
Repairs, ordinary	977 27
Total	$23,731 51
Government grant for 1913	$4,310 73

THE WOODSTOCK HOSPITAL.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	23
Admitted	400
Births	27
Total number under treatment	450

THE WOODSTOCK HOSPITAL.—*Continued.*

Discharged	393
Died	31
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	26
	450

Sex.

Male	212
Female	238
	450

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$763 24
From the Town of Woodstock	1,200 00
From the County of Oxford	1,000 00
Income from endowments and investments	1,233 69
From paying patients themselves	8,294 33
Subscriptions, donations and bequests	75 00
Received from other sources	14 00
Total	$12,580 26

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$1,164 59
Butter	1,015 57
Flour, bread and meal	312 67
Milk	406 25
Tea and coffee	244 40
Potatoes and other vegetables	4 10
Groceries and other provisions not enumerated	1,301 89
Drugs and medicines	336 40
Medical and surgical appliances	486 49
Beer, wine and spirits	14 95
Bedding, etc.	160 53
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	202 10
Fuel	1,048 34
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	574 82
Ice	99 43
Salaries and wages	3,569 46
Insurance and taxes	123 71
Contingencies	358 98
Repairs, ordinary	219 44
Printing, stationery, etc.	60 88
Total	$11,705 00
Government grant for 1913	$781 89

BERLIN AND WATERLOO HOSPITAL, BERLIN.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	20
Admitted	526
Births in hospital	26
Total number under treatment	572
Discharged	503
Died	44
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	25
	572

Sex.

Male	281
Female	291
	572

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$909 98
From the Town of Berlin	2,575 00
From the County of Waterloo	1,500 00
From the Town of Waterloo	800 00
From patients for maintenance and treatment	8,616 37
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	100 00
From other sources	4,706 24
Total	$19,207 59

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$862 27
Butter and eggs	271 10
Flour, bread and meal	464 60
Milk	681 99
Tea and coffee	.....
Potatoes and other vegetables	114 28
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,338 82
Drugs and medicines	635 61
Medical and surgical appliances	679 62
Beer, wine and spirits	89 50
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	36 00
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	939 92
Fuel	1,883 53

BERLIN AND WATERLOO HOSPITAL, BERLIN.—*Continued.*

Electric light, gas, oil and candles	338 16
Ice supply	108 00
Salaries and wages	4,895 16
Insurance and taxes	365 31
Contingencies	4,248 92
Repairs, ordinary	203 47
Grounds	22 50
Total	$18,178 76
Government grant for 1913	$940 41

GENERAL HOSPITAL, SARNIA.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	26
Admitted	599
Births in hospital	72
Total number under treatment	697
Discharged	607
Died	52
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	38
	697

Sex.

Male	320
Female	377
	697

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$834 15
From the Town of Sarnia	1,000 00
From the County of Lambton	1,000 00
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	11,228 25
From property belonging to the hospital	1,572 86
From subscriptions, donations, and bequests from private individuals	188 13
From all other sources	1,763 80
Total	$17,587 19

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$1,279 65
Butter and eggs	805 39
Flour, bread and meal	292 0
Milk	604 78
Tea and coffee	.....
Potatoes and other vegetables	302 47
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	980 58
Drugs and medicines	379 37
Surgical instruments and appliances	741 97
Beer, wine and spirits	39 75
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	1,416 13
Fuel	785 60
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	296 84
Laundry, etc.	1,650 59
Ice	115 20
Salaries and wages	3,240 92
Insprance	5 10
Contingencies	469 65
Repairs, ordinary	1,178 89
Stationery and printing	67 56
Clothing for nurses	30 13
Refunds to patients	13 55
Total	$14,635 13
Government grant for 1913	$1,092 86

ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL, BARRIE.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	25
Admitted	358
Births in hospital	39
Total number under treatment	422
Discharged	369
Died	25
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	28
	422

General Hospital, Ingersoll.

ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL, BARRIE.—*Continued.*

Sex.

Male	180
Female	242
	422

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,073 81
From the Town of Barrie	300 00
From the County of Simcoe	500 00
From other municipalities	25 00
From patients for maintenance and treatment	7,143 26
From endowments, investments, etc.	462 00
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	166 26
From other sources	443 69
Total	$10,114 02

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$665 38
Butter and eggs	816 38
Flour, bread and meal	384 33
Milk	488 90
Tea and coffee	.....
Potatoes and other vegetables	184 81
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	987 32
Drugs and medicines	252 75
Medical and surgical appliances	277 90
Beer, wine and spirits	1 50
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	222 20
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	149 69
Fuel	1,075 35
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	336 53
Water	149 15
Ice supply	40 00
Salaries and wages	3,370 50
Interest	63 91
Contingencies	429 74
Repairs, ordinary	217 68
Total	$10,114 02

Government grant for 1913 ... $1,154 60

HOTEL DIEU HOSPITAL, CORNWALL.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	39
Admitted	658
Total number under treatment	697
Discharged	634
Died	29
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	34
	697

Sex.

Male	337
Female	360
	697

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,947 37
From the Town of Cornwall	725 00
From the Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry	1,000 00
From other municipalities in the Province	600 00
From paying patients themselves	4,450 00
From subscriptions, donations, etc.	2,100 00
From other sources	3,122 60
Total	$13,944 97

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat and fish	$1,424 65
Butter and eggs	909 40
Flour, bread and meal	590 00
Milk	350 25
Tea and coffee	458 90
Potatoes and other vegetables	850 25
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,125 80
Drugs and medicines	276 17
Medical and surgical appliances	618 38
Surgical instruments	166 05
Beer, wine and spirits	98 00
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	520 00
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	285 40
Fuel	1,200 00
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	400 50
Ice	125 00

HOTEL DIEU HOSPITAL, CORNWALL.—*Continued.*

Salaries and wages	680 00	Stationery, postage, etc.	150 00
Taxes and insurance	555 00		
Contingencies	710 40	Total	$13,894 15
Repairs, ordinary	2,400 00		
Hay and straw		Government grant for 1913	$2,853 82

GENERAL HOSPITAL, CORNWALL.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Total under treatment 1st October, 1912	20
Admitted	499
Births in Hospital	18
Total number under treatment	537
Discharged	488
Died	20
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	29
	537

Sex.

Male	274
Female	263
	537

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,421 70
From the town of Cornwall	725 00
From the counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry	1,000 00
From other municipalities in the Province	635 00
From paying patients themselves	7,744 45
From subscriptions, donations, etc.	4,621 48
From other sources	363 07
Total	$16,510 70

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat and fish	$722 04
Butter and eggs	1,065 86
Flour, bread and meal	353 12
Milk	438 29
Tea and coffee	136 55
Potatoes and other vegetables	215 28
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	605 30
Drugs and medicines	475 55
Medical and surgical appliances	653 89
Surgical instruments	32 49
Beer, wine and spirits	13 05
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	451 86
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	87 77
Fuel	1,301 92
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	411 58
Salaries and wages	3,093 25
Laundry	612 76
Contingencies	406 89
Repairs, ordinary	1,032 79
Printing, stationery, postage, telephone, etc.	270 91
Ice	15 00
Insurance and interest	80 50
Total	$12,500 65
Government grant for 1913	$1,114 11

NATIONAL SANATORIUM FOR CONSUMPTIVES, GRAVENHURST.

(Muskoka Cottages.)

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	67
Admitted	170
Total number under treatment	237
Discharged	162
Died	2
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	73
	237

NATIONAL SANATORIUM FOR CONSUMPTIVES, GRAVENHURST.—*Continued*

Sex.

Male	138
Female	99
	237

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario.	.....
From paying patients themselves	47,258 90
From subscriptions, bequests and donations of private individuals	.....
From other sources	2,909 80
Total	$50,168 70

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$12,114 83
Butter and eggs	4,371 71
Flour, bread and meal	1,140 66
Milk	2,900 22
Tea and coffee	358 30
Potatoes and other vegetables.	2,245 43
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	5,523 69
Drugs and medicines	1,216 11
Medical and surgical appliances	208 15
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	3,210 85
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	641 93
Fuel	5,075 94
Electric light, oil, and candles	676 08
Maintenance of plant	342 60
Laundry	1,739 45
Ice	72 54
Salaries and wages	12,726 06
Freight and livery	1,036 98
Advertising, printing, postage, etc.	768 50
Contingencies	384 84
Repairs, ordinary	1,958 98
Insurance premiums	25 00
Bank interest and exchange	772 37
Travelling expenses	495 33
Improving grounds	389 07
Horse expense	354 13
H. O. expense	945 58
Total	$61,695 33

MUSKOKA FREE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	144
Admitted	263
Total number under treatment	407
Discharged	229
Died	14
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	164
	407

Sex.

Male	248
Female	159
	407

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario.	$22,565 15
From the City of Toronto, in payment of patients' maintenance	17,895 50
From Associated Charities, Ottawa, in payment of patients' maintenance	1,456 70
From other municipalities	765 10
From endowments, investments, etc.	3,975 00
From paying patients themselves	6,635 48
Subscriptions, donations and bequests of private individuals	19,308 66
From all other sources not above enumerated	109 82
Total	$72,711 41

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$9,079 73
Butter and eggs	4,469 80
Flour, bread and meal	1,787 75
Milk	3,638 82
Tea and coffee	386 68
Potatoes and other vegetables.	1,997 40
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	4,415 85
Drugs and medicines	905 38
Medical and surgical appliances, dispensary	860 47
Bedding, napery and general house furnishing	2,946 66
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleansing appliances	616 76
Fuel	5,142 74
Maintenance of plant	447 07

MUSKOKA FREE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES.—*Continued.*

Improving grounds	102 19	Postage and advertising	713 27
Travelling expenses	670 44	Freight and livery	1,071 85
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	541 24	Laboratory expenses	256 73
Ice supply	118 32	Horse expenses	1,156 65
Salaries and wages	21,650 78	Head office expenses	4,163 74
Insurance and taxes	242 25	Outdoor furnishings	48 12
Laundry	1,841 50	Total	$73,040 95
Contingencies	661 23		
Repairs, ordinary	1,449 40	Government grant for 1913	23,555 58
Interest and bank collection	1,658 13		

GENERAL HOSPITAL, KENORA.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	9
Admitted	248
Number of births in Hospital	18
Total number under treatment	275
Discharged	239
Died	18
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	18
	275

Sex.

Male	207
Female	68
	275

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$472 28
From the Town of Kenora	825 00
From other municipalities	.....
From paying patients	3,440 54
Subscriptions, donations, etc.	2,232 65
Care of lumber and railway camp cases	1,925 00
From other sources	.....
Total	$8,895 47

Expenditures.

Potatoes and other vegetables, Butchers' meat and fish	$939 37
Butter and eggs	
Bread	206 75
Milk	262 00
Groceries and provisions not enumerated, flour and meal	1,497 67
Tea and coffee	.....
Drugs and medicines and surgical appliances	772 08
Surgical instruments	23 62
Beer, wine and spirits	74 00
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	213 84
Fuel	976 55
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	52 75
Ice	42 75
Salaries and wages	4,865 00
Contingencies	603 58
Repairs, ordinary	157 80
Insurance	57 70
Stationery, postage, etc.	92 65
Total	$10,900 51
Government aid for 1913	$744 13

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL, KENORA.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	12
Admitted	260
Births in Hospital	8
Total number under treatment	280
Discharged	243
Died	17
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	20
	280

Victorian Hospital, Almonte.

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL, KENORA.—*Continued.*

Sex.

Male	189
Female	91
	280

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,146 62
From Dominion Government	307 50
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	4,213 70
From subscriptions, donations and bequests of private individuals	730 15
From other sources	723 51
Total	7,121 48

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$559 32
Butter and eggs	399 22
Flour, bread and meal	250 50
Milk	401 25
Tea and coffee	92 46
Potatoes and other vegetables	120 05
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	353 65
Drugs and medicines	134 00
Surgical instruments	6 75
Medical and surgical appliances	103 05
Beer, wine and spirits and mineral water	24 75
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	198 42
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	115 36
Fuel	593 55
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	43 15
Clothing for patients	85 92
Ice	40 80
Salaries and wages	1,296 10
Insurance	78 33
Contingencies	255 10
Repairs, ordinary	749 82
Feed for animals	401 53
Printing, stationery, etc.	53 25
Total	$6,347 33
Government grants for 1913	$1,345 53

GENERAL HOSPITAL, SAULT STE. MARIE.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	49
Admitted	693
Births in Hospital	32
Total number under treatment	774
Discharged	694
Died	39
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	41
	774

Sex.

Male	538
Female	236

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,317 23
From Dominion Government	273 00
From the City of Sault Ste. Marie	986 75
From other municipalities	1,793 50
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	9,949 19
Subscriptions, donations and bequests of private individuals	9,493 20
From other sources not enumerated	468 25
Total	$24,281 12

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$1,466 17
Butter and eggs	1,196 63
Flour, bread and meal	706 52
Milk	845 53
Tea and Coffee	$460 04
Potatoes, vegetables and fruit	425 50
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	594 26
Drugs and medicines	375 75
Medical and surgical appliances	774 27
Operating table and sterilizers	.....
Beer, wine and spirits	123 95
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	628 71
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	215 56
Fuel	3,183 82
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	338 37
Water supply	66 14

GENERAL HOSPITAL, SAULT STE. MARIE.—*Continued.*

Clothing for patients, including boots and shoes	338 47	Printing, stationery, etc.	78 69
Ice	175 20	Building contract	200 00
Salaries and wages	2,357 75	Total	$19,429 18
Contingencies	196 90		
Repairs, ordinary	763 70	Government grant for 1913	$1,885 29
Taxes and insurance	17 25		

VICTORIA GENERAL HOSPITAL, RENFREW.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	5
Admitted	162
Births in Hospital	14
Total number under treatment	181
Discharged	160
Died	9
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	12
	181

Sex.

Male	87
Female	94
	181

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$575 54
From the Town of Renfrew	300 00
From the County of Renfrew	401 57
From other municipalities	120 00
From patients for maintenance and treatment	3,585 14
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	401 00
Total	$5,383 25

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	367 16
Butter and eggs	249 50
Flour, bread and meal	120 90
Milk	339 51
Tea and coffee	8 65
Potatoes and other vegetables.	63 78
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	446 80
Medical and surgical appliances	540 26
Surgical instruments	.....
Drugs and medicines	35 12
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	119 67
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	10 50
Fuel	432 13
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	116 45
Water Supply	33 95
Ice supply	37 50
Salaries and wages	1,614 75
Laundry	132 68
Contingencies	142 50
Repairs, ordinary	110 11
Total	$4,921 92
Government grant for 1913	$553 41

THE ROSS MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, LINDSAY.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	22
Admitted	330
Births in Hospital	15
Total number under treatment	367
Discharged	317
Died	30
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	20
	367

ROSS MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, LINDSAY.—*Continued.*

Sex.

Male	159
Female	208
	367

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,650 24
From the Town of Lindsay	600 00
From the County of Victoria	1,100 00
From other municipalities	50 00
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	6,289 55
Income from endowments	1,063 54
Subscriptions, donations and bequests of private individuals	321 94
From other sources not enumerated	1,534 16
Total	$12,609 43

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$1,030 27
Butter and eggs	766 45
Flour, bread and meal	249 69
Milk	342 80
Tea and coffee	122 92
Potatoes and other vegetables	281 55
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	637 86
Drugs and medicine	497 97
Medical and surgical appliances	643 34
Surgical instruments	20 85
Beer, wine and spirits	14 70
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	458 58
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	194 90
Fuel	791 27
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	116 74
Water supply	85 00
Clothing for patients, including boots and shoes	161 75
Ice	70 00
Salaries and wages	4,039 82
Contigencies	412 94
Repairs, ordinary	317 88
Taxes and insurance	.....
Stationery, postage, etc.	135 84
Annie Ross Nurses' Home	498 05
Total	$11,891 17
Government grant for 1913	$586 95

McKELLAR GENERAL HOSPITAL, FORT WILLIAM.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	57
Admitted	1,746
Number of births in Hospital	85
Total number under treatment	1,888
Discharged	1,687
Died	107
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	94
	1,888

Sex.

Male	1,226
Female	662
	1,888

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$3,571 61
From the Town of Fort William	3,384 75
From other municipalities	.....
From paying patients	31,273 35
Subscriptions, donations, etc.	1,343 50
Other sources	752 15
Total	$40,325 36

Expenditures.

Fish	$389 24
Butchers' meat	1,928 90
Flour, bread and meal	773 95
Milk	2,262 65
Butter and eggs	2,098 90
Tea and coffee	244 68
Potatoes and other vegetables	334 80
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	2,509 36
Drugs and medicines	1,088 66
Medical and surgical appliances	2,409 81
Beer, wine and spirits	121 35
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	.....
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances and laundry	1,426 57
Fuel	3,825 10
Taxes, insurance	206 97

JOHN McKELLAR GENERAL MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, FORT WILLIAM.—*Continued.*

Printing, stationery, etc	473 91	Electric light, gas, oil, etc	890 25
Salaries and wages	13,461 12		
Contingencies	919 37	Total	$37,239 83
Repairs, ordinary	1,480 34		
Interest	222 05	Government grant for 1913	$4,016 46
Furniture	171 85		

GENERAL HOSPITAL, WALKERTON.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	11
Number Admitted	136
Number of births	18
	165
Discharged	139
Died	15
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	11
	165

Sex.

Male	76
Female	89
	165

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$553 64
From the Town of Walkerton	100 00
From the County of Bruce	1,500 00
From other municipalities of the Province	35 00
From endowments, investments, etc.	
From paying patients	2,880 14
From subscriptions, bequests and donations of private individuals	821 97
From other sources not enumerated	63 49
Total	$5,954 24

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$305 02
Butter and eggs	360 76
Flour, bread and meal	196 50
Milk	201 00
Tea and coffee	95 33
Potatoes and other vegetables	80 13
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	559 06
Drugs and medicines	347 55
Medical and surgical appliances	4 79
Beer, wine and spirits	5 40
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	233 17
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	103 53
Fuel	764 22
Light: electric, gas, oil and candles	232 70
Water supply	30 00
Ice supply	40 25
Salaries and wages	2,285 60
Insurance	103 24
Contingencies	6 93
Repairs, ordinary	334 33
Printing, postage, etc	15 45
Clothing	5 85
Total	$6,310 81
Government grant for 1913	$663 83

QUEEN VICTORIA MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, NORTH BAY.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	20
Admitted	484
Births in Hospital	18
Total number under treatment	522
Discharged	466
Died	27
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	29
	522

General Hospital, Kingston.

QUEEN VICTORIA MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, NORTH BAY.—*Continued.*

Sex.

Male	357
Female	165
	522

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,093 02
From the Town of North Bay	400 00
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	7,457 93
Subscriptions, donations, etc	779 00
Total	$9,729 95

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$792 77
Butter and eggs	461 12
Flour, bread and meal	280 05
Milk	705 18
Tea and coffee	81 06
Potatoes and other vegetables	91 94
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,292 03
Drugs and medicines	565 81
Surgical instruments and appliances	236 94
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	229 95
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	34 40
Fuel	941 83
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	179 05
Water supply	30 00
Ice	62 40
Salaries and wages	2,528 55
Contingencies	739 96
Interest and exchange	586 30
Repairs, ordinary	115 15
Total	$10,348 74
Government grant for 1913	$1,174 99

GENERAL HOSPITAL, MIDLAND.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	11
Admitted	180
Births in Hospital	9
Total number under treatment	200
Discharged	177
Died	12
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	11
	200

Sex.

Male	128
Female	72
	200

Revenue.

From the Province	$501 42
From the Town of Midland	
From the County of Simcoe	500 00
From other municipalities	
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	4,162 72
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	1,120 52
From other sources	27 66
Total	$6,312 32

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$220 93
Butter and eggs	293 66
Flour, bread and meal	143 35
Milk	148 67
Tea and coffee	21 80
Potatoes and other vegetables	82 70
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	516 13
Drugs and medicines	251 91
Surgical instruments and appliances	304 11
Beer, wine and spirits	17 00
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	58 58
Fuel	328 22
Light: electric, gas, oil and candles	132 78
Water supply	25 75
Ice	22 00
Salaries and wages	1,913 85
Printing, stationery, etc.	5 45
Contingencies	250 38
Repairs, ordinary	393 36
Taxes and insurance	22 50
Laundry	519 59
Total	$5,672 72
Government grant for 1913	$541 43

ST. FRANCIS' HOSPITAL, SMITH'S FALLS.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	32
Admitted	448
Births in Hospital	22
Total number under treatment	502
Discharged	471
Died	14
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	17
	502

Sex.

Male	253
Female	249
	502

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,340 09
From the Town of Smith's Falls for patients' maintenance	200 00
From the County of Lanark...	50 00
From paying patients themselves	5,112 36
From subscriptions, bequests, and donations of private individuals	37 50
From other sources	117 14
Total	$6,857 09

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$875 00
Butter and eggs	600 00
Flour, bread and meal	385 00
Milk	400 00
Tea and coffee	292 14
Potatoes and other vegetables	159 90
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	513 40
Drugs and medicines	268 05
Medical and surgical appliances	237 60
Surgical instruments	.....
Alcohol	28 91
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	343 30
Brushes, brooms, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	164 24
Fuel	598 90
Electric light, motor service	243 65
Water	25 00
Ice	30 00
Salaries and wages	1,019 00
Taxes and insurance	53 97
Stationery, postage, etc.	31 01
Repairs, ordinary	206 19
Contingencies	84 96
Total	$6,612 18
Government aid for 1913	$1,182 42

FREE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES, WESTON.

(Including Queen Mary Hospital for Consumptive Children, and King Edward Annex.)

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	127
Admitted	486
Births in Hospital	3
Total number under treatment	616
Discharged	262
Died	158
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	196
	616

Sex.

Male	377
Female	239
	616

Revenue.

From the Province	$18,256 71
From the City of Toronto	32,769 10
From other municipalities	926 22
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment.	4,887 93
From endowments, investments, etc.	4,091 14
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	3,595 22
From other sources	64 15
Total	$64,590 47

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$10,663 38
Butter and eggs	4,391 93
Flour, bread and meal	1,682 23
Milk	5,557 21

FREE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES, WESTON.—*Continued.*

Tea and coffee		506 25	Improving grounds		1,328 57
Potatoes and other vegetables		2,156 73	Advertising, stationery and postage		751 05
Groceries and provisions not enumerated		6,749 95	Ice		379 07
Drugs and medicines		1,978 63	Salaries and wages		22,892 50
Laboratory expenses and medical appliances		1,542 06	Taxes and insurance		547 79
Bank interest and exchange		2,676 96	Freight and livery		930 55
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings		3,332 68	Contingencies		327 84
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances		798 60	Outside furnishing		54 09
Fuel		6,044 81	Travelling expenses		170 31
Electric light, gas, oil and candles		773 50	Repairs, ordinary		1,619 38
Laundry		2,802 51	Head office expenses		3,413 26
Maintenance of plant		702 93	Total		$84,776 72
			Government grant for 1913		$27,167 57

MOUNTAIN SANATORIUM, HAMILTON.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	58
Admitted	134
Total number under treatment	192
Discharged	120
Died	5
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	67
	192

Sex.

Male	106
Female	86
	192

Revenue

From the Province of Ontario	$9,569 58
From the City of Hamilton for patients' maintenance	7,211 68
From paying patients themselves	4,199 52
From Endowments, investments, etc.	581 05
From other sources	2,000 00
Total	$23,561 83

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$2,435 16
Butter and eggs	1,599 75
Flour, bread and meal	368 99
Milk	1,297 49
Potatoes and other vegetables and fruit	522 29
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	966 41
Drugs and medicines	909 66
Dispensary work	1,512 93
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	520 87
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	
Fuel	1,442 10
Light: gas, oil and candles	386 05
Farm and stable expenses	361 98
Contingencies	
Salaries and wages	9,453 23
Taxes and insurance	232 59
Laundry	407 79
Advertising, stationery and postage, etc.	750 85
Repairs, ordinary	912 58
Ice	99 20
Total	$24,179 92
Government grant for 1913	$9,240 00

VICTORIAN HOSPITAL, ALMONTE.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	5
Admitted	116
Births in Hospital	23
Total number under treatment	144

VICTORIA HOSPITAL, ALMONTE.—*Continued.*

Discharged	124
Died	11
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	9
	144

Sex.

Male	46
Female	98
	144

Revenue.

From the Province	$303 03
From the Town of Almonte	200 00
From the County of Lanark	100 00
From other municipalities	150 00
From endowments, investments, etc.	350 00
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	1,590 98
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	430 81
From other sources	267 02
Total	$3,391 84

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$244 27
Butter and eggs	141 42
Flour, bread and milk	53 25
Milk	119 47
Tea and coffee	22 40
Potatoes and other vegetables	18 25
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	290 33
Drugs and medicines	117 72
Medical and surgical appliances	89 23
Beer, wine and spirits	.....
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	28 97
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	27 86
Fuel	220 72
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	26 63
Salaries and wages	2,058 53
Taxes and insurance	.....
Contingencies	63 09
Repairs, ordinary	58 85
Ice	20 00
Printing, stationery, etc.	35 87
Total	$3,636 86

Government grant for 1913 .... $321 02

GENERAL HOSPITAL, NIAGARA FALLS.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	20
Admitted	373
Births in Hospital	22
Total under treatment	415
Discharged	367
Died	25
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	23
	415

Sex.

Male	260
Female	155
	415

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$827 30
From the Town of Niagara Falls	800 00
From the County of Welland	500 00
From other municipalities	200 00
From patients for maintenance and treatment	7,874 81
From subscriptions, donations, and bequests from private individuals	237 25
From other sources	.....
Total	$10,439 36

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$812 10
Butter and eggs	392 98
Flour, bread and meal	187 07
Milk	360 04
Tea and coffee	75 16
Potatoes and other vegetables	149 44
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	801 10
Drugs and medicines	911 87
Medical and surgical appliances	419 06
Surgical instruments	47 50
Beer, wine and spirits	15 00
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	619 56
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	35 75
Fuel	616 69

St. Luke's General Hospital, Ottawa.

GENERAL HOSPITAL, NIAGARA FALLS.—*Continued.*

Electric light, gas, oil, candles.	100 20	Interest	300 60
Ice supply	102 56	Water supply	41 86
Salaries and wages	2,319 25		
Contingencies	132 33	Total	$10,589 22
Repairs, ordinary	888 49		
Laundry	1,197 70	Government grant for 1913	$1,134 87
Taxes and insurance	62 91		

GENERAL HOSPITAL, WINGHAM.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	10
Admitted	132
Number of births in hospital	12
Total number under treatment	154
Discharged	141
Died	8
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	5
	154

Sex.

Male	67
Female	87
	154

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario.	$430 83
From the Town of Wingham	200 00
From the County of Huron	226 98
From other municipalities	
From paying patients	4,162 88
Subscriptions, donations, etc	158 44
Other sources	18 19
Total	$5,197 32

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$232 78
Butter and eggs	214 18
Flour, bread and meal	106 04
Milk	114 92
Tea and coffee	27 45
Potatoes and other vegetables	32 35
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	462 67
Drugs and medicines	172 81
Medical and surgical appliances	265 58
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	205 09
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	22 88
Fuel	769 59
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	150 82
Water supply	18 52
Ice	20 00
Salaries and wages	1,630 30
Contingencies	104 92
Repairs, ordinary	39 90
Taxes and insurance	58 74
Printing, stationery, etc	33 75
Total	$4,683 29
Government grant for 1913	$470 00

GENERAL AND MARINE HOSPITAL, GODERICH.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	6
Admitted	124
Births in Hospital	16
Total number under treatment	146
Discharged	132
Died	9
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	5
	146

Sex.

Male	60
Female	86
	146

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario.	$657 09
From the Town of Goderich	600 00
From the County of Huron	346 18
From other municipalities	
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment.	2,452 07

GENERAL AND MARINE HOSPITAL, GODERICH.—*Continued.*

From endowments, investments, etc.	31 25
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	52 10
From other sources	.....
Total	$1,138 69

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$142 92
Butter and eggs	144 39
Flour, bread and meal	66 78
Milk	140 23
Tea and coffee	26 95
Potatoes and other vegetables	54 40
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	144 77
Drugs and medicines	67 49
Medical and surgical appliances	177 92
Surgical instruments	.....
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	17 14
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	40 95
Fuel	519 35
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	103 53
Water spuply	18 90
Salaries and wages	1,728 60
Printing, stationery, etc.	32 44
Insurance	30 00
Ice supply	23 75
Contingencies	128 58
Repairs, ordinary	75 46
Rent	94 00
Telephone	38 85
Total	$3,817 40
Government grant for 1913	$443 44

LADY MINTO HOSPITAL, NEW LISKEARD.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	10
Admitted	228
Births in Hospital	4
Total number under treatment	242
Discharged	201
Died	18
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	23
	242

Sex.

Male	165
Female	77
	242

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,028 57
From the Town of New Liskeard	200 00
From other municipalities	25 00
From Victorian Order	400 00
From patients for maintenance and treatment	5,937 74
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	539 52
From other sources	1,098 50
Total	$9,229 33

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$461 09
Butter and eggs	442 29
Flour, bread and meal	164 64
Milk	550 96
Tea and coffee	49 56
Potatoes and other vegetables	313 57
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	381 94
Drugs and medicines	409 65
Medical and surgical appliances	16 60
Beer, wine and spirits	40 15
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	148 70
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	107 84
Fuel	693 00
Electric light, gas, oil and power	233 89
Ice supply	39 50
Salaries and wages	3,147 30
Repairs, ordinary	454 70
Coffins and funerals	19 00
Printing, stationery, etc	249 14
Taxes and insurance	156 25
Total	$8,079 77
Government grant for 1913	$905 69

ROYAL ALEXANDRA HOSPITAL, FERGUS.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	34
Admitted	276
Births in Hospital	7
Total under treatment	317
Discharged	278
Died	18
Under treatment (30th September, 1913	21
	317

Sex.

Male	141
Female	176
	317

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario.	$1,128 86
From the County of Wellington	1,393 09
From other municipalities	25 09
From patients for maintenance and treatment	6,258 67
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	50 00
From all other sources	2,730 16
Total	$11,585 68

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$616 87
Butter and eggs	618 41
Flour, bread and meal	371 40
Milk	338 99
Tea and coffee	89 86
Potatoes and other vegetabels.	698 40
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	450 37
Drugs and medicines	463 72
Medical and surgical appliances	1,019 38
Surgical instruments	103 69
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	331 02
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	121 59
Fuel	1,124 28
Electric light, gas, oil, candles.	502 23
Ice supply	61 50
Salaries and wages	2,773 25
Taxes and insurance	.....
Contingencies	874 13
Repairs, ordinary	614 99
Hay, straw and feed	190 54
Printing and stationery	311 60
Total	$11,676 13
Government grant for 1913	$1,216 74

GENERAL HOSPITAL, PARRY SOUND.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	5
Admitted	176
Number of births in Hospital	6
Total number under treatment	187
Discharged	166
Died	12
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	9
	187

Sex.

Male	112
Female	75
	187

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario.	$462 32
From paying patients	3,605 08
Subscriptions, donations, etc.	.....
Other sources	461 75
Total	$4,529 15

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$323 72
Butter and eggs	213 03
Flour, bread and meal	160 54
Milk	115 08
Tea and coffee	63 95
Potatoes and other vegetables	86 67
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	373 90
Drugs and medicines	161 72
Medical and surgical appliances	138 26
Surgical instruments	38 12

GENERAL HOSPITAL, PARRY SOUND.—*Continued.*

Beer, wine and spirits	46 05	Salaries and wages	2,280 00
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	56 77	Printing, stationery, etc	15 00
Brooms, brushes, soap and cleaning	38 52	Contingencies	
Fuel	186 65	Repairs, ordinary	50 00
Electric light, gas, oil	109 51	Taxes and insurance	32 77
Water supply	20 09	Total	$4,529 12
Ice supply	18 77	Government grant for 1913	$357 58

GENERAL HOSPITAL, ORILLIA.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	20
Admitted	353
Births in Hospital	28
Total number under treatment	401
Discharged	358
Died	18
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913.	25
	401

Sex.

Male	182
Female	219
	401

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario.	$1,220 63
From the Town of Orillia	500 00
From the County of Simcoe	500 00
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment.	7,090 85
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	237 51
From other sources	8 40
Total	$9,557 39

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$564 60
Butter and eggs	454 17
Flour, bread and meal	263 36
Milk	381 45
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	846 82
Drugs and medicines	554 38
Medical and surgical appliances	523 52
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	132 50
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	84 32
Fuel	1,041 10
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	282 84
Water supply	45 20
Ice	35 00
Salaries and wages	2,719 26
Taxes and insurance	174 01
Contingencies	139 63
Repairs, ordinary	348 11
Printing, stationery, etc.	82 90
Total	$8,673 17
Government grant for 1913	$1,218 92

GENERAL HOSPITAL, WELLAND.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	16
Admitted	437
Number of births in Hospital	17
Total number under treatment	470
Discharged	419
Died	25
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	26
	470

General Hospital, Chatham.

GENERAL HOSPITAL, WELLAND.—*Continued.*

Sex.

Male	300
Female	170
	470

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario.	$978 69
From the Town of Welland	1,200 00
From the County of Welland	1,200 00
From other municipalities	
From paying patients	6,950 25
Subscriptions, donations, etc.	1,215 00
Other sources	1,219 11
Total	$12,763 05

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$528 06
Butter and eggs	568 23
Flour, bread and meal	221 20
Milk	689 99
Tea and coffee	85 63
Potatoes and other vegetables.	139 46
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,126 92
Drugs and medicines	985 43
Medical and surgical appliances	1,029 90
Surgical instruments	8 80
Beer, wine and spirits	95 76
Bedding, house furnishings, etc	270 26
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	14 70
Fuel	791 94
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	328 40
Ice	102 50
Salaries and wages	3,049 43
Contingencies	94 66
Repairs, ordinary	685 50
Laundry	1,391 91
Printing, postage and stationery	149 23
Telephone and electricity	108 04
Ambulance	304 50
Total	$13,070 45

Government grant for 1913 ... $1,176 25

RAILWAY, MARINE AND GENERAL HOSPITAL, PORT ARTHUR.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	23
Admitted	671
Births in Hospital	13
Total number under treatment	707
Discharged	629
Died	28
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	50
	707

Sex.

Male	485
Female	222
	707

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario.	$2,055 26
From the City of Port Arthur.	1,750 00
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment.	8,875 95
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	224 85
From other sources	1,640 35
Total	$14,546 41

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$1,187 31
Butter and eggs	871 50
Flour, bread and meal	360 33
Milk	1,368 80
Tea and coffee	104 85
Potatoes and other vegetables.	306 50
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,310 19
Drugs and medicines	410 90
Surgical and medical appliances	844 32
Beer, wine and spirits	12 25
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	208 37
Fuel	1,656 00
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	175 60
Electric light, gas, oil, candles.	27 80
Water supply	35 06
Ice	154 16
Salaries and wages	5,915 50
Taxes and insurance	258 58
Stationery, printing, etc	119 87
Contingencies	111 16
Repairs, ordinary	406 76
Total	$15,845 81

Government grant for 1913 ... $2,066 96

GENERAL HOSPITAL, INGERSOLL.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movement of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	4
Admitted	127
Births in Hospital	9
Total number under treatment	140
Discharged	123
Died	8
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	9
	140

Sex.

Male	56
Female	84
	140

Revenue.

From the Province	$527 56
From the Town of Ingersoll	2,000 00
From the County of Oxford	1,000 00
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	2,626 32
From subscriptions, donations, and bequests from private individuals	397 98
From other sources	.....
Total	$6,551 86

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$494 97
Butter and eggs	.....
Bread	114 60
Milk	124 00
Tea and coffee	.....
Potatoes and other vegetables	.....
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	918 58
Drugs and medicines	290 78
Medical and surgical appliances	.....
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	61 97
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	.....
Fuel	934 71
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	217 95
Salaries and wages	1,987 45
Insurance and taxes	18 75
Contingencies	43 25
Repairs, ordinary	286 89
Ice	36 00
Water	61 33
Total	$5,673 23
Government grant for 1913	$479 42

GENERAL HOSPITAL, KINCARDINE.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	2
Admitted	82
Births in hospital	9
Total number under treatment	93
Discharged	86
Died	4
Under treatment 30th September, 1912	3
	93

Sex.

Male	48
Female	45
	93

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$264 92
From the Town of Kincardine	.....
From the County of Bruce	750 00
From patients for maintenance and treatment	1,368 32
From endowments, investments, etc.	1,250 00
From subscriptions, donations, and bequests from private individuals	100 00
From other sources	333 31
Total	$4,066 55

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$201 53
Butter and eggs	113 02
Flour, bread and meal	74 65
Milk	.....
Tea and coffee	29 30

GENERAL HOSPITAL, KINCARDINE. *Continued.*

Potatoes and other vegetables.	37 75	Electric light, gas, oil, candles	125 05
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	202 91	Beer, wine and spirits	3 00
Drugs and medicines	117 44	Ice supply	40 00
Medical and surgical appliances	87 86	Salaries and wages	1,612 43
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	2 00	Contingencies	340 13
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	45 93	Repairs, ordinary	28 20
Fuel	714 10	Hay and straw	169 30
		Total	$3,944 60
		Government grant for 1913	$245 00

COTTAGE HOSPITAL, COBOURG.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	6
Admitted	120
Births in hospital	4
Total number under treatment	130
Discharged	102
Died	16
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	12
	130

Sex.

Male	59
Female	71
	130

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$452 51
From the Town of Cobourg	400 00
From the Counties of Northumberland and Durham	196 00
From other municipalties in the Province	23 00
From paying patients themselves	2,545 25
From endowments, investments, etc.	.....
From subscriptions, donations, etc.	963 47
From other sources	21 34
Total	$4,601 57

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat and fish	$264 12
Butter and eggs	275 93
Flour, bread and meal	90 46
Milk	176 38
Tea and coffee	93 15
Potatoes and other vegetables	51 52
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	276 07
Drugs and medicines	159 47
Medical and surgical appliances	156 47
Bedding, napery and general hiuse furnishings	193 45
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	54 87
Fuel	452 87
Water	19 00
Electric light, gas, oil	113 95
Salaries and wages	1,604 59
Contingencies	1,274 96
Repairs, ordinary	97 39
Printing, stationery, postage, etc.	87 72
Ice	16 00
Insurance	19 00
Clothing for patients	17 89
Total	$5,498 26
Government grant for 1913	$468 31

CHARLOTTE ELEANOR ENGLEHART HOSPITAL, PETROLIA.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	7
Admitted	150
Number of births in hospital	5
Total number under treatment	162

CHARLOTTE ELEANOR ENGLEHART HOSPITAL, PETROLIA.—*Continued.*

Discharged	142
Died	11
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	9
	162

Sex.

Male	68
Female	94
	162

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$672 17
From the Town of Petrolea	1,000 00
From the County of Lambton	800 00
From paying patients	3,850 96
Subscriptions, donations, etc.	1,646 10
From other sources	163 20
Total	$8,132 43

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat and fish	$333 04
Butter and eggs	407 31
Flour, bread and meal	.....
Milk	151 40
Tea and coffee	.....
Potatoes and other vegetables	.....
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	1,021 87
Drugs and medicines	270 15
Medical and surgical appliances	178 16
Beer, wine and spirits	6 50
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	231 12
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	.....
Fuel	401 01
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	269 32
Water supply	.....
Hay and straw	51 87
Salaries and wages	3,289 72
Contingencies	454 26
Repairs, ordinary	403 38
Laundry	590 68
Printing, stationery and postage	77 52
Maintenance of grounds	420 55
Ice	39 25
Total	$8,597 11
Government aid for 1913	$661 05

GENERAL HOSPITAL, OSHAWA.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	16
Admitted	312
Number of births in hospital	13
Total number under treatment	341
Discharged	287
Died	37
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	17
	341

Sex.

Male	192
Female	149
	341

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$905 55
From the Town of Oshawa	500 00
From the County of Ontario	600 00
From paying patients	7,921 72
Subscriptions, donations, etc.	208 46
Total	$10,135 73

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat and fish	$476 40
Butter and eggs	357 91
Flour, bread and meal	202 72
Milk	375 00
Tea and coffee	52 60
Potatoes and other vegetables	129 80
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	556 05
Drugs and medicines	301 52
Medical and surgical appliances	630 76
Beer, wine and spirits	33 90
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	226 45
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	124 56
Fuel	643 00
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	327 26
Water supply	37 21
Ice	81 20
Salaries and wages	3,098 66
Contingencies	266 24
Repairs, ordinary	.....
Taxes and insurance	102 00
Printing, stationery and postage	163 66
Total	$8,186 90
Government aid for 1913	$1,268 50

Royal Hospital for Tuebreulosis, Ottawa. Winter View.

CONSUMPTIVE SANATORIUM, ST. CATHARINES.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	13
Admitted	24
Total number under treatment	37
Discharged	14
Died	14
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	9
Total	37

Sex.

Male	19
Female	18
	37

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,469 14
From the City of St. Catharines	1,610 03
From other municipalities	51 00
From patients themselves	853 95
From endowments, investments, etc.	117 58
From subscriptions, bequests and donations of private individuals	496 34
From other sources	4 75
Total	$4,602 79

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$500 83
Butter and eggs	380 71
Flour, bread and meal	112 53
Milk	94 95
Tea and coffee	51 44
Potatoes and other vegetables.	159 85
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	145 50
Drugs and medicines	231 22
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	97 43
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	67 54
Fuel	272 27
Electric light, oil, candles	68 05
Ice	24 50
Salaries and wages	1,490 80
Taxes and insurance	88 69
Contingencies	243 68
Repairs, ordinary	50 89
Water supply	10 80
Total	$4,091 68
Government grant for 1913	$1,335 85

ROYAL SANATORIUM, OTTAWA.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	29
Admitted	107
Total number under treatment	136
Discharged	63
Died	37
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	36
	136

Sex.

Male	71
Female	65
	136

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario.	$5,416 71
From the City of Ottawa	10,889 94
From paying patients	735 06
From all other sources	108 91
Total	$17,150 62

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat, poultry and fish	$1,777 89
Butter and eggs	1,339 07
Fruit	444 72
Flour, bread and meal	456 07
Milk	1,045 03
Tea and coffee	121 65
Potatoes and other vegetables.	540 93

ROYAL SANATORIUM, OTTAWA.—*Continued.*

Groceries and provisions not enumerated	742 82
Brooms, brushes, soap and cleaning appliances	280 39
Drugs, medicines and appliances	558 59
Beer, wine and spirits	68 25
Surgical instruments	53 88
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	982 68
Fuel	1,801 44
Electric light, gas, oil and candles	575 19
Water supply	.....
Ice supply	266 70
Salaries and wages	8,345 36
Contingencies	505 73
Repairs ordinary	803 96
Taxes and insurance	365 00
Stationery, postage, etc.	75 27
Total	$21,150 62
Government grant for 1913	$5,552 14

QUEEN ALEXANDRA SANATORIUM, LONDON.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	28
Admitted	73
Total number under treatment	101
Discharged	68
Died	1
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	32
	101

Sex.

Male	55
Female	46
	101

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	$3,241 71
From the City of London	1,795 00
From the County of Middlesex	317 00
From other municipalities	2,064 30
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	3,753 03
From subscriptions, donations, and bequests from private individuals	.....
From other sources	.....
Total	$11,171 04

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$1,860 26
Butter and eggs	984 33
Flour, bread and meal	276 16
Milk	80
Tea and coffee	148 00
Potatoes and other vegetables	76 99
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	667 61
Drugs and medicines	301 68
Medical and surgical appliances	393 80
Beer, wine and spirits	4 35
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	108 95
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	246 85
Fuel	1,318 58
Electric light, gas, oil, candles	299 38
Salaries and wages	4,083 08
Taxes and insurance	110 44
Contingencies	124 91
Farm	1,386 19
Stable supplies	397 79
Telephone	.....
Printing, stationery, postage, etc.	504 43
Repairs, ordinary	744 78
Visiting nurse	556 17
Total	$14,496 13
Government grant for 1913	$4,650 43

GENERAL HOSPITAL, CLINTON.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	4
Admitted	150
Births in Hospital	3
Total number under treatment	157
Discharged	155
Died	2
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	..
	157

GENERAL HOSPITAL, CLINTON.—*Continued.*

Sex.

Male	64
Female	93
	157

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario.	$240 75
From the Town of Clinton for patients' maintenance	225 00
From the County of Huron	126 84
From other municipalities	75 00
From paying patients themselves	2,808 00
From subscriptions, bequests and donations of private individuals	.....
From other sources	.....
Total	$3,475 59

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$160 00
Butter and eggs	215 00
Flour, bread and meal	110 00
Milk	155 00
Tea and coffee	36 25
Potatoes and other vegetables.	46 75
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	425 00
Drugs, medicines and surgical appliances	215 25
Surgical instruments	89 00
Beer, wine and spirits	5 00
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	80 00
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap, cleaning appliances	25 00
Fuel	315 00
Electric light, gas, oil, candles.	85 00
Water	25 00
Ice	20 00
Salaries and wages	1,130 00
Taxes and insurance	20 00
Contingencies	.....
Repairs, ordinary	155 00
Total	$3,312 25

Government aid for 1913 .... $297 39

GENERAL HOSPITAL, PENETANGUISHENE.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	2
Admitted	117
Births in Hospital	20
Total number under treatment	139
Discharged	131
Died	3
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	5
	139

Sex.

Male	59
Female	80
	139

Revenue.

From the Province	$46 41
From the Town of Penetang.	300 00
From the County of Simcoe	750 00
From other municipalities	.....
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	1,356 65
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	557 60
From other sources	150 00
Total	$3,160 66

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$57 99
Butter and eggs	116 53
Flour, bread and milk	56 00
Milk	79 84
Tea and coffee	47 52
Potatoes and other vegetables	42 63
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	391 25
Drugs and medicines	242 02
Medical and surgical appliances	.....
Beer, wine and spirits	5 00
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	68 25
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	.....
Fuel	167 00
Light: gas, oil and candles	36 00
Salaries and wages	424 67
Taxes and insurance	.....
Contingencies	125 58
Laundry, etc.	369 85
Ice	8 75
Repairs, ordinary	75 90
Total	$3,333 28

Government grant for 1913 .. $203 67

GENERAL HOSPITAL, SMITH'S FALLS.

(Chambers' Memorial.)

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	..
Admitted	363
Births in Hospital	40
Total number under treatment	403
Discharged	375
Died	13
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	15
	403

Sex.

Male	165
Female	238
	403

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	.....
From the Town of Smith's Falls	$1,200 00
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	2,612 50
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	225 00
From other sources	2,000 00
Total	$9,723 39

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$361 41
Butter and eggs	363 94
Flour, bread and meal	68 21
Milk	275 00
Potatoes and other vegetables	145 70
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	263 90
Tea and coffee	28 25
Drugs and medicines	376 57
Medical and surgical appliances	277 60
Surgical instruments	38 11
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	36 52
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	315 02
Fuel	897 04
Light: Gas, oil and power	386 90
Laundry	678 76
Ice	52 00
Salaries and wages	2,938 55
Taxes and insurance	246 22
Contingencies	577 68
Repairs, ordinary	.....
Printing, stationery, etc.	79 99
Refunds to patients	51 80
Total	$8,489 67
Government grant for 1913	$892 33

GENERAL HOSPITAL, ORANGEVILLE.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	..
Admitted	90
Births in Hospital	12
Total number under treatment	102
Discharged	94
Died	5
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	3
	102

Sex.

Male	21
Female	69
	90

Revenue.

Cash on hand, 1st October, 1913	$1,390 89
From the Province of Ontario	.....
From the Town of Orangeville	75 00
From the County of Dufferin	300 00
From other municipalities	.....
From patients for maintenance and treatment	2,173 94
From endowments, investments, etc.	.....
From subscriptions, donations, and bequests from private individuals	50 00
From other sources	35 00
Total	$4,049 83

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$63 40
Butter and eggs	125 53

Royal Hospital for Tuberculosis, Ottawa. Summer View

GENERAL HOSPITAL, ORANGEVILLE.—*Continued.*

Flour, bread and meal	35 00	Fuel	201 90
Milk	73 25	Light: gas, oil and candles	67 70
Tea and coffee	13 00	Water	.....
Potatoes and other vegetables	20 00	Ice supply	12 00
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	103 20	Salaries and wages	759 90
Drugs and medicines	30 00	Insurance	24 55
Medical and surgical appliances	327 90	Contingencies	30 00
Beer, wine and spirits	.....	Repairs, ordinary	12 75
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	109 20	Printing, stationery and postage	45 00
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	25 00	Total	$2,079 28
		Government grant for 1913	$262 65

GENERAL HOSPITAL, PORT HOPE.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year.

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	..
Admitted	58
Births in Hospital	2
Total number under treatment	60
Discharged	50
Died	6
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	4
	60

Sex.

Male	34
Female	26
	60

Revenue.

From the Province	.....
From endowments, investments, etc.	$15 00
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment	887 97
From subscriptions, donations, and bequests from private individuals	.....
From other sources	.....
Total	$1,985 43

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$112 76
Butter and eggs	.....
Bread	16 00
Milk	50 72
Tea and coffee	.....
Potatoes and other vegetables, groceries and provisions not enumerated	213 02
Drugs and medicines, medical and surgical appliances	138 31
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	.....
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	.....
Fuel, Light: gas, oil and candles	182 47
Salaries and wages	1,070 03
Insurance and taxes	45 70
Contingencies	22 49
Repairs, ordinary	.....
Ice	32 90
Water	....
Printing, stationery, postage	26 85
Total	$1,911 25
Government grant for 1913	$111 32

GENERAL HOSPITAL, BOWMANVILLE.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	..
Admitted	96
Births in Hospital	11
Total under treatment	107
Discharged	83
Died	10
Under treatment, 30th September, 1913	14
	107

Sex.

Male	53
Female	54
	107

Revenue.

From the Province of Ontario	.....
From other municipalities	.....
From patients for maintenance and treatment	$1,797 85
From subscriptions, donations and bequests from private individuals	.....
From all other sources	47 04
Total	$1,844 89

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$22 54
Butter and eggs	.....
Flour, bread and meal	30 00
Milk	68 20
Tea and coffee	.....
Potatoes and other vegetables	.....
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	111 85
Drugs and medicines	19 21
Medical and surgical appliances	.....
Surgical instruments	.....
Beer, wine and spirits	.....
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	.....
Brooms, brushes, mops, soap and cleaning appliances	.....
Fuel	30 00
Light: gas, oil and candles	85 20
Ice supply	.....
Salaries and wages	1,065 14
Stationery, printing, postage, etc.	.....
Contingencies	35 70
Repairs, ordinary	.....
Laundry	81 25
Taxes and insurance	145 00
Total	$1,694 09
Government grant for 1913	$230 80

SIR OLIVER MOWAT MEMORIAL SANATORIUM, KINGSTON.

The following summaries show the operations of the Hospital during the official year:

Movements of Patients.

Number under treatment 1st October, 1912	.....
Admitted	55
Total number under treatment	55
Discharged	28
Died	12
Under treatment 30th September, 1913	15
	55

Sex.

Male	26
Female	29
	55

Revenue.

From the Province	.....
From the City of Kingston	$500 00
From other municipalities	701 95
From patients themselves for maintenance and treatment.	.....
From subscriptions, donations, and bequests from private individuals	4,908 54
From other sources	265 33
Total	$6,375 82

SIR OLIVER MOWAT MEMORIAL SANATORIUM, KINGSTON.—*Continued.*

Expenditures.

Butchers' meat	$336 05	Brooms, brushes, mops, soap, and cleaning appliances	45 86
Butter and eggs	491 04	Fuel	556 44
Bread	135 30	Electric light, gas, oil, candles	117 20
Milk	52 04	Salaries and wages	2,331 90
Tea and coffee	34 61	Insurance and taxes	92 65
Potatoes and other vegetables	32 10	Contingencies	559 17
Groceries and provisions not enumerated	301 03	Repairs, ordinary	35 02
Drugs and medicines	197 88	Hay and straw	26 00
Beer, wine and spirits	2 49	Printing, stationery, etc.	74 05
Bedding, napery and general house furnishings	80 86	Total	$5,501 69
		Government grant for 1913	$1,557 00

SANATORIA FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

The following institutions, having complied with the statutory requirements, are entitled to Government aid at the rate of $3.00 per week for each patient admitted free or for whose maintenance $4.90 per week or less is contributed.

Name of Institution.	Location.	Stay of Patients	Amount payable to each Institution for the year 1913.
			$ c.
Muskoka Free Hospital	Gravenhurst	7,851½ weeks	23,555 58
Toronto Free Hospital	Weston	9,055⅔ "	27,167 57
Queen Mary Hospital	Weston		
Mountain Sanatorium	Hamilton	3,080 "	9,240 00
Royal Sanatorium	Ottawa	1,850⅔ "	5,552 14
Queen Alexandra Sanatorium	London	1,550¼ "	4,650 43
Consumptive Sanatorium	St. Catharines	445⅔ "	1,335 85
Mowat Memorial Sanatorium	Kingston	519 "	1,557 00
Total for 1913			73,058 57
Total for 1912			60,768 00

CITY HOUSES OF REFUGE

The usual information obtained from each Refuge, in respect of sex, and previous residence of the inmates, has been summarized as under:

Sex.

Male	2,181
Female	3,995
	6,176

Former Residence.

Received from cities and towns in which the Refuges are located	4,494
Received from counties in which the Refuges are located	393
Received from other counties in the Province	1,121
Immigrants and foreigners	168
	6,176

TABLE I.

City Refuges—Table I gives a summary of the operations of each Refuge during the year.

Name of Refuge.	Location.	Number of persons in the Refuges on the 1st of October, 1912.	Number admitted to Refuges during the year.	Total number under lodgment during the year ending 30th Sept., 1913.	Total number discharged during the year.	Number of deaths during the year.	Number of persons remaining in the Refuges on 30th Sept., 1913.
House of Industry	Toronto	126	168	294	127	22	145
House of Providence	"	494	326	820	244	70	506
Hospital for Incurables	"	183	96	279	35	49	195
St. John's Hospital	"	16	223	239	218	5	16
Convalescent Home	"	30	266	296	268	.....	28
The Church Home	"	23	3	26	3	1	22
The Haven	"	93	173	266	164	9	93
Old Folks' Home	"	30	2	32	.....	2	30
Good Shepherd Female Refuge	"	130	78	208	54	1	153
Aged Men's Home	"	41	20	61	11	11	39
Aged Women's Home	"	94	34	128	8	14	106
Industrial Refuge	"	76	5	81	3	1	77
Salvation Army Rescue Home	"	77	243	320	248	13	59
Victor Home for Young Women	"	12	245	257	235	1	21
House of Refuge	Hamilton	121	65	186	35	25	126
Home for Aged Women	"	36	1	37	.....	1	36
St. Peter's Home	"	17	14	31	7	5	19
House of Industry	Kingston	33	26	59	19	5	35
House of Providence	"	203	147	350	91	67	192
Home for Friendless Women	"	18	49	67	32	12	23
Roman Catholic House of Refuge	London	154	54	208	51	19	138
Home for Aged People	"	88	25	113	13	15	85
Convalescent Home	"	4	29	33	29	1	3
Home for Incurables	"	40	35	75	8	27	40
St. Patrick's Refuge	Ottawa	115	42	157	26	20	111
St. Charles' Hospice	"	204	82	286	46	36	204
Home for the Aged	"	34	19	53	14	6	33
Refuge Branch, Orphans' Home	"	20	7	27	5	2	20
Home for Friendless Women	"	39	81	120	80	1	39
Refuge of Our Lady of Charity	"	166	159	325	143	2	180
Home for Incurables	"	21	9	30	3	6	21
House of Providence	Guelph	63	28	91	30	10	51
The Elliott Home	"	20	6	26	3	1	22
The Thomas Williams' Home	St. Thomas	13	14	27	7	1	19
House of Providence	Dundas	128	66	194	40	17	137
Home for the Friendless	Chatham	18	22	40	14	1	25
The Widows' Home	Brantford	15	2	17	1	2	14
Home for the Friendless	Belleville	8	6	14	4	2	8
Home for the Friendless	Windsor	22	21	43	17	1	25
St. Paul's Home for the Aged	Cornwall	72	51	123	33	20	70
House of Providence	Peterborough	54	45	99	21	10	68
The Protestant Home	"	23	15	38	13	4	21
Totals for 1913		3,174	3,002	6,176	2,403	518	3,255
Totals for 1912		3,168	2,887	6,055	2,395	520	3,140

TABLE II.

City Refuges—Shows the aggregate stay of inmates, upon which the amount of aid to be granted by the Government to each Refuge is based. The average stay per inmate is also given.

Name of Refuge.	Location.	Number of inmates during the year.	Total stay in days during the year.	Average stay per inmate in days.
House of Industry	Toronto	294	52,122	177
House of Providence	"	82	18,092	217
Hospital for Incurables	"	279	66,529	238
St. John's Hospital	"	239	6,686	28
Convalescent Home	"	296	10,142	34
The Church Home	"	26	8,340	321
The Haven	"	266	36,156	136
Old Folks' Home	"	32	10,525	329
Good Shepherd Female Refuge	"	208	52,690	253
Aged Men's Home	"	61	14,800	243
Aged Women's Home	"	128	36,501	285
Industrial Refuge	"	81	27,957	345
Salvation Army Rescue Home	"	320	23,610	74
Victor Home for Y'ng Women	"	257	7,645	30
House of Refuge	Hamilton	186	44,600	240
Home for Aged Women	"	37	13,128	355
St. Peter's Home	"	31	6,537	211
House of Industry	Kingston	59	12,791	217
House of Providence	"	350	76,311	218
Home for Friendless Women	"	67	8,076	120
Rom. Cath. House of Refuge	London	208	53,552	257
Home for Aged People	"	113	31,457	278
Convalescent Home	"	33	1,506	46
Home for Incurables	"	75	15,259	203
St. Patrick's Refuge	Ottawa	151	41,116	272
St. Charles' Hospice	"	286	75,770	265
Home for the Aged	"	53	12,858	243
Refuge Br'nch Orphans' Home	"	27	7,520	279
Home for Friendless Women	"	120	14,465	121
Ref'ge of Our Lady of Charity	"	325	65,242	201
Home for Incurables	"	30	8,152	272
House of Providence	Guelph	91	21,122	232
The Elliott Home	"	26	7,689	296
The Thomas Williams Home	St. Thomas	27	6,406	237
House of Providence	Dundas	194	48,770	251
Home for the Friendless	Chatham	40	7,996	200
The Widows' Home	Brantford	15	5,245	349
Home for the Friendless	Belleville	24	5,301	221
Home for the Friendless	Windsor	43	9,248	215
St. Paul's Home for the Aged	Cornwall	123	29,185	237
House of Providence	Peterborough	99	22,185	224
The Protestant Home	"	38	8,266	218
Totals for 1913		6,156	1,189,374	193
Totals for 1912		6,155	1,198,188	19

TABLE III.

City Refuges—Shewing the cost of maintaining the Refugees.

Name of Refuge.	Location.	Aggregate stay of inmates.	Cost of dietaries	Expenditure for fuel, salaries and wages, and all general expenses.	Total expenditure exclusive of extraordinary expenses.	Average cost per inmate per day.
			$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	cents.
House of Industry	Toronto	52,122	7,449 22	6,172 65	13,621 87	26.13
House of Providence	"	178,092	23,512 57	34,580 02	58,092 59	32.62
Hospital for Incurables	"	66,529	18,164 91	33,409 36	51,574 27	77.52
St. John's Hospital	"	6,686	5,172 77	7,475 51	12,648 28	189.11
Convalescent Home	"	10,142	4,768 57	5,447 12	10,215 69	100.73
The Church Home	"	8,340	2,375 88	2,034 80	4,410 68	52.89
The Haven	"	36,156	4,145 61	7,576 92	11,722 53	32.42
Old Folks' Home	"	10,525	3,036 44	3,794 86	6,831 30	64.91
Good Shepherd Female Refuge	"	52,690	5,546 75	10,336 75	15,883 50	30.05
Aged Men's Home	"	14,800	2,896 19	5,466 22	8,362 41	56.50
Aged Women's Home	"	36,501	5,960 17	12,589 48	18,549 65	50.82
Industrial Refuge	"	27,957	4,610 26	7,115 65	11,725 91	41.95
Salvation Army Rescue Home	"	23,610	1,509 36	3,005 78	4,515 14	19.12
Victor Home for Young Women	"	7,645	1,229 61	1,829 14	3,058 75	40.01
House of Refuge	Hamilton	44,606	6,798 09	10,626 20	17,424 29	39.06
Home for Aged Women	"	13,128	2,176 17	3,507 90	5,684 07	43.30
St. Peter's Home	"	6,537	795 84	2,220 63	3,016 47	46.14
House of Industry	Kingston	12,791	1,960 28	2,234 29	4,194 57	32.80
House of Providence	"	76,311	16,692 30	14,893 54	31,585 84	41.40
Home for Friendless Women	"	8,076	723 01	1,669 13	2,392 14	29.62
Roman Catholic House of Refuge	London	53,552	11,341 77	9,041 68	20,353 45	38.00
Home for Aged People	"	31,453	5,119 78	5,864 65	10,984 43	34.92
Convalescent Home	"	1,506	316 69	401 95	718 64	47.72
Home for Incurables	"	15,259	3,202 96	5,663 59	8,866 55	58.11
St. Patrick's Refuge	Ottawa	41,116	5,748 65	10 685 99	16,434 64	39.97
St. Charles' Hospice	"	75,770	11,108 98	5,123 03	16,232 01	21.42
Home for the Aged	"	12,858	1,867 58	2,098 52	3,966 10	30.85
Refuge Branch, Orphans' Home	"	7,520	2,556 46	4,710 12	7,266 58	96.63
Home for Friendless Women	"	14,465	1,805 38	10,211 31	12,016 69	83.07
Refuge of Our Lady of Charity	"	65,242	8,808 13	14,835 10	23,643 23	36.24
Home for Incurables	"	8,152	2,183 69	4,840 02	7,023 71	86.16
House of Providence	Guelph	21,122	2,568 22	4,267 26	6,835 48	32.36
The Elliott Home	"	7,689	1,951 65	3,074 74	5,026 39	65.37
The Thomas Williams Home	St. Thomas	6,406	944 52	1,627 67	2,572 19	40.15
House of Providence	Dundas	48,770	8,780 49	7,574 26	16 354 75	33.53
Home for the Friendless	Chatham	7,996	1,495 52	1,498 64	2,994 16	37.45
The Widows' Home	Brantford	5,275	595 49	786 84	1,382 33	26.21
Home for the Friendless	Belleville	3,091	268 88	356 22	625 10	20.22
Home for the Friendless	Windsor	9,248	1,579 94	2,606 03	4,185 97	45.26
St. Paul's Home for the Aged	Cornwall	29,186	4,271 72	2,813 74	7,085 46	24 22
House of Providence	Peterboro'	22,185	2,975 81	3,519 22	6,495 03	29.28
Peterboro' Protestant Home	"	8,266	1,317 88	2,488 11	3,805 99	46.04
Totals for 1913		1,189,371	200,334 19	280,044 64	480,378 83	40.39
Totals for 1912		1,198,188	200,439 23	247,562 50	448,001 73	37.39

TABLE IV.

City Refuges—Showing the basis upon which statutory aid is granted.

Name of Refuge.	Location.	Collective days' stay upon which computation of Refuge rate is based, exclusive of infants under one year old.	Collective days' stay upon which computation of Orphanage rate is based, exclusive of infants under one year old.	Amount received from all sources other than Government.	Computation at seven (7) cents per day.	Computation at two (2) cents per day.	Total Government allowance to each House of Refuge for the year 1913.
				$ c.	$ c.		$ c.
House of Industry	Toronto	52,122		9,709 64	3,648 54		3,648 54
House of Providence	"	178,092		45,730 56	12 466 44		12,466 44
Hospital for Incurables	"	66,520		51,102 99			8,226 31
St. John's Hospital	"	6,686		11,794 40			1,002 90
Convalescent Home	"	3,691		9,400 58	258 37		258 37
The Church Home	"	8,310		3,846 00	583 80		583 80
The Haven	"	28,037	3,281	9,140 16	1,962 59	65 62	2,028 21
Old Folks' Home	"	10,525		6,385 33	736 75		736 75
Good Shepherd Female Refuge	"	52,690		12,104 35	3,688 30		3,688 30
Aged Men's Home	"	14,800		7,191 83	1,036 00		1,036 00
Aged Women's Home	"	36,501		15,193 56	2,555 07		2,555 07
Industrial Refuge	"	27,957		8,830 05	1,956 99		1,956 99
Salvation Army Rescue Home	"	14,017	1,006	3,514 58	981 19	20 12	1,001 31
Victor Home for Young Women	"	5,769	51	2,738 22	403 85	1 02	404 85
House of Refuge	Hamilton	44,606		14,360 11	3,122 42		3,122 42
Home for Aged Women	"	13,128		4,230 15	918 96		918 96
St. Peter's Home	"	6,537		3,599 76	457 59		457 59
House of Industry	Kingston	12,719		3,738 56	890 33		890 33
House of Providence	"	76,311		24,742 94	5,341 77		5,341 77
Home for Friendless Women	"	1,439	3,109	2,190 10	100 73	62 18	162 91
Roman Catholic House of Refuge	London	53,552		15,813 66	3,748 64		3,748 64
Home for Aged People	"	31,453		10,447 39	2,201 71		2,201 71
Convalescent Home	"	1,506		1,499 58	105 42		105 42
Home for Incurables	"	15,259		8,735 52	1,068 13		1,068 13
St. Patrick's Refuge	Ottawa	37,931	3,185	16,202 61	2,655 17	63 70	2,718 87
St. Charles' Hospice	"	75,172	598	10,565 89	5,262 04	11 96	5,274 00
Home for the Aged	"	12,858		2,227 85	900 06		900 06
Refuge Branch, Orphans' Home	"	7,520		6,780 16	526 40		526 40
Home for Friendless Women	"	9,096	110	11,303 40	636 72	2 20	638 92
Refuge of Our Lady of Charity	"	51,643	13,599	19,964 88	3,615 01	271 98	3,886 99
Home for Incurables	"	8,152		5,194 12	570 64		570 64
House of Providence	Guelph	21,122		5,801 16	1,478 54		1,478 54
The Elliott Home	"	7,689		4,543 48	538 23		538 23
The Thomas Williams Home	St. Thomas	6,401		2,315 47	448 42		448 42
House of Providence	Dundas	45,160	3,610	13,521 02	3,161 20	72 20	3,233 40
Home for the Friendless	Chatham	7,996		2,717 83	559 72		559 72
The Widows' Home	Brantford	5,275		1,235 77	369 25		369 25
Home for the Friendless	Belleville	3,091		423 73	216 37		216 37
Home for the Friendless	Windsor	9,248		4,119 16	647 36		647 36
St. Paul's Home for the Aged	Cornwall	29,186		4,952 00	2,043 02		2,043 02
House of Providence	Peterboro	22,185		4,494 23	1,552 15		1,552 95
The Protestant Home	"	8,266		3,259 35	578 02		578 02
Totals for 1913		1,130,262	28,549	405,662 16	73,993 29	570 98	85,793 48
Totals for 1912		1,163,146	24,471	365,628 68	76,367 77	489 42	85,878 48

SEPARATE REPORTS

HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, TORONTO.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	126
Admitted	168
Total number of inmates ...	294
Discharged	127
Died	22
In residence, 30th September, 1913	145
	294

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	294
County of York and other counties	
Immigrants and foreigners ...	
	294

Sex.

Male	244
Female	50
	294

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario	$3,912 23
From the City of Toronto	5,684 93
From inmates	723 11
Income from property belonging to the House	1,485 20
Subscriptions and donations	1,707 00
From other sources	109 40
From City of Toronto for outdoor and casual poor	24,315 07
Total	$37,936 94

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$7,449 22
Clothing, furniture and furnishings	953 93
Fuel, light and cleaning	1,695 39
Salaries and wages	1,880 00
Repairs	876 57
Other expenditures	426 23
Outdoor and casual poor	26,053 50
Medicine and medical comforts	221 02
Advertising and printing	91 02
Taxes and insurance	28 49
Total	$39,675 37
Government aid for 1913	$3,648 54

HOUSE OF PROVIDENCE, TORONTO.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	494
Admitted	326
Total number of inmates ...	820
Discharged	244
Died	70
In residence, 30th September, 1913	506
	820

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	810
County of York	6
Other counties in Ontario	4
	820

Sex.

Male	466
Female	354
	820

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario.	$12,654 67
From the City of Toronto	15,000 00
Other municipalities	1,460 00
From inmates, in payment of board	6,473 89
Subscriptions, donations and bequests of private individuals	7,306 33
From other sources	15,490 37
Total	$58,385 26

Mountain Sanitarium, Hamilton.

HOUSE OF PROVIDENCE, TORONTO.—*Continued.*

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$23,512 57
Clothing, furniture and furnishings	3,438 60
Fuel, light and cleaning	5,972 75
Salaries and wages	1,623 50
Drugs and medicines	603 57
Ordinary repairs	19,564 34
Other expenditures	3,377 26
Total	$58,092 59
Government aid for 1913	$12,466 44

HOSPITAL FOR INCURABLES, TORONTO.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	183
Admitted	96
Total number of inmates	279
Discharged	35
Died	49
In residence, 30th September, 1913	195
	279

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	250
County of York and other Counties	29
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	
	279

Sex.

Male	122
Female	157
	279

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario.	$8,027 84
From the City of Toronto	25,588 20
From other municipalities	
Payments from inmates	17,211 47
Income from property belonging to the Home	
Subscriptions, donations, etc.	7,701 55
Other sources	601 77
Total	$59,130 83

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$18,164 91
Clothing and furnishings	2,713 96
Fuel, light and cleaning	6,847 61
Salaries and wages	15,931 80
Repairs, ordinary	3,602 61
Medicine and medical comforts	1,641 99
Other expenses	2,671 39
Total	$51,574 27
Government aid for 1913	$8,226 31

ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL, TORONTO.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	16
Admitted	223
Total number of inmates	239
Discharged	218
Died	5
In residence, 30th September, 1913	16
	239

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	188
County of York	3
Other counties	40
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	8
	239

Sex.

Female	238
Male	1
	239

ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL, TORONTO.—*Continued.*

Receipts.

From the Government of Ontario	$993 45
From the City of Toronto	1,089 00
From other municipalities	.....
From the inmates	10,299 55
Subscriptions	228 35
Income from property belonging to the House	.....
From other sources	177 50
Total	$12,787 85

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$5,172 77
Furniture and furnishings	330 25
Fuel, light and cleaning	2,056 45
Salaries and wages	3,008 95
Repairs, ordinary	1,088 14
Medicine and medical comforts	748 90
Other expenses	242 82
Total	$12,648 28
Government aid for 1913	$1,002 90

THE CONVALESCENT HOME, TORONTO.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	30
Admitted	266
Total number of inmates	296
Discharged	268
Died	.....
In residence, 30th September, 1913	28
	296

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	263
County of York	25
Other counties	.....
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	8
	296

Sex.

Male	14
Female	282
	296

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario.	$167 30
From the City of Toronto	915 00
Payments from inmates	8,430 40
Income from property belonging to the Home	.....
Subscriptions and donations	13 00
Received from all other sources not above enumerated	42 18
Total	$9,567 88

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$4,768 57
Furnishings, etc.	354 04
Fuel, light and cleaning	1,076 98
Salaries and wages	3,049 00
Ordinary repairs, etc.	456 36
Other expenses	489 50
Medicine and medical comforts	21 24
Total	$10,215 69
Government aid for 1913	$258 37

CHURCH HOME FOR THE AGED, TORONTO.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries: —

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	23
Admitted	3
Total number of inmates	26
Discharged	3
Died	1
In residence, 30th September, 1913	22
	26

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	21
Other counties of Ontario	5
Immigrants, etc.	.....
	26

Sex.

Male	5
Female	21
	26

Southam Home for Consumptives, Hamilton.

CHURCH HOME FOR THE AGED, TORONTO.—*Continued.*

Receipts.

From the Government of Ontario	$572 46
From the City of Toronto	150 00
From other municipalities	.....
From payments made by inmates	2,768 00
Income from property belonging to the Home	.....
Subscriptions, donations, etc	928 00
Total	$4,418 46

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$2,375 88
Clothing and furnishings	189 38
Fuel, light and cleaning, etc.	627 58
Salaries and wages	859 28
Repairs	195 31
Other expenses	153 17
Medicine and medical comforts	10 08
Total	$4,410 68
Government aid for 1913	$583 80

THE HAVEN, TORONTO.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	93
Admitted	173
Total number of inmates	266
Discharged	164
Deaths	9
In residence, 30th September, 1913	93
	266

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	209
County of York	.....
Other counties	43
Immigrants, etc	14
	266

Sex.

Male (infants)	32
Female	234
	266

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario.	$2,016 53
From the City of Toronto	2,000 00
From inmates	2,217 54
Income from laundry, etc.	2,886 47
Subscriptions and donations	1,958 40
From other sources	77 75
Special Government grant	500 00
Total	$11,656 69

Expenditures.

Foods of all kinds	$4.145 61
Clothing, furnishings, etc.	1,048 39
Fuel, light, cleaning, etc.	2,219 55
Salaries and wages	2,640 84
Repairs	56 03
Other expenses	1,453 91
Medicine and medical comforts	158 20
Total	$11,722 53
Government aid for 1913	$2,028 21

THE OLD FOLKS' HOME, TORONTO.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	30
Admitted	2
Total number of inmates	32
Discharged	.....
Died	2
In residence, 30th September, 1913	30
	32

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	31
County of York	.....
Other counties	1
	32

Sex.

Females	32
	32

THE OLD FOLKS' HOME, TORONTO.—*Continued.*

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario	$741 86
From the City of Toronto	200 00
Payments of inmates	4,464 10
Income from property belonging to the Home	58 32
Subscriptions, donations and income	1,574 00
Other sources	88 91
Total	$7,127 19

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$3,036 44
Clothing and furnishings	252 15
Fuel, light and cleaning	938 03
Salaries and wages	1,631 90
Repairs	258 85
Other expenses	679 93
Medicine and medical comforts	34 00
Total	$6,831 30
Government aid for 1913	$736 75

GOOD SHEPHERD FEMALE REFUGE, TORONTO.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	130
Admitted	78
Total number of inmates	208
Discharged	54
Died	1
In residence 30th September, 1913	153
	208

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	173
County of York and other counties	33
Immigrants and foreigners	2
	208

Sex.

Female	208
	208

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario.	$3,476 55
From the City of Toronto	700 00
From inmates	80 00
Subscriptions and donations	327 00
From other sources and laundry	10,997 35
Total	$15,580 90

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$5,546 75
Clothing, furniture, and furnishings	2,975 35
Fuel, light, and cleaning	1,310 00
Salaries and wages	475 00
Repairs	960 00
Drugs and medicines	950 00
Other expenditures	3,666 40
Total	$15,883 50
Government aid for 1913	$3,688 30

AGED MEN'S HOME, TORONTO.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	41
Admitted	20
Total number of inmates	61
Discharged	11
Died	11
In residence, 30th September, 1913	39
	61

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	56
County of York and other counties	5
	61

Sex.

Male	61
	61

Main Building. Free Hospital for Tuberculosis, Gravenhurst.

Kendall Pavilion. Free Hospital for Tuberculosis.

AGED MEN'S HOME, TORONTO.—*Continued.*

Receipts.

From the Government of Ontario	$1,038 87
From the City of Toronto	200 00
From payments made by inmates	5,777 46
Subscriptions, donations, etc.	1,212 45
Received from all other sources	1 92
Total	$8,230 70

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$2,896 19
Clothing and furnishings	470 13
Fuel, light, cleaning, etc.	1,122 50
Salaries and wages	2,582 29
Repairs	473 55
Other expenses	763 55
Medicine and medical comforts	54 20
Total	$8,362 41
Government aid for 1913	$1,036 00

AGED WOMEN'S HOME, TORONTO.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	94
Admitted	34
Total number of inmates	128
Discharged	8
Deaths	14
In residence, 30th September, 1913	106
	128

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	112
Other cities and counties	16
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	.....
	128

Sex.

Female	128
	128

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario	$2,516 71
From the City of Toronto	200 00
From Inmates	14,434 50
Subscriptions and donations	550 06
From other sources	9 00
Total	$17,710 27

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$5,960 17
Clothing, furnishings, etc.	700 22
Fuel, light, cleaning, etc.	2,082 04
Salaries and wages	4,665 04
Repairs	1,195 26
Other expenses	3,903 47
Medicine and medical comforts.	43 45
Total	$18,549 65
Government aid for 1913	$2,555 07

INDUSTRIAL REFUGE, TORONTO.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	76
Admitted	5
Total number of inmates	81
Discharged	3
Died	1
In residence, 30th September, 1913	77
	81

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	70
County of York and other counties	11
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	.....
	81

Sex.

Female	81
	81

INDUSTRIAL REFUGE, TORONTO.—*Continued.*

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario.	$1,900 99
From the City of Toronto	500 00
Payments from inmates	150 00
Subscriptions, donations, etc..	2,764 40
Laundry, sewing, etc.	4,000 00
Other sources	1,415 65
Total	$10,731 04

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$4,610 26
Clothing and furnishings	1,027 44
Fuel, light and cleaning	1,570 45
Salaries and wages	3,195 80
Repairs, ordinary	395 95
Medicine and medical comforts	326 93
Other expenses	599 08
Total	$11,725 91
Government aid for 1913	$1,956 99

VICTOR HOME FOR YOUNG WOMEN, TORONTO.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	12
Admitted	245
Total number of inmates ...	257
Discharged	235
Deaths	1
In residence, 30th September, 1913	21
	257

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	172
County of York	20
Other counties of Ontario	65
Immigrants, foreigners, etc. ..	....
	257

Sex.

Female	223
Male (infants)	34
	257

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario.	$399 65
From the City of Toronto	300 00
From inmates	399 25
Subscriptions, donations of private individuals	205 55
From other sources	1,833 42
Total	$3,137 87

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$1,229 61
Clothing, furnishings, etc.	425 09
Fuel, light, cleaning, etc.	437 29
Salaries and wages	595 00
Repairs	32 66
Other expenses	339 10
Total	$3,058 75
Government aid for 1913	$404 85

S. A. RESCUE HOME, TORONTO.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	77
Admitted	243
Total number of inmates ...	320
Discharged	248
Deaths	13
In residence, 30th September, 1913	59
	320

S. A. RESCUE HOME, TORONTO.—*Continued.*

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	209
County of York and other Counties	73
Immigrants, etc.	38
	320

Sex.

Male	36
Female	284
	320

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario.	$988 41
From the City of Toronto	500 00
From inmates	777 85
Income from laundry and sewing	825 93
Subscription and donations	48 59
From other sources	1,362 21
Total	$4,502 99

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$1,509 36
Clothing, furnishings, etc.	412 55
Fuel, light, cleaning, etc.	626 33
Salaries and wages	1,103 25
Repairs	39 46
Taxes, insurance and rent	.....
Drugs and medicines	29 35
Other expenses	794 84
Total	$4,515 14
Government aid for 1913	$1,001 31

HOUSE OF REFUGE, HAMILTON.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	121
Admitted	65
Total number of inmates	186
Discharged	35
Died	25
In residence, 30th September, 1913	126
	186

Places Admitted From.

City of Hamilton	186
County of Wentworth	.....
	186

Sex.

Male	125
Female	61
	186

Receipts.

From the Government of Ontario	$3,064 18
From the City of Hamilton	12,315 36
From the municipalities	.....
From the inmates	2,044 75
Subscriptions. donations of private individuals	....
From all other sources	.....
Total	$17,424 29

Expenditures.

Foods of all kinds	$6,798 09
Clothing, furnishings, etc.	770 64
Fuel, light, cleaning, etc.	3,007 30
Salaries and wages	4,585 42
Ordinary repairs	1,419 28
Taxes and insurance	2 70
Other expenses	750 26
Medicine and medical comforts	90 60
Total	$17,424 29
Government aid for 1913	$3,122 42

HOME FOR AGED WOMEN, HAMILTON.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	36
Admitted	1
Total number of inmates	37
Number discharged	1
Number of deaths	.....
In residence, 30th September, 1913	36
	37

HOME FOR AGED WOMEN, HAMILTON.—*Continued.*

Places Admitted From.

City of Hamilton	37
	37

Sex.

Female	37
	37

Receipts.

From the Government of Ontario	$918 61
From the City of Hamilton	822 75
Income from property	1,159 43
From Township of West Flamboro'	.....
Subscriptions, donations of private individuals	2,044 54
From inmates	194 70
From all other sources	8 73
Total	$5,148 76

Expenditures.

Foods of all kinds	$2,176 17
Clothing, furnishings, etc.	181 04
Fuel, gas, cleaning, etc.	723 42
Salaries and wages	1,679 72
Ordinary repairs	114 12
Other expenses	733 65
Outdoor relief	.....
Medicine and medical comforts	75 95
Total	$5,684 07
Government aid for 1913	$918 96

ST. PETER'S HOME, HAMILTON.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence 1st October, 1912	17
Admitted	14
Total number of inmates	31
Discharged	7
Died	5
In residence, 30th September, 1913	19
	31

Places Admitted From.

City of Hamilton	21
County of Wentworth and other counties	7
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	3
	31

Sex.

Male	29
Female	2
	31

Receipts.

From the Ontario Government.	$414 05
From the City of Hamilton	245 04
From the County of Wentworth	.....
From the inmates	2,534 00
From subscriptions, donations, etc.	189 00
From other sources	448 82
Income from property belonging to House	182 90
Total	$4,013 81

Expenditures.

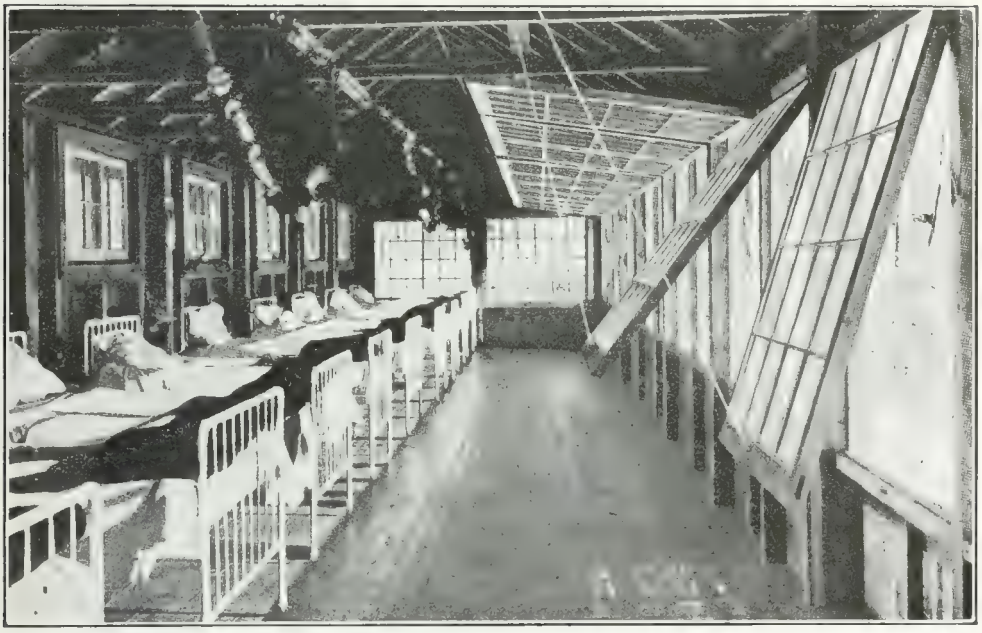
Food of all kinds	$795 84
Clothing, furnishings, etc.	7 20
Fuel, light and cleaning	356 97
Salaries and wages	1,155 00
Ordinary repairs	11 75
Live stock and feed	25 45
Other expenses	632 61
Medicine and medical comforts	31 65
Total	$3,016 47
Government aid for 1913	$457 59

HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, KINGSTON.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	33
Admitted	26
	59
Discharged	19
Died	5
In residence, 30th September, 1913	35
	59



Interior Kendal Pavilion. Free Hospital for Tuberculosis, Gravenhurst.

HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, KINGSTON. *Continued.*

Places Admitted From.

City of Kingston	24
County of Frontenac	17
Other counties of Ontario	18
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	
	59

Sex.

Male	43
Female	16
	59

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario.	$963 90
From the City of Kingston..	1,000 00
County of Frontenac	1,108 72
Lennox and Addington	1,165 54
Payments from inmates	93 00
Income from property	203 95
Subscriptions and donations..	130 00
Other sources	37 35
Total	$4,702 46

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$1,960 28
Clothing, furniture and furnishings	344 17
Fuel, light and cleaning	625 30
Salaries and wages	861 50
Repairs, ordinary	185 47
Farming	31 74
Other expenses	163 56
Medicine and medical comforts	22 55
Total	$4,194 57
Government aid for 1913	$890 33

HOUSE OF PROVIDENCE, KINGSTON.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	203
Admitted	147
Total number of inmates	350
Discharged	91
Died	67
In residence, 30th September, 1913	192
	350

Places Admitted From.

City of Kingston	68
County of Frontenac	42
Other counties	200
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	40
	350

Sex.

Male	176
Female	174
	350

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario.	$5,841 50
From the City of Kingston	100 00
From the County of Frontenac	745 70
From other municipalities	1,120 40
Income from property	673 25
Payment from inmates	5,114 08
Subscriptions and donations..	8,658 07
Sisters' earnings, etc.	6,718 29
Other sources	1,613 15
Total	$30,584 44

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$16,692 30
Clothing, furnishings, etc.	4,944 71
Salaries and wages	313 15
Fuel, light and cleaning	4,929 57
Repairs, ordinary	1,058 28
Taxes and insurance	613 11
Other expenses	1,898 58
Medicine and medical comforts	1,136 14
Total	$31,585 84
Government aid for 1913	$5,341 77

HOME FOR FRIENDLESS WOMEN AND INFANTS, KINGSTON.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	18
Admitted	49
Total number of inmates	67
Discharged	32
Died	12
In residence, 30th September, 1913	23
	67

Places Admitted From.

City of Kingston	27
County of Frontenac	14
Other counties in Ontario	19
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	7
	67

Sex.

Male	27
Female	40
	67

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario	$215 09
From the City of Kingston	500 00
From the County of Frontenac	175 00
From inmates	1,306 00
Subscriptions and donations	198 80
Other sources	10 30
Total	$2,405 19

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$723 01
Clothing and furnishings	202 61
Fuel, light, cleaning, etc.	318 00
Salaries and wages	540 00
From other sources	608 52
Total	$2,392 14
Government aid for 1913	$162 91

ROMAN CATHOLIC HOUSE OF REFUGE, LONDON.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	154
Admitted	54
Total number of inmates	208
Discharged	51
Died	19
In residence, 30th September, 1913	138
	208

Places Admitted From.

City of London	50
County of Middlesex	17
Other counties in Ontario	141
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	
	208

Sex.

Male	83
Female	125
	208

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario	$3,907 82
From the City of London	500 00
From other municipalities	337 00
Payment from inmates	7,827 38
Subscriptions and donations	5,670 56
Other sources	1,478 72
Total	$19,721 48

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$11,341 77
Clothing, furniture and furnishings	2,561 89
Fuel, light and cleaning	2,840 46
Salaries and wages	1,304 75
Repairs, ordinary	823 90
Taxes, insurance, etc.	507 77
Other expenses	733 50
Medicine and medical comforts	239 41
Total	$20,353 45
Government aid for 1913	$3,748 64

HOME FOR AGED PEOPLE, LONDON.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	88
Admitted	25
Total number of inmates	113
Discharged	13
Died	15
In residence, 30th September, 1913	85
	113

Places Admitted From.

City of London	76
Other counties of Ontario	20
County of Middlesex	17
Immigrants, foreigners, etc	.....
	113

Sex.

Male	53
Female	60
	113

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario.	$2,241 75
From the City of London	3,922 40
From the County of Middlesex	.....
From other municipalities	.....
Payment from inmates	5,538 85
Subscriptions and donations	750 14
Other sources	236 00
Total	$12,689 14

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$5,119 78
Clothing, furniture and furnishings	597 69
Fuel, light and cleaning	1,400 33
Salaries and wages	2,452 38
Repairs, ordinary	689 31
Drugs and medicines	227 82
Other Expenses	497 12
Total	$10,984 43
Government aid for 1913	$2,201 71

CONVALESCENT HOME, LONDON.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	4
Admitted	29
Total number of inmates	33
Discharged	29
Died	1
In residence 30th September, 1913	3
	33

Places Admitted From.

City of London	32
County of Middlesex and other counties	1
	33

Sex.

Male	8
Female	25
	33

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario.	$99 05
From the City of London	100 00
Payment from inmates	341 59
Subscriptions and donations	1,046 60
Other sources	11 48
Total	$1,598 64

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$316 69
Clothing, furniture and furnishings	.....
Fuel, light and cleaning	128 15
Salaries and wages	180 60
Repairs, ordinary	42 97
Other expenses	50 23
Total	$718 64
Government aid for 1913	$105 42

HOME FOR INCURABLES, LONDON.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1812	40
Admitted	35
Total number of inmates	75
Discharged	8
Died	27
In residence, 30th September 1913	40
	75

Places Admitted From

City of London	34
County of Middlesex	6
Other counties in Ontario	35
	75

Sex.

Male	35
Female	40
	75

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario.	$1,101 31
From the City of London	1,168 20
From the County of Middlesex	.....
Payments from inmates	6,507 88
Subscriptions, donations, etc...	887 50
Other sources	171 94
Total	$9,836 83

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$3,202 93
Clothing and furnishings	632 43
Fuel, light and cleaning	937 61
Salaries and wages	3,077 42
Repairs	440 39
Other expenses	381 64
Medicine and medical comforts	194 10
Total	$8,866 55
Government aid for 1913	$1,068 13

ST. PATRICK'S REFUGE, OTTAWA.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates

In residence, 1st October, 1912	115
Admitted	42
Total number of inmates	157
Discharged	26
Died	20
In residence, 30th September 1913	111
	157

Places Admitted From.

City of Ottawa	109
County of Carleton	25
Other counties in Ontario	15
Immigrants	8
	157

Sex.

Male	60
Female	97
	157

Receipts.

From the Government of Ontario	$3,604 46
From the City of Ottawa	800 00
From the County if Carleton..	50 00
From other municipalities	.....
From payments made by inmates	5,272 80
Subscriptions, donations, etc...	4,834 70
Other sources	5,245 11
Total	$19,807 07

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$5,748 05
Clothing and furnishings	1,132 22
Fuel, light, cleaning, etc.	2,102 45
Salaries and wages	1,875 86
Repairs, ordinary	1,844 99
Live stock and farm grounds..	897 81
Taxes and insurance	1,055 88
Medicine and medical comforts	220 42
Other expenses	1,556 36
Total	$16,434 64
Government aid for 1913	$2,718 87

ST. CHARLES' HOSPICE, OTTAWA.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	204
Admitted	82
Total number of inmates ...	286
Discharged	46
Died	36
In residence, 30th September, 1913	204
	286

Places Admitted From.

City of Ottawa	181
County of Carleton	4
Other counties	98
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	3
	286

Sex.

Male	122
Female	164
	286

Receipts.

From the Government of Ontario	$5,521 32
From the City of Ottawa	600 00
From the County of Carleton	50 00
From other municipalities	723 60
Income from property belonging to the House	. . .
From payments made by inmates	4,875 55
Subscriptions, donations, etc.	3,606 78
Other sources	710 25
Total	$16,087 21

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$11,108 98
Clothing and furnishings	930 45
Fuel, light, cleaning, etc	1,867 68
Salaries and wages	529 00
Repairs, ordinary	325 60
Taxes and insurance	577 00
Other expenses	706 00
Medicine and medical comforts	196 30
Total	$16,232 01
Government aid for 1913	$5,274 00

HOME FOR THE AGED, OTTAWA.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, October 1st, 1912.	34
Admitted	19
Total number of inmates ...	53
Discharged	14
Died	6
In residence, 30th September, 1913	33
	53

Places Admitted From.

City of Ottawa	43
County of Carleton	7
Other counties	3
	53

Sex.

Male	52
Female	1
	53

Receipts.

From the Government of Ontario	$972 58
From the City of Ottawa	600 00
From the County of Carleton	300 00
From other municipalities	. . . . .
From payments made by inmates	305 10
Subscriptions, donations, etc.	1,022 75
Income from property	. . . . .
Other sources	. . . . .
Total	$3,200 43

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$1,867 58
Clothing and furnishings	. . . . .
Fuel, light, cleaning, etc	438 75
Salaries and wages, etc.	1,390 00
Repairs, ordinary	111 97
Taxes and insurance	. . . . .
Other expenses	115 42
Medicine and medical comforts	42 38
Total	$3,966 10
Government aid for 1913	$900 06

REFUGE BRANCH, ORPHAN'S HOME, OTTAWA.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	20
Admitted	7
Total number of inmates ...	27
Discharged	5
Died	2
In residence, 30th September, 1913	20
	27

Places Admitted From.

City of Ottawa	25
County of Carleton	2
	27

Sex.

Female	27
	27

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario.	$807 94
From the City of Ottawa	800 00
From the County of Carleton..	150 00
Payment from inmates	609 82
Income from property	731 46
Subscriptions and donations ..	4,488 88
Total	$3,588 10

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$2,556 46
Clothing, furniture and furnishings	473 70
Fuel, light and cleaning	1,188 53
Salaries and wages	2,061 02
Taxes and insurance	500 00
Repairs, ordinary	136 98
Medicine, medical comforts ...	13 53
Other expenses	336 36
Total	$7,266 58
Government aid for 1913	$526 40

THE HOME FOR FRIENDLESS WOMEN, OTTAWA.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

Number under treatment, 1st October, 1912	39
Admitted	81
Total number of inmates ...	120
Discharged	80
Died	1
In residence, 30th September, 1913	39
	120

Places Admitted From.

City of Ottawa	83
County of Carleton	.....
Other counties in Ontario	25
Immigrants, etc.	12
	120

Sex.

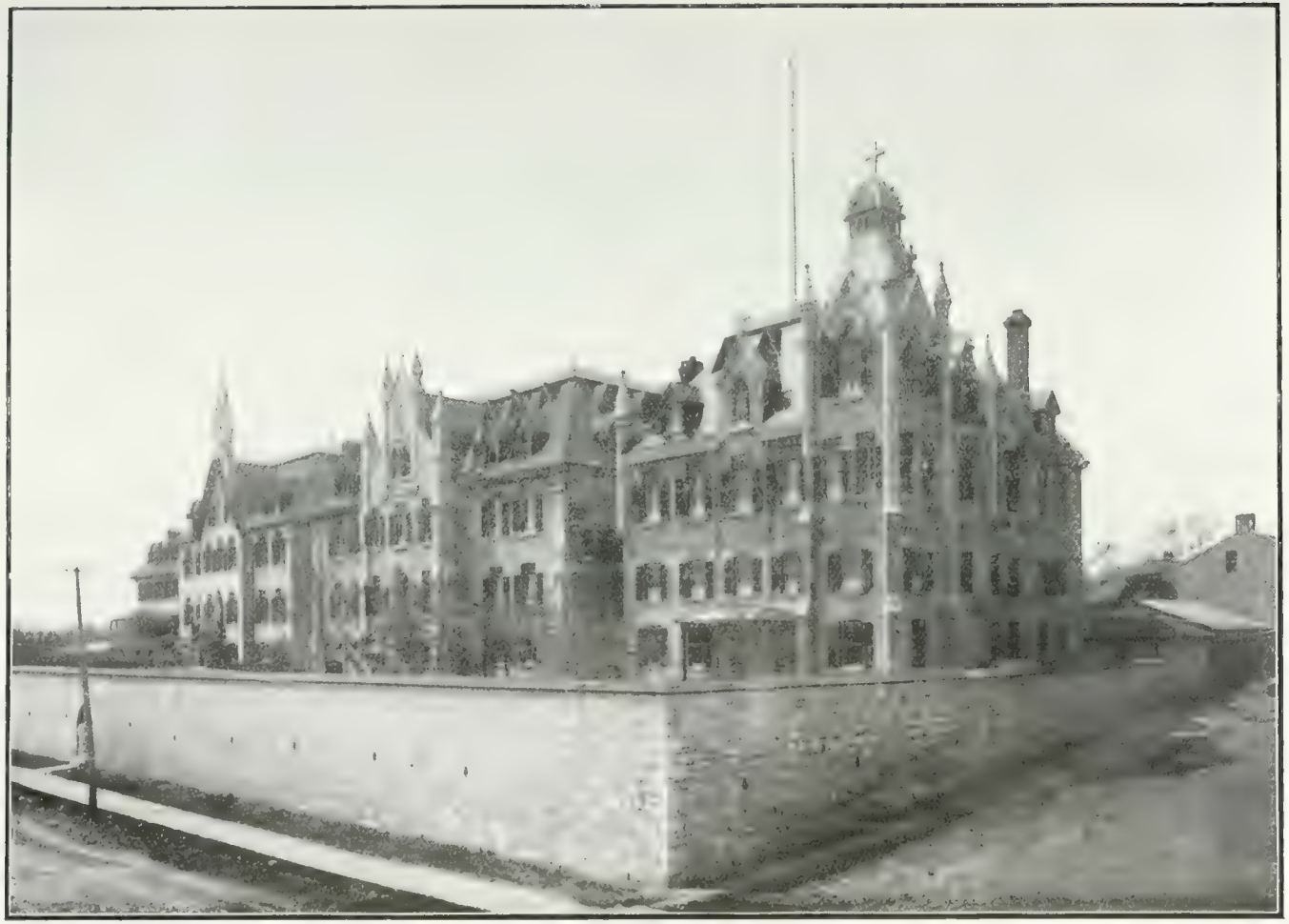
Male	20
Female	100
	120

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario.	$820,20
From the City of Ottawa	400 00
From the County of Carleton..	50 00
Payment from inmates	.....
Subscriptions and donations...	202 65
From all other sources	10,650 75
Total	$12,123 60

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$1,805 38
Clothing, furniture and furnishings	400 70
Fuel, light and cleaning	1,707 53
Salaries and wages	3,763 05
Repairs, ordinary	166 78
Taxes and insurance	75 91
Other expenses	3,885 41
Medicine and Medical comforts	211 93
Total	$12,016 69
Government aid for 1913	$638 92



House of Providence, Kingston.

THE REFUGE OF OUR LADY OF CHARITY, OTTAWA.

The following summaries show the operations of this Refuge during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912..	166
Admitted	159
Total number of inmates	325
Discharged	143
Died	2
In residence, 30th September, 1913	180
	325

Places Admitted From.

City of Ottawa	251
County of Carleton	50
Other counties in Ontario	24
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	
	325

Sex.

Female	325
	325

Receipts.

From the Government of Ontario	$3,921 73
From the City of Ottawa	450 00
County of Carleton	50 00
From payments made by inmates	1,834 29
Subscriptions, donations, etc...	507 00
Other sources	16,919 59
Income from Home property..	204 00
	$23,886 61

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$8,808 13
Clothing and furnishings	3,181 68
Fuel, light, cleaning, etc.	5,364 72
Salaries and wages	1,519 45
Repairs	735 83
Live stock and farm grounds	621 30
Taxes and insurance	1,295 65
Other expenses	732 70
Medicine and medical comforts	371 55
Ornamenting and cultivating grounds	1,012 22
Total	$23,643 23
Government aid for 1913	$3,886 99

HOME FOR INCURABLES, OTTAWA.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	21
Admitted	9
Total number of inmates	30
Discharged	3
Died	6
In residence, 30th September, 1913	21
	30

Places Admitted From.

City of Ottawa	27
County of Carleton	2
Province of Quebec	1
	30

Sex.

Male	8
Female	22
	30

Receipts.

From the Government of Ontario	$619 72
From the County of Carleton.	
From the City of Ottawa	2,000 00
From payments made by inmates	2,333 12
Subscriptions, donations, etc.	600 00
Other sources	261 00
Total	$5,813 84

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$2,183 69
Clothing, furniture and furnishings	41 55
Fuel, light and cleaning	1,851 21
Salaries and wages	1,986 35
Repairs, ordinary	100 28
Taxes and insurance	24 94
Other expenses	583 48
Medicine and medical comforts	252 21
Total	$7,023 71
Government aid for 1913	$570 64

HOUSE OF PROVIDENCE, GUELPH.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912.	63
Admitted	28
Total number of inmates	91
Discharged	39
Died	10
In residence, 30th September, 1913	51
	91

Places Admitted From.

From the City of Guelph	37
From the County of Wellington	34
Other counties in Ontario	20
Foreigners, etc.	..
	91

Sex.

Male	55
Female	36
	91

Receipts.

Province of Ontario	$1,540 84
Guelph	1,969 60
From inmates	1,259 25
County of Wellington	200 00
Subscriptions, donations and bequests	$1,597 71
From other sources	774 60
Total	$7,342 00

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$2,568 22
Clothing and furnishings	659 28
Fuel, light and cleaning	1,162 45
Salaries and wages	630 00
Ordinary repairs	196 42
Live stock and farm grounds	1,069 31
Other expenses	477 30
Medicine and medical comforts	72 50
Total	$6,835 48
Government aid for 1913	$1,478 54

THE ELLIOTT HOME, GUELPH.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	20
Admitted	6
Total number of inmates	26
Discharged	3
Died	1
In residence, 30th September, 1913	22
	26

Places Admitted From.

City of Guelph	17
County of Wellington	6
Other counties in Ontario	3
	26

Sex.

Male	9
Female	17
	26

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario	$580 16
From the City of Guelph	.....
From the County of Wellington	.....
Payments from inmates	4,543 48
Subscriptions and donations	.....
From other sources	.....
Total	$5,123 64

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$1,951 65
Clothing, furniture and furnishings	59 41
Fuel, gas, etc.	891 67
Salaries and wages	1,676 92
Repairs, ordinary	42 00
Other expenses	389 66
Medicine and medical comforts	15 08
Total	$5,026 39
Government aid for 1913	$538 23

THE THOMAS WILLIAMS HOME, ST. THOMAS.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	13
Admitted	14
Total number of inmates	27
Discharged	7
Died	1
In residence, 30th September, 1913	19
	27

Places Admitted From.

City of St. Thomas	27
	27

Sex.

Male	19
Female	8
	27

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario	$450 24
From the City of St. Thomas	.....
From payments by inmates	.....
Subscriptions, etc.	25 00
Income from property	2,267 30
From other sources	23 17
Total	$2,765 71

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$944 52
Clothing and furnishings	131 48
Fuel, light, cleaning, etc.	274 99
Salaries and wages	840 25
Repairs, ordinary	156 31
Other expenses	64 04
Medicine and medical comforts	160 60
Total	$2,572 19
Government aid for 1913	$448 42

HOUSE OF PROVIDENCE, DUNDAS.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Patients.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	128
Admitted	66
Total number of inmates	194
Discharged	40
Died	17
In residence, 30th September, 1913	137
	194

Places Admitted From.

City of Hamilton	104
County of Wentworth	32
Other counties in Ontario	50
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	8
	194

Sex.

Male	70
Female	124
	194

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario	$3,094 00
From the Town of Dundas	.....
From the County of Wentworth	538 61
From other municipalities	1,004 63
From inmates	7,770 31
Income from property	152 00
Subscriptions and donations of private individuals	2,777 00
Other sources	1,278 47
Total	$16,615 02

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$8,780 49
Clothing, furniture and furnishings	1,164 38
Fuel, light and cleaning	2,056 63
Salaries	1,154 05
Repairs, ordinary	650 00
Coffins and funerals	.....
Other expenditures	909 83
Medicine and medical comforts	538 37
Taxes and insurance	1,101 00
Total	$16,354 75
Government aid for 1913	$3,233 40

THE HOME FOR THE FRIENDLESS, CHATHAM.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	18
Admitted	22
Total number of inmates	40
Discharged	14
Died	1
In residence, 30th September, 1913	25
	40

Places Admitted From.

City of Chatham	30
County of Kent	3
Other counties in Ontario	
Immigrants, foreigners, etc	7
	40

Sex.

Male	11
Female	29
	40

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario	$571 13
From the City of Chatham	2,000 00
From inmates themselves	453 96
Subscriptions and donations of private individuals	110 96
Other sources	152 91
Total	$3,288 96

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$1,495 52
Clothing and furnishings	26 25
Fuel, light, cleaning, etc.	303 38
Salaries and wages	763 75
Repairs	120 55
Other expenses	284 71
Total	$2,994 16
Government aid for 1913	$559 72

THE WIDOWS' HOME, BRANTFORD.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	15
Admitted	2
Total number of inmates	17
Discharged	1
Died	2
In residence, 30th September, 1913	14
	17

Places Admitted From.

City of Brantford	16
County of Brant	1
	17

Sex.

Female	17
	17

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario	$364 63
From inmates	184 06
Subscriptions and donations	712 49
From other sources	339 22
Total	$1,600 40

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$595 49
Clothing and furnishings	44 94
Fuel, light, cleaning, etc.	206 47
Salaries and wages	382 30
Repairs, ordinary, etc.	42 75
Other expenses	110 38
Total	$1,382 33
Government aid for 1913	$369 25

County of Wentworth House of Refuge.

THE HOME FOR THE FRIENDLESS, BELLEVILLE.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	8
Admitted	6
Total number of inmates ..	14
Discharged	4
Died	2
In residence, 30th September, 1913	8
	14

Places Admitted From.

City of Belleville	14
	14

Sex.

Male	5
Female	9
	14

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario	$201 66
From the City of Belleville ..	300 00
From inmates	.....
Subscriptions and donations .	27 10
From other sources	96 63
Total	$625 33

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$268 88
Clothing and furnishings	4 14
Fuel, light and cleaning	125 40
Salaries and wages	181 27
Repairs, ordinary	9 93
Other expenses	35 48
Total	$625 10
Government aid for 1913 ...	$216 37

THE HOUSE OF PROVIDENCE, PETERBOROUGH.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	54
Admitted	45
Total number of inmates ..	99
Discharged	21
Died	10
In residence, 30th September, 1913	68
	99

Places Admitted From.

City of Peterborough	26
County of Peterborough	21
From other counties	50
Immigrants, foreigners, etc. .	2
	99

Sex.

Male	37
Female	62
	99

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,477 54
From the City and County of Peterborough	234 62
From municipalities for board of inmates	95 00
From inmates	784 71
Subscriptions and donations..	2,053 18
Other sources	1,326 72
Total	$5,971 77

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$2,975 81
Clothing and furnishings	966 61
Fuel, light and cleaning	1,184 22
Repairs, ordinary	316 65
Other expenses	950 71
Medicine and medical comforts	101 02
Total	6,495 03
Government aid for 1913	$1,552 95

HOME FOR THE FRIENDLESS, WINDSOR.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	22
Admitted	21
Total number of inmates	43
Discharged	17
Died	1
In residence, 30th September, 1913	25
	43

Places Admitted From.

City of Windsor	38
County of Essex	1
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	4
	42

Sex.

Male	26
Female	17
	43

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario	$697 69
From the City of Windsor	3,499 98
From inmates	502 18
Subscriptions and donations	117 00
Other sources	.....
Total	$4,816 85

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$1,579 94
Clothing and furnishings	96 24
Fuel, light and cleaning	292 94
Repairs, ordinary	216 28
Salaries and wages	729 85
Other expenses	230 27
Outside relief	1,040 45
Total	$4,185 97
Government aid for 1913	$647 36

ST. PAUL'S HOME FOR THE AGED, CORNWALL.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	72
Admitted	51
Total number of inmates	123
Discharged	33
Died	20
In residence, 30th September, 1913	70
	123

Places Admitted From.

Town of Cornwall	27
County of Stormont	34
Other counties	60
Immigrants	2
	123

Sex.

Male	75
Female	48
	123

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario	$1,999 06
From the Town of Cornwall	200 00
From other municipalities	733 00
From inmates themselves	690 00
Subscriptions, donations and bequests of private individuals	1,500 00
From other sources	1,829 00
Total	$6,951 06

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$4,271 72
Clothing and furnishings	470 80
Fuel, light, cleaning, etc.	1,356 00
Repairs, ordinary	250 00
Other expenses	373 55
Medicine and medical comforts	75 00
Taxes and insurance	288 29
Total	7,085 46
Government aid for 1913	$2,043 02

THE PETERBOROUGH PROTESTANT HOME.

Full particulars of the operations of this Institution will be found in the annexed summaries:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	23
Admitted	15
Total number of inmates	38
Discharged	13
Died	4
In residence 30th September, 1913	21
	38

Places Admitted From.

City of Peterborough	26
County of Peterborough	12
	38

Sex.

Male	18
Female	20
	38

Receipts.

From the Province of Ontario, 1912	$1,400 77
From the City of Peterborough	1,306 17
From inmates themselves	977 83
Income from property belonging to the Home	968 35
Subscriptions, donations from private individuals	7 00
From all sources not above mentioned	.....
Total	$4,660 12

Expenditures.

Food of all kinds	$1,317 88
Clothings and furnishings	239 20
Fuel, light and cleaning	872 38
Repairs, ordinary	26 94
Salaries and wages	979 50
Other expenses	307 93
Medicine and medical comforts	62 16
Total	$3,805 99
Government grant for 1913...	$578 62

ORPHAN ASYLUMS

The statistical tables on the following pages of this report show an increase in the contributions to several of the Institutions, while in some cases there is a falling off as compared with last year.

The total number of children cared for in the Orphanages during the year was 5,261, as compared with 4,998 in 1912.

In the tables will be found full details of the receiving and discharging of children, etc.

The statistics relating to the sex and previous residence of the inmates are given in the following summary:

Sex.

Male	2,649
Female	2,612
	5,261

Previous Residence.

Received from cities in which Orphanages are located	3,848
Received from counties in which Orphanages are located	364
Received from other counties in the Province	728
Immigrants and foreigners and unknown	321
	5,261

TABLE I. Orphanages.

Name of Orphanage.	Location.	No. in residence 1st of October, 1912.	No. admitted during the year ending 30th Sept., 1913.	Total number maintained during the year.	No. discharged during the year.	No. of deaths during the year.	No. remaining in residence on 30th Sept., 1913.
Roman Catholic Orphans' Asylum	Toronto	180	297	477	287	.....	190
Protestant Orphans' Home	"	176	92	268	110	.....	158
Girls' Home	"	88	55	143	60	.....	83
Boys' Home	"	124	34	158	58	.....	100
The Working Boys' Home	"	22	120	142	101	.....	41
Infants' Home	"	124	165	289	101	76	112
Salvation Army Children's Shelter	"	26	63	89	66	1	22
Home for Incurable Children	"	27	4	31	3	1	27
St Vincent's Infants' Home	"	95	530	625	331	164	120
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum	Hamilton	99	104	203	94	5	104
Protestant Orphan Asylum	"	2	2	4	2	.....	2
Boys' Home	"	84	25	109	25	.....	84
Girls' Home	"	38	40	78	39	.....	39
Home for the Friendless	"	56	147	203	150	8	45
Salvation Army Rescue Home	"	40	89	129	85	4	40
Orphans' Home	Kingston	79	48	127	67	.....	60
St. Mary's of the Lake Orphanage	"	101	57	158	66	.....	92
Orphans' Home	Ottawa	55	57	112	73	.....	39
St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum	"	77	65	142	43	.....	99
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum	"	224	190	414	164	.....	250
Rescue Home and Children's Shelter	"	42	142	184	109	6	69
Boys' Home	"	16	24	40	31	.....	9
Roman Catholic Orphans' Home	London	82	68	150	67	.....	83
Protestant Orphans' Home	"	92	84	176	51	.....	125
Women's Refuge and Infants' Home	"	25	29	54	35	5	14
Salvation Army Rescue Home and Children's Shelter	"	37	82	119	87	8	24
Protestant Home, Orphanage Branch	St. Catharines	19	36	55	25	.....	30
St. Agatha Orphan Asylum	St. Agatha	57	17	74	27	.....	47
Orphans' Home	Fort William	74	90	164	78	.....	86
Berlin Orphanage	Berlin	32	99	131	97	.....	34
Nazareth Orphanage	Cornwall	28	21	49	17	.....	32
St. Vincent's Orphanage	Peterboro'	32	17	49	16	1	32
Loyal True Blue Orphanage	Picton	71	44	115	32	.....	83
Totals for 1913	.....	2,324	2,937	5,261	2,607	279	2,375
Totals for 1912	.....	2,105	2,893	4,998	2,400	335	2,263

TABLE II.—Orphanages.

Name of Orphanage.	Location.	Aggregate stay of inmates.	Total expenditure on maintenance account for the year ending 30th September, 1913.	Average cost per inmate per day.
Roman Catholic Orphans' Asylum	Toronto	74,013	$21,529 79	29.09
Protestant Orphans' Home	"	62,790	17,292 56	27.05
Girls' Home	"	30,653	10,271 36	33.51
Boys' Home	"	41,785	12,996 87	31.10
The Working Boys' Home	"	13,758	7,506 41	54.56
Infants' Home	"	32,448	10,552 36	32.52
Salvation Army Children's Shelter	"	7,842	1,842 48	23.50
Home for Incurable Children	"	9,414	11,364 80	120.72
St. Vincent's Infants' Home	"	40,963	13,071 85	31.91
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum	Hamilton	38,882	9,440 44	24.28
Protestant Orphan Asylum	"	889	*	.....
Boys' Home	"	27,496	6,946 71	25.26
Girls' Home	"	13,923	3,973 72	28.54
Home for the Friendless	"	19,187	5,648 54	29.44
Salvation Army Rescue Home	"	13,766	4,536 27	32.95
Orphans' Home	Kingston	26,859	5,339 90	19.88
St. Mary's of the Lake Orphanage	"	32,908	6,838 00	20.78
Orphans' Home	Ottawa	15,650	*	.....
St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum	"	32,005	*	.....
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum	"	85,346	17,728 61	20.77
Salvation Army Rescue Home and Children's Shelter	"	20,481	4,791 98	23.39
Boys' Home	"	4,345	3,746 39	86.22
Roman Catholic Orphans' Home	London	30,128	*	.....
Protestant Orphans' Home	"	12,925	4,768 56	36.89
Women's Refuge and Infants' Home	"	7,465	1,586 54	21.25
Salvation Army Rescue Home and Children's Shelter	"	8,908	3,047 18	34.21
Protestant Home, Orphanage Branch	St. Catharines	10,113	6,008 66	59.41
St. Agatha Orphans' Asylum	St. Agatha	18,030	6,421 74	35.62
Orphans' Home	Fort William	27,799	6,574 01	23.65
Berlin Orphanage	Berlin	11,909	3,820 99	32.08
Loyal True Blue Orphanage	Picton	30,534	7,389 22	24.20
Nazareth Orphanage	Cornwall	9,834	*	.....
St. Vincent's Orphanage	Peterboro'	10,800	2,569 51	23.79
Totals for 1913		823,851	$217,605 42	29.59
Totals for 1912		829,962	210,956 17	33.99

* Included in the Refuge Branch.

TABLE III.—Orphanages.

Name of Orphanage.	Location.	Collective days' stay upon which computation of Orphanage rate is based.	Collective days' stay upon which computation of Refuge rate is based	Amount received from all sources other than Government.	Computation at two (2) cents per day.	Computation at seven (7) cents per day, being Refuge rate for adults.	Total Government grant for the year 1913.
Roman Catholic Orphans' Asylum	Toronto	74,013		$22,551 26	$1,480 26		$1,480 26
Protestant Orphans' Home	"	62,790		13,768 37	1,255 80		1,255 80
Girls' Home	"	30,653		9,888 26	613 06		613 06
Boys' Home	"	41,785		12,301 07	835 70		835 70
The Working Boys' Home	"	13,758		7,383 72	275 16		275 16
Infants' Home	"	23,517	8,931	9,920 87	470 34	$625 17	1,095 51
Salvation Army Children's Shelter	"	7,842		963 64	156 84		156 84
Home for Incurable Children	"	9,414		11,526 56	188 28		188 28
St. Vincent's Infants' Home	"	32,623	8,340	11,090 43	652 46	583 80	1,236 26
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum	Hamilton	38,882		8,851 08	777 64		777 64
Protestant Orphan Asylum	"	889		*	17 78		17 78
Boys' Home	"	27,496		6,412 00	549 92		549 92
Girls' Home	"	13,923		3,773 98	278 46		278 46
Home for the Friendless	"	14,544	4,643	5,226 66	290 88	325 01	615 89
Salvation Army Rescue Home	"	6,186	7,580	4,031 39	123 72	530 60	654 32
Orphans' Home	Kingston	26,859		4,947 17	537 18		537 18
St. Mary's of the Lake Orphanage	"	32,908		2,998 54	658 16		658 16
Orphans' Home	Ottawa	15,650		*	313 00		313 00
St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum	"	32,005		*	640 10		640 10
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum	"	85,346		16,108 32	1,706 92		1,706 92
S. A. Rescue Home and Children's Shelter	"	14,481	6,003	4,132 93	289 62	420 21	709 83
Boys' Home	"	4,345		3,551 86	86 90		86 90
Roman Catholic Orphans' Home	London	30,128		*	602 56		602 56
Protestant Orphans' Home	"	12,925		4,256 19	258 50		258 50
Women's Refuge and Infants' Home	"	5,663	1,802	1,282 12	113 26	126 14	239 40
S. A Rescue Home and Children's Shelter	"	4,063	4,845	2,429 47	81 26	339 15	420 41
Protestant Home, Orphanage Branch	St. Catharines	10,113		8,113 33	202 26		202 26
St. Agatha Orphan Asylum	St. Agatha	18,030		6,135 65	360 60		360 60
Orphans' Home	Fort William	27,799		5,624 60	555 98		555 98
Berlin Orphanage	Berlin	11,909		3,940 60	238 18		238 18
Loyal True Blue Orphanage	Picton	30,534		8,577 52	610 68		610 68
Nazareth Orphanage	Cornwall	9,834		*	196 68		196 68
St. Vincent's Orphanage	Peterboro'	10,800		2,139 85	216 00		216 00
Totals for 1913		781,707	42,144	$201,927 44	$15,634 14	$2,950 08	$18,584 22
Totals for 1912		786,019	43,943	200,278 96	15,720 38	3,076 01	18,796 39

* Included in the Refuge Branch.

SEPARATE REPORTS

ROMAN CATHOLIC ORPHAN ASYLUM, TORONTO.

The following summaries show the operations of this Orphanage during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	180
Admitted	297
Total number of inmates	477
Discharged	287
Died	....
In residence, 30th September, 1913	190
	477

Sex.

Male	240
Female	237
	477

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	430
County of York	4
Other parts of Ontario	39
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	4
	477

The receipts of this Institution during the year, including the Government grant of $1,500.78, were $24,052.04, and the expenditures were $21,529.79.

Government aid for the year 1913 $1,480.26.

PROTESTANT ORPHANS' HOME, TORONTO.

The following summaries show the operations of this Institution during the past year:—

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	176
Admitted	92
Total number of inmates	268
Discharged	11
Died	....
In residence, 30th September, 1913	158
	268

Sex.

Male	152
Female	116
	268

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	82
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	106
Other parts of Ontario	80
	268

The receipts of the Institution during the year, including the Government grant of $1,233.50, were $15,001.87, and the expenditures were $17,292.56.

Government aid for the year 1913 $1,255.80.

GIRLS' HOME, TORONTO.

The following summaries show the operations of this Home during the year:

Movements of inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	88
Admitted	55
Total number of inmates	143
Discharged	60
Died	....
In residence, 30th September, 1913	83
	143

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	140
County of York	3
	143

The receipts of the Institution during the year, including the Government grant of $643.34, amounted to $10,531.60, and the expenditure $10,271.36.

Government aid for 1913, $613.06.

BOYS' HOME, TORONTO.

The following summaries show the operations of this Home during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	124
Admitted	34
Total number of inmates	158
Discharged	58
Died	..
In residence, 30th September, 1913	100
	158

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	158
County of York	..
Counties of Ontario	..
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	..
	158

The receipts of the Home during the year, including the Government grant of $863.04, amounted to $13,164.11, and the expenditures were $12,996.87.

Government aid for the year 1913, $835.70.

THE WORKING BOYS' HOME, TORONTO.

The following summaries show the operations of this Home during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	22
Admitted	120
Total number of inmates	142
Discharged	101
In residence, 30th September, 1913	41
	142

Sex.

Male	142

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	95
County of York	11
Counties of Ontario	36
	142

The receipts of the Home during the year, including the Government grant of $248.02, amounted to $7,631.74, and the expenditures were $7,506.41.

Government aid for the year 1913, $275.16.

THE INFANTS' HOME AND INFIRMARY, TORONTO.

The following summaries show the operations of this Home during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	124
Admitted	165
Total number of inmates	289
Discharged	101
Died	76
In residence, 30th September, 1913	112
	289

Sex.

Male (46 infants)	130
Female (53 infants)	159
	289

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	251
County of York	...
Other Counties in Ontario	24
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	14
	289

The receipts of the Home during the year, including the Government grant of $1,692.83, were $11,613.70, and the expenditures were $10,552.36.

Government aid for the year 1913, $1,095.51.

General Hospital, Orillia.

THE SALVATION ARMY, CHILDREN'S SHELTER, TORONTO.

The following summaries show the operations of this Shelter during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912 .	26
Admitted	63
Total number of inmates ..	89
Discharged	66
Died	1
In residence, 30th September, 1913	22
	89

Sex.

Male	36
Female	53
	89

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	84
Other Counties and immigrants	5
	89

The revenue of the Shelter during the year, including the Government grant of $111.36, amounted to $1,075.00, and the expenditure to $1,842.48.

Government aid for the year 1913, $156.84.

HOME FOR INCURABLE CHILDREN, TORONTO.

The following summaries show the operations of this Home during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912 .	27
Admitted	4
Total number of inmates ..	31
Discharged	3
Died	1
In residence, 30th September, 1913	27
	31

Sex.

Male	16
Female	15
	31

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	12
Other counties in the Province .	17
Immigrants, foreigners, etc. ...	2
	31

The revenue of the Home during the year, including the Government grant of $201.20, amounted to $11,727.76, and the expenditure to $11.364.80.

Government aid for 1913, $188.28.

ST. VINCENT INFANTS' HOME, TORONTO.

The following summaries show the operations of this Home during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912 .	95
Admitted during the year	530
Total number of inmates ..	625
Discharged	341
Died	164
In residence, 30th September, 1913	120
	625

Sex.

Male	271
Female	354
	625

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	601
From County of York	...
Other Counties	9
Immigrants, foreigners, etc. ...	15
	625

The revenue of this Home during the year, including the Government grant of $1,295.29, amounted to $12.385.72, and the expenditure to $13,071.85.

Government aid for 1913, $1,236.26.

ST. MARY'S ORPHAN ASYLUM, HAMILTON

The following summaries show the operations of this Asylum during the year.

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	99
Admitted	104
Total number of inmates	203
Discharged	94
Died	5
In residence, 30th September, 1913	104
	203

Sex.

Male	111
Female	92
	203

Places Admitted From.

City of Hamilton	175
County of Wentworth	
Other counties and countries	28
	203

Including the Government grant of $707.58, the revenue of the Asylum during the year amounted to $9,558.66, and the expenditure to $9,440.44.

Government aid for 1913, $777.64.

PROTESTANT ORPHAN ASYLUM, HAMILTON.

The following summaries show the operations of this Asylum during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	2
Admitted	2
Total number of inmates	4
Discharged	2
Deaths	
In residence, 30th September, 1913	2
	4

Sex.

Male	4
Female	
	4

Places Admitted From.

City of Hamilton	3
County of Wentworth and other countries	1
	4

The receipts and expenditures are included in the financial statements of the Aged Women's Home, vide Schedule "B" Refuge Report.

Government aid for 1913, $17.78.

BOYS' HOME, HAMILTON.

The following summaries show the operations of this Home during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	84
Admitted	25
Total number of inmates	109
Discharged	25
In residence, 30th September, 1913	84
	109

Places Admitted From.

Hamilton City	109
	109

The receipts of the Home during the year, including the Government grant of $439.44, were $6,901.44, and the expenditures were $6,946.71.

Government aid for 1913, $549.92.

County of Wellington House of Refuge.

GIRLS' HOME, HAMILTON.

The following summaries show the operations of this Home during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912 .	38
Admitted	40
Total number of inmates ..	78
Discharged	39
Number of deaths	....
In residence, 30th September, 1913	39
	78

Places Admitted From.

City of Hamilton	78
County of Wentworth	...
	78

The revenue of the Home during the year, including the Government grant of $274.96, was $4,048.94, and the expenditure was $3,973.72.

Government aid for 1913, $278.46.

HOME FOR THE FRIENDLESS AND INFANTS' HOME, HAMILTON.

The following summaries show the operations of this Home during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912 .	56
Admitted	147
Total number of inmates ..	203
Discharged	150
Died	8
In residence, 30th September, 1913	45
	203

Sex.

Male (infants 20)	73
Female (infants 19)	130
	203

Places Admitted From.

City of Hamilton	169
County of Wentworth	7
Other places and counties	27
	203

The revenue of the Home, including Government grant of $509.26, was $5,735.92, and the expenditure $5,648.54.

Government aid for 1913, $615.89.

SALVATION ARMY RESCUE HOME, HAMILTON.

The following summaries show the operations of this Asylum during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912 .	40
Admitted	89
Total number of inmates ..	129
Discharged	85
Died	4
In residence, 30th September, 1913	40
	129

Sex.

Male	24
Female	105
	129

Places Admitted From.

City of Hamilton	113
County of Wentworth	2
Other counties and countries .	14
	129

The revenue of this Asylum for the year, including the Government grant of $584.18, amounted to $4,615.57, and the expenditure to $4,536.27.

Government aid for 1913, $654.32.

ORPHANS' HOME, KINGSTON.

The following summaries show the operations of this Institution during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912 .	79
Admitted	48
Total number of inmates ..	127
Discharged	67
Died	...
In residence, 30th September, 1913	60
	127

Sex.

Male	75
Female	52
	127

Places Admitted From.

City of Kingston	97
County of Frontenac	15
Other counties in Ontario	12
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.....	3
	127

The revenue of this Home for the year, including the Government grant of $448.36, was $5,395.53, and the expenditure was $5,339.90.

Government aid for 1913, $537.18.

ST. MARY'S OF THE LAKE, ORPHANAGE, KINGSTON.

The following summaries show the operations of this House during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence 1st October, 1912 .	101
Admitted	57
Total number of inmates ..	158
Discharged	66
Died	....
In residence 30th September, 1913	92
	158

Sex.

Male	91
Female	67
	158

Places Admitted From.

City of Kingston	43
County of Frontenac	24
Other counties in Ontario	34
Immigrants, foreigners, etc. ...	57
	158

The income of the Asylum during the year, including the Government grant of $620.98, amounted to $3,619.52, and the expenditure to $6,838.00.

Government aid for 1913, $658.16.

ORPHANS' HOME, OTTAWA.

The following summaries show the operations of this Home during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence 1st October, 1912 .	55
Admitted	57
Total number of inmates ..	112
Discharged	73
Died	....
In residence 30th September, 1913	39
	112

Sex.

Male	58
Female	54
	112

Places Admitted From.

City of Ottawa	99
County of Carleton	13
Other counties	....
	112

The receipts and expenditures are included in the financial statement of the Refuge Branch of the Orphans' Home, Ottawa. See Schedule "B" Refuge Report.

Government aid for 1913, $313.00.

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM, OTTAWA.

The following summaries show the operations of this Asylum during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence 1st October, 1912	77
Admitted	65
Total number of inmates	142
Discharged	43
Died	....
In residence 30th September, 1913	99
	142

Sex.

Male	79
Female	63
	142

Places Admitted From.

City of Ottawa	115
County of Carleton	9
Other parts of Province	5
Other countries	13
	142

The receipts and expenditures of this Institution are included in the financial statement of the Refuge Department; *vide* Schedule B, Refuge Report.

Government aid for 1913, $640.10.

ST. JOSEPH'S ORPHAN ASYLUM, OTTAWA.

The following summaries show the operation of this Charity during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence 1st October, 1912	224
Admitted	190
Total number of inmates	414
Discharged	164
Died	....
In residence 30th September, 1913	250
	414

Sex.

Male	194
Female	220
	414

Places Admitted From.

City of Ottawa	200
County of Carleton	12
Other counties in Ontario	202
	414

The receipts of the Institution, including Government grant of $1,658.22, were $17,766.54, and the expenditures, $17,728.61.

Government aid for 1913, $1,706.92.

BOYS' HOME, OTTAWA.

The following summaries show the operations of this Home during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence 1st October, 1912	16
Admitted	24
Total number of inmates	40
Discharged	31
Died	....
In residence 30th September, 1913	9
	40

Sex.

Male	40
Female	....
	40

Places Admitted From.

City of Ottawa	10
County of Carleton	5
Other counties in Province	2
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	23
	40

The revenue of the Home during the year, including Government grant of $114.12, amounted to $3,665.98, and the expenditures to $3,746.39.

Government aid for 1913, $86.90.

S. A. RESCUE HOME AND CHILDREN'S SHELTER, OTTAWA.

The following summaries show the operations of this Home during the year:

Movements of Inmates.	
In residence, 1st October, 1912	42
Admitted during the year	142
Total number of inmates	184
Discharged	109
Died	6
In residence, 30th September, 1913	69
	184

Sex.	
Male	60
Female	124
	184
Places Admitted From.	
City of Ottawa	157
County of Carleton	....
Other counties	15
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	12
	184

The revenue of the Home, including Government grant of $654.12, was $4,787.05, and the expenditures were $4,791.98.

Government aid for 1913, $709.83.

ROMAN CATHOLIC ORPHANS' HOME, LONDON.

The following summaries show the operations of this Orphanage during the year:

Movements of Inmates.	
In residence 1st October, 1912	82
Admitted	68
Total number of inmates	150
Discharged	67
Died	....
In residence, 30th September, 1913	83
	150

Sex.	
Male	88
Female	62
	150
Places Admitted From.	
City of London	83
County of Middlesex	....
Other parts of the Province	67
	150

The receipts and expenditures are included in the financial statement of R. C. House of Refuge; *vide* Schedule B, Refuge Report.

Government aid for 1913, $602.56.

PROTESTANT ORPHANS' HOME, LONDON.

The following summaries show the operations of this Orphanage during the year:

Movements of Inmates.	
In residence 1st October, 1912	92
Admitted	84
Total number of inmates	176
Discharged	51
Died	....
In residence, 30th September, 1913	125
	176

Sex.	
Male	118
Female	58
	176
Places Admitted From.	
City of London	168
Other counties	8
	176

The revenue of the Home, including the Government grant of $271.64, was $4,527.83, and the expenditures were $4,768.56.

Government aid for 1913, $258.50.

WOMEN'S REFUGE AND INFANTS' HOME, LONDON.

The following summaries show the operation of this Charity during the year:

Movements of Inmates.	
In residence 1st October, 1912	25
Admitted	29
Total number of inmates	54
Discharged	35
Died	5
In residence 30th September, 1913	14
	54

Sex.	
Male	22
Female	32
	54
Places Admitted From.	
City of London	40
County of Middlesex	10
Other counties	4
	54

The receipts during the year, including the Government grant of $271.22, were $1,553.34, and the expenditures, $1,586.54.

Government aid for 1913, $239.40.

S. A. RESCUE HOME AND CHILDREN'S SHELTER, LONDON.

The following summaries show the operations of this Home during the year:

Movements of Inmates.	
In residence 1st October, 1912	37
Admitted	82
Total number of inmates	119
Discharged	87
Died	8
In residence 30th September, 1913	24
	119

Sex.	
Male	37
Female	82
	119
Places Admitted From.	
City of London	82
Middlesex and other counties	24
Immigrants, foreigners, etc.	13
	119

The revenue of the Home, including Government grant of $535.79, was $2,965.26, and the expenditure $3,047.18.

Government aid for 1913, $420.41.

PROTESTANT HOME (ORPHANAGE BRANCH), ST. CATHARINES.

The following summaries show the operation of this Charity during the year:

Movements of Inmates.	
In residence 1st October, 1912	19
Admitted	36
Total number of inmates	55
Discharged	25
Died	
In residence 30th September, 1913	30
	55

Sex.	
Male	32
Female	23
	55
Places Admitted From.	
City of St. Catharines	36
County of Lincoln	15
Other counties	4
Aliens	....
	55

The revenue of the Home during the year, including the Government grant of $213.34, amounted to $8,326.67, and the expenditure $6,008.66.

Government aid for 1913, $202.26.

ST. AGATHA ORPHAN ASYLUM, ST. AGATHA.

The following summaries show the operations of this Asylum during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence 1st October, 1912 .	57
Admitted	17
Total number of inmates ..	74
Discharged	27
Died	....
In residence 30th September, 1913	47
	74

Sex.

Male	36
Female	38
	74

Places Admitted From.

County of Waterloo	64
Other counties	10
Aliens	....
	74

The revenue of the Asylum was $6,571.37, including the Government grant of $435.72, and the expenditure $6,421.71.

Government aid for 1913, $360.60.

ST. JOSEPH'S ORPHANAGE, FORT WILLIAM.

The following summaries show the operation of this Charity during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence 1st October, 1912 .	74
Admitted	90
Total number of inmates ..	164
Discharged	78
Died	....
In residence 30th September, 1913	86
	164

Sex.

Male	77
Female	87
	164

Place Admitted From.

District of Thunder Bay	98
Fort William	62
Other counties in the Province.	....
Immigrants, etc.	4
	164

The revenue of the Home, including the Government grant of $470.04, was $6,094.64, and the expenditure $6,574.01.

Government aid for 1913, $555.98.

BERLIN ORPHANAGE, BERLIN.

The following summaries show the operations of this Orphanage during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence 1st October, 1912 .	32
Admitted	99
Total number of inmates ..	131
Discharged	97
Died	....
In residence 30th September, 1913	34
	131

Sex.

Male	57
Female	74
	131

Places Admitted From.

Town of Berlin	34
County of Waterloo	52
Counties in Ontario	29
Immigrants, etc.	16
	131

The revenue of the Home, including the Government grant of $208.40, was $4,149.00, and the expenditures were $3,820.99.

Government aid for 1913, $238.18.

LOYAL TRUE BLUE ORPHANAGE, PICTON.

The following summaries show the operations of this Orphanage during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence 1st October, 1912	71
Admitted	44
Total number of inmates	115
Discharged	32
Died	....
In residence 30th September, 1913	83
	115

Sex.

Male	74
Female	41
	115

Places Admitted From.

City of Toronto	30
County of Prince Edward	20
Other counties of Ontario	64
Other Provinces	1
	115

The revenue of the Home, including the Government grant of $471.06, was $9,048.58, and the expenditures were $7,389.22.

Government aid for 1913, $610.68.

NAZARETH ORPHANAGE, CORNWALL.

The following summaries show the operations of this Orphanage during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence, 1st October, 1912	28
Admitted	21
Total number of inmates	49
Discharged	17
Died	....
In residence 30th September, 1913	32
	49

Sex.

Male	22
Female	27
	49

Places Admitted From.

Town of Cornwall	22
County of Stormont	14
Other counties and countries	13
	49

The revenues and expenditures of this Orphanage are included in those of the Hotel Dieu Hospital, Cornwall and cannot be shown separately.

Government aid for 1913, $196.68.

ST. VINCENT'S ORPHANAGE, PETERBOROUGH.

The following summaries show the operations of this Home during the year:

Movements of Inmates.

In residence 1st October, 1912	32
Admitted	17
Total number of inmates	49
Discharged	16
Number of deaths	1
In residence 30th September, 1913	32
	49

Sex.

Male	25
Female	24
	49

Places Admitted From.

City of Peterborough	34
County of Peterborough	1
Other counties in the Province.	14
	49

The revenue of the Home, including the Government grant of $190.80, during the year, was $2,330.65, and the expenditure was $2,569.51.

Government aid for 1913, $216.00.

COUNTY HOUSES OF REFUGE

The following returns have been received from the Houses of Refuge maintained by the different Counties in Ontario. These returns show the approximate value of the buildings, contents and land, also the number of acres in connection with each House of Refuge. The receipts and expenditures are also stated, together with the average number of inmates in each Refuge.

COUNTY OF BRANT.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$2,000 00
" " contents	1,800 00
" " land	3,500 00
Number of acres	61

Receipts.

Profits of farm	.....
Received from all other sources	$1,032 76
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	7,897 16

Expenditure.

Maintenance of House	$8,838 16
Average number of inmates	66

COUNTY OF BRUCE.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$22,000 00
" " contents	1,200 00
" " land	3,500 00
Number of acres	61

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$153 73
Received from all other sources	86 80
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	4,621 91

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$4,621 91
Average number of inmates	55

COUNTY OF ELGIN.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$25,431 74
" " contents	2,500 00
" " land	10,506 51
Number of acres	100

House of Refuge—United Counties Dundas, Stormont and Glengarry.

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$759 88
Received from all other sources	191 78
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	5,099 23

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$6,086 89
For permanent improvements	576 90
Average number of inmates	46.39

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$35,000 00
" " contents	5,000 00
" " land	8,000 00
Number of acres	50

Receipts.

Profits of farm Received from all other sources	$2,444 48
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	4,254 61

Expenditures.

Maintenance and improvements of House	$6,699 09
Average number of inmates	45

COUNTY OF GREY.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$20,000 00
" " contents	3,000 00
" " land	6,240 00
Number of acres	97

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$1,500 00
Received from all other sources	400 00
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	3,588 86

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$1,500 00
Average number of inmates	30

COUNTY OF HALDIMAND.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$21,000 00
" " contents	1,200 00
" " land	4,750 00
Number of acres	50

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$1,204 24
Received from all other sources	207 50
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	3,894 52

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$4,559 32
Average number of inmates	32

COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$50,000 00
" " contents	10,000 00
" " land	20,000 00
Number of acres	69

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$3,590 77
Received from all other sources	1,018 59
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	7,972 92

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$9,617 13
Average number of inmates	79

COUNTY OF HURON.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$25,000 00
" " contents	2,000 00
" " land	3,500 00
Number of acres	47½

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$2,392 86
Received from all other sources	918 00
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	4,593 85

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$4,593 85
Average number of inmates	96

COUNTY OF KENT.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$21,000 00
" " contents	1,200 00
" " land	5,000 00
Number of acres	50

County of Essex House of Refuge.

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$1,103 65
Received from all other sources	.....
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	3,045 04

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$7,062 23
Average number of inmates	54

COUNTY OF LAMBTON.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$24,000 00
" " contents	3,000 00
" " land	5,000 00
Number of acres	60

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$367 00
Received from all other sources	.....
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	6,168 74

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$5,881 84
Average number of inmates	40

COUNTY OF LANARK.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$30,753 72
" " contents	4,378 97
" " land	6,500 00
Number of acres	78

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$1,417 57
Received from other sources	4,974 75
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	4,958 81

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$13,654 26
Average number of inmates	74

COUNTIES OF LEEDS AND GRENVILLE.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$20,000 00
" " contents	2,000 00
" " land	4,000 00
Number of acres	100

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$663 40
Received from all other sources	365 40
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	3,700 00

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$4,131 43
Average number of inmates	56

COUNTY OF LINCOLN.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$25,000 00
" " contents	5,000 00
" " land	20,000 00
Number of acres	72

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$3,113 55
Received from all other sources	1,216 30
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	4,225 16

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House and improvements	$8,555 01
Average number of inmates	48

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$30,000 00
" " contents	5,000 00
" " land	5,000 00
Number of acres	63

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$205 55
Received from all other sources	609 24
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	9,094 52

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$9,094 52
Average number of inmates	56.66

COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$16,000 00
" " contents	2,000 00
" " land	4,000 00
Number of acres	90

House of Refuge, United Counties of Northumberland and Durham.

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$267 96
Received from all other sources	57 33
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	5,295 61

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$5,610 90
Average number of inmates	40

COUNTIES OF NORTHUMBERLAND AND DURHAM.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$48,000 00
" " contents	1,673 82
" " land	5,000 00
Number of acres	45

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$898 99
Received from all other sources	.....
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	11,873 17

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House and permanent improvements	$12,772 16
Average number of inmates	85

COUNTY OF ONTARIO.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$20,000 00
" " contents	2,000 00
" " land	6,000 00
Number of acres	48

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$602 57
Received from all other sources	79 00
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	11,119 11

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$11,119 11
Average number of inmates	64

COUNTY OF OXFORD

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$30,000 00
" " contents	7,318 00
" " land	6,500 00
Number of acres	100

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$1,409 53
Received from all other sources	2,001 87
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	5,867 35

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$7,869 22
Average number of inmates	70

COUNTIES OF PEEL AND HALTON.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$32,000 00
" " contents	2,500 00
" " land	5,000 00
Number of acres	50

Receipts.

Profits of farm	.....
Received from all sources	$6,586 15
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurers—	
From Halton	2,205 25
From Peel	2,978 16

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House, net cost	$6,586 15
Average number of inmates	36

COUNTY OF PERTH.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$20,000 00
" " contents	3,000 00
" " land	4,000 00
Number of acres	53

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$1,065 00
Received from all other sources	650 00
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	5,979 00

Expenditures

Maintenance of House	$5,207 49
Average number of inmates	51.1-7

COUNTY OF PETERBOROUGH.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$25,650 00
" " contents	2,150 00
" " land	7,200 00
Number of acres	96

County of Bruce House of Refuge.

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$988 86
Received from all other sources	231 87
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	7,436 33

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$5,148 77
Average number of inmates	31

COUNTIES OF PRESCOTT AND RUSSELL.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$30,000 00
" " contents	3,000 00
" " land	2,500 00
Number of acres	100

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$1,363 00
Received from all other sources	262 05
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	8,370 92

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$5,255 21
Average number of inmates	55

COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$30,000 00
" " contents	2,500 00
" " land	4,500 00
Number of acres	45

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$663 86
Received from all other sources	244 50
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	2,633 76

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$3,542 12
Average number of inmates	29

COUNTY OF SIMCOE.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$36 690 00
" " contents	2,970 40
" " land	6,000 00
Number of acres	100

Receipts.

Profits on farm	$1,123 48
Received from all other sources	21 25
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer, including improvements	10,650 98

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$5,005 27
Average number of inmates	73

COUNTY OF VICTORIA.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$34,934 84
" " contents	7,059 97
" " land	8,318 12
Number of acres	70

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$503 59
Received from all other sources	1,040 38
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	5,143 56

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$6,687 53
Average number of inmates	52

COUNTY OF WATERLOO.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$35,000 00
" " contents	5,000 00
" " land	15,000 00
Number of acres	100

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$2,827 69
Received from all other sources	829 09
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	9,063 47

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$12,720 25
Average number of inmates	105

COUNTY OF WELLAND.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$36,800 00
" " contents	1,000 00
" " land	12,000 00
Number of acres	60

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$630 87
Received from all other sources	1,690 14
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	4,228 56

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$6,549 57
Average number of inmates	54 1-5

COUNTY OF WELLINGTON.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$35,000 00
" " contents	5,000 00
" " land	4,000 00
Number of acres	58

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$580 00
Received from all other sources	1,595 25
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	5,600 00

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$5,217 33
Average number of inmates	53

COUNTY OF WENTWORTH.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditures and weekly cost per inmate.

Approximate value of buildings	$30,000 00
" " contents	6,000 00
" " land	14,000 00

Receipts.

Profits of farm	$3,647 03
Received from all other sources	72 14
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	4,327 99

Expenditures.

Maintenance of house, $2,730.94; live stock, $95.50; equipments, $425.86, and permanent improvements, $1,075.69	$4,327 99
Average number of inmates	26

COUNTY OF YORK.

Statement showing value of property, receipts, expenditure, and average number of inmates.

Approximate value of buildings	$25,000 00
" " contents	5,879 10
" " land	10,000 00
Number of acres	70

Receipts.

Profits of farm, including stock sold	$1,230 65
Received from all other sources	441 90
Amount provided out of taxation and received from Treasurer	6,955 00

Expenditures.

Maintenance of House	$8,571 04
Average number of inmates	63

Forty-Sixth Annual Report

OF THE

Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities

UPON THE

Prisons and Reformatories

OF THE

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

BEING FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st OCTOBER

1913

PRINTED BY ORDER OF
THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO

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1914

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29-37 Richmond Street West,
TORONTO.

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, TORONTO, January 31st, 1914.

To His Honour SIR JOHN MORISON GIBSON, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, a Colonel in the Militia of Canada, etc., etc., etc.,

Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOUR:

I beg to submit herewith the Forty-sixth Annual Report upon the Prisons and Reformatories, being for the year ending 31st October, 1913.

I have the honour to be,

Your Honour's most obedient servant,

W. J. HANNA,

Provincial Secretary.

Toronto, November 28th, 1913.

Sir,—

I have the honour to submit herewith to be presented to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, the Forty-sixth Annual Report upon the Common Gaols of the Province of Ontario, being for the official year ending 30th September, 1913.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

R. W. Bruce Smith,

Inspector.

The Honourable W. J. Hanna, M.P.P.,
Secretary of the Province of Ontario,
Toronto.

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FORTY-SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT

UPON THE

Gaols and District Lock-ups of Ontario

In presenting the Forty-six Annual Report of the Gaols and Lock-ups of Ontario, I beg to submit the following statistics for the year ending September 30th, 1913:

(1) Number of Gaols in Ontario 46
Number of Provincial Lock-ups 5

(2) Total expenditure for Gaol maintenance in Ontario:

In 1912	$203,936 76
In 1913	203,074 82
Decrease	$861 94

(3) The cash revenue from Gaol labour during 1913 was $1,530.50, and was earned at Kingston and Perth.

Average cost per day for each prisoner in the County Gaols of Ontario was:

In 1912	24½ cents.
In 1913	24¾ cents.

(4) Number of persons committed to Gaols and Lock-ups during the past two years was:

In 1912	16,985
In 1913	19,250
Increase during the past year	2,265

Commitments for murder in 1912	24
Commitments for murder in 1913	31
Increase	7

Commitments for manslaughter in 1912	17
Commitments for manslaughter in 1913	12
Decrease	5

Commitments for crime against the person:

In 1912	1,087
In 1913	1,137
Increase	50

Commitments for crime against property:

In 1912	4,142
In 1913	4,125
Decrease	17

Commitments for crime against public morals and decency:

In 1912	781
In 1913	818
Increase	37

Commitments for crime against public order and peace:

In 1912	9,983
In 1913	11,887
Increase	1,904

Number of insane committed to Gaols:

In 1912	512
In 1913	491
Decrease	21

Prisoners sentenced to the Penitentiary during the past year show an increase of 112 as compared with the previous year, and the number transferred to the Central Prison was 147 more than in 1912.

Number of prisoners sentenced in 1912	10,250
Number of prisoners sentenced in 1913	11,897
Increase	1,647

The percentage of sentences to commitments was:

In 1912	60.3
In 1913	61.8

The number of prisoners sentenced to terms over one year was 92 more than during the previous year.

The number confined in penal institutions of Ontario was 95 more on September 30th, 1913, than on the same date last year.

Of these committed during the year, 7,549 were married and 11,701 were single.

Habits of life of those committed to Gaols:

In 1912, number of commitments 16,985; temperate, 3,747; percentage, 22.06.

In 1913, number of commitments, 19,250; temperate, 3,770; percentage, 19.59.

Ten and one-third per cent. of the prisoners committed to the gaols during the past year could not read or write.

Number of days' stay of prisoners:

In 1912 . . .	341,041
In 1913 . . .	313,271
Showing a Decrease of days	27,770

Escapes and captures:

Eighteen prisoners escaped during the year, of whom five were recaptured.

Deaths in Gaols:

In 1912 . . .	20
In 1913 . . .	18

COMMON GAOLS.

The following table shows the number of prisoners committed to the Common Gaols in the Province in each year, from the 1st October, 1869, to 30th September, 1913.

Date of Commitment.		Men over 16 years of age.	Boys under 16 years of age.	Women over 16 years of age.	Girls under 16 years of age.	Total.
Commitments for the year ending 30th September,	1869	3,599	294	1,680	82	5,655
" "	1870	4,215	319	1,737	108	6,379
" "	1871	4,586	329	1,642	58	6,615
" "	1872	5,006	281	1,615	56	6,958
" "	1873	5,745	323	1,735	74	7,877
" "	1874	7,298	377	1,746	67	9,488
" "	1875	8,048	389	1,566	70	10,073
" "	1876	9,005	434	1,727	70	11,236
" "	1877	11,653	542	1,824	62	13,481
" "	1878	9,537	480	1,959	54	12,030
" "	1879	8,995	416	1,756	53	11,220
" "	1880	8,229	549	1,863	59	11,300
" "	1881	7,007	468	1,681	73	9,229
" "	1882	7,286	522	1,750	62	9,620
" "	1883	7,858	423	1,551	48	9,880
" "	1884	9,858	458	1,719	46	12,081
" "	1885	9,419	450	1,507	50	11,426
" "	1886	8,831	352	1,424	38	10,655
" "	1887	8,996	409	1,574	38	11,017
" "	1888	10,060	551	1,778	65	12,454
" "	1889	10,349	451	1,685	46	12,531
" "	1890	9,622	461	1,677	50	11,810
" "	1891	8,469	421	1,501	32	10,423
" "	1892	7,177	446	1,335	53	9,011
" "	1893	6,798	388	1,399	34	8,619
" "	1894	7,785	278	1,350	37	9,450
" "	1895	7,912	284	1,154	30	9,380
" "	1896	7,622	265	1,147	24	9,058
" "	1897	7,533	235	1,069	47	8,884
" "	1898	6,974	284	969	29	8,256
" "	1899	6,846	267	1,057	33	8,203
" "	1900	7,063	298	1,291	42	8,694
" "	1901	7,059	262	1,198	27	8,546
" "	1902	6,850	216	1,199	15	8,280
" "	1903	7,815	225	1,200	21	9,261
" "	1904	8,810	156	1,165	15	10,146
" "	1905	9,668	113	1,232	22	11,035
" "	1906	9,541	136	1,124	9	10,810
" "	1907	10,489	87	1,217	11	11,804
" "	1908	11,670	76	1,323	14	13,083
" "	1909	11,935	87	1,501	12	13,535
" "	1910	12,073	87	1,514	13	13,687
" "	1911	13,572	91	1,600	12	15,275
" "	1912	15,238	91	1,645	11	16,985
" "	1913	17,442	85	1,713	10	19,250

The next table shows the number of prisoners (male and female) committed to each gaol during 1912 and 1913, and the increase and decrease in the commitments of the latter year compared with the former.

Name of gaol.	Number of prisoners committed in the year ended Sept. 30th, 1912.			Number of prisoners committed in the year ended Sept. 30th, 1913.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Barrie	156	6	162	147	4	151	....	....	....	9	2	11
Berlin	169	6	175	176	15	191	7	9	16	....	....	....
Belleville	269	21	290	384	23	407	115	2	117	....	....	....
Brantford	321	19	340	272	17	289	....	....	....	49	2	51
Brampton	39	1	40	48	1	49	9	....	9	....	....	....
Brockville	155	6	161	167	14	181	12	8	20	....	....	....
Bracebridge	38	1	39	41	2	43	3	1	4	....	....	....
Cayuga	59	1	60	72	2	74	13	1	14	....	....	....
Cornwall	61	5	66	60	3	63	....	....	....	1	2	3
Cobourg	119	8	127	158	3	161	39	....	39	....	5	5
Chatham	139	12	151	165	10	175	26	....	26	....	2	2
Fort Frances	251	8	259	421	9	430	170	1	171	....	....	....
Goderich	73	5	78	73	2	75	....	....	....	....	3	3
Guelph	37	3	40	101	3	104	64	....	64	....	....	....
Gore Bay	10	2	12	16	1	17	6	....	6	....	1	1
Hamilton	1,177	90	1,267	1,632	137	1,769	455	47	502	....	....	....
Kingston	154	7	161	180	12	192	26	5	31	....	....	....
Kenora	188	8	196	76	5	81	....	....	....	112	3	115
London	604	36	640	674	69	743	70	33	103	....	....	....
Lindsay	43	1	44	45	2	47	2	1	3	....	....	....
L'Orignal	20	....	20	22	....	22	2	....	2	....	....	....
Milton	269	2	271	180	1	181	....	....	....	89	1	90
Napanee	44	2	46	48	1	49	4	....	4	....	1	1
North Bay	353	18	371	272	13	285	....	....	....	81	5	86
Ottawa	886	121	1,007	891	164	1,055	5	43	48	....	....	....
Owen Sound	164	2	166	62	....	62	....	....	....	102	2	104
Orangeville	34	4	38	22	2	24	....	....	....	12	2	14
Perth	102	....	102	110	3	113	8	3	11	....	....	....
Picton	45	2	47	50	2	52	5	....	5	....	....	....
Pembroke	69	1	70	108	1	109	39	....	39	....	....	....
Peterborough	208	29	237	293	12	305	85	....	85	....	17	17
Port Arthur	823	19	842	962	24	986	139	5	144	....	....	....
Parry Sound	146	6	152	173	4	177	27	....	27	....	2	2
Simcoe	93	9	102	128	5	133	35	....	35	....	4	4
St. Catharines	148	6	154	189	11	200	41	5	46	....	....	....
Sarnia	195	10	205	253	13	266	58	3	61	....	....	....
Stratford	132	3	135	141	5	146	9	2	11	....	....	....
Sandwich	208	16	224	209	20	229	1	4	5	....	....	....
St. Thomas	88	....	88	110	1	111	22	1	23	....	....	....
Sault Ste. Marie	371	23	394	288	15	303	....	....	....	83	8	91
Sudbury	1,005	29	1,034	1,706	35	1,741	701	6	707	....	....	....
Toronto	5,069	1,076	6,145	5,735	1,028	6,763	666	....	666	....	48	48
Walkerton	66	9	75	59	....	59	....	....	....	7	9	16
Woodstock	191	8	199	192	11	203	1	3	4	....	....	....
Welland	259	7	266	256	8	264	....	1	1	3	....	3
Whitby	127	4	131	97	2	99	....	....	....	30	2	32
Lock-ups:												
Atikokan	3	....	3	2	....	2	....	....	....	1	....	1
Byng Inlet	4	1	5	7	1	8	3	....	3	....	....	....
Cobalt	122	3	125	29	7	36	....	4	4	93	....	93
Manitowaning	16	....	16	20	....	20	4	....	4	....	....	....
Mine Centre	7	....	7	5	....	5	....	....	....	2	....	2
Webbwood	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
	15,329	1,656	16,985	17,527	1,723	19,250	2872	188	3,060	674	121	795

The number of commitments in five-year periods for the past thirty-one years is shown in the subjoined tables divided into five classes:

1. CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.

Nature of crime.	1887 to 1891	1892 to 1896	1897 to 1901	1902 to 1906	1907 to 1911	1912	1913
Assault, common	2,452	1,912	1,766	1,729	2,091	467	537
Assault, felonious	884	626	686	883	1,087	254	156
Cutting and wounding, stabbing and shooting with intent	532	422	258	350	475	108	114
Rape and assault with intent	222	247	267	245	272	64	68
Murder	135	137	94	130	144	24	31
Manslaughter	81	36	42	60	55	16	12
Attempt at suicide	42	41	61	85	123	25	29
Miscellaneous	116	73	186	14	68	129	190
Totals	4,464	3,494	3,360	3,496	4,315	1,087	1,137

2. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.

Nature of crime.	1887 to 1891	1892 to 1896	1897 to 1901	1902 to 1906	1907 to 1911	1912	1913
Arson and incendiarism	183	211	200	156	134	33	93
Burglary	329	379	352	279	343	90	56
Counterfeiting and passing counterfeit money	62	50	38	31	31	1	5
Destroying and injuring property	423	344	345	333	279	78	87
Embezzlement	129	68	16	28	44	21	2
Forgery	211	165	193	233	407	114	93
Fraud and obtaining money or goods under false pretences	560	595	603	627	1,059	290	316
Horse, cattle and sheep stealing	353	361	308	253	234	47	36
Housebreaking and robbery	766	1,115	730	723	929	252	263
Larceny	7,762	7,433	7,542	7,257	10,548	2,413	2,284
Receiving stolen goods	190	170	190	138	267	97	59
Trespass	1,459	1,550	1,327	1,928	1,919	474	631
Miscellaneous	302	100	885	.....	136	232	200
Totals	12,729	12,541	12,729	11,986	16,390	4,142	4,125

3. CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC MORALS AND DECENCY.

Nature of crime.	1887 to 1891	1892 to 1896	1897 to 1901	1902 to 1906	1907 to 1911	1912	1913
Bigamy	68	70	70	106	159	29	27
Inmates and frequenters of houses of ill-fame	827	609	620	769	959	293	288
Keeping houses of ill-fame	475	400	397	443	698	222	223
Perjury	81	92	107	103	206	33	15
Seduction	67	102	146	106	252	36	56
Indecent assault and exposure	323	348	363	455	616	160	199
Miscellaneous	202	285	314	210	204	8	10
Totals	2,043	1,906	2,017	2,192	3,094	781	818

4. OFFENCES AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER AND PEACE.

Nature of crime.	1887 to 1891	1892 to 1896	1897 to 1901	1902 to 1906	1907 to 1911	1912	1913
Abusive and obscene language	280	268	205	172	160	31	27
Breaches of peace, breaches of by-laws, escapes from and obstructing constables	786	664	644	841	1,066	180	282
Carrying unlawful weapons	169	125	122	207	299	59	60
Deserting employment	21	25	53	333	72	16	6
Drunk and disorderly	21,545	11,806	10,217	17,624	25,685	6,613	8,363
Selling liquor without license, and selling or giving it to Indians	691	273	185	188	857	298	179
Threatening and seditious language	190	185	129	106	184	44	38
Vagrancy	10,492	10,154	9,707	7,900	10,233	2,675	2,907
Miscellaneous	1,126	1,211	563	698	322	67	25
Totals	35,300	24,711	21,825	28,069	38,878	9,983	11,887

5. OTHER CAUSES FOR WHICH PERSONS WERE DETAINED AS PRISONERS.

Nature of crime.	1887 to 1891	1892 to 1896	1897 to 1901	1902 to 1906	1907 to 1911	1912	1913
Contempt of Court	630	561	386	345	306	62	68
Debtors	374	169	101	53	62	26	24
Detained as witnesses	141	88	74	73	109	31	62
Lunatics and persons dangerous to be at large	2,273	1,888	1,953	1,897	1,862	512	491
Non-payment of fines and costs	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....
Want of sureties to keep the peace	281	160	138	119	333	91	61
Other offences not classified in foregoing	.....	.....	.....	1,292	2,318	270	577
Totals	3,699	2,866	2,652	3,779	4,993	992	1,283
Total number of persons committed for the respective years	58,235	45,518	42,586	49,532	67,670	16,985	19,250

STATISTICAL TABLES

A table showing the number of commitments to each gaol for drunkenness during compared, and the increase or de-

Name of gaol.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.
Barrie	31	35	16	28	16	34	34	19	14	21	9	24	21	11	10
Berlin	7	4	8	12	20	17	13	4	6	7	7	10	12	10	7
Belleville	45	34	51	67	39	49	34	18	24	25	19	16	12	13	16
Brantford	28	91	112	147	218	182	112	84	120	125	124	106	115	86	64
Brampton	31	8	10	24	28	10	17	.....	9	9	11	6	2	5	4
Brockville	80	36	24	31	52	58	44	44	77	86	70	43	48	49	45
Bracebridge	07	7	7	7	25	15	19	5	5	5	4	1	3	2	3
Cayuga	18	15	17	24	25	15	22	7	.....	6	6	6	4	10	13
Cornwall	7	1	4	7	20	25	14	22	27	10	24	9	11	28	21
Cobourg	9	18	9	12	18	38	22	25	11	19	18	16	12	15	20
Chatham	1	14	7	9	61	71	47	26	28	22	07	1	13	14	15
Fort Frances	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Goderich	3	1	.....	4	2	5	5	5	3	4	.....	.....	2	1	2
Guelph	0	12	22	21	14	10	4	14	9	23	17	7	9	9	3
Gore Bay	.....	.....	1	3	1	4	1	3	1	2	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hamilton	368	335	373	429	401	418	251	142	148	55	36	60	56	60	67
Kingston	74	75	108	107	139	120	125	7	102	2	89	19	51	50	48
Kenora	37	53	56	43	74	63	51	81	75	65	31	56	26	111	110
London	277	328	404	498	540	532	213	150	218	219	187	177	139	163	172
Lindsay	10	1	1	4	3	5	1	5	2	5	2	5	4	5	6
L'Orignal	3	1	.....	.....	2	.....	5	1	2	1	1	2	2	.....	2
Milton	9	13	5	19	17	9	9	3	4	5	5	8	3	4	2
Napanee	4	3	8	7	4	22	21	12	7	20	8	6	5	13	4
North Bay	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	35	16	14	15	7	10	5	.....	4	.....
Ottawa	250	280	286	297	276	326	204	182	105	111	157	152	165	146	135
Owen Sound	36	27	21	29	37	17	13	14	11	6	.....	8	4	11	7
Orangeville	1	3	1	1	4	2	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	1	.....
Perth	6	1	9	4	2	5	5	3	2	3	6	2	2	7	1
Picton	11	34	20	45	38	33	17	11	11	21	11	22	31	22	30
Pembroke	11	2	2	.....	1	1	.....	5	7	4	7	3	7	5	.....
Peterborough	27	13	11	26	29	45	24	22	16	15	13	10	11	11	10
Port Arthur	66	30	28	19	18	12	4	3	4	1	3	5	12	4	2
Parry Sound	.....	.....	1	1	13	2	.....	2	4	5	7	2	3	3	5
Simcoe	4	6	5	3	17	3	10	5	3	11	17	6	3	16	10
St. Catharines	27	21	21	28	33	24	12	9	21	17	26	23	5	17	10
Sarnia	130	72	38	64	90	108	95	57	76	64	116	57	62	49	61
Stratford	17	15	12	9	16	14	4	7	9	15	7	10	15	5	1
Sandwich	45	31	25	46	47	35	57	38	11	19	39	16	23	20	16
St. Thomas	57	3	25	29	23	20	32	12	15	19	24	15	12	8	17
Sault Ste. Marie	2	1	54	103	30	12	10	12	8	5	2	12	9	8	7
Sudbury	.....	2	8	27	45	55	77	5	119	38	42	25	41	34	54
Toronto	1,707	1,705	2,116	2,098	2,096	2,085	1,783	1,444	1,207	960	918	790	569	592	796
Walkerton	.....	2	0	22	8	0	7	3	13	8	24	5	3	1	4
Woodstock	21	18	50	64	55	51	34	24	28	21	29	33	35	32	31
Welland	30	40	32	12	21	16	7	13	12	11	19	17	16	14	19
Whitby	5	.....	.....	.....	5	2	.....	1	2	1	2	.....	1	4	5
Lock-ups:															
Algoma	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bark's Falls	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1	.....	1	.....
Byng Inlet	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Colpit	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Killarney	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manitowaning	7	13	5	11	18	35	21	22	16	5	16	4	2	1	5
Mine Centre	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Webbwood	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	7	6	2
Totals	3,598	3,450	4,041	4,374	4,719	4,475	3,528	2,641	2,575	2,174	2,236	1,873	1,596	1,672	1,869

the years 1885 to 1913, both inclusive. The figures for 1912 and 1913 are
crease in each place is shown.

1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	Increase, 1913.	Decrease, 1913.
16	12	21	14	16	27	46	58	38	29	59	51	57	64	7	....
4	4	11	15	10	17	19	9	12	15	13	18	24	[illegible]	[illegible]	...
12	11	20	6	12	6	15	34	67	33	61	[illegible]	56	11	[illegible]	....
88	74	82	136	162	143	153	239	178	148	122	129	161	131	....	30
4	4	5	3	4	8	10	5	1	5	1	11	8	14	[illegible]	....
41	58	66	55	51	51	91	86	63	40	54	51	49	83	34	....
.. ....	5	5	9	8	13	7	3	2	6	6	3	1	2	[illegible]	....
10	19	12	5	11	10	13	[illegible]	4	3	5	5	[illegible]	4	....	[illegible]
19	12	15	18	17	14	7	[illegible]	12	33	16	13	[illegible]	2	1	....
10	16	14	12	12	7	18	21	16	27	36	21	35	39	1	....
18	18	11	9	8	16	16	27	23	30	36	[illegible]	44	1	[illegible]	....
.....	.....	33	.....	.....	42	.....	15	15	16	28	15	31	154	3	....
5	5	1	2	8	14	3	1	3	18	5	8	[illegible]	13	[illegible]	....
13	4	13	4	6	12	7	6	4	5	10	3	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	....
.....	.....	1	3	3	.....	6	2	7	2	.....	3	1	.....	.. ..	1
96	108	97	188	229	287	295	304	280	413	474	78	72	9	63	....
31	47	40	58	72	51	54	61	64	85	1[illegible]	[illegible]	136	146	[illegible]	....
23	34	36	35	21	19	19	28	32	33	6	15	100	[illegible]	....	56
137	137	250	157	223	213	248	218	328	424	395	[illegible]	[illegible]	143	12	....
7	8	8	8	13	11	2	6	11	8	12	3	[illegible]	[illegible]	....	4
2	.....	3	1	3	4	2	.....	1	1	.....	[illegible]	1	3	1	....
4	4	4	8	12	7	11	6	6	[illegible]	7	4	14	11	....	1
7	4	7	3	5	8	13	12	13	22	18	21	[illegible]	[illegible]	3	....
3	12	5	33	99	171	73	143	45	35	4	17	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	....
224	233	221	267	247	338	257	338	425	320	4[illegible]	[illegible]	124	248	....	[illegible]
8	12	16	13	10	5	6	11	13	15	41	13	[illegible]	17	....	[illegible]
3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	[illegible]	1	[illegible]	[illegible]
7	12	17	34	20	2	20	24	27	17	19	[illegible]	[illegible]	21	11	....
35	19	21	18	18	25	[illegible]	21	42	25	33	31	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	....
1	4	1	7	1	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	11	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	....
6	13	9	14	22	13	24	33	22	27	23	4	30	1[illegible]	[illegible]	....
9	8	[illegible]	50	25	27	67	104	183	204	195	222	[illegible]	144	[illegible]	....
8	4	5	25	19	35	153	68	26	25	25	35	[illegible]	85	[illegible]	....
11	6	12	11	15	12	13	28	50	37	37	[illegible]	41	[illegible]	....	[illegible]
15	33	21	28	[illegible]	33	20	20	25	43	42	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	....	[illegible]
48	45	71	57	82	67	73	83	53	80	92	[illegible]	[illegible]	155	[illegible]	....
9	12	8	15	10	46	35	21	42	24	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	....
27	18	31	42	29	19	32	29	36	23	25	32	31	[illegible]	[illegible]	....
23	9	6	5	8	2	4	3	12	15	19	11	[illegible]	17	1	....
7	21	16	72	15	38	18	32	47	23	32	45	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	....
197	229	172	49	164	117	253	281	223	265	288	316	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	....
1,031	1,022	1,107	1,286	1,575	1,832	1,923	2,016	2,003	2,298	2,338	2,089	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	....
4	.....	1	1	1	.....	5	8	4	4	6	[illegible]	[illegible]	5	.....	1
21	39	36	41	31	22	17	24	34	31	32	41	45	[illegible]	[illegible]	....
20	24	23	24	87	32	24	23	26	21	26	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	....
2	3	5	2	11	10	29	12	8	18	14	12	[illegible]	1[illegible]	[illegible]	....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	....
.....	4	1	1	4	4	3	5	2	.....	7	4	.....	1	1	....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	.....	.....	.....	....
.....	....	.....	. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	29	[illegible]	1[illegible]	1	.....	[illegible]
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	.. ..	10	10	16	4	[illegible]	.....	[illegible]	[illegible]	....
[illegible]	10	12	[illegible]	6	21	.....	[illegible]	9	8	1	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	15	....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	23	.....	12	5	.....	6	4	.....	[illegible]
9	17	48	17	14	16	18	56	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	....
2,282	2,446	2,627	2,913	3,452	3,941	4,133	4,748	4,736	4,987	5,291	5,837	6,[illegible]	[illegible]	2,042	201

The disposition made of the persons committed to the gaols of the Province is set forth in the table printed below:

	1913.
Acquitted on being brought to trial, and discharged	4,261
Discharged without trial by order of judges, magistrates and courts, including remand cases	825
Detained for want of securities to keep the peace	61
Detained as witnesses	62
Detained as fraudulent debtors	24
Detained as lunatics, idiots and persons unsafe to be at large	491
Died before trial	9
Detained by civil processes other than above	170
Waiting trial and otherwise detained on 30th September, 1911	162
Found guilty and sentenced	11,897
Discharged under suspended sentence	1,288
Total number of commitments	19,250

The places of confinement to which the convicted persons were sentenced are set forth in the following statement, and similar information is given as regards the sentenced prisoners of the previous year:

	1912.	1913.
Sentenced to Kingston Penitentiary	255	184
do to the Industrial School	29	29
do direct to Central Prison	1,027	1,139
do to the Common Gaols and subsequently transferred to the Central Prison	116	263
do direct to the Reformatory for Females	185	190
do to the Common Gaols and subsequently transferred to the Reformatory for Females	35	22
do to the Common Gaols and there detained until the expiration of sentence	8,584	10,056
Died while undergoing sentence	19	14
Total	10,250	11,897

The summaries given below show the nature of the offence committed by the convicted persons:

1. *Crimes against the Person.*

	Total commitments for the year.	Number found guilty and sentenced.
Assault, common	537	337
Assault, felonious	156	108
Cutting and wounding, stabbing and shooting with intent	114	70
Rape and assault with intent	68	27
Murder	31	5
Manslaughter	12	7
Attempted suicide	29	8
Miscellaneous	190	85
Total	1,137	647

2. *Crimes against Property.*

	Total commitments for the year.	Number found guilty and sentenced.
Arson and incendiarism	93	12
Burglary	56	36
Counterfeiting and passing counterfeit money	5	3
Destroying and injuring property	87	43
Embezzlement	2	1
Forgery	93	61
Fraud and obtaining money and goods under false pretences	316	150
Horse, cattle and sheep stealing	36	22

Housebreaking and robbery	263	179
Larceny	2,284	1,409
Receiving stolen goods	59	27
Trespass	631	493
Miscellaneous	200	125
Total	4,125	2,561

3. *Crimes against Public Morals and Decency.*

	Total commitments for the year.	Number found guilty and sentenced
Bigamy	27	15
Inmates and frequenters of houses of ill-fame	288	116
Keeping houses of ill-fame	223	145
Perjury	15	6
Seduction	56	12
Indecent assault and exposure	199	134
Miscellaneous	10	7
Total	818	435

4. *Offences against Public Order and Peace.*

	Total commitments for the year.	Number found guilty and sentenced.
Abusive and obscene language	27	25
Breaches of peace, breaches of by-laws, escapes from and obstructing constables	282	178
Carrying unlawful weapons	60	44
Deserting employment, etc.	6	2
Drunk and disorderly	8,363	5,761
Selling liquor without a license and selling or giving it to Indians	179	157
Threatening and seditious language	38	12
Vagrancy	2,907	1,713
Miscellaneous	25	15
Total	11,887	7,907
Contempt of court, lunatics, etc.	706	119
Other offences, not classified in foregoing	577	228
Grand total	19,250	11,897

The following tables show the period of sentence passed on the convicted prisoners and the sex, social conditions, habits, etc., of the total number of prisoners committed:

Periods of Sentence.

	1912.	1913.
For periods under thirty days	4,037	5,444
For thirty days and up to sixty days, or two months, not including the last term	2,829	2,906
For sixty days, or two months	781	766
Over two months to three months	623	670
Over three months to four months	302	283
Over four months to five months	105	119
Over five months to six months	843	759
Over six months to nine months	122	225
Over nine months up to one year, inclusive	160	185
Over one year and up to two years	167	292
Over two years and up to three years in the Penitentiary	137	89
Over three years in the Penitentiary	100	91
For periods of any length in the Industrial Schools	30	38
Sentenced to death and executed	..	1
Sentenced to death and commuted to imprisonment	1	....
Sentenced to imprisonment with corporal punishment	13	29
	10,250	11,897

Sex.

	1912.	1913.
Male	15,329	17,527
Female	1,656	1,723
	16,985	19,250

Social Condition.

Married	6,066	7,549
Unmarried	10,919	11,701
	16,985	19,250

Habits.

Temperate	3,747	3,770
Intemperate	13,238	15,480
	16,985	19,250

Educational Status.

Could read and write	15,113	17,256
Could neither read nor write	1,872	1,994
	16,985	19,250

Nationality.

Canadian	10,212
English	2,541
Irish	1,400
Scotch	1,406
United States	1,158
Other countries	2,533
	19,250

Religious Denomination.

Roman Catholic	7,364
English Church	4,305
Presbyterian	3,024
Methodist	2,297
Other denominations	2,260
	19,250

The number of prisoners confined in the various custodial institutions of the Province at the close of the past official year, and the year preceding, is exhibited in the following summary:

	1912.	1913.
In the Common Gaols	826	921
In the Central Prison, Toronto	623	755
In the Reformatory for Females and Refuge for Girls, Toronto	77	90
In the Dominion Penitentiary, Kingston	502	496
	2,028	2,262

Gaol Expenditures.

TABLE No. 1.

Showing the cost of maintaining the Common Gaols during the past thirty-five years, under the heading of rations, clothing, fuel, salaries and wages, and repairs.

Year.	Total number of prisoners in custody each year.	Cost of rations, clothing, fuel, etc., each year.	Cost of salaries and wages of gaol officials each year.	Cost of repairs.	Total gaol expenditure.
		$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
1879	11,229	58,856 24	63,914 40	5,583 44	122,355 08
1880	11,300	49,037 14	64,084 34	3,504 96	116,626 44
1881	9,229	45,001 05	63,502 00	3,410 12	111,915 15
1882	9,620	44,768 92	63,794 30	4,665 52	113,228 75
1883	9,880	44,783 50	64,935 96	4,706 20	114,425 66
1884	12,081	61,909 89	68,446 88	7,125 50	127,482 27
1885	11,426	54,321 35	70,344 96	5,081 55	129,747 86
1886	10,645	53,300 43	71,690 76	8,753 07	133,744 26
1887	11,017	48,650 27	71,291 58	6,146 71	126,088 56
1888	12,454	53,961 25	73,633 11	6,509 13	134,143 49
1889	12,531	55,002 89	77,677 84	3,313 20	135,983 93
1890	11,810	51,446 99	79,394 49	9,171 01	140,012 49
1891	10,423	58,110 73	79,741 59	12,183 02	150,035 34
1892	9,011	51,505 57	75,564 83	4,635 65	135,706 05
1893	8,619	49,762 40	79,639 81	8,083 50	137,485 71
1894	9,450	45,115 58	79,790 80	6,728 04	131,634 42
1895	9,380	50,591 40	79,677 17	6,304 58	136,573 15
1896	9,058	49,107 73	80,940 04	6,778 50	135,826 27
1897	8,884	51,066 56	80,863 60	10,248 93	142,179 09
1898	8,256	50,412 91	80,915 05	5,982 56	137,310 52
1899	8,203	50,362 88	82,047 98	4,206 66	136,617 50
1900	8,604	50,353 75	82,144 05	4,944 21	137,442 10
1901	8,546	48,977 86	82,305 15	6,065 44	137,348 45
1902	8,280	49,125 35	85,350 04	6,515 40	140,990 79
1903	9,261	57,252 84	86,081 95	7,122 23	150,457 02
1904	10,146	59,916 13	89,164 98	5,413 09	154,494 20
1905	11,035	64,948 78	91,232 56	7,087 09	163,268 43
1906	10,810	59,874 67	91,663 85	6,635 49	158,174 01
1907	11,804	61,995 01	95,321 24	7,536 14	164,852 39
1908	13,083	68,468 72	98,651 71	8,708 79	175,829 20
1909	13,535	74,557 65	103,141 14	6,877 58	184,576 37
1910	13,687	66,042 87	102,649 54	10,574 71	181,851 05
1911	15,275	70,077 87	106,690 02	7,759 74	187,626 11
1912	16,985	83,708 63	114,462 75	5,765 38	203,936 76
1913	19,250	77,828 15	116,704 08	8,542 59	203,074 82

A summary is given below showing the days' stay respectively of those prisoners whose maintenance was chargeable to the Province and of those who were a charge on the Municipalities:—

		Days' stay.
7,465	Criminal prisoners remained in gaol	132,110
11,785	Municipal " " "	181,161
19,250	Prisoners in all " "	313,271

Statistical Tables.

Following this portion of the report will be found the tables named in the list given hereunder:

Table No. 2, showing the total number of prisoners in the several gaols on the 30th September, 1913, and the nature of their imprisonment; also showing number of cells in each gaol.

Table No. 3, showing the number of prisoners over and under 16 years of age, the number of recommitals, the number of persons acquited on being brought to trial, and the number of persons committed under civil processes.

Table No. 4, showing the offences for which prisoners were sentenced.

Table No. 5, showing the number of prisoners, male and female, sentenced under each offence during the year.

Table No. 6, showing the social status and habits of the prisoners committed during the year.

Table No. 7, showing the number of prisoners upon whom sentence was passed, the nature of the sentences, and the operation of the County Judges' Criminal Courts.

Table No. 8, showing how the prisoners committed during the year were maintained, the cost thereof, and the salaries of officials.

Table No. 9, showing the number of escapes and deaths, the revenue derived from prison labor, the cost of diet, accommodation of the gaols, and the highest and lowest number of prisoners in custody in each gaol during the year.

Table No. 10, showing the daily cost per prisoner in each of the gaols of the Province for the year ending 30th September, 1913.

Table No. 11, showing the number of prisoners, male and female, sentenced during the year ending 30th September, 1913, and a comparison of the same with the previous year.

TABLE No. 2.

Showing the total number of prisoners who were in the several gaols of the Province on the evening of the 30th September, 1913, and the nature of their imprisonment; also number of cells in each gaol.

Name of gaol.	Classification.				Nature of Imprisonment.						Total number of persons who remained in custody 30th September, 1911-1912.	Total number of cells.
	Men.	Women.	Boys under 16 years.	Girls under 16 years.	Waiting trial.	Under sentence for periods of 2 months and under.	Under sentence for periods over 2 months.	In default of sureties to keep the peace.	Insane, idiotic or imbecile persons.	Otherwise detained.		
Barrie	13	2	....	....	3	9	2	.....	1	....	15	24
Berlin	9	2	....	....	2	3	6	.....	.....	.....	11	20
Belleville	13	2	....	....	4	5	4	.....	1	1	15	38
Brantford	9	1	....	....	2	4	4	.....	.....	....	10	24
Brampton	1	....	....	....	....	.....	1	.....	.....	....	1	25
Brockville	5	1	....	....	....	5	1	.....	.....	....	6	35
Bracebridge	2	....	....	....	....	1	1	.....	.....	....	2	15
Cayuga	1	....	....	....	....	1	.....	.....	.....	....	1	14
Cornwall	3	2	....	....	2	.....	3	.....	.....	....	5	17
Cobourg	14	....	....	....	5	8	1	.....	.....	....	14	22
Chatham	8	2	....	....	2	6	1	.....	1	....	10	38
Fort Frances	9	1	....	....	4	1	1	.....	1	3	10	12
Goderich	5	....	....	....	2	2	.....	.....	1	....	5	12
Guelph	7	1	....	....	3	3	2	.....	.....	....	8	18
Gore Bay	3	....	....	....	....	2	1	.....	.....	....	3	12
Hamilton	56	11	....	....	8	43	15	1	.....	....	67	60
Kingston	13	1	....	....	2	8	4	.....	.....	....	14	49
Kenora	5	1	....	....	1	2	3	.....	.....	....	6	11
London	30	3	....	....	3	24	3	.....	3	....	33	57
Lindsay	1	....	....	....	....	1	.....	.....	.....	....	1	24
L'Orignal	1	....	....	....	....	.....	1	.....	.....	....	1	18
Milton	5	....	....	....	....	1	4	.....	.....	....	5	17
Napanee	2	....	....	....	....	2	.....	.....	.....	....	2	18
North Bay	13	....	....	....	2	7	4	.....	.....	....	13	19
Ottawa	43	....	....	....	13	10	20	.....	.....	....	43	93
Owen Sound	9	....	2	....	4	4	2	.....	1	....	11	32
Orangeville	13	2	....	....	1	1	13	.....	.....	....	15	22
Perth	6	1	....	....	....	2	5	.....	.....	....	7	18
Picton	2	....	....	....	....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	2	18
Pembroke	6	1	1	....	1	.....	7	.....	.....	....	8	24
Peterborough	12	....	....	....	2	4	6	.....	.....	....	12	18
Port Arthur	46	6	....	....	6	19	27	.....	.....	....	52	40
Parry Sound	4	....	....	....	....	1	2	.....	1	....	4	27
Simcoe	4	1	....	....	....	3	2	.....	.....	....	5	18
St. Catharines	15	1	....	....	2	8	6	.....	.....	....	16	31
Sarnia	23	....	....	....	3	12	8	.....	.....	....	23	13
Stratford	5	2	....	....	2	3	1	.....	1	....	7	30
Sandwich	11	2	....	....	4	3	5	.....	.....	1	13	58
St. Thomas	6	....	....	....	1	3	2	.....	.....	....	6	16
Sault Ste. Marie	24	2	....	....	6	4	14	.....	2	....	26	34
Sudbury	58	3	....	....	5	48	7	.....	1	....	61	22
Toronto	214	74	....	....	56	155	64	.....	12	1	288	270
Walkerton	4	....	....	....	....	2	2	.....	.....	....	4	24
Woodstock	6	3	....	....	2	4	2	.....	.....	1	9	32
Welland	8	....	....	....	....	6	2	.....	.....	....	8	48
Whitby	7	....	....	....	2	2	3	.....	.....	....	7	22
Lockups:												
Atikokan	....	....	....	....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	.....
Byng Inlet	....	....	....	....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	3
Cobalt	29	7	....	....	15	15	6	.....	.....	....	36	6
Manitowaning	....	....	....	....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	6
Mine Centre	....	....	....	....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	5
Totals	783	135	3	....	170	447	269	1	26	8	921	1,529

TABLE

Showing the number of persons committed, the number over and under sixteen years of age, the sound mind, number acquitted on trial, number discharged without trial, number

Name of gaol.	Total number committed during the year.			Number under 16 years of age.			Number over 16 years of age.			For the first time.	For the second time.
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.		
Barrie	147	4	151	2		2	145	4	149	18	105
Berlin	176	15	191	2		2	174	15	189	118	38
Belleville	384	23	407	16		16	368	23	391	316	27
Brantford	272	17	289				272	17	289	169	34
Brampton	48	1	49				48	1	49	39	9
Brockville	167	14	181	1	2	3	166	12	178	93	36
Bracebridge	41	2	43				41	2	43	29	12
Cayuga	72	2	74	1		1	71	2	73	57	9
Cornwall	60	3	63	2		2	58	3	61	48	6
Coburg	158	3	161	3		3	155	3	158	115	28
Chatham	165	10	175	6		6	159	10	169	120	29
Fort Frances	421	9	430		1	1	421	8	429	390	22
Goderich	73	2	75				73	2	75	61	8
Guelph	101	3	104				101	3	104	54	37
Gore Bay	16	1	17				16	1	17	13	4
Hamilton	1,632	137	1,769	4		4	1,628	137	1,765	834	207
Kingston	180	12	192	2		2	178	12	190	146	21
Kenora	76	5	81				76	5	81	78	1
London	674	69	743	4		4	670	69	739	296	123
Lindsay	45	2	47	5		5	40	2	42	32	11
L'Orginal	22		22				22		22	22	
Milton	180	1	181	1		1	179	1	180	179	1
Napanee	48	1	49				48	1	49	38	3
North Bay	272	13	275				272	13	285	232	29
Ottawa	891	164	1,055	2		2	889	164	1,053	946	87
Owen Sound	62		62	2		2	60		60	35	10
Orangeville	22	2	24				22	2	24	18	4
Perth	110	3	113				110	3	113	98	12
Picton	50	2	52				50	2	52	37	4
Pembroke	108	1	109	1		1	107	1	108	106	
Peterborough	293	12	305	4		4	289	12	301	182	64
Port Arthur	962	24	986	1		1	961	24	985	941	41
Parry Sound	173	4	177	1	1	2	172	3	175	131	27
Simcoe	128	5	133	4		4	124	5	129	57	34
St. Catharines	189	11	200	2		2	187	11	198	124	34
Sarnia	253	13	266	3	1	3	251	12	263	200	35
Stratford	141	5	146	2		2	139	5	144	108	20
Sandwich	209	20	229	3	4	7	206	16	222	166	36
St. Thomas	110	1	111				110	1	111	67	28
Sault Ste. Marie	288	15	303		1	1	288	14	302	266	27
Sudbury	1,706	35	1,741				1,706	35	1,741	1,354	138
Toronto	5,735	1,028	6,763	1		1	5,734	1,028	6,762	4,465	1,014
Walkerton	59		59	2		2	57		57	43	9
Woodstock	192	11	203	6		6	186	11	197	107	30
Welland	256	8	264	1		1	255	8	263	205	31
Whitby	97	2	99	2		2	95	2	97	63	24
Lockups:											
Atikokan	2		2				2		2	2	
Byng Inlet	7	1	8				7	1	8	6	2
Cobalt	29	7	36				29	7	36	36	
Manitowaning	20		20				20		20	3	10
Mine Centre	5		5				5		5	5	
Webbwood											
Totals	17,527	1,723	19,250	85	10	95	17,442	1,713	19,155	13,268	2,521

No. 3.

number of re-committals, the number for want of sureties to keep the peace, number of un-waiting trial, number sentenced, and number committed under civil process.

For the third time.	For more than the third time.	For want of sureties to keep the peace.	Witnesses.	Lunatics and idiots.	Fraudulent debtors.	Under civil process.	Acquitted on trial and discharged.	Discharged without trial.	Discharged under suspended sentence.	Died before trial.	Waiting trial.	Sentenced for any period.
22	6	.....	.....	17	1	.....	5	1	3	.....	3	121
15	20	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	14	28	12	.....	2	129
17	47	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	180	.....	9	.....	5	212
21	65	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	117	.....	2	.....	2	164
1	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	26	2	7	.....	1	10
14	38	.....	.....	3	.....	1	37	.....	15	.....	5	120
1	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	4	1	3	.....	.....	33
1	7	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	10	7	5	.....	.....	49
4	5	1	.....	.....	1	.....	3	.....	3	.....	2	53
7	11	.....	.....	9	.....	1	7	.....	18	1	5	120
10	16	.....	.....	6	2	.....	74	.....	.....	.....	2	91
3	15	.....	10	4	.....	4	82	8	21	2	4	295
1	5	.....	.....	5	2	.....	.....	.....	21	.....	2	45
1	12	30	.....	2	.....	.....	2	17	5	.....	3	45
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	12
114	614	26	.....	29	.....	.....	6	282	24	.....	8	1,394
10	15	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	2	14	2	.....	2	168
1	1	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	9	.....	4	.....	1	63
92	232	.....	.....	15	.....	.....	252	.....	.....	1	3	472
3	1	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	7	.....	9	.....	.....	24
.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	19
.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	116	6	.....	10	.....	.....	48
4	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	49
11	13	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	15	.....	1	.....	2	255
18	4	.....	.....	29	.....	.....	497	.....	.....	.....	13	516
8	9	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	6	.....	3	.....	4	44
2	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	3	2	.....	.....	1	13
3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	6	.....	.....	105
2	9	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	2	28	.....	.....	.....	20
3	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	3	2	.....	.....	1	100
30	29	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	25	109	3	1	2	151
2	2	.....	.....	37	.....	.....	90	.....	3	.....	6	850
13	6	.....	1	6	.....	.....	38	7	10	.....	.....	115
15	27	.....	1	3	5	42	15	.....	18	.....	.....	49
16	26	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	39	.....	14	.....	2	138
31	.....	1	1	8	1	.....	31	.....	4	.....	2	218
18	.....	.....	.....	5	1	1	.....	44	1	.....	2	92
21	6	.....	.....	7	2	.....	58	17	7	.....	5	133
8	8	.....	.....	2	2	.....	25	.....	5	.....	2	75
3	3	.....	5	16	.....	.....	7	90	7	1	6	171
147	102	.....	30	21	.....	.....	97	8	92	.....	5	1,488
468	816	2	13	160	2	.....	2,391	76	882	3	56	3,178
1	6	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	8	7	5	.....	.....	33
17	49	.....	.....	7	1	.....	22	.....	48	.....	3	122
5	23	.....	.....	5	4	.....	4	70	.....	.....	.....	181
6	6	1	.....	3	.....	.....	15	.....	1	.....	.....	79
.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	4	.....	.....	2
6	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	28
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	3
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
1,200	2,261	61	62	491	24	170	4,261	825	1,288	9	162	11,897

TABLE

Showing the offences for which prisoners were sentenced

Name of gaol.	Abortion.	Abusive and obscene language.	Arson.	Assault.	Assault, felonious.	Attempted suicide.	Abduction.	Bigamy.	Breaches of the peace.	Breaches of By-laws.	Burglary.
Barrie			1	6		1		1		2	
Berlin		1		3	2		1				
Belleville		1		6	3		1				
Brantford		1		9	2						
Brampton				2							
Brockville		1		1	4			1			
Bracebridge				2				1		1	6
Cayuga				4			1		15		
Cornwall		1		3							
Cobourg				6						1	
Chatham		1			5			1			3
Fort Frances		2		5	4				5	4	1
Goderich											2
Guelph										1	
Gore Bay				1							
Hamilton				27			1	3		1	
Kingston		2		2							
Kenora				4							
London		1		14				1			
Lindsay				1						1	
L'Orignal			1	6							3
Milton				5		1					1
Napanee		1		1	1					5	
North Bay		4		22	2		2	1	4		
Ottawa			1	24		1		1	13	12	
Owen Sound											
Orangeville											
Perth		1		1	2						
Picton							1				3
Pembroke				7							3
Peterborough		1		7							
Port Arthur		4	1	23	5	1					
Parry Sound				8	2						1
Simcoe			1	2							1
St. Catharines				8	3		1				4
Sarnia				9							
Stratford			1	2							1
Sandwich				8	2			1	3		
St. Thomas			2	9				1			
Sault Ste. Marie				10	1	1		1			
Sudbury				53	14				1		
Toronto	2			24	47	2		1		5	6
Walkerton			1	1						2	
Woodstock			1	3							1
Welland					8			1			
Whitby		3	1	6	1	1					
Lockups:											
Atikokan											
Byng Inlet				1							
Cobalt				1					2		
Manitowaning											
Mine Centre											
Totals	2	25	11	337	108	8	8	15	43	35	36

No. 4.

during the year ended September 30th, 1913.

Contempt of Court.	Carrying unlawful weapons.	Counterfeiting and passing counterfeit money.	Cruelty to animals.	Cutting, wounding and attempting same.	Deserting employment	Destroying and injuring property.	Drunk and disorderly.	Embezzlement	Escaping from and obstructing constables	Escaping from prison.	Forgery.	Fraud or obtaining money under false pretences.
1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	62	.....	1	2	.....	2
4	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	21	.....	2	.....	.....	3
2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	105	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	96	.....	6	.....	1	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	71	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	2	1
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	15	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
3	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	23	.....	1	.....	2	1
.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	154	.....	12	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	2	.....	2
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	5	1	.....	.....	.....	15	957	.....	15	.....	11	16
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	123	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	23	.....	.....	1	.....	2
1	.....	.....	3	.....	1	1	342	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	.....	1	.....	1	.....
.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	90	.....	.....	1	6	4
14	3	.....	.....	11	.....	3	111	.....	4	.....	7	8
3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	31	.....	2	.....	.....	4
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	50	.....	3	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	82	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
.....	5	.....	.....	1	.....	4	404	1	7	.....	3	7
1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	52	.....	.....	1	.....	3
4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	.....	3	.....	1	.....
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	147	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
4	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	52	.....	.....	.....	2	.....
2	6	.....	.....	2	.....	1	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	6
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	2	52	.....	1	.....	4	3
2	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1,049	.....	14	.....	1	22
.....	12	2	3	32	.....	7	1,325	.....	14	2	14	50
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
4	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	49	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	1	1	2
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
55	44	3	14	49	2	43	5,761	1	88	12	61	150

TABLE

Showing offences for which prisoners were sentenced

Name of gaol.	Gambling.	Giving liquor to Indians.	Horse, cattle and sheep stealing.	House breaking and robbery.	Incendiarism.	Indecent assault and exposure.	Inmates and frequenters of houses of ill-fame.	Keeping house of ill-fame.	Larceny.	Manslaughter.	Misdemeanour	Murder.	Perjury.
Barrie			1	3		1		2	8				
Berlin			4			2	1	2	17				
Belleville			1				1	2	21				
Brantford		8				2		2	24				
Brampton							1		1				
Brockville				5		1	2		9				
Bracebridge		1				2							
Cayuga		4		2		2			4				
Cornwall		1	5						12				
Cobourg				2	1				15	1			1
Chatham		2		1		1			15				
Fort Frances		7		3		9			13	1			
Goderich									4				
Guelph				2					9				
Gore Bay		6				1			3				
Hamilton	2		2	13		12	2	8	90	2			
Kingston						1			15				
Kenora		1							9				
London		5	1			4			40				
Lindsay				3					7				
L'Orignal													
Milton			3						13				
Napanee			1			1			2				
North Bay				2			2	5	49				
Ottawa				25		8	12	17	142				
Owen Sound				2		2			4			1	
Orangeville													
Perth									21				
Picton						1		1	3				
Pembroke		1							12				
Peterborough		1		2		1			25				
Port Arthur		8		19		1			94				
Parry Sound		3		2					11				
Simcoe						2			11				
St. Catharines			1	4		5			17				
Sarnia		3					2	1	7				
Stratford								4					
Sandwich				10		1		2	17				
St. Thomas		1		2		1		4	1				
Sault Ste. Marie				1		1			21		3	3	
Sudbury	23					15	13	7	133				
Toronto	7		3	68		51	80	97	481	3	1	1	4
Walkerton		2		1					3				1
Woodstock		3											
Welland				1		2			20				
Whitby				6		2							
Lock-ups :													
Atikokan													
Byng Inlet													
Cobalt						2			1				
Manitowaning													
Mine Centre									1				
Totals	32	57	22	179	1	134	116	145	1,409	7	4	5	6

No. 4.—Continued

during the year ended September 30th, 1913.

Prostitution.	Rape and assault with intent.	Refusing bail.	Receiving stolen goods.	Seduction.	Selling liquor without a license.	Shooting with intent.	Stabbing.	Threatening and seditious language.	Trespass.	Unlawful shooting.	Vagrancy.	Other offences not enumerated.	Totals.
1	1	.....	.....	1	2	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	14	3	121
.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	.....	36	16	129
.....	1	.....	.....	.....	7	1	.....	.....	4	1	47	5	212
.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	5	164
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	10
2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	6	120
.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	3	.....	8	.....	33
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	.....	49
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	2	53
.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	43	7	120
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	7	.....	17	5	91
.....	2	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	48	16	295
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	26	.....	45
.....	1	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	45
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	12
.....	.....	.....	.....	1	9	.....	.....	.....	32	.....	111	58	1,394
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	22	.....	168
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	13	6	63
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	24	.....	23	8	472
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	6	24
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	19
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	3	48
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	4	.....	49
2	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	1	.....	.....	8	.....	26	14	255
.....	.....	.....	.....	1	3	.....	.....	2	10	.....	75	8	516
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	44
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	1	13
.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	28	6	105
.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	20
.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	9	100
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	23	5	151
5	4	.....	4	.....	2	1	1	.....	78	.....	150	16	850
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	1	.....	.....	3	.....	23	.....	115
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	5	10	49
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	29	9	138
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	22	.....	15	8	218
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	20	2	92
2	1	.....	.....	1	3	.....	.....	.....	2	1	12	.....	133
.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	8	19	75
.....	1	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	1	2	.....	31	25	171
.....	.....	.....	2	.....	9	4	1	.....	16	4	104	.....	1,488
.....	7	.....	17	4	10	3	.....	.....	212	.....	526	55	3,178
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	7	33
1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	29	63	122
.....	.....	.....	3	.....	1	.....	.....	1	16	.....	59	14	181
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	10	.....	24	11	79
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	12	28
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
13	27	.....	27	12	100	14	7	12	493	7	1,713	444	11,897

TABLE No. 5.

Showing the total number of prisoners, male and female, sentenced under each offence during the year ending September 30th, 1913.

Offences.	Male.	Female.	Total
Abortion	2	.....	2
Abusive and obscene language	25	.....	25
Arson	9	2	11
Assault	335	2	337
Assault, felonious	108	.....	108
Attempted suicide	7	1	8
Abduction	8	.....	8
Bigamy	15	.....	15
Breaches of the peace	39	4	43
Breaches of by-laws	35	.....	35
Burglary	36	.....	36
Contempt of court	54	1	55
Carrying unlawful weapons	44	.....	44
Counterfeiting and passing counterfeit money	3	.....	3
Cruelty to animals	14	.....	14
Cutting, wounding and attempting same	46	3	49
Deserting employment	2	.....	2
Destroying and injuring property	42	1	43
Drunk and disorderly	5,409	352	5,761
Embezzlement	1	.....	1
Escaping from or obstructing constables	87	1	88
Escaping from prison	12	.....	12
Forgery	59	2	61
Fraud or obtaining money or goods under false pretences	145	5	150
Gambling	32	.....	32
Giving liquor to Indians	55	2	57
Horse, cattle and sheep stealing	22	.....	22
Housebreaking and robbery	178	1	179
Incendiarism	1	.....	1
Indecent assault and exposure	134	.....	134
Inmates and frequenters of houses of ill-fame	55	61	116
Keeping houses of ill-fame	62	83	145
Larceny	1,359	50	1,409
Manslaughter	7	.....	7
Misdemeanour	4	.....	4
Murder	5	.....	5
Perjury	5	1	6
Prostitution	.....	13	13
Rape and assault with intent	27	.....	27
Refusing bail	.....	.....	.....
Receiving stolen property	24	3	27
Seduction	12	.....	12
Selling liquor without license	96	4	100
Shooting with intent	14	.....	14
Stabbing	7	.....	7
Threatening and seditious language	12	.....	12
Trespass	488	5	493
Unlawful shooting	7	.....	7
Vagrancy	1,472	241	1,713
Other offences not enumerated	424	20	444
Totals	11,039	858	11,897

TABLE No. 6.

Showing the social status and habits of the prisoners committed during the year ending September 30th, 1913.

Name of gaol.	Married.	Unmarried.	Neither read nor write.	Temperate	Intemperate.	Total committed to gaol.
Barrie	54	97	12	51	100	151
Berlin	69	122	10	90	101	191
Belleville	116	291	68	167	240	407
Brantford	96	193	30	82	207	289
Brampton	17	32	1	6	43	49
Brockville	86	95	5	43	138	181
Bracebridge	17	26	6	28	15	43
Cayuga	20	54	5	16	58	74
Cornwall	36	27	35	10	53	63
Cobourg	35	126	17	41	120	161
Chatham	63	112	46	95	80	175
Fort Frances	100	330	73	54	376	430
Goderich	55	20	.....	45	30	75
Guelph	38	68	9	31	73	104
Gore Bay	12	5	10	8	9	17
Hamilton	585	1,134	241	174	1,595	1,769
Kingston	48	144	17	21	171	192
Kenora	32	49	15	21	60	81
London	243	500	30	170	573	743
Lindsay	21	26	4	24	23	47
L'Orignal	7	15	9	12	10	22
Milton	26	155	7	52	129	181
Napanee	17	32	6	8	41	49
North Bay	65	220	47	110	175	285
Ottawa	443	612	226	256	799	1,055
Owen Sound	34	28	12	10	52	62
Orangeville	6	18	3	11	13	24
Perth	46	67	5	32	81	113
Picton	21	31	10	10	42	52
Pembroke	30	79	17	11	98	109
Peterborough	93	212	14	89	216	305
Port Arthur	164	822	116	112	874	986
Parry Sound	42	135	42	26	151	177
Simcoe	38	95	25	17	116	133
St. Catharines	57	143	40	71	129	200
Sarnia	63	203	28	64	202	266
Stratford	63	83	16	38	108	146
Sandwich	80	149	11	87	142	229
St. Thomas	46	65	8	51	60	111
Sault Ste. Marie	116	187	65	50	253	303
Sudbury	306	1,435	38	.....	1,741	1,741
Toronto	3,819	2,944	535	1,213	5,550	6,763
Walkerton	32	27	8	16	43	59
Woodstock	39	164	3	111	92	203
Welland	81	183	29	64	200	264
Whitby	34	65	13	34	65	99
Lockups:						
Atikokan	.....	2	.....	1	1	2
Byng Inlet	2	6	2	2	6	8
Cobalt	22	14	20	15	21	36
Manitowaning	14	6	5	.....	20	20
Mine Centre	.....	5	.....	.....	5	5
Nepigon	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Webbwood	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	7,549	11,701	1,994	3,770	15,480	19,250

TABLE

Showing the number of prisoners upon whom sentences were passed, the nature of such Court during the year ending

Name of gaol.	Total number of prisoners sentenced during the year.			Where sentenced to.					
	Male.	Female.	Total.	To gaol and afterwards transferred to the Central Prison.	To Central Prison direct.	To gaol and afterwards to Female Reformatory.	To Female Reformatory direct.	To Provincial Penitentiary.	To Industrial Schools.
Barrie	119	2	121	3	7	.....	2	.....	1
Berlin	124	5	129	3	29	2	.....	5	2
Belleville	206	6	212	.....	45	.....	5	.....	2
Brantford	157	7	164	5	15	.....	1	.....	.....
Brampton	10	.....	10	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brockville	113	7	120	.....	17	.....	3	1	1
Bracebridge	33	.....	33	5	5	.....	.....	2	.....
Cayuga	48	1	49	.....	5	.....	.....	4	.....
Cornwall	52	1	53	1	5	.....	.....	.....	2
Cobourg	118	2	120	14	9	.....	.....	3	2
Chatham	86	5	91	8	18	.....	3	7	1
Fort Frances	293	2	295	7	14	.....	.....	4	.....
Goderich	43	2	45	.....	.....	.....	1	2	.....
Guelph	43	2	45	1	11	.....	2	1	1
Gore Bay	12	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hamilton	1,296	98	1,394	42	107	1	11	20	.....
Kingston	159	9	168	1	4	1	.....	1	.....
Kenora	62	1	63	1	8	.....	.....	3	.....
London	445	27	472	14	32	.....	1	2	1
Lindsay	24	.....	24	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
L'Orignal	19	.....	19	.....	1	.....	.....	3	.....
Milton	47	1	48	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Napanee	48	1	49	1	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
North Bay	244	11	255	32	62	1	7	4	.....
Ottawa	438	78	516	37	50	7	.....	13	.....
Owen Sound	44	.....	44	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Orangeville	13	.....	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Perth	104	1	105	.....	17	.....	.....	.....	.....
Picton	19	1	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....
Pembroke	99	1	100	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Peterborough	151	.....	151	1	29	.....	1	.....	2
Port Arthur	831	19	850	1	63	4	.....	27	.....
Parry Sound	114	1	115	1	13	.....	1	2	.....
Simcoe	47	2	49	1	11	.....	.....	2	3
St. Catharines	136	2	138	2	26	.....	1	6	2
Sarnia	210	8	218	.....	14	.....	5	.....	1
Stratford	90	2	92	.....	3	2	.....	1	1
Sandwich	126	7	133	.....	10	.....	1	5	.....
St. Thomas	74	1	75	8	11	.....	.....	2	.....
Sault Ste. Marie	168	3	171	4	23	.....	3	7	.....
Sudbury	1,469	19	1,488	3	91	.....	6	12	.....
Toronto	2,668	510	3,178	41	307	4	132	36	.....
Walkerton	33	.....	33	.....	3	.....	.....	1	2
Woodstock	116	6	122	.....	21	.....	4	4	2
Welland	180	1	181	6	33	.....	.....	1	.....
Whitby	77	2	79	8	13	.....	.....	1	2
Lock-ups :									
Atikokan	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Byng Inlet	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cobalt	24	4	28	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manitowaning	3	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mine Centre	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	11,039	858	11,897	263	1,139	22	190	184	29

No. 7.

sentences, and the disposal of those who elected to be tried at the County Judge's Criminal September 30th, 1913.

Died while undergoing sentence.	To gaol and there detained until expiration of sentence or payment of fine.	Capital and corporal sentences.			County Judge's criminal court.		
		Number of prisoners sentenced to death and executed.	Number of prisoners sentenced to death and commuted to imprisonment.	Number of prisoners sentenced to corporal punishment with imprisonment.	Acquitted on trial and discharged from custody.	Found guilty and sentenced.	Total number who elected to be tried.
.....	108	.....	.....	.....	13	2	15
.....	88	.....	.....	.....	14	126	140
.....	160	.....	.....	2	4	22	26
1	142	.....	.....	.....	16	7	23
.....	8	.....	.....	.....	4	2	6
.....	98	.....	.....	.....	22	16	38
.....	21	.....	.....	.....	2	12	14
.....	40	.....	.....	.....	5	21	26
.....	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3
.....	92	.....	.....	.....	2	14	16
.....	54	.....	.....	.....	5	5	10
.....	270	.....	.....	.....	2	3	5
2	40	.....	.....	.....	1	26	27
.....	29	.....	.....	.....	1	8	9
.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	1,213	.....	.....	1	5	67	72
.....	161	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	5
.....	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2
.....	422	.....	.....	1	12	6	18
.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	15	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2
.....	46	.....	.....	.....	10	38	48
.....	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1	148	.....	.....	.....	15	13	28
1	408	.....	.....	.....	10	2	12
.....	43	1	.....	.....	1	5	6
1	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	88	.....	.....	.....	1	7	8
.....	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	98	.....	.....	1	2	1	3
1	117	.....	.....	.....	5	14	19
.....	755	.....	.....	2	5	23	28
.....	98	.....	.....	.....	6	7	13
.....	32	.....	.....	.....	3	12	15
.....	101	.....	.....	.....	9	10	19
.....	198	.....	.....	.....	4	1	5
.....	85	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2
.....	117	.....	.....	1	10	6	16
.....	54	.....	.....	.....	1	11	12
3	131	.....	.....	.....	11	4	15
.....	1,376	.....	.....	.....	9	8	17
4	2,654	.....	.....	19	44	74	118
.....	27	.....	.....	.....	2	9	11
.....	91	.....	.....	1	2	3	5
.....	141	.....	.....	1	4	4	8
.....	55	.....	.....	.....	4	15	19
.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	26	.....	.....	.....	1	4	5
.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	10,056	1	.....	29	268	621	889

TABLE

Showing the number of prisoners, how maintained, cost of maintenance, and

Name of gaol.	Name of gaoler.	How Maintained.				
		Total number of prisoners committed during the year.	Number of prisoners whose maintenance was defrayed by the Province.	Number of prisoners whose maintenance was defrayed by the municipalities.	Number of days' custody of Government prisoners.	Number of days' custody of municipal prisoners.
Barrie	H. E. Stoddart	151	61	90	2,184	2,143
Berlin	Jonathan Cook	191	69	122	1,302	2,877
Belleville	Thomas Ketcheson	407	166	241	2,382	4,163
Brantford	J. N. Brown	289	91	198	1,196	2,953
Brampton	James McClure	49	19	30	340	408
Brockville	W. R. Seace	181	64	117	800	2,259
Bracebridge	Duncan McDonald	43	43	.....	1,254	.....
Cayuga	Andrew Williamson	74	46	28	722	730
Cornwall	T. W. Ault	63	31	32	1,188	1,118
Cobourg	Geo. L. McLaughlin	161	105	56	1,576	2,960
Chatham	John Davidson	175	34	141	1,090	2,301
Fort Frances	Wilford E. Lowe	430	203	227	3,159	2,464
Goderich	Joseph C. Griffin	75	29	46	812	1,977
Guelph	John McNab	104	53	51	993	716
Gore Bay	Stephen Cronkhite	17	17	.....	341	.....
Hamilton	James Ogilvie	1,769	278	1,491	4,612	14,798
Kingston	Chas. H. Corbett	192	26	166	866	3,022
Kenora	D. McColl	81	81	.....	2,470	.....
London	James Carter	743	115	628	1,822	7,913
Lindsay	Geo. A. Balfour	47	16	31	380	824
L'Orignal	Felix Mellette	22	11	11	431	280
Milton	Archie McGibbon	181	33	148	853	1,865
Napanee	W. E. Loyst	49	12	37	226	577
North Bay	W. J. Bailey	285	279	6	7,263	20
Ottawa	A. G. Dawson	1,055	439	616	9,588	8,495
Owen Sound	John Miller	62	17	45	656	2,000
Orangeville	Charles Bowles	24	7	17	92	6,041
Perth	W. H. Grant	113	33	80	1,136	3,176
Picton	Abram Huyck	52	10	42	574	417
Pembroke	William Brown	109	23	86	1,419	1,495
Peterborough	Henderson Nesbitt	305	38	267	632	4,090
Port Arthur	Thos. Penfold	986	986	.....	13,598	.....
Parry Sound	J. A. Johnston	177	177	.....	3,068	.....
Simcoe	Oliver Robertson	133	64	69	1,290	508
St. Catharines	George Bush	200	91	109	1,388	2,094
Sarnia	R. G. McArthur	266	27	239	711	3,812
Stratford	Hugh Nichol	146	36	110	931	1,896
Sandwich	John Harman	229	114	115	2,710	3,075
St. Thomas	W. F. Luton	111	44	67	1,112	1,191
Sault Ste. Marie	John Hearst	303	303	.....	7,920	.....
Sudbury	Terance Keaney	1,741	1,741	.....	15,701	.....
Toronto	A. B. Chambers	6,763	1,164	5,599	26,087	76,431
Walkerton	Donald McKechnie	59	37	22	895	1,133
Woodstock	Charles Wilson	203	42	161	1,113	2,828
Welland	John Coulson	264	67	197	1,285	4,375
Whitby	J. E. Schiller	99	52	47	1,797	1,735
Lock-ups:						
Atikokan	Hugh McDonald	2	2	.....	2	.....
Byng Inlet	Ben Moore	8	8	.....	.....	.....
Cobalt	George Caldbick	36	36	.....	.....	.....
Manitowaning	Samuel Walker	20	20	.....	143	.....
Mine Centre	James R. Gilbert	5	5	.....	.....	.....
Totals	.....	19,250	7,465	11,785	132,110	181,161

No, 8.

salaries of various gaol officials for the year ended 30th September, 1913.

Expenditure.					Salaries.			
Cost of fuel, food and clothing.	Cost of official salaries.	Cost of repairs.	Total gaol expenditure for the year.	Average cost per prisoner for entire gaol expenditure.	Gaolers.	Turnkeys.	Matrons.	Gaol surgeons.
$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
1,810 76	1,950 00	467 67	4,228 43	28 00	850 00	700 00	250 00	150 00
1,253 67	1,625 00	85 20	2,963 87	15 52	750 00	600 00	140 00	135 00
1,860 00	1,850 00	50 00	3,760 00	9 24	700 00	550 00	300 00	300 00
1,104 91	2,000 00	145 90	3,250 81	11 25	850 00	700 00	250 00	200 00
477 62	1,350 00	55 45	1,883 07	38 43	550 00	450 00	250 00	100 00
1,243 43	1,900 00	398 44	3,541 87	19 57	1,000 00	600 00	150 00	150 00
395 50	750 00	20 00	1,165 50	27 10	500 00	.....	100 00	150 00
794 00	1,225 00	117 00	2,136 00	28 86	600 00	365 00	120 00	140 00
1,096 41	1,504 90	269 12	2,870 43	45 56	900 00	379 90	125 00	100 00
2,134 00	1,773 31	76 98	3,984 29	24 75	770 82	726 50	200 99	75 00
774 42	1,875 00	.....	2,649 42	15 14	880 00	875 00	200 00	.....
1,293 75	1,380 00	67 00	2,740 75	6 37	450 00	730 00	200 00	.....
1,420 73	1,620 00	142 35	3,183 08	42 44	700 00	600 00	200 00	120 00
684 39	1,875 00	.....	2,559 39	24 61	800 00	675 00	300 00	100 00
390 86	550 00	25 90	966 76	56 87	450 00	.....	100 00	.....
4,440 53	4,600 00	1,535 02	10,575 55	5 98	1,200 00	2,900 00	350 00	150 00
1,644 53	2,727 00	507 67	4,879 14	25 41	1,000 00	1,227 00	300 00	200 00
1,230 55	1,757 50	.....	2,988 15	36 89	600 00	757 50	200 00	200 00
1,445 00	4,650 00	207 49	6,302 49	8 48	900 00	2,700 00	700 00	350 00
577 00	1,600 00	.....	2,177 00	46 32	650 00	650 00	200 00	100 00
219 38	1,281 25	.....	1,500 63	68 21	600 00	456 25	150 00	75 00
491 80	1,475 00	112 32	2,079 12	11 49	700 00	500 00	200 00	75 00
432 93	1,175 00	15 00	1,622 93	33 12	600 00	400 00	100 00	75 00
2,303 61	2,307 82	68 62	4,680 05	16 42	600 00	1,350 90	206 98	150 00
4,017 41	4,452 00	808 05	9,277 46	8 79	1,000 00	2,802 00	400 00	250 00
594 62	2,000 00	56 50	2,651 12	42 76	800 00	650 00	300 00	250 00
2,209 84	1,500 00	85 30	3,795 14	158 13	700 00	500 00	200 00	100 00
1,083 35	1,550 00	50 00	2,683 35	23 75	800 00	450 00	200 00	100 00
304 35	1,030 00	523 65	1,858 00	35 73	500 00	355 00	100 00	75 00
880 55	1,597 50	.....	2,478 05	22 73	800 00	547 50	150 00	100 00
739 62	1,600 00	.....	2,339 62	7 67	750 00	550 00	150 00	150 00
3,301 26	3,013 00	177 94	6,492 20	6 58	900 00	1,448 00	415 00	250 00
878 40	1,350 00	15 00	2,243 40	12 67	600 00	500 00	100 00	150 00
382 62	1,425 00	107 69	1,915 31	14 40	600 00	550 00	200 00	75 00
1,130 70	1,900 00	60 00	3,090 70	15 45	900 00	600 00	300 00	100 00
800 00	1,722 00	58 00	2,580 00	9 70	675 00	629 00	218 00	200 00
892 36	1,687 50	277 39	2,857 25	19 57	700 00	587 50	250 00	150 00
1,600 00	2,500 00	150 00	4,250 00	18 56	800 00	1,250 00	250 00	200 00
758 84	1,838 75	60 35	2,657 94	23 95	700 00	788 75	200 00	150 00
2,370 35	2,907 75	35 95	5,314 05	17 54	800 00	1,637 75	270 00	200 00
2,445 64	3,090 00	.....	5,535 64	3 18	550 00	2,190 00	200 00	150 00
18,267 78	26,898 30	1,028 90	46,194 98	6 82	2,100 00	21,973 30	1,525 00	1,300 00
631 51	1,500 00	255 00	2,386 51	40 45	700 00	450 00	250 00	100 00
1,908 56	2,051 00	308 33	4,267 89	21 02	900 00	801 00	250 00	100 00
1,625 83	2,089 50	75 00	3,790 33	14 36	780 00	1,009 50	200 00	100 00
1,301 68	1,750 00	20 47	3,072 15	31 03	800 00	600 00	200 00	150 00
8 00	150 00	.....	158 00	79 00	150 00	.....	.....	.....
.....	300 00	.....	300 00	37 50	300 00	.....	.....	.....
.....	1,500 00	.....	1,500 00	41 67	1,500 00	.....	.....	.....
175 00	200 00	22 00	397 00	19 95	200 00	.....	.....	.....
.....	300 00	.....	300 00	60 00	300 00	.....	.....	.....
77,828 15	116,704 08	8,542 59	203,074 82	10 60	37,825 82	59,762 35	11,620 91	7,495 00

TABLE No 9.

Showing the number of escapes and deaths, the Revenue derived from prison labor, the cost of diet, the accommodation of the various gaols and the highest and lowest number of prisoners in custody during the year ending September 30th, 1913.

Name of gaol.	Prisoners who escaped and evaded recapture.	Prisoners who escaped and were recaptured.	Prisoners who died.	Number of cells in each gaol.	Greatest number of prisoners confined in gaol at any time during the year.	Lowest number of prisoners confined in gaol at any time during the year.	Actual cash revenue derived from prison labor.	Cost of daily rations for prisoners.
							$ c.	Cents.
Barrie	1	1	.....	24	18	6	.....	12.00
Berlin	.....	.....	.....	20	20	4	.....	10.91
Belleville	.....	.....	.....	38	32	8	.....	9.20
Brantford	.....	.....	1	24	18	3	.....	7.90
Brampton	.....	.....	.....	25	6	1	.....	12.50
Brockville	.....	.....	.....	35	18	0	.....	9.20
Bracebridge	.....	.....	.....	15	9	0	.....	11.50
Cayuga	.....	.....	.....	14	18	0	.....	9.50
Cornwall	.....	.....	.....	17	11	2	.....	14.50
Cobourg	2	.....	1	22	25	6	.....	11.20
Chatham	2	1	.....	38	22	3	.....	11.
Fort Frances	.....	.....	2	12	40	5	.....	10.75
Goderich	.....	.....	2	12	19	2	.....	14.75
Guelph	.....	.....	.....	18	12	1	.....	9.75
Gore Bay	1	.....	.....	12	4	1	.....	40.00
Hamilton	.....	.....	.....	60	98	26	.....	9.65
Kingston	.....	.....	.....	49	22	6	1,475.75	11.50
Kenora	.....	1	.....	11	18	1	.....	10.
London	.....	.....	1	57	45	11	.....	8.02
Lindsay	.....	.....	.....	24	7	0	.....	10.88
L'Orignal	.....	.....	.....	18	6	1	.....	11.
Milton	.....	.....	.....	17	17	1	.....	10.91
Napanee	.....	.....	.....	18	6	1	.....	8.42
North Bay	.....	.....	1	19	38	8	.....	13.75
Ottawa	.....	.....	1	93	75	27	.....	9.50
Owen Sound	.....	.....	.....	32	13	2	.....	16.25
Orangeville	.....	.....	1	22	20	13	.....	17.
Perth	2	.....	.....	18	27	5	54.75	9.16
Picton	1	.....	.....	18	6	0	.....	9.50
Pembroke	.....	.....	.....	24	19	4	.....	10.33
Peterborough	.....	.....	1	18	24	7	.....	8.50
Port Arthur	.....	.....	.....	40	77	17	.....	11.50
Parry Sound	.....	.....	.....	27	18	4	.....	17.50
Simcoe	.....	.....	.....	18	12	1	.....	10.
St. Catharines	.....	.....	.....	31	29	2	.....	10.
Sarnia	.....	.....	.....	13	26	4	.....	11.75
Stratford	.....	.....	.....	30	17	2	.....	8.80
Sandwich	3	.....	.....	58	26	7	.....	11.50
St. Thomas	.....	.....	.....	16	12	2	.....	8.90
Sault Ste. Marie	3	.....	3	34	37	10	.....	10.70
Sudbury	.....	2	.....	22	69	29	.....	10.50
Toronto	.....	.....	4	270	358	186	.....	10.
Walkerton	.....	.....	.....	24	10	2	.....	8.
Woodstock	2	.....	.....	32	22	6	.....	10.18
Welland	2	.....	.....	48	36	3	.....	8.75
Whitby	.....	.....	.....	22	19	3	.....	9.75
Lock-ups:								
Atikokan	.....	.....	.....	3	1	1	.....	.....
Byng Inlet	.....	.....	.....	7	4	1	.....	40.
Cobalt	.....	.....	.....	6	8	1	.....	.....
Manitowaning	.....	.....	.....	5	4	1	.....	40.
Mine Centre	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	40.
Totals	18	5	18	1,535	.....	.....	1,530.50	.....

TABLE No. 10.

Showing the daily cost per prisoner in each of the gaols, excluding the District Lock-ups, for the year ending September 30th, 1913.

Name of gaol.	Number of prisoners committed during the year.	Total days' stay of prisoners during the year.	Cost of fuel, food and clothing.	Average cost per day for each prisoner.
			$ c	Cents.
Barrie	151	4,327	1,810 76	41.85
Berlin	191	4,179	1,253 67	30.00
Belleville	407	6,545	1,860 00	28.42
Brantford	289	4,149	1,104 91	26.63
Brampton	49	848	477 62	63.85
Brockville	181	3,059	1,243 43	40.64
Bracebridge	43	1,254	395 50	31.54
Cayuga	74	1,452	794 00	54.68
Cornwall	63	2,306	1,096 41	47.55
Cobourg	161	4,536	2,134 00	47.05
Chatham	175	3,391	774 42	22.84
Fort Frances	430	5,623	1,293 75	23.01
Goderich	75	2,789	1,420 73	50.94
Guelph	104	1,709	684 39	40.05
Gore Bay	17	341	390 86	11.46
Hamilton	1,769	19,410	4,440 53	22.88
Kingston	192	3,889	1,644 53	42.29
Kenora	81	2,470	1,230 65	49.83
London	743	9,735	1,445 00	14.80
Lindsay	47	1,204	577 00	47.92
L'Orignal	22	711	219 38	30.85
Milton	181	2,718	491 80	18.09
Napanee	49	803	432 93	53.91
North Bay	285	7,283	2,303 61	31.63
Ottawa	1,055	18,083	4,017 41	22.22
Owen Sound	62	2,656	594 62	22.39
Orangeville	24	6,133	2,209 84	36.03
Perth	113	4,312	1,083 35	25.12
Picton	52	991	304 35	30.71
Pembroke	109	2,914	880 55	30.22
Peterborough	305	4,722	739 62	15.66
Port Arthur	986	13,598	3,301 26	24.20
Parry Sound	177	3,068	878 40	28.63
Simcoe	133	1,798	382 62	21.34
St. Catharines	200	3,482	1,130 70	32.47
Sarnia	266	4,523	800 00	17.69
Stratford	146	2,827	892 36	31.57
Sandwich	229	5,785	1,600 00	27.66
St. Thomas	111	2,303	758 84	32.95
Sault Ste. Marie	303	7,920	2,370 35	29.93
Sudbury	1,741	15,701	2,445 64	15.58
Toronto	6,763	102,518	18,267 78	17.82
Walkerton	59	2,028	631 51	31.14
Woodstock	203	3,941	1,908 56	48.43
Welland	264	5,660	1,625 83	28.72
Whitby	99	3,532	1,301 68	36.85
Totals	19,179	313,126	77,645 15	24.80

TABLE No. 11.

Showing the number of prisoners, male and female, sentenced during the year ending September 30th, 1912, and a comparison of the same with the current year.

Name of gaol.	No. of Prisoners sentenced in the year ending 30th September, 1913.			No. of Prisoners sentenced in the year ending 30th September, 1912.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female	Total
Barrie	117	2	119	119	2	121	2		2			
Berlin	100	2	102	124	5	129	24	3	27			
Belleville	126	9	135	206	6	212	80		80		3	3
Brantford	187	7	194	157	7	164				29		29
Brampton	10	1	11	10		10					1	1
Brockville	97	2	99	113	7	120	16	5	21			
Bracebridge	29	1	30	33		33	4		4		1	1
Cayuga	49	1	50	48	1	49				1		1
Cornwall	11	5	16	52	1	53	11		11		4	4
Cobourg	93	6	99	118	2	120	25		25		1	4
Chatham	90	5	95	86	5	91				4		4
Fort Frances	157	3	160	293	2	295	136		136		1	1
Goderich	50	4	54	43	2	45				7	2	9
Guelph	97	1	98	43	2	45	16	1	17			
Gore Bay	8		8	12		12	4		4			
Hamilton	910	64	974	1,296	98	1,394	386	34	420			
Kingston	124	5	129	159	9	168	35	4	39			
Kenora	109	3	112	62	1	63				47	2	49
London	349	16	365	445	27	472	96	11	107			
Lindsay	24		24	24		24						
L'Orignal	17		17	19		19	2		2			
Milton	51	2	53	47	1	48				4	1	5
Napanee	40	1	41	48	1	49	8		8			
North Bay	332	16	348	244	11	255				88	5	93
Ottawa	389	68	457	438	78	516	49	10	59			
Owen Sound	127	1	128	44		44				83	1	84
Orangeville	23	3	26	13		13				10	3	13
Perth	94		94	104	1	105	10	1	11			
Picton	9	1	10	19	1	20	10		10			
Pembroke	51		51	99	1	100	48	1	49			
Peterborough	87	2	89	151		151	64		64		2	2
Port Arthur	769	10	779	831	19	850	71	3	74			
Parry Sound	95	2	97	114	1	115	19		19		1	1
Simcoe	33	1	34	47	2	49	14	1	15			
St. Catharines	91	4	95	136	2	138	45		45		2	2
Sarnia	141	3	144	210	8	218	69	5	74			
Stratford	77		77	90	2	92	13	2	15			
Sandwich	116	4	120	126	7	133	10	3	13			
St. Thomas	52		52	74	1	75	22	1	23			
Sault Ste. Marie	236	18	254	168	3	171				68	15	83
Sudbury	857	18	875	1,469	19	1,488	612	1	613			
Toronto	2,438	557	2,995	2,638	540	3,178	230		230		47	47
Walkerton	40	3	43	33		33				7	3	10
Woodstock	100	1	101	116	6	122	16	5	21			
Welland	191	2	193	180	1	181				11	1	12
Whitby	98	1	99	77	2	79		1	1	21		21
Lock-ups:												
Antikokan	1		1	1		1						
Byng Inlet	4	1	5	2		2				2	1	3
Cobalt	122	3	125	24	4	28		1	1	98		98
Manitowaning				3		3	3		3			
Mine Centre				1		1	1		1			
Webbwood												
Totals	9,385	865	10,250	11,039	858	11,897	2,151	93	2,244	480	100	580

Forty-Sixth Annual Report

OF THE

INSPECTOR OF

Prisons and Reformatories

OF THE

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

BEING FOR TWELVE MONTHS ENDING 31st OCTOBER

1913

PRINTED BY ORDER OF

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO

TORONTO:
Printed and Published by L. K. CAMERON, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty
1914

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, TORONTO, January 31st, 1914.

To His Honour SIR JOHN MORISON GIBSON, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, a Colonel in the Militia of Canada, etc., etc., etc.,

Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOUR:

I beg to submit herewith the Forty-sixth Annual Report upon the Prisons and Reformatories, being for the year ending 31st October, 1913.

I have the honour to be,

Your Honour's most obedient servant,

W. J. HANNA,

Provincial Secretary.

TORONTO, January 31st, 1914.

SIR,—

I have the honour to submit herewith, to be presented to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, the Forty-sixth Annual Report upon the Prisons and Reformatories of the Province of Ontario, being for the year ending 31st October, 1913.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

EDWIN R. ROGERS,

Inspector.

THE HONOURABLE W. J. HANNA, M.P.P.,
Secretary of the Province of Ontario,
Toronto.

NOVEMBER 1ST, 1913.

MR. EDWIN R. ROGERS,

Inspector of Prisons,

Parliament House, Toronto.

SIR,—In submitting the Annual Report for the past official year, permit me to say that we are able to look back on a year of substantial progress. The work on the Reformatory Farm and buildings has progressed most satisfactorily. We have averaged more than 100 prisoners at Whitby engaged in construction work on the hospital for the insane, and with most gratifying results.

In the latter part of the official year, a brick yard was established on the Asylum Farm at Mimico, where an average of 50 men are working. An excellent quality of brick and tile is manufactured at Mimico to be used in the construction of the hospital for the insane and other provincial buildings.

I regret to note a great increase in the number of commitments, an increase exceeding the previous year by more than 300. While the Ontario Parole Commission has rendered a valuable aid, infinitely better work could be done if we had a better Parole Act, allowing the Commission more freedom of action.

During the past year the Prisoners' Aid Association, under the presidency of Mr. Hamilton Cassels, K.C., and the energetic efforts of Mr. Findlay Spencer, has rendered us service more valuable than my words can express. The Salvation Army are ever with us, and Major Fraser is a tower of strength in this work. Under the guidance of our revered Father Walsh, the Roman Catholic Church works diligently on behalf of its co-religionists. The Rev. Mr. Seaborn is unsparing of his time and personal effort in aiding those of the Anglican Church.

Permit me to express my cordial appreciation of the assistance and support given me during the year by the Honorable the Provincial Secretary, the Assistant Provincial Secretary, the Prisons Inspectors and the Central Prison Staffs at our different institutions.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

J. T. GILMOUR,

Superintendent.

The first table shows the committals and discharges during the past three years:

	1911.	1912.	1913.
In custody at commencement of year (November 1st)	425	555	628
Committed during the year	907	1,029	1,348
	1,332	1,584	1,976
Discharged on expiration of sentence	617	766	982
Discharged on payment of fine	4	17	13
Discharged by remission of sentence	8	1	8
Transferred to common gaols as unfit for labor	2	2	5
Transferred to Superintendent Neglected Children	1	....	....
Died in prison hospital	3	1	2
Transferred to lunatic asylum	1	1	3
Ticket of leave	118	163	163
Escaped	21	5	22
Conviction quashed	2	....	....
Released on Order-in-Council	...	....	1
Released on bond	...	....	1
Released on habeas corpus	...	....	3
Transfered to Kingson Penitentiary	...	....	2
Transferred to Industrial Farm, Thornhill	...	....	16
Remaining in custody	555	628	755
Total discharges, deaths, etc.	1,332	1,584	1,976

The number of prisoners sentenced direct to the prison, and of those sentenced to the gaols and afterwards removed to the Central Prison, is shown in the following summary:—

	1911.	1912.	1913.
Sentenced direct	866	907	1,083
Transferred from common gaols	41	120	244
To Industrial Farm, Fort William	...	2	....
To Industrial Farm, Thornhill	...	....	21
Totals	907	1,029	1,348

Social Condition.	Committed during the year.	Total commitments.
Married	456	7,999
Single	892	19,562
	1,348	27,561
Habits.		
Temperate	289	6,693
Moderate	276	484
Intemperate	783	20,384
	1,348	27,561
Educational Status.		
Could read and write	1,222	22,610
Could read only	11	1,308
Could neither read nor write	115	3,643
	1,348	27,561

The prisoners received during the year, who were reported to be of temperate habits, represented 21.43 per cent. of the commitments; in 1912 the percentage was 24.43.

The total uneducated men represented 8.51 per cent. of the commitments of the year, with 12.01 per cent. in 1912.

The table annexed shows how the prisoners were employed, and the number of days' work which was performed by them at the different industries:—

	1912.	1913.
In the woodenware shop	7,400 days	7,795 days
In the tailoring shop	5,398 "	6,046 "
In the shoe shop	2,811 "	2,843 "
In the machine shop, including blacksmith, tinsmith and engineer's shop	17,327 "	17,505 "
In the woollen mills	11,166 "	12,491 "
Broom shop	1,880 "	1,363 "
Work on the garden, grounds and in the greenhouse	4,077 "	3,668 "
Number of days of productive labor	50,059 "	51,711 "
Number of days of domestic work	18,413 "	18,436 "
	68,472 "	70,147 "

ANNUAL RETURN

OF THE CENTRAL PRISON OF ONTARIO FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS COMMENCING 1ST NOVEMBER, 1912, AND ENDING 31ST OCTOBER, 1913.

Remaining in custody Oct. 31st., 1912..	628
Committed during the twelve months..	1,348
	1,976
Discharged on expiration of sentence ..	982
" " payment of fine	13
" by remission of sentence....	8
Transferred to common gaols as unfit for labor	5
Died in prison hospital	2
Transferred to lunatic asylum	3
Ticket of Leave	163
Escaped	22
Conviction quashed.....	
Released on Order-in-Council.....	1
" Bond	1
" Habeas Corpus.....	3
Transferred to Kingston Penitentiary..	2
" Industrial Farm, Thornhill	16
Remaining in custody, Oct. 31st, 1913...	755
	1,976

Nature of Sentences.

Sentenced direct to the Central Prison or to the Common Gaols:	
To Central Prison	1,083
To Common Gaols	244
To Industrial Farm (Thornhill)	21
	1,348

Habits.

Abstainers	289
Moderate	276
Intemperate	783
	1,348

Social Relation.

Married.....	456
Single.....	892
	1,348

Number of times prisoners have been sentenced to the Central Prison:

First	980
Second.....	196
Third.....	77
Fourth..	37
Fifth.....	18
Sixth	14
Seventh.....	9
Eighth	4
Ninth	3
Tenth	4
Twelfth	1
Fourteenth	1
Fifteenth.....	1
Seventeenth	1
Twentieth	1
Twenty-sixth	1
	1,348

Ages.

Under 18 years	67
From 18 to 20.....	102
" 20 " 30.....	547
" 30 " 40.....	338
" 40 " 50.....	190
" 50 " 60.....	74
" 60 " 70.....	28
" 70 " 80.....	2
	1,348

Education.

No education.....	115
Read only.....	11
Read and write.....	1,222
	1,348

Nationalities.

Armenia	1
Australia	2
Austria	46
Belgium.....	4
Canada.....	731
China	6
Denmark	7
England.....	192
Finland	27
France	5
Germany	7
Greece.....	5
Holland	1
India.....	1
Ireland.....	59
Italy.....	38
Norway	1
Poland	5
Prussia	1
Russia	20
Roumania	2
Scotland.....	70
Spain	2
Sweden.....	4
Switzerland	1
Turkey.....	4
United States	104
Wales.....	2
	1,348

Religious Denominations

Anglican	302
Baptist.....	59
Hebrew	12
Lutheran	42
Methodist	238
Presbyterian.....	184
Roman Catholics.....	509
Salvation Army.....	2
	1,348

Sentences.

20 days	1
30 "	10
1 month	8
40 days	2
60 days	8
6 weeks	1
2 months	29
90 days	17
3 months	176
4 "	89
4 " 15 days	1
5 "	14
5 " 15 days	1
5½ "	3
6 "	541
6 " 7 days	1
7 "	4
8 "	17
8 " 30 days	2
9 "	47
9 " 18 days	1
10 "	4
11 "	1
12 "	160
13 "	1
15 "	15
17 "	1
18 "	62
19 "	2
20 "	1
21 "	3
23 "	23
12 " 360 days	1
24 "	98
30 "	1
5 years	1
32 weeks	1
	1,348

Crimes.

Abduction and carnal knowledge	1
Abduction	1
Adultery	1
Administering drugs to procure abortion	2
Attempted assault	1
Attempted assault and escape	3
Attempted arson	1
Assault and theft	2
Assault, aggravated	1
Assault	22
Assault and attempted robbery	6
Assault and obstructing police	1
Assault and escape	1
Assault, indecent	48
Assault O.A.B.H.	21
Assault on police officer	30
Assault and robbery	3
Bigamy	11
Breach of Immigration Act	2
Breach of Fish and Game Law	6
Breaking and entering	6
Breaking, entering and theft	11
Buggery	2
Buggery, attempted	1
Burglary	16
Burglary and receiving	1
Carrying sheath knife	1
Carnal knowledge	3
Carnal knowledge, attempted	2
Cattle stealing	1
Criminal breach of trust	1
Conspiracy to procure	2
Chicken stealing	6
Conspiracy and theft	2
Delivering threatening letter	1
Damage to property	3
Desertion H.M.S.	2
Drunkenness	44
Drunk and disorderly	19
Disorderly	7
Escape	14
Escape, attempted	1
Extorting money by threat	2
False pretences	46
False pretences and uttering	1
False pretences and larceny	1
False pretences and theft	2
Fraud	6
Forgery	22
Forgery and theft	2
Forgery and uttering	1
Forfeiture of parole	2
Giving liquor to Indian	6
Gross indecency	8
Housebreaking	2
House-breaking and theft	13
House,-breaking, theft and escape	1
Horse stealing	10
Horse stealing, attempted	2
Horse stealing and theft	4
Inmates of house of ill-fame	6
Incest	2
Indecent exposure	11
Indecency	4
Keeping house of ill-fame	22
Keeping disorderly house	8
Larceny	225
Larceny, attempted	1
Larceny attempted and escape	1
Manslaughter	1
Non-support	8
Neglect of child	8
Officer accepting bribe	1
Perjury	2
Procuring	2
Procuring, attempted	1
Possessing liquor	1
Possessing firearms	2
Possessing silver ore	7
Participating in riot	4
Rape	1
Rape, attempted	1
Receiving	6
Robbery	11
Robbery, attempted	3
Selling opium	1
Sodomy	1
Seduction	9
Selling liquor without license	7
Shooting with intent	5
Shooting cow	2
Shooting, attempted	1
Supplying drugs to procure	1
Stabbing	1
Shopbreaking	17
Shopbreaking and theft	36
Shopbreaking, attempted	2
Smuggling foreigners	1
Smuggling and larceny	1
Smuggling, attempted	1

Threatening to shoot	1
Theft	101
Theft and receiving	4
Theft of mail and forgery	1
Theft and forfeiture of parole	1
Theft and false pretences	1
Theft and escape	4
Theft from person	43
Theft, attempted	3
Theft from railway	26
Threatening	2
Trespass	4
Uttering	6
Vagrancy and trespass	1
Vagrancy	250
Wounding	23
Wounding with intent	8
Wife-beating	8
	1,348

Occupations.

Accountant	2
Agent	4
Architect	1
Barber	20
Baker	7
Bricklayer	15
Brickmaker	1
Blacksmith	8
Brakeman	4
Boilermaker	3
Boxmaker	1
Brassfinisher	1
Bookbinder	2
Butcher	18
Bookkeeper	15
Buttermaker	1
Cabinetmaker	1
Coremaker	2
Cheesemaker	1
Cigarmaker	2
Carpenter	36
Clerk	15
Coachman	2
Commercial traveller	3
Cement finisher	2
Civil Engineer	1
Cutter	2
Cook	44
Cooper	2
Electrician	5
Engineer	14
Farmer	68
Fireman	29
Furrier	2
Gardener	2
Groom	4
Glass cutter	2
Harnessmaker	2
Hostler	3
Horse trainer	1
Ironworker	8
Jockey	1
Laundryman	3
Lather	5
Laborer	757
Lithographer	1
Leather cutter	1
Machinist	32
Moulder	10
Mining Engineer	2
Message boy	1
Miller	1
Painter	32
Plasterer	3
Plumber	5
Printer	12
Pressers	4
Reporters	2
Rubber worker	1
Saddler	1
Salesman	1
Sailor	5
Sailmaker	1
Schoolboy	1
Shoemaker	10
Silver plater	1
Shipper	1
Spinner	1
Stovemounter	1
Stenographer	1
Steamfitter	12
Stone-cutter	10
Stone-mason	4
School teacher	2
Student	1
Tailor	23
Teamster	6
Tinsmith	6
Tie cutter	1
Tanner	2
Telegraph operator	1
Upholsterer	1
Waiter	17
Weaver	5
Woodworker	1
Wireworker	2
	1,348

Counties and Districts.

Algoma	21
Bruce	3
Brant	16
Carleton	93
Durham	11
Elgin	18
Essex	14
Frontenac	11
Grey	1
Haldimand	5
Halton	2
Huron	1
Hastings	33
Kent	23
Kenora	1
Lambton	20
Lanark	13
Leed	18
Lennox and Addington	4
Lincoln	5
Middlesex	43
Muskoka	10
Nipissing	209
Norfolk	14
Northumberland and Durham	17
Oxford	20
Ontario	21

Parry Sound	7	Thunder Bay	50
Peel	2	Victoria	6
Perth	3	Waterloo	32
Peterborough	17	Welland	58
Prescott	1	Wellington	14
Rainy River	13	Wentworth	130
Renfrew	4	York	350
Simcoe	10		
Stormont and Glengarry	4		1,348

INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.

Return showing the number of days work rendered for the twelve months commencing November 1st, 1912, and ending October 31st, 1913:

Woodworking shop	7,795
Woollen mills	12,491
Machine shop	11,223
Engineers, firemen and steamfitters	6,282
Tailor shop	6,046
Shoe shop	2,843
Broom shop	1,363
Garden, greenhouse and grounds	3,668
	51,711

DOMESTIC AND KITCHEN DEPARTMENT.

Kitchen	4,372
Clerks, domestics (cleaners, etc.)	14,064
	18,436

Return showing the number of days prisoners were in the hospital, sick in cells, under punishment, and confined through insufficient work, from November 1st, 1912, to October 31st, 1913:

Hospital	1,125
Sick in cell	709
Under punishment	699
Attending court	118
Insufficient work	11,671
	14,322

General summary of distribution in the Central Prison from November 1st, 1912, to October 31st, 1913:

Industrial department	51,711
Domestics, clerks and kitchen	18,436
Sick in hospital	1,125
Sick in cell	709
Under punishment	699
Attending court	118
Insufficient work	11,671
	84,469
Prison Farm at Guelph	87,759
Prison Department, Asylum Farm, Whitby	27,464
Mimico brick plant (from May 12th, 1913, to October 31st, 1913)	5,484
	205,176
Sundays and holidays	40,411
Total population for the twelve months	245,587
Average per month	20,466
Average per day	673
Highest any one month (October, 1913)	23,123
Lowest any one month (November, 1912)	19,018
Highest any one day (October 10th, 1913)	757
Lowest any one day (November 7th, 1912)	611

7TH NOVEMBER, 1913.

MR. E. R. ROGERS,

Inspector of Prisons,

Parliament Bldgs., Toronto.

DEAR SIR,—I am pleased to report that during the year ending on October 31st, 1913, the Central Prison has been free from any epidemic. There has been a considerable increase in the number of dispensary patients, and, owing to our supplying the camps at Whitby and Mimico, probably an increase in the amount of necessities and expenditure in dispensary work.

The number of dispensary patients was 4,144, many of the complaints being trivial, including minor accidents, etc. There were 64 hospital patients during the year, with a total of 1,125 days, or an average of 22 days per patient, including convalescent periods.

The patients have clean, comfortable beds; good food, well cooked, amply supplied, and as good ventilation as our situation and surroundings permit.

We have had only two deaths—one from appendicitis and one from suicide.

The stock of medical and surgical supplies at present on hand amounts to $790.70.

My duties have been made pleasant by the untiring kindness and co-operation of the Warden, whom I must cordially thank, and I wish to express my appreciation of the courtesy of every member of the staff.

Respectfully submitted,

JAMES ALGIE, M.D.,

Prison Surgeon.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGERS OF THE PRISONERS' AID ASSOCIATION, SEPT. 30th, 1913.

MR. EDWIN R. ROGERS,

Inspector of Prisons, etc.

SIR,—In submitting our thirty-ninth annual report we have reason for gratitude when we take a retrospective view of our work. While there are a number of defects still to be remedied in reference to the Parole Law and its application to offenders we are thankful that considerable progress has been made in Prison Reform within the last decade.

For several years we have been asking for the Probation Law, applicable especially for first offenders, and in some instances even second offenders. We firmly believe that many boys and even men of maturer years are made, by process of law, members of the so-called "criminal class" by the seductive and pernicious influence of enforced association with criminals.

The experienced penologist looks with pity upon a boy who is being registered for the first time as a prisoner, for he fully realizes that the youngster is receiving an ineffaceable brand which time cannot obliterate. In many cases the boy is more sinned against by those who sent him, than sinning.

To remedy this condition is what we urge, and the adoption of the Probation Law, properly carried out in connection with police courts, would accomplish more good than several reformatories could, after the mischief is done.

Both the religious and educational work under our care at the Ontario Reformatory and Mercer Reformatory have received our attention and earnest endeavor, as in preceding years.

In the matter of providing temporal assistance we have made an advance over the preceding year. In securing employment for discharged prisoners we have made our highest record. As the population of the prisons increases, so our opportunities of work increase and our financial obligations grow proportionately.

We are gratified to know that the government is making it possible for men at the Ontario Reformatory and also at the Gaol Farm, to permit a portion of their earnings toward the support of their families. Here we would repeat what we have stated before, that in the case of married men, especially, the families in most every case are the real sufferers. When the bread-winners are locked up, the innocent, helpless dependent women and children are left to struggle or starve.

There is a marked increase in the number of paroles issued through the recommendation of the Parole Commission, and the restraining influence of a Ticket-of-Leave is a strong factor in developing self-control and honest pursuits.

We have to thank the officials of the various prisons for their hearty co-operation and assistance, which have been most helpful in the work.

On behalf of the Board,

FINLAY SPENCER,

Acting Secretary.

HAMILTON CASSELS, *President.*

REPORT OF THE ONTARIO REFORMATORY NIGHT SCHOOL FOR YEAR ENDING SEPT. 30th, 1913.

MR. EDWIN R. ROGERS,

Inspector of Prisons, etc.

SIR,—The school has been conducted five nights a week, from 6.30 until 8 o'clock.

The attendance has been very regular. The interest in the work has been sustained and the results have been, with few exceptions, most satisfactory.

Quite an increase in the number of foreign-born scholars is noticeable in the classes. In 1912 they formed 18 per cent. of the school, while this year they totalled 42 per cent. However, in several respects they are the ones who profit most by the opportunnity afforded them, inasmuch as the larger portion of them learn to speak and read our language, while others are improved in their effort to speak English.

The total number of men registered was 232, of whom 63 were wholly illiterate, while 18 others who could read and write but very little might well be classed among the illiterate ones. Those who could read, write and cipher some numbered 151.

Of the total number attending school 84 were boys ranging in age from 16 to 20 years. 108 were from 20 to 35 years old while the remaining 40 were over 35 years old.

The aggregate of the daily attendance was 10,367, while the aggregate number of school hours was 15,550.

Dr. J. T. Gilmour, superintendent of the Reformatory, and his officers have at all times given the most hearty co-operation in this department of our work.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

FINLAY SPENCER,

Teacher.

SUMMARY OF PRACTICAL WORK DONE BY THE PRISONERS' AID ASSOCIATION FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30TH, 1913.

Number of discharged prisoners aided with meals, lodgings, employment, railway fares, etc.	1,669
Number of meals supplied to discharged prisoners	15,154
Number of lodgings supplied to discharged prisoners	6,258
Number of articles of clothing supplied to discharged prisoners	223
Number of grocery and fuel orders for families of prisoners	86
Number of discharged prisoners placed in employment	363
Number of calls made to city prisons	1,089
Number of calls at police court in the interests of our work	539
Number of other calls made in connection with the work	3,013
Number of calls received from discharged prisoners	3,927
Number of services held in the different prisons	676

STATISTICAL REPORT OF THE BELLAMY MEMORIAL HOME FOR GIRLS FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30TH, 1913.

Number of calls at the Police Court	308
Number of calls at the Gaol	109
Number of calls at the Mercer Reformatory	85
Number of calls made to hospitals, homes, etc., in interests of work	149
Number of services attended at the Gaol and Reformatory	44
Number of other calls made in interests of the work	1,970
Number of calls received	2,736
Number of letters written *re* the work	1,619
Number of letters received	1,405
Number of personal interviews	14,654
Number for whom work was found	265
Number to whom clothing was given	52
Number of articles of clothing given to discharged girls	170
Number of meals supplied	10,470
Number of lodgings given	5,098
Number assisted from the Gaol	54
Number assisted from Reformatory	23
Number assisted from the Department of Police	240
Number of others assisted	161
Total number assisted during the year	478

November 13th, 1913.

R. W. Bruce Smith, Esq.,
Parliament Buildings, City.

Dear Sir,—I beg to submit herewith a report and summary of men's and women's prison work done by the Salvation Army in Ontario for the year ending September 30th, 1913.

We trust that these facts will be interesting to you, and could be added to the other reports in connection with your annual report to the Government of Ontario upon the prisoners of the province.

We are very anxious to continue our good work and to extend it as far as ever possible, we also desire to thank you sincerely for all your kindly interest and help which has made much of our work possible and very fruitful.

Believe me to remain,

Yours faithfully,

Samuel Rees,
Lieut.-Colonel.

SALVATION ARMY PRISON WORK IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO, 1912-13.

By Lieut.-Colonel Rees, Men's Social Secretary.

I am pleased to submit the annual report for year ending September 30th, 1913. It is only possible to give a brief sketch of the work done by the Salvation Army Officers during the year just concluded; however, it is with great pleasure and thanksgiving to God we make this brief survey.

Our Officers have toiled incessantly in order to make the lot of the man inside the prison brighter, as well as trying to influence him to a better life.

We have also striven to keep in touch with the wife and family on the outside, while the husband has been serving his time.

The work during the past year has been carried on successfully both at the Central Prison and the Guelph Prison Farm by the Officers specially selected and appointed to this work, spending their whole time in the interests of the men, interviewing, advising, meeting them on their discharge, assisting them with meals, beds, clothing, and securing for them employment.

The personal touch of human sympathy counts much, as well as the regular Gospel meetings, in the reforming of these men. At Whitby the work has been maintained during the year, men have been interviewed, advised and assisted when discharged and two meetings have been held each Sunday, these the men enjoy very much.

The men at the Mimico Brick Yard also came in for a share of the services of our officers, a meeting every Sunday afternoon being conducted for their benefit; the men also who desire our help when discharged are readily assisted.

The Don Gaol and Industrial Farm are visited regularly and the men assisted as far as possible.

At Kingston Penitentiary our resident officer is nobly carrying on the work, interviewing, advising and meeting men on their discharge and if in need they are helped, also when leaving town they are seen off on the train with a word of advice and encouraged to make good in the future.

Our Officers visit the Police Court at the following places: Toronto (men's and women's Courts) Hamilton and Brantford. Numbers of men and women are handed over to us by the Magistrates and we take care of them, work being provided for them either in our own Industrial Departments or with outside firms.

Our aim is to make provision for every man until he is in a position to support himself, thereby doing away with the necessity of his returning to bad associations and surroundings.

In conclusion I would like to say that much of the success we have attained has come through the continued kindness and co-operation of the Prison and Police Court Officials, they are always ready to give us their valuable assistance without which the same amount of success could certainly not have been attained.

The accompanying figures will give some idea of the work done during the year.

SUMMARY OF PRISON AND POLICE COURT WORK DONE BY THE SALVATION ARMY IN ONTARIO FOR MEN.

From October 1st, 1912, to September 30th, 1913.

Number of interviews with prisoners	25,785
Number of prisoners found employment	974
Number of prisoners met on discharge	1,409
Number of meetings held in prison	639
Number of publications given away	14,009
Number of prisoners professed conversion	787
Number of meals supplied to prisoners	3,281
Number of beds supplied to prisoners	2,644
Number of hours spent in prison work	7,148
Number of pieces given to prisoners (clothes)	1,661
Number of fares supplied to prisoners	691
Number of prisoners' families supplied with food	176
Number of prisoners' families supplied with clothes	339
Number of letters written for prisoners	1,129
Number of visits to different prisons	1,688
Number of interviews with prisoners' families	416
Number of cash loans to prisoners	36
Number of visits in interest of prisoner	2,442
Number of prisoners' families supplied with rent	42
Number of parole prisoners handled	104
Number of parole prisoners found work	91

POLICE COURT WORK FOR ONTARIO.

Number of interviews	2,068
Number spoken for	295
Number of cases remanded, care of S. A.	195
Number of cases handed to S. A.	362
Number of cases given employment	308
Number returned to old situations and friends	53
Number of meals	732
Number of beds	342
Number of pieces of clothing given away	77
Number of fares paid	16
Number of hours spent in Police Court	1,002½
Number of visits to Police Court	337

SUMMARY OF PRISON AND POLICE COURT WORK DONE BY THE SALVATION ARMY IN ONTARIO FOR WOMEN.

FROM OCTOBER 1ST, 1912, TO SEPTEMBER 30TH, 1913.

Number of visits to the Police Court	312
Number of visits to the Jail	62
Number of visits to the Reformatory	70
Number of visits to the hospitals	30
Number of visits to the Haven	5
Number of visits to the House of Refuge	4
Number of visits to the House of Providence	52
Number of visits to the House of Industry	52
Number of visits to other Homes	4
Number of services attended at the Gaol	48
Number of services attended at the Reformatory	56
Number of personal conversations	1,303
Number for whom work was found	75
Number to whom clothing was given	32
Number of articles of clothing given	95
Number of meals given	2,817
Number of lodgings	1,021
Number assisted from the Reformatory	6
Number assisted from the Gaol	8
Number assisted from the Police Department	128

ANDREW MERCER ONTARIO REFORMATORY FOR FEMALES AND REFUGE FOR GIRLS, TORONTO.

EDWIN R. ROGERS, ESQ.,
Inspector.

DECEMBER 18TH, 1913.

SIR,—I have the honor to submit the Annual Report of the Andrew Mercer Ontario Reformatory for the year ending October 31st, 1913.

If advantage is taken of the new legislation permitting the sentencing to the Reformatory for an indefinite period not exceeding two years of "any female (who) is convicted of an offence against the laws of Canada punishable by imprisonment in the common gaol for a term of two months or for any longer term," then will soon be eliminated from the Annual Reports the record of women serving terms for the seventh, eighth—yes and for the nineteenth term.

Additional cell accommodation is needed if our separation of first offenders from others confined here is to be maintained; also if we are to continue to keep by themselves the class committed for keeping houses of ill-fame.

The grounds of the Reformatory are now completely surrounded by tall factory buildings while railway sidings are on three sides; a shunting yard to the north makes night hideous with the discordant shrieks and labored efforts of engines and trains. Toronto's prosperous growth must surely soon drive us into the country, where the aids to good living of varied work in the open, and freedom from city distractions, will encourage to still greater effort.

The night school is of great benefit to the many illiterate received at this institution, and great is the satisfaction of those attending in attaining there such instruction as will enable them to read and write; the teacher is provided by the Prisoners' Aid Association giving one hour five nights in the week. It is to be hoped that the benefit of a school of letters will be extended to all in the institution desirous of learning in the near future.

Gratifying letters are now received from all parts of Canada telling of the success many of our girls are attaining; it is not an easy life that a young woman faces when she leaves here, and all praise is due those who help her in her arduous efforts.

Many interested friends have given their services to the uplifting of those confined in this institution. Representatives of the different denominations have visited weekly, and the Prisoners' Aid Association and the Salvation Army continue their deep interest in the welfare of the inmates of the Reformatory. All these aids in the work are gratefully acknowledged.

I have the honour to remain,

Your obedient servant,

EMMA O'SULLIVAN,
Superintendent.

ANNUAL RETURN OF THE ANDREW MERCER ONTARIO REFORMATORY FOR FEMALES, FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31ST, 1913.

	1912	1913
Number of inmates at beginning of year	85	77
Number of inmates since admitted	132	163
	217	240
Discharged by expiration of sentence	96	116
Discharged by ticket-of-leave	28	23
Discharged on payment of fine	6	3
Discharged by order of Inspector	1	1
Discharged by order of His Excellency the Adm. of the Government	..	2
Deported	5	3
Transferred to Western Sanitarium	..	2
Transferred to Hamilton Gaol	1	..
Transferred to Toronto Gaol	1	..
Transferred to Mimico Asylum	1	..
Escaped	2	1
	141	151
Recaptured	1	1
	140	150
In custody at close of year (October 31st)	77	90
Number of days' stay—Reformatory	27,424	28,385
Infants	71	322
Totals	27,495	28,707
Average daily population	75	79

ANNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT OF THE ANDREW MERCER ONTARIO REFORMATORY FOR FEMALES FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31ST, 1913.

No. of inmates, November 1st, 1912	77
" of inmates since received	163
	240
Discharged by expiration of sentence	116
" by ticket-of-leave	23
" on payment of fine	3
" by order of Inspector	1
Discharged by order of His Excellency the Adm. of the Government	2
Deported	3
Escaped	1
Transferred to Western Sanitarium	2
	151
Recaptured	1
	150
Remaining in custody, October 31st, 1913	90

Nature of Sentence.

Sentenced direct to the reformatory	155
Sentenced to common gaols	8
	163

Temperate or Intemperate

Temperate	79
Intemperate	84
	163

Social Condition.

Married	98
Single	47
Widow	18
	163

Education.

Read and write	130
Read only	10
No education	23
	163

Ages.

Under 18 years	15
From 18 to 20 years	11
" 20 to 30 "	55
" 30 to 40 "	36
" 40 to 50 "	36
" 50 to 60 "	8
Over 60 years	2
	163

Sentences.

For 30 days	1
" 3 months	12
" 4 "	15
" 5 "	1
" 6 "	104
" 8 "	1
" 9 "	2
" 1 year less one day	1
" 1 year	7
" 18 months	2
" 20 "	2
" 23 "	1
" 2 years	7
For an indefinite period	7
	163

Occupations.

Agent	1
Charwomen	9
Clerk	1
Domestics	70
Factory girls	8
Housekeepers	42
Laundress	6
No occupation	23
Seamstress	3
	163

Nationality.

Austria	1
Canada	105
England	23
Finland	1
Ireland	16
Italy	1
Norway	2
Russia	1
Switzerland	1
Scotland	3
United States	9
	163

Crimes.

Breaking parole	1
Contributing to delinquency of children and neglecting children	13
Concealment of birth of child, neglecting same, child died	1
Cohabitation—unlawful	1
Drunkenness	17
Disorderly	2
Drunkenness and vagrancy	1
Fraud	2
Inmate house of ill-fame and frequenting	11
Keeper of house of ill-fame	24
Prostitution	2
Procuring	1
Theft	16
Theft, assault and various acts of mischief	1
Unlawfully administer to self noxious drugs	1
Vagrancy	62
Vagrancy and prostitution	3
Vagrancy and theft	1
Vagrancy and wounding	1
Wounding	1
Wounding with intent	1
	163

Religion.

Baptist	8
Catholics	45
Church of England	51
Jewess	1
Lutheran	5
Methodist	33
Presbyterian	17
Salvation Army	2
	163

Number of Terms Served in the Reformatory.

First term	107
Second term	26
Third term	7
Fourth term	6
Fifth term	5
Sixth term	4
Seventh term	2
Eighth term	1
Twelfth term	1
Thirteenth term	1
Sixteenth term	1
Eighteenth term	1
Nineteenth term	1
	163

Counties.	Sentenced direct to Reformatory.	Sentenced to Common Gaol and transferred to Reformatory.
Algoma, district of	1	
Brant		1
Carleton	1	2
Hastings	4	
Kent	2	
Lambton	3	
Leeds and Grenville	3	
Middlesex	1	
Nipissing, district of	6	2
Oxford	5	
Peel	1	
Parry Sound	1	
Perth		1
Simcoe	1	
Sudbury	4	
Thunder Bay	2	
Waterloo	1	
Welland	1	
Wellington	1	
Wentworth	10	1
York	107	1
	155	8—163

Number of Days' Work Done by Inmates During the Year.

Industrial Department.

	Days.
Knitting to fill orders	4,221
Laundry (City)	1,682
Sewing to fill orders	982
	6,885

Domestic Labour.

Cooking, baking and dining rooms	2,671
Cleaning, painting, etc.	5,986
Learning to wash and iron	1,109½
Learning to knit	1,520½
Learning to sew	149
Nursery and hospital	368½
Sewing, mending and knitting for Reformatory	2,891½
	14,696

Work Accomplished by Inmates During the Year.

Laundry Department.

	Pieces.
Number of articles laundered	243,087

Sewing Department.

Number of articles manufactured	5,442
Number of articles repaired	9,450

Knitting Department

	Pairs.
Number of mitts and stockings knitted	3,445
Number of stockings footed	104

TWENTY-FIRST REPORT

OF

SUPERINTENDENT

Neglected and Dependent Children

of Ontario

PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

TORONTO:
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1914

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WILLIAM BRIGGS
29-37 Richmond Street West
TORONTO

To the Honorable Sir John Morison Gibson, K.C., LL.D.,
Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario.

May it Please Your Honor:

The undersigned has the honor to transmit herewith the Twenty-first Annual Report of the Department of Neglected and Dependent Children of Ontario for the year ending December 31st, 1913.

Respectfully submitted.

W. J. HANNA,
Provincial Secretary.

Parliament Buildings.
Toronto, April 28th, 1914.

OFFICE OF THE

SUPERINTENDENT OF NEGLECTED AND DEPENDENT CHILDREN OF ONTARIO.

The Honourable W. J. HANNA,
Provincial Secretary.

SIR,—I beg to submit herewith the Twenty-first Annual Report of the work of this office, under the Children's Protection Act of Ontario, being for the year ending December 31st, 1913; also Reports on the Industrial Schools for the Province, and Juvenile Immigration.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

J. J. KELSO,
Superintendent.

PARLIAMENTS BUILDINGS,
TORONTO, April 26th, 1914.

ONTARIO

NEGLECTED DEPENDENT CHILDREN

TWENTY-FIRST ANNUAL REPORT.

TORONTO, April 3rd, 1914.

JUST twenty-one years ago this month the Children's Protection Act of Ontario was passed by the Ontario Legislature and to say that good results have followed would be altogether too mild a term. Thousands of neglected boys and girls have been helped through its instrumentality, and have attested by their useful and honourable lives that they have not been helped in vain. It has meant untold benefit to the Province in constructive social reform, lifting all Childhood to a nobler plane, and emphasizing as never before the sanctity of the home and home relationships. And yet through all these years it has been necessary, and is still necessary, to maintain an enthusiastic educational propaganda. Even with all that has been accomplished it is still imperative that the thinking and commercial world should be persuaded that there is such a problem as The Neglected Child, and that in its solution and eradication there remains a great work to be done. In the minds of many public men this is one of the least important of all the subjects that claim their attention. But a saner way of looking at things is coming as is evidenced in the wide-spread interest now taken in Social-welfare.

In the past twenty-one years it would be a conservative estimate to say that one hundred thousand children have been directly benefitted by the operations of the Children's Aid Societies, while the number legally made wards and provided with foster-homes is in the neighborhood of fifteen thousand.

CHILDREN MADE WARDS

DURING the past year 823 Protestant and 194 Roman Catholic children—a total of 1,017—were made wards and entered upon the records of this office. Of this number 780 Protestant and 192 Roman Catholics were committed to the societies and 45 to the Provincial Superintendent.

WHERE THEY CAME FROM.

Algoma	6	Norfolk	31
Brant	19	Ontario	10
Bruce	7	Oxford	25
Carleton	32	Peel	15
Dufferin	2	Perth	21
Durham and Northumberland	11	Peterboro	1
Dundas, Stormont and Glengarry	1	Prince Edward County	1
Elgin	5	Renfrew	14
Essex	9	Simcoe	17
Frontenac	29	Sudbury	2
Grey	39	Thunder Bay	5
Huron	17	Toronto	179
Hastings	19	Victoria and Haliburton	4
Haldimand	3	Wentworth	39
Kent	10	Waterloo	31
Lincoln	21	Welland	36
Lambton	22	Wellington	19
Lanark	12		
Leeds and Grenville	11	Total	780
Middlesex	44		
Nipissing	11		

Wards of Provincial Office:

Algoma	2	Sudbury	3
Kenora	5	Temiskaming District	3
Muskoka	13	Thunder Bay	3
Manitoulin District	1	Victoria	1
Nipissing	8		
Parry Sound	4	Total	43

This shows an increase of 101 Protestant children made wards in 1913.

Why Committed.

Causes of committal of the 823 Protestant children made wards in 1913:

Parental Record.

	Father.	Mother.	Both.
Deserted	107	36	37
Drunkards	50	7	23
Immorality	33	106	37
Criminal	32	20	5
Orphaned	76	122	15
In asylum	4	19	..
Weakminded	13	15	2
Cruelty	13	3	2
General depravity	14	12	241

Neglect not specified, 5.
Mother in House of Refuge, 2.
Father in House of Refuge, 3.
Cruelty of foster mother, 1.
Children sent out begging, 6.
Parents separated, 16.
Cruelty of guardians, 6.
Neglected by foster parents, 4.
Abandoned by foster parents, 4.
Intemperance of foster parents, 1.
Cruelty of married sister, who was guardian, 1.
Cruelty of step-father, 3.
Assault of step-father, 1.
Abandoned by step-father, 1.
Drunkenness of step-mother, 2.
Illness of father, mother unable to care for children, 8.
Illness of mother, father unable to care for children, 15.

Children's Record.

Illegitimate	133	Immoral	12
Incorrigible	40	Feebleminded	3
Petty theft	7	Physically defective	3
Truancy	1		

Sex and Age.

Of children made wards in 1913, 385 were male, 427 female.

1 year or under	133	9 years or under	46
2 years or under	61	10 " "	44
3 " "	44	11 " "	48
4 " "	57	12 " "	38
5 " "	45	13 " "	60
6 " "	49	14 " "	31
7 " "	48	15 " "	43
8 " "	41	16 " "	34

How Children Were Dealt With.

The following table shows how Protestant children made wards in 1913 were dealt

Placed in foster homes	471	In Asylum	1
On probation with parents	133	In Deaf and Dumb Institute	1
On probation with other relatives	67	In Hospitals	5
In Victoria Industrial School	12	Deceased	19
In Alexandra Industrial School	4	In Shelters at end of year	109
In Rescue Home	1		

Visiting of Children.

Of the 3,687 names sent out on visiting lists, 3,471 were reported upon.

The foster parents of 328 children outside of the province were heard from and satisfactory reports of child's progress received. Other children adopted when quite young have, by special arrangement, been exempt from special visiting.

School Over.

Applications for Children.

During the year 1913 some 262 applications were received; of this number 103 were for boys and 159 for girls. 34 were for boys and girls under 6 years of age; 64 were for boys and girls between 6 and 12 years of age; 164 were for boys and girls betwen 12 and 16 years of age.

Shelter Record.

From January 1, 1913, to October 31, 1913, 67 children passed through—44 were girls and 23 boys. They were disposed of as follows:

Returned to parents	15	Sent to relatives in Scotland	1
Placed in foster homes	27	Placed in Haven	1
Placed in Alexandra Industrial School	7	Placed in Orthopædic Hospital	1
Placed in Victoria Industrial School	1		—
Placed with relatives	1	Total	67
Transferred to other Shelters	13		

Baby goes a-driving.

REPORT ON CATHOLIC CHILDREN.

During the year 194 children were made wards of Children's Aid Societies in Ontario. Of these 143 were placed in foster homes. The societies placing the children were: Ottawa, 13; St. Vincent de Paul, Toronto, 15; St. John's Industrial School, 30; Provincial Office, 2; Brockville, 2; Sudbury, 1; Sault Ste. Marie, 2; Berlin, 4; Peterborough Orphanage, 5; Belleville, 4; Temiskaming, 2; Thunder Bay, 8; The Haven, 1; St. Mary of the Lake Orphanage, 5; St. Vincent's Infants' Home, 5; Stratford, 1; Fort William, 1; Mount St. Joseph Orphanage, 4; London, 2; Hamilton, 7; St. Mary's Industrial School, 4; Kingston, 3; Kenora, 2; Pembroke, 2; Owen Sound, 1; Sacred Heart Orphanage, Toronto, 7; Renfrew, 3; Huron, 1; St. Mary's Orphanage, Hamilton, 6.

The replacements numbered 74, made up as follows: Berlin, 3; St. John's Industrial School, 19; Sacred Heart Orphanage, 4; Provincial Office, 7; St. Vincent de Paul, 4; St. Mary's Orphanage, 2; Hamilton, 2; Ottawa, 9; Sault Ste. Marie, 9; North Bay, 3; Renfrew, 2; and St. Catharines, Chatham, London, Fort William, Peterborough, Sudbury, St. Mary's Industrial School, Sarnia, Brockville, and Thunder Bay, one each.

The number made wards of Children's Aid Societies and returned to their parents on probation were: St. Vincent de Paul, 15; North Bay, 6; Guelph, 2; Ottawa, 2; Berlin, 3; Temiskaming, 2; St. Thomas, 1; London, 1. The number returned to parents last year who had spent some time in foster homes was 28; returned from foster homes, 42; removed from foster homes, 10; ran away, 36 (17 of these were placed from St. John's Industrial School); left foster homes, 12.

The parentage of the children again demonstrates that few of those dealt with by Children's Aid Societies are orphans in the true sense of the word. Only 9 had neither parent living, 10 were illegitimate, and no information given about 17. Both parents of 68 children were living; 22 had a father living and 16 had a mother living. That is, forty-eight per cent. of the children dealt with had both parents living; twenty-seven per cent. had one parent living; six per cent. had no parents living and seven per cent. were illegitimate. The suggestion, according to these figures, is that children whose parents are dead are less liable to neglect than those whose parents are living. The ages of the children were: Under 2 years, 20; 2 to 8 years, 32; 8 to 12 years, 39; 12 to 16 years, 45; over 16 years, 7.

The number of Roman Catholic children under supervision at the end of 1912 was 943. There were 143 new placements, 130 were released from supervision, 4 were married and 12 died. Leaving under supervision, December, 1913, 940. The number of deaths reported is abnormal. The reason is that five of the twelve deaths reported last year occurred in previous years and were not reported at the time they occurred. The number discharged from supervision is also large, because the lists were gone through carefully and, in addition to those who were eligible for discharge in the ordinary way, it was found that a number had not been heard from for a few years, and these were taken off the roll.

The total number of Roman Catholic children on the roll at present, exclusive of those who have been discharged from supervision, is 1,090. It is an interesting enquiry to try to learn where these children are located; 459 are at foster homes in the country; 301 are at foster homes in cities and towns; 180 are with their parents and 151 are at institutions. It is also interesting to learn in what parts of the province these children are placed. In Perth County 32 are placed in the country, 6 in towns, 2 with their parents and none in institutions. Huron County, 20 in the country, none in towns, with their parents, nor in institutions. Grey County, 30 in the country, 5 in towns, none with parents nor in institutions. Simcoe County, 24 in the country, 9 in towns, 8 with parents and none at institutions. Renfrew County, 42 in the country, 6 in towns, none with parents and 5 at institutions. Peterborough County, 37 in the country, 5 in towns, none with parents and 3 at institutions. Victoria County, 13 in the country, 1 in town, none with parents and 1 at an institution. Northumberland County, 16 in the country, none in towns, with parents nor at institutions. Nipissing District, 8 in the country, 11 in towns, 34 with their parents and none at institutions. Middlesex County, 9 in the

country, 17 in towns, 2 with parents and 13 at institutions. Wellington County, 17 in the country, 14 in towns, 4 with parents and 1 at an institution. Algoma, 4 in the country, 9 in towns, 7 with parents and 1 at an institution. Carleton County, 14 in the country, 23 in towns, 22 with parents and 9 at institutions. Quebec, 30 in the country, 26 in the towns, 6 with parents and 4 at institutions. York County, 11 in the country, 2 in towns, 7 with parents and 2 at institutions. Toronto City, 76 in foster homes, 44 with their parents and 77 at institutions.

It would tend towards the general improvement of the condition of children in foster homes in Ontario if the orphanages would take more liberal advantage of section 11 of the Children's Protection Act, which is as follows: "The superintendent of any Infants' or Children's Home, or other public institution, having the custody of children, may bring before the judge any child whom there is cause to believe has been neglected or deserted by its parents and the judge may make an order committing the child to the care of the Children's Aid Society, under the provisions of this Act." At the present time children are placed in foster homes from institutions under the authority of the "Apprentices and Minors Act," but not many of the institutions are properly equipped to supervise these children after they are placed in foster homes and in some cases the education of the younger children is seriously neglected. Also, instances have come under observation where foster parents have been notified by an institution to return a child and this notification has been evaded and the neglect of the child allowed to continue. A decided advantage that would accrue to the institution if the course above suggested were followed, would be that the institution would be relieved of the responsibility of defending the placing of the children against parents or other relatives who are quite willing that their children be maintained by public charity, so long as they can be visited frequently and reclaimed when old enough to contribute by their earnings to the family purse, but protest vigorously when these children are placed in homes where their prospects for honesty, decency and good citizenship are much better than they would be if left to their careless pauperized relatives. In the administration of the Children's Protection Act it is impressed upon Children's Aid Societies that children should not be lightly taken from their parents; that, ordinarily, a child's own home is the best place to rear that child, and similarly the institutions should not place in foster homes children who have been committed to their care because of temporary difficulties, such as loss of work, etc., in which parents are involved. Neither should the institutions be receptacles for the children of lazy, shiftless parents, who transfer to public charity the natural burden of their children's maintenance.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETIES

A REVIEW OF THE WORK CARRIED ON DURING THE YEAR

FACTS CONCERNING THE WORK.

The appropriation for Children's Aid work is $10,000 for inside and $20,000 for outside service. All thirty-eight counties are now organized and are doing more or less efficient work. Some counties have no paid inspector, and in consequence their work is unsatisfactory. There are societies also in twenty-four separated towns and cities. There are branch societies in nine judicial districts. Contribution is made through this office towards the salaries of 28 agents, the highest amount being $480 per annum and the lowest $25. Travelling expenses of visits to wards are paid by the Neglected Children's Branch. During 1913, 1,017 children were legally committed to the guardianship of the Children's Aid Societies. A file and record of each one is kept in the central office in the Parliament Buildings. Each child is visited at least once a year and suitable action taken to prevent neglect or ill-treatment. Societies are supplied with literature of general interest. All necessary forms used in the work are supplied by the central office.

ALGOMA DISTRICT AND SAULT STE. MARIE.

Board of Management, 1913-14: President, T. E. Simpson; First Vice-President, J Bassingthwaighte; Second Vice-President, M. A. Sheridan; Third Vice-President, Mrs. J. Pollard; Secretary and Inspector, J. P. Reed; Treasurer, R. G. Campbell; Treasurer Campaign Fund, Wm. Calder; Honorary Solicitor, P. T. Rowland Honorary Physician, A. A. Shepard, M.D.

The adjourned annual general meeting of the Sault Ste. Marie and Algoma Children's Aid Society was held in the Council Chamber on Tuesday, October 21st, at 4.15 p.m. The chair was occupied by Mrs. J. O'Boyle, and Mr. J. P. Reed acted as secretary.

INSPECTOR'S REPORT.

The great event of the year was the financial campaign to raise sufficient funds to remodel and enlarge the Shelter Building. Owing to the money stringency the matter was postponed from early in 1913 to see if a more convenient season would come. Finally the dates of June 17-19 were set, and, although more money was really needed, it was decided to ask the citizens of Sault Ste. Marie, Steelton and the Algoma district to contribute $15,000 in three days. None of the campaign executive was any too sanguine of success, but with Mr. A. M. Peters as chairman and ably supported by Mayor Simpson, Mayor Lyons and many of the leading business and professional men of the two towns and the welfare of neglected and dependent children appealing to the sympathies and especially the noted generosity of the people of Northern Ontario, success was bound to crown the effort and a little over $17,000 was received in cash and pledges. The work required careful planning and the campaign executive met quite frequently to arrange details.

On Sunday, June 15th, Mr. J. J. Kelso, Provincial Superintendent for Neglected and Dependent Children for Ontario, and Mr. William O'Connor, Inspector of Roman Catholic wards of the Society, addressed the congregations of Central Methodists, St.

Andrew's Presbyterians, Steelton Methodist and Sacred Heart Churches. The work of rebuilding has been rapidly pushed ahead and it is hoped that the building will be completed about Nov. 15. When finished the property will easily be worth $25,000; the building will be practically new and there will be accommodation for upwards of 50 children. So far owing to lack of room many children have not been removed from evil surroundings, but it is expected that from now on all can be accommodated and large numbers of boys and girls will have reason to feel extremely thankful for the work of the Children's Aid Society in the Algoma district.

Summary for the year's work: Number of calls in interest of children, 435; personal interviews, 1,735; letters received, 421; letters sent, 469; complaints, 34; investigations, 29; applications for children, 28; court cases, 19 committals, 24; children placed, 16; children retaken, 4; public addresses, 17; children cared for in Shelter, 76; sent to St. John's Industrial School, 1; sent to Victoria Industrial School, Mimico, 1.

Treasurer's Report

The Treasurer's statement showed:

Total receipts (including campaign fund)	$15,752 43
Total expenditures	15,596 36
On hand	$156 07

BRANT COUNTY AND BRANTFORD.

Officers for 1913-14: President, Jos. Ruddy; Vice-Presidents, Glad Whittaker, Richard Sanderson; Corresponding Secretary, J. Leslie Axford; Recording Secretary, Miss S. Brown; Treasurer, C. Cook; Honorary Solicitors, Harley & Sweet.

The 20th annual meeting of the Brantford Children's Aid Society was held at the S. M. Thomson Home, corner of Chatham and George Streets, Nov. 18, 1913. The secretary and agent, Mr. J. L. Axford, gave statistics showing that 97 applications for children were received, 129 complaints of neglect, involving 210 children, were investigated, 975 visits made, 192 visits to wards and 20 children made wards of the society. During the year 115 children were admitted to the Shelter. You will, no doubt, have noticed in the foregoing statistics that a much larger work has been accomplished, which would not have been possible had we not had this Shelter, and again we are grateful to Mrs. Peter Wood for making this possible for us. The work has been well supported, both in the city and the county, by contributions of food and clothing and many have opened up their hearts and their homes to receive a boy or a girl to cheer and to brighten both the child and the home.

I am also pleased to report the marriage of four of our girls, who now have homes of their own and are happy and prosperous. One other ran away from our care and she is now in the Mercer Reformatory. Some outings for the larger girls of the society were arranged during the summer, enjoyable times spent under the guidance of Miss Whitney and Miss Taber.

Of the 115 children at the Shelter we had all ages ranging from an infant to a mother and her children, and were able to assist some of these mothers to situations where they could care for their own child. This required the greatest patience and endurance and great credit is due Mrs. Craig, our former matron, and Miss Craigie, our present matron, for their untiring efforts under trying conditions, but they have never failed us when called upon. Also to Miss Brown belongs a goodly portion of our thanks, and that is the only pay she receives. She has at all hours labored diligently and exercised the strictest economy in her expenditures. Above all we are thankful to our Heavenly Father for His mercies and blessings.

Summary of Treasurer's Report.

Receipts.		*Expenditures.*	
Brantford City Council	$750 00	Deficit 1912	$151 33
County of Brant (two years)	200 00	Interest	379 13
Town of Paris	50 00	Maintenance, salaries, etc.	1,208 79
Township of Brantford	25 00	Miscellaneous	319 47
Building Fund	50 00	Mrs. York's Home	10 00
Other receipts	966 48	Travelling expenses	111 06
Deficit	138 30		
	$2,179 78		$2,179 78

COUNTY OF BRUCE SOCIETY.

Officers: President, J. Morgan, M.A.; Vice-President, Col. J. H. Scott, K.C.; Treasurer K. M. Taylor; Secretary and Agent, Rev. D. McLennan.

The report of the secretary for 1913 is as follows: Received 84 letters, mailed 184 letters and 120 postcards, placed 7 wards in homes, accompanied two wards to Mimico, one to Orillia, travelled 850 miles, made 32 visits, held 12 interviews; spent in all $100.

PORT ELGIN BRANCH.

The annual meeting of the above branch of the Bruce County C.A.S. was held on November 28, 1913

The new officers are: President, E. Roy Sayles; Vice-President, J. J. Busby; Secretary-Treasurer, C. E. Schwartz; Board of Management, the officers and Mesdames Wismer, Howe, McCallum and Chapman.

SOUTHAMPTON BRANCH.

Mr. McLennan, County Agent, reports that on the 26th February the above branch met and appointed their officers. Rev. I. Ferguson, retired Methodist minister, was chosen for President, and William Manley for Secretary-Treasurer.

A Championship Race.

CARLETON COUNTY AND OTTAWA.

Officers: Patron and Patroness, Their Royal Highnesses, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught; President, Mr. W. L. Scott Treasurer, Mr. P. B. Taylor; Secretary, Mr. John Keane; Probation Officers, Mde. J. Bruchesi, Miss M. Cassaday; Visitor, Mr. J. A. Reymond.

The annual general meeting took place on October 6th, 1913. Mr. W. O'Connor of Toronto addressed the meeting, and the various officers gave their reports.

TWENTIETH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY OF OTTAWA FOR THE YEAR 1912-13.

The secretary said: It is now nearly 20 years since the first meeting for the formation of a Children's Aid Society was held in this room. At that time it could scarcely be supposed that the work would grow and develop into the proportions that we find it has assumed to-day. Since that time over 950 children and young persons have been directly committed to our care, besides a large number of others who have come under supervision but not directly made wards.

Including transfers by parents and guardians during last year there were no less than 69 added to our number. Transferred by parents or guardians 36, and 33 by judicial order. Replaced with parents during the good behaviour of the latter numbered 27. Placed in foster homes during the year 39, including of course some who had been

our wards previous to the close of last year, but who, owing to changes had been returned or withdrawn, 36 were replaced in new foster homes. Situations were found for 9 of the older wards and 8 were sent to Industrial Schools, a much larger number than has been for some years. At least half of these were mentally defective.

We had for a long time been seeking to find a man who would combine the position of inspector and visitor to our children that are placed in foster homes or with their parents. It was difficult to find one who had the necessary qualifications and interest in the work itself, but after various attempts we a last succeeded in getting Mr. J. A. Reymond, who has undertaken to do work for us along the lines indicated. He has been more or less busy since the middle of May and we have to record satisfaction in his activity, intelligence and zeal in the task assigned him.

During the year 17 of our wards were married, nearly all of whom proudly reported the fact to the secretary, knowing the interest and pleasure it would give to us all when such an event was announced. During the year play-grounds for the children have been successfully launched, giving free scope to the development of body and mind, becoming, as we hope, an established institution. Free skating rinks are now also seriously proposed.

Marbles.

Miss Cassaday read her report, showing that in her division of the probation work 93 children had been dealt with. A few had to be sent to the Industrial School, two of which were feeble-minded, but there was no other place for them.

Madame Bruchesi reported that the Juvenile Court had dealt with 147 cases of Roman Catholic children.

Since May, Mr. Reymond has visited 71 wards and investigated 60 cases, in addition to looking after other children.

In his address Mr. Scott, the president, touched upon many problems confronting the society—the problem of the defective child, the systematic examination of all children dealt with in the Juvenile Court, etc.

Receipts.		*Expenditure.*	
Cash from 1911-12	$1,045 23	Salaries	$481 17
Subscriptions	1,327 10	Printing and stationery	498 20
Interest	38 03	Telephones, probation officers	51 00
		Travelling expenses	97 66
		Sundry accounts	114 77
		Balance in bank	1,167 56
	$2,410 36		$2,410 36

COUNTY OF DUFFERIN (ORANGEVILLE) SOCIETY

Officers: Hon. President, His Honor Judge Fisher; President, C. R. McKeown, Esq., M.P.P.; First Vice-President, R. A. Ricky, Esq., Shelburne; Second Vice-President, J. Watson, Esq., Grand Valley; Third Vice-President, Rev. Father Egan, Orangeville; Hon. Secretary, Rev. Geo. W. Tebbs, Orangeville; Hon. Treasurer, D. McCallum, Esq., Orangeville; Hon. Physicians, Drs. R. N. Kyles and Carson, Orangeville; Hon. Solicitors, Crown Attorney J. L. McKay, Mayor J. L. Island; Agent, High Constable Marshall; Auditors, Messrs. Elma Still and John E. Smith; Trustees, His Honor Judge Fisher, J. L. Island, Esq., Mayor, C. R. McKeown, Esq., M.P.P.

This branch of the Children's Aid Society for the County of Dufferin was organized on November 4th, 1914. Three meetings have been held since the organization, and it is hoped soon to have branches opened in Shelburne and Grand Valley. No cases needing attention have yet been brought before the society. Applications for grants in aid will be made to the local and county councils.

ELGIN COUNTY AND ST. THOMAS.

Officers: President, Dr. C. W. Marlatt; Vice-Presidents, F. B. Holtby, Dr. A. Leitch, A. M. Hutchinson, G. H. Crocker, Thos. Groves; Secretary, W. J. Shaw; Treasurer, H. S. Gregg.

The annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society on Oct. 28, 1913, had the largest attendance in the history of the organization. The officers were elected as above.

William O'Connor, inspector from Superintendent Kelso's office, Toronto, who looked after the children of the Roman Catholic faith, spoke on the conditions and difficulties incident to the work, but he had never yet had a case of real cruelty to children by their foster parents and every child in foster homes had been benefited by the change.

Secretary Shaw's Report.

The report of Secretary W. J. Shaw was very complete and was listened to with great interest by the members.

Two of the worst cases of cruelty with which we had to deal were those of Lily and Hazel, both from London, Ontario. Lily, a girl twelve years of age, was apprehended at Port Stanley and brought to the shelter as she was found wandering about. She said she had walked from London to Port Stanley. She had been in charge of her aunt since earliest infancy. That aunt had whipped her so that she was marked from head to foot. I had never before seen such evidence of cruelty. The London authorities entered a complaint against the aunt and she was sentenced to imprisonment and to pay a fine.

The child Hazel is eight years old. She is a pretty child and exceptionally bright. This child was placed on exhibition at Aylmer Reunion on August 4th, among snakes as a freak of Nature, captured in the wilds of Abyssinia. It was the most degrading exhibition that has ever come to my notice and a sad feature of the affair was that the show was conducted by her father and his brother-in-law. The show was closed and the two men were tried and convicted under section 18 of the Children's Protection Act and were fined $60 each.

Shelter Statistics.

County children in shelter at beginning of year (Oct. 15th, 1912), 5; county children received during year, 13; city children received during year, 16; other society's children received during year, 3. Total, 37.

Other Statistics

Complaints of cruelty or neglect in Elgin County investigated, 7; number of children involved, 27; complaints of cruelty or neglect in city, 3; number of children involved, 5; charges against children in police court investigated, 13.

For Mr. J. J. Kelso, Superintendent of Neglected Children of Ontario, I visited the children who have been placed by the various Children's Aid Societies in foster homes in Elgin County. It is very gratifying to be able to report that of the eighty children visited, all were well placed and making good progress, except three of one family who had been given back to their own erring mother. As children are placed out by the society after a careful enquiry, there is very little likelihood of complaint on account of the treatment they receive from foster parents. Indeed the greatest pleasure in making these visits is in witnessing the tender attachment shown by the majority of the children towards their foster parents, and the loving care bestowed upon the children. The children are not the only persons benefitted in such cases for they brighten the homes into which they go.

Summary of Treasurer's Statement.

Receipts.		*Expenditures.*	
Balance, Oct. 15, 1912	$52 31	Paid off mortgage	$300 00
Legacy, donations, etc.	594 22	Interest on mortgage	42 50
St. Thomas grant	150 00	Salaries, etc.	523 81
Maintenance	478 17	Shelter expenses	228 81
County of Elgin grant	125 00	Printing, etc.	79 25
Interest and refund	4 09	Cash in bank	229 42
	$1,403 79		$1,403 79

Inspector Hackney, Windsor.

WINDSOR, WALKERVILLE AND ESSEX COUNTY.

Officers: Hon. President, Mr. Linsell; President, Mr. A. McNee; Treasurer, W. C. Kennedy; Secretary, F. M. Allworth.

In his opening address the President, Mr. McNee, referred to the generosity of the municipalities and showed that this had enabled the society to purchase a shelter, as well as having a probation officer giving all his time to the work. This organization has all come about in the short space of eleven months and Windsor Society to-day is a remarkable tribute to the efforts of the officers.

Mr. W. F. Hackney, probation officer, read his report, showing that much good work has been accomplished.

During the past year, or rather since the reorganization of this society, the latter part of January, 1913, to December 31, 1913, we have been called upon to investigate 160 complaints of neglect and other wrongs against children, affecting the welfare of 410 children. In connection with these, 1,467 visits of warning and general supervision have been made. It has been found necessary, where warnings have failed, to institute prosecutions in 10 cases; 54 attendances have been made at the police court in the interests of children and 19 have been made wards of the society, whilst 37 have been successfully placed in good foster homes in the county. Out of the large number of cases dealt with, it was only found necessary to commit 4 children to the industrial school for delinquency; 9 others have been placed on probation by the magistrate. We have also dealt with 9 runaway girls and 8 runaway boys, who have been brought back and restored to their parents or have been otherwise placed. Seven children have also been cared for at the Shelter, which was opened in October, 1913. Prior to taking up my duties here on February 1st, there were already over 30 wards placed in the county and to these I have paid 140 visits and reported such to the provincial superintendent at Toronto.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Receipts.		*Expenditures.*	
Balance	$45 45	Purchase of shelter	$4 500 00
Membership fees	24 50	Salary, probation officer	1,100 00
City of Windsor	1,500 00	Shelter supplies	339 02
Town of Walkerville	500 00	Sundry expenses	140 53
Town of Ojibway	100 00	On hand	3 25
Contributions	3,880 00		
Bank interest	28 05		
Sundries	4 80		
	$6,082 80		$6,082 80

Children's Shelter, Windsor.

AN ADDRESS TO SOCIAL WORKERS AT WINDSOR.

While in Windsor to formally open the Children's Shelter on March 23rd Mr. Kelso delivered the following address at an evening meeting of social workers:—

Mr. Chairman and Friends,—I fully appreciate this opportunity of meeting the Social Workers of Windsor, and of discussing the problems of social service and charity in which we are all interested.

The longer I remain in your city the more do I feel encouraged to remain, for in the past two days I have met many of your citizens who are interested in philanthropy and who have given some thought to the social welfare of the community.

This assembly reminds one of a happy family gathering, and it is even better than that for it is a gathering of those who are engaged either directly or indirectly in the unselfish work of improving the social conditions of the district.

Windsor is rapidly becoming an important city with population flowing in from all directions, and as a city grows new problems spring up for solution. Your Council is engaged in planning for new drains, new pavements, extensions of the water-works, gas, electric light plant, etc., providing for material needs. Now I have been wondering, as I went about, who is thinking of the social needs of your people? The answer, I think, is in your attendance this evening on the invitation of Dr. Carney, and your response speaks well for the future.

In my opinion the social needs of the community should receive first consideration. We are not here simply to make a living, to spend all our days in work. We are here to enjoy life, and I believe that the Lord intended that everyone should lead a well-rounded life, with time for recreation and mental and spiritual development. He has placed on this earth everything that is necessary for our well-being and comfort, and it should be the aim of the fortunate to see that the less fortunate get a share of these good things.

As a people we should be socially organized to carry on this welfare work, which means so much to those who are struggling in the lower ranks of life—the working classes.

Our governments are bringing people, in great numbers, to this country, but there is no one whose business it is to see that there are proper houses for new arrivals to live in. This is a very serious problem to Canada, for the reason that it leads to over-crowding with all its attendant evils and those who should be as added strength may actually become a menace, for in my own department of labor it has been clearly demonstrated that many of the evils of child neglect and depravity have their origin in this congestion of population due to the shortage of individual homes. When forced into slums and tenements adults, both male and female, resort to drink, girls go astray, boys get into evil companionship, and even mothers lose their maternal instincts owing to the vile associations and misery of their surroundings.

Every family should have a house of its own with abundance of room, fresh air, and sunlight, so that, as a family, they can live their own natural life, have their own amusements, enjoy themselves thoroughly, and instruct and train their children, and guard them from the dangers of street life. Housing accommodation is one of our greatest needs as a growing nation, and calls for the earnest consideration and co-operation of our best citizens.

Another necessity, especially in the cities, is that of free recreation grounds for our young people. Amusements are becoming commercialized, entertainment houses of a doubtful character are springing up all over the country. To counteract this, instead of the school houses and churches being closed most of the time we ought to be using them for social and recreation purposes. That fine drill hall across the way should be occupied every evening by boys and young men who need amusement and relaxation after the day's labors. Young people need change of scene, exercise, companionship, opportunity for self-expression, and will be sure to get them in some form, somewhere, somehow. It is surely our business to see that their natural cravings are met and supplied in a wholesome and uplifting way.

In cities, where children are always numerous, there should be a small playground on every residential street. What comfort it would be to poor mothers, burdened with household duties, were they sure that, within a block or two, there was a clean, respectable playground in charge of a good woman where her children would be safe and in good company!

Windsor has one of the finest rivers in the world flowing past its doors, and yet I am given to understand that no provision has been made for a proper bathing and swimming place. This is something that should be taken up by public-spirited citizens, for there should be a well-equipped bathing-place where boys and girls could learn to swim under an instructor appointed for that purpose.

Turning to the matter in which Dr. Carney is so greatly interested—the proper distribution of charitable aid—I would first say that I dislike intensely the idea of doling out charity to the poor, believing, as I do, that no charity should be

needed in a socially adjusted community. What the unfortunate need more than anything else is true friendship, good advice, encouragement and guidance. When you go to those in distress with money in your hand you become The Lady Bountiful and he the poor dependant.

Very few self-respecting individuals desire mere charity or alms. What they want is opportunity, recognition, goodwill. Those who look for charity and accept it unblushingly have already lost their self-respect and have sunken to the lowest depths of degradation. They suffer from a disease, a blight, and what they probably need most is to be lifted up; to be given a new vision of manhood. They may require judicious starving, be made to suffer a little, and to realize that "if they will not work neither shall they eat."

My experience among the poor is that their greatest need is to have someone come to them on an equal footing—not with patronizing airs, but to encourage them, in a true brotherly spirit, to point out ways in which they can help themselves. Often a poor family only needs to be assisted to move to a better neighborhood, or to be introduced to people who will afford them the example which they are in need of. We should help them to plan their lives rather than give them money, which too often does more harm than good. A genuine friend can give the encouragement and assistance that, without the outlay of one cent, will put that family on its feet. To help a timid father or member of the family to find employment at higher wages may be all that is necessary to make the home independent of charitable relief.

For these, and various other reasons, there should be an organized Charity Society well supported and established on a business basis. Its aim should be to carefully study social needs and to unite all social workers in a common cause. We should see that deserving families are sifted out from the unworthy ones; that the latter are compelled to work and society should have suitable work ready for them; that the sick are properly cared for and made well as rapidly as possible; that those in trouble are aided with intelligence and discretion; and to all those submerged the message should be borne, we desire to lift you up, to put you where conditions are better, to relieve you of the disabilities under which you suffer, to give you a fresh start with the understanding that you will be expected to strive honestly to keep up, and no longer require charitable relief.

I have no doubt that here, as in other places, there is room for such an organization, studying the whole situation, the labor market, the housing problem, the home environment, recreation, etc., and that will seek to effect the co-operation of those bodies that are already occupying some portion of the field of social service.

FRONTENAC AND KINGSTON SOCIETIES.

Officers: Hon. President, Mr. W. F. Nickle, K.C., M.P.; President, Rev. Douglas Laing; Vice-Presidents, Rev. Dr. Macgillivray, Rev. Dean Starr, Rev. A. J. Hanley; Secretary, Rev. John Fairlie; Treasurer, Mr. Geo. E. Hague, Merchant's Bank; Inspector, Rev. A. E. Smart.

The annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society was held in the Police Court room on Wednesday, Nov. 5, 1913, at 4.30 o'clock, Rev. D. Laing, President, in the chair.

The minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed.

The treasurer, Mr. G. E. Hague, made his report for the year, showing a balance of $176.21; yet urging, that with the increased claims of the society, a larger balance in favor should be aimed at

The Inspector, Rev. A. E. Smart, made his first report: A feature of our work, which has been very carefully gone into during the past year, has been the Juvenile Court. Too much praise cannot be given to Magistrate Farrell for the careful attention and sympathy given to this work. Quietly, confidentially, yet effectively, the court works; no names are given to the press; no one, except the inspector and immediate friends

interested in the case, are present, and a spirit of helpfulness, with friendly advice, is given to the offender, in reference to the future. Chief of Police Baillie and every officer of the police force have been most willing to co-operate with the society's officer in his work. We have had several difficult cases to contend with, but have had good results. Your officer has been trying to secure better conditions regarding truancy, and during the past year, the County Council and some of the township councils, have been addressed upon the matter. We have been seeking better equipment for the enforcement of the Truancy Act, to compel negligent parents to send their children to school. Several children have had to be sent to the Industrial School during the year.

Alas, the problem of intemperance has added its list to our troubles; often the call comes that father or mother—or both are drunk and the children are in danger. Good workers, some of them, kind-hearted, but when under the terrible influence of drink, much suffering is caused to the children.

Feeble-minded children seem now to be part and parcel of our work and seemingly we are in a great need for a government institution to receive the same. Applications have been made to Orillia, but the same reply comes back—no room for admittance.

STATISTICS.

Number of children dealt with, 1,113; number of county families, 62; number of county children, 187; immigrant families, 41; immigrant children, 43; Roman Catholic children, 87; children made wards of society, 39; placed in foster homes, 34; placed in industrial schools, 5; police court attendance, 73; letters received, 932; letters sent out, 1,123; warnings given, 291; visits made, 2,197.

Receipts.		*Disbursements.*	
Balance from last year	$71 89	Secretary, part salary	$660 00
Grants and subscriptions	876 47	Rent and cleaning office	41 50
Bank interest	2 29	Printing, postage, etc	33 85
		Commissioner Starr, expenses ..	10 70
		Telephone	16 68
		Sundries	20 05
			$782 78
		Balance on hand	167 87
	$950 65		$950 65

GREY COUNTY (OWEN SOUND).

Officers: Hon. President, R. B. Miller; president, H. H. Burgess; First Vice-President, Rev. W. J. Cadman; Vice-Presidents, Mr. M. Fornan, Mr. Jas. Shaw, Mrs. D. R. Dobie, Mrs. Bridgewater, Mr. H. H. Miller (Hanover), Mr. N. W. Campbell (Durham), Mr. E. Y. Godfrey (Meaford), Mr. Huff (Meaford); Treasurer, Owen Sound, Sheriff C. H. Moore; Secretary, Owen Sound, Miss A. P. Dobie; Hon. Solicitor, Mr. John Armstrong; Special Constable, Mr. S. G. King; Shelter Matron, Mrs. A. E. Winter; Inspector, A. E. Trout.

Executive: Mrs. H. H. Miller, Miss Julyan, Mrs. E. Y. Godfrey, Mr. J. C. Ryan, Rev. Father Burke, Mrs. H. H. Burgess, Miss M. Fox, Mr. J. E. Doyle, Miss Spragge, Mrs. A. E. Trout, Mrs. Robt. Shaw, Mrs. D. M. Butchart, Mrs. J. C. Forester, Miss May Notter, Mr. J. Manning, Mrs. R. Doyle, Mr. R. G. McKay, Mr. John Parker.

Corresponding Members: Mrs. Robt. Edmonstone, Kemble; Dr. Hamill, Meaford; D. Knechtel, Hanover; Miss Breese, Mrs. John McDonald, Chatsworth; Mrs. Pickle, Markdale; J. O. Rourke, Shallow Lake; Mrs. J. B. Egan, Dundalk; Carson Price, Holland Centre; Mrs. W. H. Thurston, Flesherton; Mrs. N. W. Campbell, Durham; Miss M. Moore, Clarksburg.

The annual meeting of the County of Grey Children's Aid Society took place on Jan. 13 at the W.C.T.U. hall and the report of the secretary and superintendent of the work,

Picnic in the Yard.

Mr. A. E. Trout, was of such a nature as to demonstrate beyond any sort of doubt the sort of good work that is being done by the society in the town, yes, and throughout the county as well. The meeting was presided over by the president of the society, Mr. H. H. Burgess, who had the pleasure of introducing to those present, Mr. J. J. Kelso, the provincial superintendent of children's work. He outlined the progress which had been made in the twenty-five years in which he has been connected with the work. And the work was not fully developed as yet. He hoped in the years to come that they would have it so efficiently systematized that not one child would have to be reared in surroundings which were uncongenial and under circumstances which would go to prevent them from being good citizens when they reached maturity. The report of the secretary and superintendent of Grey County, Mr. Trout, was devoted to illustrating the progress made within the past year in the county, and was a most hopeful document, breathing enthusiasm and warmth in every line. In addition there was a short programme, consisting of solos and instrumental, those taking part being Prof. Geen's boy chorus, Miss Helen Fleming, little Miss Foster and little Master Nash, all of whom were heartily applauded by the gathering. The annual business meeting of the society will take place at which the plans for the ensuing year will be mapped out.

HALTON COUNTY (MILTON).

Officers: President, J. M. Denyes; First Vice-President, Miss Anna C. Ruddy; Second Vice-President, C. H. Stuart; Secretary, Mrs. Fred Dewar; Treasurer, T. F. Little.

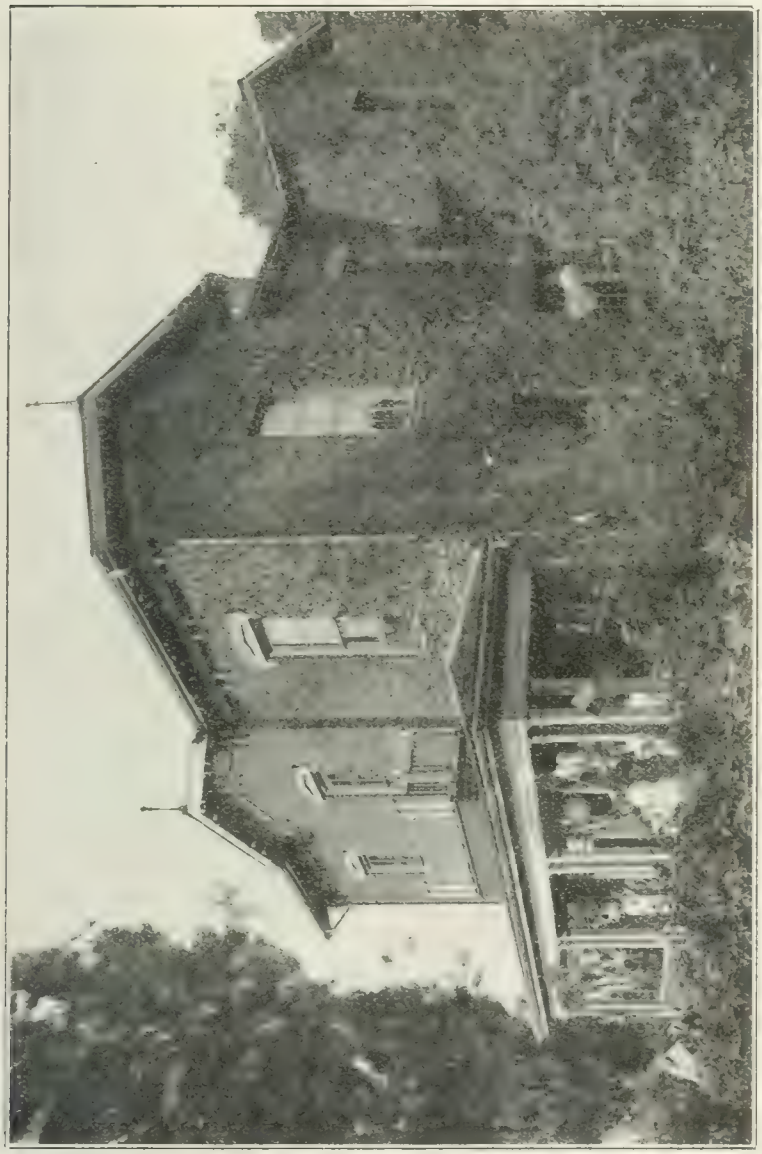
In November of 1913 a Children's Aid movement was started in Milton by the formation of a temporary committee, which obtained a charter and arranged for the real organization. In February, 1914, Mr. Tovell, Inspector at Guelph, went to Milton and assisted by addressing church congregations, etc. There has hardly been time for this society to do much work, but several cases were dealt with when Mr. Tovell was in town. It is hoped that this society will now go forward and obtain funds for the salary of an inspector to look after neglected children in Halton County.

HALDIMAND COUNTY (DUNNVILLE).

During the year past the Society at Dunnville was made a County Society and it is hoped that Children's Aid work in Haldimand County will press forward. Mr. R. A. Harrison (Dunnville) is secretary.

Cayuga Branch.

The following are the officers at Cayuga: President, Rev. F. C. Walling; Vice-President, Sheriff McConnell; Secretary, J. W. Sheppard; Treasurer, W. C. Quinsey; Agent, D. E. McIntosh (Simcoe).



Hamilton Shelter.

HAMILTON SOCIETY.

Officers: Honorary President, Adam Brown; President, W. H. Wardrope, K.C.; Vice-Presidents, Col. A. H. Moore, W. A. Robinson and H. L. Frost; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Urquhart; Financial Secretary, Mrs. Dixon; Treasurer, J. M. Burns; Inspector, J. C. Pinch.

Many incidents drawn from the lives of the children were given on October 8, 1913, at the annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society, which showed what a splendid work is being done by the society. The meeting, held in the hall of the Y.W.C.A., was presided over in a genial manner by W. H. Wardrope, K.C., who was elected president.

Mrs. Urquhart, Corresponding Secretary, read the report of the year's work, concluding with praise for the matron, who seemed to be the right one in the right place, and to the inspector for his kind, patient, prompt and willing help to those in trouble

The treasurer's report was presented by J. M. Burns, and showed that the subscriptions amounted to $290.90, donations $985, city grant $500, quarterly allowance $600, and with other receipts brought up a total of $3,504.21. The chief item of expenditure was $882.89 for repairs to the shelter, and there was a balance on hand of $846.52.

Miss Forbes, financial secretary, gave a statement as to the children's money which they earned, which was handed to them when they became 18 years of age. Last year $481.99 was returned in this way.

Adam Brown, who responded for the officers who had been re-elected, spoke of the satisfactory outcome of their work, and said it was a society that he shoud always do his best to support. Mr. Brown also paid a warm tribute to the work of Inspector Pinch.

Secretary's Report: In bringing before you the report of the work done by the Children's Aid Society of Hamilton, from October, 1912, to October, 1913, our 19th year, we feel that we have been able to do much more for big boys and girls than ever before, while the work for the little ones has been well looked after.

Many of you may remember that at the last annual meeting the keys of the old McIlwraith House, which the city purchased for our Shelter, were handed to the president by Mayor Lees. It was found necessary to add a second bathroom, do some painting and papering and put in proper sewer connections. This took more time than we expected, but we were able to install our matron a week before Xmas. We then began to furnish and our very heartiest thanks are given to th many friends who helped us so very generously. We had our formal opening on the 18th of January and were honored by the presence of Sir John and Lady Gibson, together with many well-known and influential people.

We have been able to handle many cases that, without our Shelter, we could not have managed at all. Quite a number of boys and girls would have probably slept in the police cells instead of being taken to the Shelter and coming quietly before the police magistrate next morning, or in some cases where it was not necessary to go to court they were placed out to work—in a few days.

The little girl mentioned last year as being in the Mountain Sanitarium was, at the end of ten months, sent to the Shelter as cured, but still frail, and the doctor's instructions were faithfully carried out by our good matron. Now she is perfectly well, is in a fine foster home, where she will have all the good milk and fresh air she needs. If they do not spoil her I feel sure she will be exceedingly happy.

We have a ward, a girl of over 20 years, who has been at the Mountain Sanitarium off and on for three years. She is still there and what a blessing this institution has been to those two girls, we would like everyone to know.

STATISTICS.

The following extracts are from a synopsis of work done by Inspector J. C. Pinch for the year ending Sept. 30th, 1913: Complaints against parents received, 191; children involved in the complaints, 378; visits made, 742; applications for girls received, 102; applications for boys received, 35; children placed in foster homes for the first time,

30; children placed in the Shelter (and five adults), 69; children made wards of the society, 49; children at Juvenile Court, 216; children committed to the Industrial School, 1; Juvenile Court attendance, 127; total number of cases investigated, 308; wards visited at foster homes, 25; total number of children involved, 937; deaths (boys), 2; marriages (girls), 1.

Wards in residence in institutions, October 1st, 1912, 18; wards transferred by parents, 6; made wards by police magistrate, 43; returned from foster homes, 27. Total, 94.

The feeble-minded are filling up the institutions all over the country. The Government should care for them as they do for the deaf and dumb, blind, the lunatics, epileptics and idiots. The feeble-minded are more detrimental to the community than most of the other classes, but in proper institutions they can be made self-supporting.

HASTINGS COUNTY AND BELLEVILLE.

Officers: President, J. J. Farley; Secretary, C. B. Scantlebury; Treasurer, H. F. Ketcheson; Agent W. H. Wightmyer.

A goodly number assembled at the Baptist Church Nov. 7, 1913, the occasion being the annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society. Dr. J. J. Farley, President, occupied the chair, and filled that position in a most acceptable manner. After devotional exercises the reports for the year were presented and they were of an encouraging nature.

TREASUREE'S REPORT.

Mr. H. F. Ketcheson, Treasurer of the Society, presented the following report:

Receipts.		Expenditures.	
Balance	$145 17	Maintenance of Shelter	$1,648 67
Donations	932 12	Salaries	1,550 17
Municipalities	2,125 50	Balance on hand	3 95
	$3,202 79		$3,202 79

The greatest need of the society at the present time is a new and up-to-date Shelter. A school room has been fitted up and a teacher employed with satisfactory results. The Daughters of the Empire are paying the salary of the teacher and the Board of Education provided the furnishings for the schoolroom.

AGENT'S REPORT.

Number of children committed to the society during the year, 25; number of children to industrial schools, 13; number of children returned from foster homes, 42; number of applications for children, 206; number of children placed in foster homes, 64; number of children in the shelter, Oct. 31st, 1913, 27; number of complaints received, 95; number of complaints investigated, 85; number of court cases, 37; number of calls made in the interest of children, 1,535; number of interviews, 1,748; number of pieces of mail received, 934; number of pieces of mail sent, 1,505.

One hundred and eighty visits have been made to children in foster homes, and we are pleased to report conditions most satisfactory.

Mr. T. Ritchie moved the adoption of the report.

TWEED BRANCH.

President—Rev. F. G. Kirkpatrick.

First Vice-President—O. M. Algers, Esq.

Second Vice-President—Mrs. Black.

Agent—Dr. P. T. Bowlby.

Secretary-Treasurer—Mrs. J. G. Frost.

Committee of Management—Mesdames Wallace, Tuttle, E. R. Huyck, Leeworthy and Meiklejohn; Messrs. Chas. Clark, S. B. Rollins, Jos. James, Dr. Farrell, Revs. Rattery and Coon, and F. F. Naftel.

The Treasurer reported $52.96 on hand. Several cases had been looked after, but none sent to shelters or homes. One boy had been sent to the Children's Hospital, Toronto, for eye treatment and had been greatly helped.

HURON COUNTY (GODERICH).

County Executive.

Honorary President—Judge Doyle.
Goderich—President, James Mitchell; Secretary, John Pollock.
Clinton—President, C. D. Bouck; Secretary, Dr. C. W. Thompson.
Seaforth—President, A. D. Sutherland; Secretary, John Wilson, Town Clerk.
Wingham—President, Abner Cosens; Secretary, John Groves, Town Clerk.
Blyth—President, E. Bender; Secretary, James Cutt.
Brussels—President, James Fox; Secretary, W. H. Kerr.
County Treasurer—Sheriff R. G. Reynolds.
County Secretary—G. M. Elliott.

The annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society for the County of Huron, held in the court room, Goderich, on Monday evening, November 17, 1913, was fairly well attended, and proved to be full of deep interest to all as the excellent work accom-

plished during the past year was told. The President of the Society, Mr. James Mitchell, occupied the chair, and the following business was transacted.

The Secretary, Rev. John Pollock, made a short verbal statement regarding the importance of the work, and Mr. Kelso was present and gave and address.

County Agent Elliott gave a report, extracts from which follow:

In looking at our last year's report, we found there were seventeen children given over to the care of the Society during the year. I thought I would take my record book and see just how these children are situated, and what they are costing the county. I find fourteen of them are in good foster homes, getting good care and training; the other three are in the care of their mother, with conditions improved. Thirteen out of the seventeen never cost the county a dollar, the other four cost a few dollars for temporary placing in the shelter.

During our second year, since last November, 22 children have been made wards of the Society. In dealing with the different cases we have tried to act wisely, and we have now no cause to regret hasty action. If we have erred it has been on the side of leniency. Thirteen of these children are placed in good homes, seven of the thirteen are permanently placed in homes that are all that could be desired; four are placed with relatives under agreement; two are working for wages; one has been given to parents on probation; two are still in the shelter. I do not wish to paint any dark pictures regarding the former condition of these children, but I know some of them who were in a fair way for getting into the criminal class are now doing well in good homes.

Complaints received and investigated, 75. Number of children affected by investigations, 179. Letters received, 457; letters sent out, 786. Meetings attended in the interests of the work, 30. Visits made, 391. Interviews, 459. Court cases attended, 21. Applications received, 36. Children made wards of the Society, 22. Wards placed or replaced, 30.

Receipts.		*Expenditures.*	
Balance on hand, 1912	$8 70	Maintenance and expenses	$165 37
McKillop Township	10 00	Printing, etc.	47 05
Hullett Township	5 00	Salary	410 00
Goderich Township	5 00	Sundries	21 80
Morris Township	25 00		
Huron County grant	200 00		
Town of Goderich	50 00		
Town of Clinton	10 00		
Blyth Branch, C. A. S.	30 05		
Brussels Branch, C. A. S.	20 00		
Goderich Branch, C. A. S.	95 92		
Seaforth Branch, C. A. S.	35 73		
Wingham	48 25		
Donations, etc.	60 00		
Maintenance of wards	49 20	Balance on hand	8 63
	$652 85		$652 85

A Case of Deliberate Starvation.

Five weeks' later—Now fully recovered.

KENORA.

President—Mrs. R. J. N. Pither.
First Vice-President—Mrs. H. A. C. Machin.
Second Vice-President—Mrs. W. G. Cameron.
Secretary—Mrs. J. P. Earngey.
Assistant Secretary—Miss Fife.
Treasurer—Mrs. W. J. Chapman.
Assistant Treasurer—Mrs. S. S. Scovil.
Agent—Chief Gordon.

The annual meeting of the Humane and Children's Aid Society was held Tuesday afternoon, October 14th, 1913, in the Council chambers. Mrs. Pither, President of the Society, read her annual address, detailing the objects of the Society and reviewing the work of the year.

In regard to the Children's Aid section of our work too much cannot be said. The children, when reported, are looked after, and there is a steady moulding of public opinion in regard to the work being done by the Society. This certainly is the children's age. The child's welfare engages the attention of all classes, and more good is being done to-day for children than ever before in the history of the world. The prospects for their future are exceedingly bright, and it is they who are to take our places some future day. I was pleased to have a visit from the little one who was found on Coney Island five years ago. She is pretty and bright and loved by her foster-parents who will give her every advantage.

Secretary's Report.

I have much pleasure in presenting my eighth annual report as secretary of the Humane and Children's Aid Society. The object of the Society is well known, and every year a greater interest is taken in it by the citizens in general. As you are all well aware, the funds of the Society are mostly spent in assisting aged persons who have no other means of support. Also in assisting neglected and dependent children.

Through the persistent efforts of our local member, Captain Machin, a bill was passed whereby a grant from the Government would be given if the districts joined in building a Home of Refuge. Up to the present time there has not been any united effort to take the matter up. The Children's Aid Society has accomplished a great deal of good in looking after neglected and orphan children. One boy was made a ward of the Society and has been adopted by a couple who had no children of their own, and from recent reports this boy has been particularly fortunate in securing a good home. His older brother is with the same family, although they have not adopted him.

A girl of six, who is an orphan, has also been made a ward of the Society.

The very generous response from the citizens on Tag Day, when $664.58 was realized, is ample proof that the Society has the appreciation of the citizens.

Annie C. Earngey, *Secretary.*

Treasurer's Report.

Receipts.		*Expenditures.*	
Balance on hand, 1912.....	$754 12	Expenditures	$622 04
Receipts in 1913	778 25	Balance on hand	810 33
	$1,532 37		$1,532 37

Gertrude C. Horan, *Treasurer.*

KENT COUNTY AND CHATHAM.

The annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society was held September 8th, 1913, in Harrison Hall. Reports were read by the Executive Officer, Treasurer, Secretary and Chairman of Furnishing Committee, telling of the work, expenses and donations of the year. D. S. Patterson, of the Chatham Collegiate Institute, was the presiding officer.

Two thousand dollars of the capital fund was invested last week in a city debenture, which pays 5 per cent. interest and there is also $300 drawing 6 per cent. interest. The balance on hand in the capital fund is now $2,300.

The old board, consisting of Dr. Hall, Dr. Bray, Mr. Gemmill, Mr. Patterson, Mr. Cornelius, Mrs. Hadley, Mrs. Sheldon, Mrs. Sandys and Mrs. Stephenson, was re-elected.

The Secretary, Dr. R. V. Bray, gave the following report:—

One year ago our Society was incorporated, and a Board of Directors elected to manage the affairs of the Society. This Board has held twenty meetings during the

The starved child as he appeared later.

year, twelve regular and eight special, with an average attendance of seven members, and the different committees were Finance, Building and Grounds, Supply, Furnishing and Sewing.

The attendance at the opening of the Shelter, at which the Lieut.-Governor gave an address, was very large, and all expressed themselves as more than pleased with the building and the equipment.

The Women's Institutes throughout the county are deserving of much praise for their interest in, and donations to, the Society.

Several of the Township and Town Councils in the county have given a grant during the year, as have our City and County Councils, but we are of the opinion that they do not yet recognize as fully as they should the benefit of our Shelter for the neglected and homeless children of the city and county; and we hope to stimulate their interest during the coming year.

Treasurer's Report.

Treasurer's statement of receipts and disbursements, September 12th, 1912, to September 6th, 1913:—

Receipts.		*Disbursements.*	
Balance	$44 18	Salaries and wages	$660 29
Membership fees	107 25	Maintenance account	462 62
Furnishing account	77 00	Light and heat	166 64
Honorary membership fees	20 00	Baxter disbursements	53 14
Interest account	2 65	Sundry expenses	84 71
Board of children	308 37	Insurance	22 80
Donations (Municipal don., $150.00; G. P., $660.72)	810 72	Repairs	24 40
Sundry receipts	36 03	Furnishing	166 78
Rent pastures	68 25	Board of children	37 95
From capital account	333 30	Balance	128 42
Total	$1,807 75	Total	$1,807 75

Agent's Report.

The following is the report of Executive Officer W. R. Baxter. During the year I have made 275 investigations of various kinds. I also investigated two cases in Raleigh, where the School Act regarding attendance was being violated. The Act is a good one, and I have given this matter my special attention, fully realizing its importance to the children of our county. No child under fourteen years of age is allowed to enter any place of employment, factory or store, under a heavy penalty to the employer. This provision needs careful watchfulness, and I am pleased to state that the Truant Officer for the City of Chatham is doing his work faithfully, sometimes under difficulties, in enforcing the Act. There are too many boys and girls running the streets at night.

I have attended the City and County Police Courts numerous times in the interest of children who were arrested for stealing and other offences. Only two boys have been sent to the Mimico Industrial School, but many others have been warned that they will be sent there if they do not amend their ways. Three boys have lately returned from this institution, having spent a term of three years in each case.

I have placed in foster homes no less than eighteen children. Two little brothers, aged three and 6 years, have been placed in one of the best families in the county, and a brother and sister are now living with a very respectable family in the County of Essex. I always endeavor to keep brothers and sisters together where I can possibly do so. For the others suitable and comfortable homes have been provided, and these homes have been visited, and I am pleased to report satisfaction on the part of the foster parents, and evident contentment and even happiness on the faces of the children.

My work has led me into all parts of the county. Some cases prove to be trivial, others of a nature too disgusting to report.

Our Shelter is one of the finest in Ontario and one of which we are justly proud. The building is of brick, of Gothic architectural design, three storeys in height, and contains all the modern conveniences. Moreover, we have it well furnished throughout, thanks to the kindness of our many friends both in the city and the county. The grounds, too, are beautifully arranged with ornamental shrubbery and evergreens, while in the rear a splendid kitchen garden and orchard contribute to beauty as well as economy in management. The barns and outbuildings are also a credit to the Shelter.

LAMBTON COUNTY (SARNIA).

Officers:

President—George A. Proctor.
First Vice-President—G. L. Phillips.
Second Vice-President—J. F. Elliott.
Secretary and Agent—John Wilkinson.
Treasurer—F. C. Watson.
Solicitor—R. V. Le Sueur.

The annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society was held on Friday evening, Nov. 28th, 1913, in the school room of the Central Baptist Church. In attendance and interest this was one of the best meetings ever held and indicated that the work which the Society is doing has the good-will of the citizens generally.

The President made a few introductory remarks with regard to the large amount of work done and the successful year.

The Secretary was then asked to read his report, which was as follows:—

The Secretary submits this fifteenth annual report with gratitude for the blessings of the year, and for the good that has been accomplished for the children who have been added as wards this year. Twenty-three have been added to the list this year—twelve boys and eleven girls—twelve from Sarnia, five from Petrolea, four from Wyoming and one from Point Edward and one from another Society. Five of these were babies.

All have been satisfactorily placed and there were no children in the Shelter at the close of the year.

One girl at the request of the Society was sent to the Industrial School. Two other girls were sent by order of the magistrate, but these were not wards of the Society.

Last year only nine new wards were reported as against twenty-three this year.

An Improvised Playground.

There have been twenty-nine replacements and four have been restored to parents. This represents fifty-two homes secured during the year. It will be of interest to know that the little girl whom it was necessary to keep so long in the Shelter last year and who had frequently been returned, was placed again and has since been getting along very well.

The baby kept at the hospital for about seven months was finally restored to his parents and was doing very well when last heard from.

The last baby cared for at the hospital secured a prize at the grocers' picnic, and through that circumstance came to the notice of a lady residing in Winnipeg.

The Society was pleased to have the advantages of such a good home offered, and the lady came all the way from Winnipeg to get the child. A friend gave sufficient money to purchase a fine outfit of clothing. The hospital staff took much interest in his send-off and the lady was very happy indeed in the possession of the child.

Two sets of brother and sister were placed in the same homes. This was a happy event for the children, who showed much affection for each other.

The Secretary fully believes that the prospect of the wards of the Society, in education, training and equipment for life are fully up to the average Canadian home, and that there are few inferior homes and these usually because the children are not able because of natural ability to hold better ones.

An important part of the work of the Secretary is the visitation of children in their homes, and about three hundred and sixty such reports have been sent the Superintendent, J. J. Kelso, Toronto. On the whole these are favorable reports.

The following summary of work is given, even the agent does not know all the good that may have been woven into the lives of those dealt with. It is still largely the time of sowing. Number of wards received, 23; number transferred to other homes, 29; restored to parents, 4; interviews *re* children, 340; applications, 57; complaints reported, 25; visits, 440; attended court, 17; letters received, 325; letters written, 387, besides cards, etc.; helped with clothing, 30 cases; number placed in Shelter, 17; number of other children than wards dealt with, 74; married, 4. No deaths to report.

JOHN WILKINSON.

Following this the Treasurer, F. C. Watson, Esq., read the Treasurer's report, as follows:—

Receipts.		*Payments.*	
Nov. 15, 1912, balance on hand	$786 54	Children's Shelter	$165 49
Membership fees	20 00	Children's clothing	28 88
Fraternal Societies	53 09	Membership, National Council of Women	2 00
Individuals	108 19	Agent's disbursements	52 20
Municipalities	190 00	Sundries	18 80
Ontario Government	500 00	Printing	22 00
Interest on bank account	23 60	Agent's salary	840 00
			$1,129 37
	$1,701 42	Balance in bank	$572 05

On motion of H. Ingram, seconded by H. Conn, these reports were adopted.

A Children's Aid Problem.

LEEDS AND GRENVILLE AND BROCKVILLE.

Officers.

Hon. President—A. C. Hardy.
President—W. H. Kyle.
Vice-President—D. M. Spaidal.
Secretary—R. J. Driver.
Treasurer—C. E. Baynes Reed.
Hon. Solicitor—H. A. Stewart, K. C.
Hon. Physician—Dr. W. F. Jackson.

The annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society of Brockville was held February 4th, 1914.

After a brief prayer by the Rev. Mr. Woodcock, the Secretary, Mr. Driver, read the minutes of the last annual meeting. Following this came the annual reports of the President, Treasurer, Woman's Auxiliary and the Agent, and lastly the election of officers for 1914.

The record of the work done during the year bears eloquent testimony to the untiring efforts of the members of the Society, and especial credit was justly given to the work of the Agent, Mr. Traill, and of the Woman's Auxiliary. Naturally, there is usually an unpleasant aspect of this philanthropic work, but the responsibility has been borne cheerfully and willingly by the active workers.

The report of the President of the W. A. was presented by Mrs. G. E. Smart.

Mr. A. T. Wilgress, the retiring President of the Society, dealt with some outstanding features in his report, which he made as follows:

The Brockville Branch of the Children's Aid Society has completed its first year of occupancy of the admirable Shelter provided by the generous practical charity of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Hardy, and the record must be a source of gratification to all concerned. The satisfactory results are due to the wise course mapped out by the preceding Board, and the activities of the Agent, the Ladies' Auxiliary, and the Board.

As the report of the Agent, Mr. A. J. Traill, will deal with the practical details of the philanthropic work of the Society, it will only be necessary for me to draw attention briefly to a few outstanding features of the past year's work in connection with the Society.

The thanks of the Society and the whole community are due to the Ladies' Auxiliary for the substantial gift of $800 presented in December last to the Board for an endowment investment. This has duly been invested in the Toronto General Trust Co. at five per cent., payable half-yearly.

Woman's Auxiliary Report.

To the Officers and Members of the Children's Aid Society:

During the past year the Woman's Auxiliary has held eight meetings, all of which were most interesting to the members. The different committees have been most arduous in the performance of their duties. Many improvements have been made to the interior of the Shelter under the direction of the House Committee, who have been indefatigable in their efforts. The Shelter has been visited almost daily by some member of this Committee, thus keeping in close touch with the inner working of the Home, and arranging menus of simple and wholesome food for the children, realizing that if the body is not properly nourished the brain will not develop.

Agent's Report.

It affords me much pleasure to present to you the annual report for the year 1913.

During the past twelve months seventy-two cases were investigated by your agent, and as a result seven children were committed to the care of the Children's Aid Society.

Nine cases of neglect on the part of parents to send their children regularly to school were reported. In each case the homes were visited and the agent found that sickness, lack of school-books and suitable clothing were the contributing cause.

Two girls, ages fourteen and eighteen, were placed in the Alexandria Industrial School for Girls. Recent reports are very encouraging indeed.

Two children were removed from foster homes by the agent on account of not being sent regularly to school. New homes were secured.

During the year twenty-nine children have been placed in foster homes—fifteen girls and fourteen boys, ages from eighteen months to sixten years.

At the request of our Superintendent, Mr. J. J. Kelso, I visited a number of the children in their foster homes during the past summer. Knowing the past history of those children, words fail to express the satisfaction and pleasure it was to me to meet them and observe how they are responding to kind Christian training. "I am head of my class," "I was on the honor roll last month," "I was promoted," were the greetings I received from a number of our wards. It was also gratifying to hear the expressions of affection from foster parents such as—"I'd rather part with all I have than part with my sweet little girl." "I do not know how we could get along without our little lad now." We have deposits in the bank to the credit of some of our children, sums ranging from $6.25 to $140.00.

Much is being accomplished for the children, but I feel much more could be done if there was some more effective way of reaching those who contribute to child's neglect.

The Act regulating children out at night is being fairly well enforced by our chief and officers, but there are a number of parents who are not doing their duty in this respect.

A. J. TRAILL, *Agent.*

Following is a summary of the Treasurer's report:—

Balance brought forward.....	$443 76	Expenditures: salaries	$481 64
Maintenance fees	1,085 25	Maintenance	743 20
Donations	347 75	Sundries	225 69
Bank interest	9 96	Balance	436 19
	$1,886 72		$1,886 72

GANANOQUE HUMANE AND CHILDREN'S AID.

Since our last annual meeting, November 4th, 1912, there have been twelve executive meetings, all of which were fairly well attended.

Early in the year the Society directed its attention to several cases of children suffering from diseased feet, with the result that one little girl was sent to the Toronto Hospital for Sick Children, and received benefit so that she is now able to attend school. The parents of four other children suffering similarly have been interviewed by our President, Mr. J. C. Linklater in regard to having their little ones undergo treatment.

A petition was forwarded to Hon. C. J. Doherty, asking that amendments be made to the Criminal Code. In two instances the attention of the Society of King's Daughters and Sons was called to places where clothing was needed.

During the year three children have been made wards of the Society. One is in the Industrial School at Mimico. A little girl is in a temporary home with aquaintances awaiting agreement for adoption. A little boy of six will be taken to the Shelter in Brockville on Saturday next.

At present the Society is, through a committee, investigating the case of three little girls, whom it is thought are living in unsuitable homes.

There are Bands of Mercy in the three Public Schools:—King Street School, 91 members; West Ward School, 136 members; Stone Street School, 180 members. Meetings of the Bands are held monthly and the children show much interest, and we believe much good is being accomplished.

N. LAKE, *Secretary-Treasurer.*

LINCOLN COUNTY AND ST. CATHARINES.

Officers.

President—Rev. J. H. Ratcliffe, D.D.
First Vice-President—Mayor Merritt, M.D.
Second Vice-President—John Lymburner, Attercliffe, Warden of the County.
Secretary—Mrs. (Judge) Carman.
Treasurer—Mrs. Howard Rogers.
Agent—R. E. Boyle.
Travelling Secretary—James Webb.

The Children's Aid Society of Lincoln County and St. Catharines held an interesting annual meeting Nov. 20th, 1913, in Library Hall. Rev. Dr. J. H. Ratcliffe occupied the chair and opened the meeting with prayer.

The minutes of the last annual meeting was read by the Secretary, Mrs. Carman. R. E. Boyle, Agent for the Society, then gave a report of his work during the year, which was enlightening in many ways. He spoke of the dreadful conditions existing in some of the homes in the city, and advised the ladies that there was a great opening in this city for the teaching of housekeeping.

Rev. James Webb's report was then given, showing a splendid and encouraging year's work done by the Shelter.

Summary:—One hundred and twenty-seven complaints about children, 75 children involved, 426 interviews held, 377 visits made, 143 applications received, 71 children placed or replaced in homes, 95 wards visited, 36 children made wards of the Society, 81 total at the Shelter; 4½ the average number of children in Shelter per day.

The report of Treasurer E. Poole was then read, and showed a balance of over $200 on hand, and the city grant not yet in, which gives the Society a fair start for the year's work. This is a deserving cause, and it is a pity more do not come forward with material help, Mr. Poole remarked. The income from all sources amounted to $1,275.33, the expenses being $1,029.31, leaving a balance on hand of $246.02.

LONDON AND MIDDLESEX.

Officers.

President—Sheriff D. M. Cameron.
Vice-Presidents—Mrs. Leonard, Mrs. Regan, Mrs. Yarker.
Treasurer—J. I. A. Hunt.
Secretary and Inspector—Joseph Sanders.
Assistant Secretary—Helen Tufts.
Assistant Inspectors—R. H. Sanders, Adam Maguire.
Honorary Solicitors—Messrs. McKillop & Murphy.

The Twentieth Annual Meeting of the London Children's Aid Society was held in the city hall yesterday afternoon, with Sheriff D. M. Cameron presiding. Inspector Joseph Sanders, who has been the Society's executive officer for nearly twenty years, submitted his annual report showing that 101 children had been cared for in the Society's Shelter during the year.

A finance committee was appointed to consider several plans suggested for raising finances to insure for the Society a definite annual income.

Inspector's Report.

I respectfully beg to submit to you the report of the operations of this Society for the year ending November 30th, 1913. On that date the Society completed the twentieth year of its history, and as we glance back we feel a justifiable pride in the fact that the progress and advancement of the work has gone steadily forward from the time of its inception right up to the present. There has been no break, no setback; we have so far on the journey met no obstacles that we were not able to surmount. And we believe that the success that has attended the Society's operations in the community is in a large measure due to the fact that we have always had an ideal, to the fulfilment of which we have pressed steadily forward. To be sure the goal is yet a great way off and very frequently the burden of the everyday trials that beset us in this work blur the vision for a moment, but again we see it brightly shining, and with renewed vigor go forward, striving constantly to put our best endeavor into the great effort that we believe will eventually result in healthful, happy surroundings for every child in the community—when every little life will be loved, cared for and safeguarded as it should be, and so given the opportunity for the development of all that is good in its nature and to make possible the elimination of whatever tendencies may be evil. This is our hope of a future citizenship worthy of this land of promise.

And with this ideal constantly in mind, the Society can claim that it has never become custom-bound. It has been a power for good in the community—a moving force for advancement and improvement in regard to all conditions touching child-life, and it has during the whole twenty years of its existence enjoyed the unbroken confidence and support of the public.

Statistics.—City children in Shelter, 7; city children in Catholic Home, 2; city children returned, 10; transferred to Society's guardianship by parents, 28; made wards of the Society by magistrate's order, 16; received from Juvenile Court until settlement of cases, 25; cared for in Shelter, 12; infant left on Shelter's steps, 1. Total, 101.

Middlesex Children.—In Shelter, 3; returned from foster-parents, 3; made wards by judge's order, 3; received from Juvenile Court, 1.

Disposal.—Placed in foster homes (first placements), 41; placed in foster homes (first placements, and subsequently died), 3; replaced in foster homes, 14; returned to parents, 39; returned to outside societies and homes, 7; committed to industrial schools, 7; in Victoria Hospital at end of year, 1; in Salvation Army Home at end of year, 2; in Roman Catholic Home at end of year, 2; in Shelter Home at end of year, 17. Total, 133.

In addition, figures were given showing that 472 children had been helped without coming to the Shelter.

Treasurer's Financial Statement for Year Ending November 30th, 1913.

Receipts.

Balance on hand December, 1912	$424 25		
London grant	1,000 00		
Middlesex grant	75 00		
Middlesex maintenance	277 50		
Private maintenance	100 65		
Interest on endowments	103 00		
Subscriptions	2,050 34		
		$4,030 74	
Balance due Treasurer		77 55	
			$4,108 29

Disbursements.

Office expenses, salaries, etc.		$1,772 59	
Shelter Expenses.			
Salaries and wages	$756 65		
Fuel, water and light	313 14		
Maintenance and clothing	908 96		
Repairs	195 98		
Sundries	160 97		
		2,335 70	
			$4,108 29

Grand Jury Report.

That the work of the Society in Middlesex County is appreciated is evident from the following:

J. J. Kelso, Superintendent Children's Department, Toronto.

Sir—I have the honor to inform you that the presentment of the Grand Jury at the present sitting of the General Sessions of the Peace for the County of Middlesex, held at the Court House, London, contains the following clauses:—

"We visited the Shelter of the Children's Aid Society on the Wharncliffe Road. What impressed us most in this institution was the admirable system that prevails for finding the young waifs and strays of our community with good foster homes. The length of stay in the home is comparatively short as these young charges are readily found foster homes where they are made welcome at the same time that the community is relieved of the cost of their maintenance, and they are given a chance to become good citizens."

NIAGARA FALLS.

Officers.

President and Inspector—Mr. Chas. Black.

First Vice-President—Mr. John Logan.

Second Vice-President—Mr. Jas. Morden.

Secretary—Miss E. Smith.

Treasurer—Mr. J. G. Cadham.

Honorary Solicitor—Mr. D. B. White.

Veterinary Surgeon—Dr. D. M. Robertson.

Executive—Messrs. J. H. Stewart, Dr. F. W. E. Wilson, J. E. P. Rothwell, Thos. Berriman, E. R. Dewart, H. P. Stephens, Robt. Gay, F. Taylor, C. E. Dores, C. C. Cole. Mesdames J. H. Stuart, Geo. Payne, Frank Anderson, John Mears, Jas. Barry, D. J. Nichols. Misses A. L. Butters, M. Black, M. A. Henderson, J. T. Bush, S. Chrysler, and the city clergymen.

January 22nd, 1914, the annual meeting of the Humane and Children's Aid Society was held in St. Andrew's Church, when a splendid address was given by Mr. C. R. Miller, Inspector for the Society in Berlin.

The question of establishing a Children's Shelter, also public playgrounds, was brought up.

Mayor Dores said that this question has been under discussion for the last four or five years, but that the time must come, and come soon, when a Children's Shelter must be established. He spoke also in favor of a public playgrounds or park for the children, and said that the question had been before the City Council at the latter end of the year, and would probably be brought up again in the near future.

Mr. Barber moved a vote of thanks, seconded by Mr. Thos. Berriman, to Mr. Black for the work he was doing. Mr. Black, in responding said it was a labor of love and that he hoped to be spared to keep it up.

The number of cases investigated during the year now closed are as follows: Boy forced to sleep under hay stack, 1; boys sent to Industrial School, 2; girls sent to Alexander School, 3; girls returned from Alexander School, 1; mothers left their children, 2; transfer of guardianship, boys, 8; indecent assault upon girls, 2; incest, 1; settled troubles in families, 2; babies furnished homes, 3; excessive cruelty to boys, 2; children placed in Shelter, 3; applications for children, 27; deported from Buffalo, 2; special visits to families, 189; letters written in behalf of the work, 210.

Since the annual meeting Mr. Logan appeared before the City Council and asked that the Council appoint a committee to meet the committee already appointed by the Welland County Council to confer on the question of building a children's temporary Shelter in Welland. On motion, the Mayor, Ald. Ward and Dixon were appointed a committee to act in the matter.

NORFOLK COUNTY (SIMCOE).

OFFICERS.

President—Mr. Frank Reid.
First Vice-President—Mr. H. S. Macpherson.
Second Vice-President—Mr. Elias Boughner.
Secretary—Mr. M. L. House.
Treasurer—Mr. Geo. Williamson.
Agent—D. E. McIntosh.

The Children's Aid Society of the County of Norfolk held its annual meeting on December 9th, 1913, in Simcoe, at which the above officers were elected.

Mr. D. E. McIntosh, Agent, gave the following report of the year's work:—

In reviewing the work of 1913, I have thought it best to notice some of the pessimistic, or more discouraging, features at first, reserving the more optimistic, or encouraging, for our closing references. In travelling over the county I have found an alarming condition of moral depravity existing—men and women living in adultery, men committing indecent assaults upon females, grave immoral conduct of men toward girls of tender years and weak minds. In those cases coming within the scope of my jurisdiction or authority as Agent of the Children's Aid Society, I have endeavored to bring the guilty parties to justice, but in some instances have been confronted with strong opposition from those whose duty it was to maintain the law and punish the guilty, and, therefore, in some instances, a miscarriage of justice resulted. During 1913 we have taken in charge thirty children as being neglected within the meaning of the Children's Protection Act of Ontario, all of whom were committed to our Society.

One little boy, whose foster parents were extra worldly, who was ploughing near the highway, doing a man's work, accosted me as I was passing, and said, "Mr. McIntosh, can't you fix things for me so that I can go to school." I answered, "Why, certainly. You ought to be there now." The next day that boy was at school. Strange that so many parents are regardless of the compulsory clause of the school law.

I visited 101 children in foster homes in Norfolk during 1913. Some of these I have visited for four consecutive years, and have thus been enabled to note their growth and development. The results as noted in these visits fully justify me in saying that the Children's Aid movement pays a thousandfold. A few boys have been sent from Simcoe to the Victoria Industrial School at Mimico. Some of these have lately been allowed on parole. A young man called on me a few weeks ago and thanked me for placing him at Mimico. He was wearing a pair of new shoes, and said, "I made these shoes; every part of them." I placed him at Mimico less than a year ago. We meet with an occasional disappointment in our work, but this is the exception, and not the rule.

A NORTH COUNTY CONVEYANCE.

ONTARIO COUNTY (OSHAWA).

Officers.

Hon. Presidents—Messrs. John Cowan, F. L. Fowke and Col. J. E. Farewell, K.C.
President—Mr. G. W. McLaughlin.
First Vice-President—Mr. J. D. Storie.
Second Vice-President—Mr. Fred. Bull.
Hon. Solicitor—Mr. W. E. N. Sinclair, M.P.P.
Chief Eecutive Officer—Chief Hind.
Auditor—Mr. A. Black.
Treasurer—Miss Maud Mothersill.
Secretary—Mr. W. B. Puckett.
Organizing Agent and Collector—Rev. E. C. Hall.

Good work is being done by the Society in looking after the welfare of children throughout the county. The Shelter also is found to be of inestimable value.

Statistics.—Children cared for in Shelter, 52; applications for girls, 26, placed, 14; boys sent to Mimico, 2; lost children returned, 3; ward married, 1; temporarily cared for, 9. Meetings held, 9; wards visited, 11; families visited and warned, 8; involving 50 children.

Summary of Financial Statement.

Receipts.		*Expenditures.*	
Cash, November 1, 1912.....	$12 21	Hospital attendance	$37 50
Membership, etc.	435 85	Printing, salaries, etc.	600 03
Grants from councils	325 00	Shelter expenses	884 71
Maintenance of wards	799 15	Cash on hand	175 50
All other sources	119 78		
Bank interest	2 75		
	$1,697 74		$1,697 74

WOODSTOCK AND OXFORD COUNTY.

Officers.

Honorary Presidents—Rev. Dr. McMullen, the Mayor, the Warden of the County, and the Police Magistrate.
President—Peter Johnson.
Vice-Presidents—J. R. Shaw and C. E. Hendershot.
Treasurer—S. L. Cork.
Secretary—C. S. Pedley.
Auditors—E. J. Coles, H. B. Sproat.

J. J. Kelso, Provincial Superintendent of Neglected and Dependent Children, delivered an interesting talk before the members of the Children's Aid Society, December 10th, and incidentally gave some valuable advice on the care of wayward children.

The Secretary, Rev. C. S. Pedley, being ill, and unable to be present, the report was read by Rev. R. B. Cochrane and showed the work of the Society to be rapidly increasing.

Treasurer's Report.

The Treasurer's report showed a balance on hand of $1,844.52, which would be all or nearly all eaten up by the liabilities.

Mr. B. Blair, the retiring President, was in the chair. He expressed pleasure at the good work that had been accomplished during the past year.

Secretary's Report.

In the general work of the Society each year sees expansion. Four years ago the number of wards living in the county was sixty or sixty-five. It is now more than double. Visiting the wards, keeping track of changes, straightening out difficulties and in some instances looking after their money affairs becomes a constantly heavier task.

Altogether there have been a hundred and four children dealt with. Nineteen children have been added to the number of wards during the year, eight girls and eleven boys. Of these nineteen, only two have found foster homes, four are in the Shelter here and others are boarded out, some in Woodstock and some in London. One is in Mimico and three are with their mother.

One ward is in the Alexandra Industrial School and three in Mimico.

Refreshments.

The 124 children dealt with include some who have not been made wards, but only put under the supervision of the Society.

During the year there have been 34 children boarded in the Shelter and 11 children boarded in London or in homes in this city.

I have paid 420 visits in the city and county, had 832 interviews, sent 60 reports and articles to the press and preached 23 times in the interests of the Society. I have also attended police court 25 times. I have addressed 20 public meetings for the Society, attended and prepared reports for 14 Board meetings, and attended 19 committee meetings.

Improvements to Shelter.

Since the Shelter was occupied on October 21st of last year a great many improvements have been made on it. A small furnace was installed to heat the back part of the building and five radiators were put in. This year the heating system is all being changed, the small furnace is used for heating the water for baths, etc., and a new furnace is being put in at the present time for the hot water system all over the house.

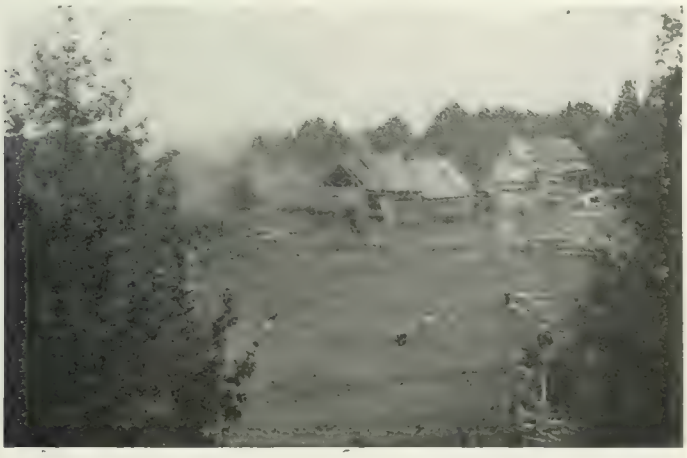
On March 11th, 1913, there was a conference of men at the Shelter on the new constitution, giving all the smaller societies in the county representation on the new management. A delegation from Woodstock was appointed to meet an Ingersoll delegation and discuss the union of the two societies. It did not prove possible to arrange a meeting, and eventually the Ingersoll Society decided to remain a separate institution and confine its work to the town. In view of what followed later in the year, and which we must now notice, this action of the Ingersoll Society was quite correct and the only action that could be taken.

Formal Opening of Shelter.

After a considerable period of agitation, canvassing and active co-operation by various organizations in the city, the Shelter is now an accomplished fact. Although the work of rescuing homeless children, and those with bad surroundings, has been going on for years in Oxford County, first under the care of the late Daniel Larke, and latterly in charge of Rev. C. S. Pedley, backed up by an organized Children's Aid Society, the organization has for a long time been hampered through lack of a proper shelter in which to house the little ones that were taken as wards of the Society.

The new home of the Society is admirably adapted and equally well located for carrying on the work of the organization. It was formerly among the old historic homes of Woodstock, the house being formerly owned by J. H. Nellis, City Solicitor. The building now offers every facility for the caring for of the children. Its equipment includes all the necessary features required to make the lot of the little ones as happy as the circumstances will allow.

To mark the event the Ladies' Auxiliary gave a formal opening reception at the Shelter on February 12th. Nearly three hundred people visited the Shelter during the afternoon and thoroughly inspected the premises, which evoked considerable surprise and admiration. A formal opening ceremony took place in the Board room under the chairmanship of B. Blair, acting for the President, Peter Johnson. Brief congratulatory addresses were given by J. J. Kelso, of Toronto, Superintendent; G. R. Pattullo, Lieut.-Colonel White and Mayor Hobson—all of them active workers on behalf of the Woodstock Society. In the course of these addresses the Ladies' Auxiliary was congratulated and thanked for the excellent work they had done in promoting the Shelter, while the various gifts from the different societies and private individuals were acknowledged.



Where poverty-stricken family resided.

PARRY SOUND DISTRICT.

OFFICERS.

President—Rev. R. A. Cowling.

Vice-Presidents—W. J. Copsey, J. Binnie, A. P. Latter, Salvation Army Captain, Father Artus.

Treasurer—Mr. W. G. Cameron.

Agent and Secretary—Joseph Ryder.

The Secretary writes: Many children have been saved from being disgraced through the timely efforts of our officers, and by preventive measures and warning to parents to assume their parental responsibilities. Our Society is in good condition, and our citizens' interest in the work is unabated. We have several boys under probation—our first experiment—and so far good has resulted. Many girls have been brought to court to receive a timely warning to prevent, if possible, future misconduct. Six children have been made wards of the Society. Many children were visited in foster homes and in only one case were conditions poor. I had one girl removed, and she is now in a first-class home. I wish to thank many of our citizens for their willingness to help, although at times the seamy side of life is repugnant to their fine sense and feelings. I think the time has arrived when we should have a Children's shelter for this northern district. If the public realized our needs in this direction, subscriptions would be freely made.

BURK'S FALLS BRANCH.

OFFICERS.

President—Dr. J. J. Wilson.

Vice-Presidents—Resident ministers.

Secretary—Miss Prior.

Assistant Secretary—Mrs. Jos. Spears.

Treasurer—Mrs. C. W. Sharpe.

Agent—Mr. F. Metcalfe.

The annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society was held in the Baptist Church, Thursday evening, January 22nd. The President in his address gave a review of the past year's work, giving particulars of some cases dealt with. The Society has done much preventive work by assisting those in need, and giving help and advice wherever possible.

Here the Society may thank their Agent, Mr. F. Metcalfe, on whose readiness, faithfulness and good judgment has depended much of the success of its work, and remember that all service in this Society is given freely.

The President also dwelt upon the law of children being out at night. This is no longer a by-law but a statute on the books of the Legislature of Ontario.

After all business was transacted, Rev. Andrew Smith, of Barrie, gave a helpful, inspiring and entertaining address, his topic being "The Greatness of Our Work."

SUMMARY OF TREASURER'S REPORT.

Receipts.		*Expenditures.*	
December, 1912, balance	$15 89	Sundries	$10 00
Dues and donations	37 00	Needy case	5 76
Bank interest	0 92	Balance in bank	38 05
	$53 81		$53 81

PEEL COUNTY (BRAMPTON).

Officers.

Honorary President—Richard Blain, M.P.
President—Sheriff N. Henderson.
Treasurer—Walter S. Morphy.
Secretary and Inspector—C. W. Norton.
Recording Secretary—Miss Bessie Dale.

The second annual meeting of the Brampton and Peel County Children's Aid Society was held in the Public Library, Brampton, on the evening of October 30th. A large number of people interested in the Society were present, and were surprised to hear the Secretary's report of the great work carried on during the past year. The chair was occupied by the President, Sheriff Henderson.

A Wretched Interior.

Many of the cases investigated by the Inspector were fully explained for the benefit of those present. During the past year forty-five calls were made in the interest of neglected children, seventy-five personal interviews took place on behalf of the wards of the Society, and one hundred and two letters were received. Three hundred and fifty-six letters were written, including answers to those received, and annual reports distributed through the county. There were eighteen complaints received, twenty cases investigated, and fourteen children committed as wards of this Society. Five children were taken to the hospital suffering from a very contagious disease. Five cases in which parents had neglected children had to be heard in court. Two children were taken away from homes which were not satisfactory, and placed in more suitable surroundings. We also had the misfortune to lose one of our wards who died from acute pneumonia.

Addresses were given during the evening by C. D. Gordon, Rev. McEachren, Sheriff Henderson, and Chas. Norton. Many present became members of the Society that evening, and a very successful meeting closed with prayer by Rev. McEachren.

STRATFORD AND PERTH COUNTY CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETIES.

Officers.

Honorary Presidents—His Honor Judge Barron, the Mayor of the City of Stratford, and the Warden of the County of Perth.

Honorary Vice-Presidents—Police Magistrate O'Loane and Mr. William Buckingham.

President—Thomas Magwood, Sheriff of Perth County.

Vice-Presidents—Mr. J. H. Smith (Inspector of Public Schools), and the city clergymen.

Secretary and Inspector—Rev. Hugh Ferguson.

Recording Secretary—Mrs. J. Bottomley.

Treasurer—Mr. R. T. Mussen.

Truly, one-half the world does not know how the other half lives. It came as a revelation to those who attended the annual county meeting of the Children's Aid and Humane Society, November 18, 1913, that such depravity and neglect exist in our midst as were instanced in the report of Inspector Hugh Ferguson.

The meeting was the most encouraging and significant in the Society's history.

The President, Sheriff Thos. Magwood, opened the meeting with a brief address on the prosperous condition of the Society and its improved status.

The minutes of last annual meeting, read by Mrs. J. Bottomley, were duly adopted, and the report of Rev. Hugh Ferguson given to the meeting. In the course of his reading, the Inspector deviated to give the meeting the good news that little Jimmy Bugg is doing splendidly in his foster home, and has gained seven pounds, and four and one-half inches in height since January last.

The financial report, submitted by Mr. R. T. Mussen, was very encouraging.

An inspiring period was devoted to brief, but enthusiastic, verbal reports from the branches in Listowel, St. Mary's and Mitchell. Mrs. T. L. Hamilton, the Secretary, brought good tidings of the active work being done in Listowel, $225 having been turned into the general funds this year. Mr. Hamilton was also called upon and challenged St. Mary's and Mitchell to keep up with Listowel for the incoming year. He also paid tribute, from personal experience, to the joy of adopting a ward of the Society.

Mr. D. Grant Anderson spoke for St. Mary's and Mr. T. H. Race for Mitchell branch. Both emphasized eloquently the good work of the Society.

Various speakers praised the energy, tact and faithfulness of Inspector Ferguson, and the matron of the Shelter, Mrs. Pugh.

The fitting closing feature of the meeting was an address by Mr. C. R. Miller, of Berlin, on the care of feeble-minded and other women in Waterloo County, where he is Inspector.

Inspector's Report.

The annual report of Rev. Hugh Ferguson, Inspector of the Society, for the year ending November 1st, 1913, was given as follows:

To the Executive.—Time at this annual meeting does not permit the giving of the whole year's work in detail, but it has already all been passed upon by the Society in their regular monthly meetings.

It is not our aim to make the children that we look after wards of our Society. We aim to save them from abuse and neglect and to secure for every child not merely a chance to grow up, but a chance to grow up to be a good citizen of our county. In the greater number of cases that we deal with, we are successful in obtaining these results without making the children wards. This part of our work known as prevention is a very important part.

The following statistics from the Inspector's day book will give some faint idea of the proportions of the work and of the almost endless detail attended to by him in the twelve months under review: Addresses delivered in the interests of the work, 40; police court attendance in the interest of the work, 52; children admitted wholly to Society's guardianship, 22; children placed or replaced in approved homes, 61; wards in foster homes visited or heard from, 150; complaints affecting children investigated and dealt with, 232; children benefitted by visits and investigations, 376; neglected children sheltered at the Shelter, 65; average stay in the Shelter, 23 days; aggregate days in the Shelter, 1,464; calls and visits in the interest of the work, 1,706.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Receipts.

Balance on hand	$796 34
Municipal Grants.	
City of Stratford	$500 00
Mitchell	50 00
St. Mary's	50 00
Milverton	10 00
County of Perth	150 00
Township of Blanshard	25 00
Township of Hibbert	25 00
Township of Elma	30 00
Township of Downie	25 00
Township of Mornington	25 00
Township of Fullarton	25 00
Township of Ellice	15 00
Township of North Easthope	25 00
Township of South Easthope	15 00
	$970 00
Branch Societies.	
Listowel	$225 00
Mitchell	75 00
Atwood	41 75
St. Mary's	100 00
	$441 75
Maintenance of wards	269 88
Subscriptions	630 02
Interest on debenture	25 00
Total	$3,132 99

Expenditures.

Salaries, etc.	$1,134 96
Shelter building expenses	862 82
Sundries	78 50
Shelter maintenance	567 23
On hand	489 48
	$3,132 99

LISTOWEL.

The Listowel Branch of the Perth County Children's Aid and Humane Society held its annual meeting on Thursday evening, with a large number of townspeople present. Mr. George Melrose presided.

The reports presented showed that exceHent progress was being made in the work in Listowel. Rev. Hugh Ferguson, Inspector of the county work, spoke on the work of the Society as a whole and praised the Listowel Branch for the important assistance which the members are giving the county work. The officers were re-elected as follows:

President—George Melrose.

Recording Secretary—Mrs. T. L. Hamilton.

Treasurer—Mrs. J. J. Foster.

A strong committee on work was appointed, as well as a representative delegation to attend the annual meeting of the county society in Stratford in November.

PETERBOROUGH AND PETERBOROUGH COUNTY.

Honorary President—Mayor Buller.
President—R. W. Travers.
First Vice-President—Mrs. Birdsall.
Second Vice-President—E. A. Peck, M.P.P.
Secretary and Honorary Solicitor—E. L. Goodwill.
Treasurer—Horace Walkey.
Honorary Physician—Dr. Amys.
Agent—Geo. Cochrane.

Mr. Peter Campbell resigned his position as treasurer, which he had held for fifteen years. He was urged to continue the work, but he stated that while he would take an active interest in the Society he did not wish to hold office.

Mr. Goodwill intimated that this would be his last year, unless it would be possible to provide an assistant. His report stated that at the close of the year 1912 we had three children in the Shelter, and during the year our books show that in addition to these thirty-eight children were registered in the Shelter, making a total of forty-one. Of this number, twenty-three came from the city, thirteen from the county, and two from outside places. It is of interest to note that of the total forty-one children in the Shelter during the year twenty-one were girls and twenty boys.

In addition to the children registered in the Shelter, thirty-two were dealt with direct in the Secretary's office without being placed in the Shelter.

The work of the Society continues to increase in volume. We found this especially so during the latter part of the year, when we were called upon to assist a number of families deserted by the husbands. These deserted mothers earn barely enough to supply food and pay for the rent, and when they become ill or incapable of working situations occur which call for the immediate attention of your Society's officers.

The increased cost of living and the present industrial situation necessarily mean the production of a large number of cases for the attention of your Society this winter. Reports are made to us of a number of cases which will probably need early assistance on account of the wage earners of the families being out of employment, and these wage earners have failed during years of prosperity to provide for the period of depression.

We regret to find in the prosecution of our work the number of defective and feeble-minded children passing under our observation; also to learn from time to time of marriages of this class of people. A prominent writer, speaking on this subject, says: "It makes one ask, Will the time ever come when this danger of the future well-being of society can be better safeguarded than at present? A long line of weakness, incapacity, drunkenness, immorality, and crime follows in the train of these marriages." It is impossible to place these defective children in foster homes when they are far below the moral standard—mentally, morally and physically. These children, if placed in foster homes, are soon returned because of various faults and defects, many disgusting beyond description. It is a matter well worthy of being seriously pressed upon the attention of the Legislature of this Province, and that some provision and some means be provided to meet this unfortunate social condition.

Your officers are in constant attendance at the Juvenile Courts, and I am pleased to say that the provisions of the law governing the trial of juvenile offenders are strictly observed.

I am glad to say that we have received on the whole very encouraging reports from the inspectors. The condition and conduct of the children of the Shelter and their education, together with their physical condition, will be reported on by Mr. Henry and Dr. Amys.

Mr. Wm. Henry, Superintendent of the Shelter, said that all of the children cared for in the Shelter during the year have enjoyed good health, and there has been no serious illness nor any deaths during the year.

All children admitted to the Shelter of school age are regularly sent to school as soon as properly clothed and cleaned. I am pleased to report that our wards do remarkably well at school, and during the year I received no complaints from any teacher respecting them. On the contrary, several teachers have spoken to me, stating how pleased they were with the deportment of the children.

A number were placed in the Shelter by the Chief of Police pending trial. This applies more in particular to the cases of several young girls. Four were placed in the Shelter pending charges and trials for theft, all of whom were convicted. Two were escapes from foster homes. One child was committed to the St. John's Industrial School. A number of children were placed in the Shelter due to charges against parents for neglecting to send children to school. These were afterwards returned to the parents on condition that the children were sent regularly to school in the future. A number of the children made wards of the Society were allowed to return to their parents pending probation by the parents.

I am glad to report that as a result of my visits to these families all are continuing to do well.

During the year I was appointed by Mr. J. J. Kelso, Superintendent of the Society, to visit the wards in Peterborough city and county. I find on the whole that your wards are well placed.

Mr. Geo. Cochrane, Agent of the Society, stated that he had travelled 226 miles and visited 35 children outside of the city. Until about five or six weeks ago there was not a great deal of attention required in the city, but since the coming of winter there have been a number of cases.

On the whole there has been an improvement throughout the county. The difficulties of a few years ago are disappearing. "We have got rid of many of the rough people and the hard drinkers in Belmont Township. I don't know where they have gone. Someone else possibly has to deal with them. I don't know why the law allows idiots to marry." Mr. Cochrane mentioned a family, the father and mother of which were practically degenerates, and of the five children, who were no better than the parents, three had married.

The financial statement presented by the Treasurer, Mr. Peter Campbell, shows a comfortable balance. It is as follows:

Receipts.		*Disbursements.*	
Balance on hand Dec. 1, 1913	$1,201 98	Board account	$1,184 65
City grant	300 00	Officers' salary	250 00
County grant	250 00	Tag Day expenses	109 52
Tag Day	1,255 85	Sundry accounts	320 60
Sundry subscriptions	120 32	Balance on hand, Dec. 1, 1914	1,263 40
	$3,128 15		$3,128 15

PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY (PICTON).

Officers.

President—J. A. Shaver.
Secretary—Lena Monaghan.
Agent—H. C. McMullen.

The Secretary writes: The past year has furnished us perplexities, some of them trying for the Agent.

We have found some peculiar people, as well as neglected children. We are not hunting homes for model children—at least as a rule. The homes or places from which we get them are not models. These young creatures in most cases know little of good

life. Their experience has been with the rough side of it. We are trying to place them in homes where they will get an uplift, a start, and favorable chance to become worthy, intelligent people, instead of criminals.

There are abundant suitable homes, but many of them have a good supply of children. The response from them is, "No more needed." But there are good homes without children, which formerly had plenty. The aged parents are lonesome—need help and company—but not children that will try their patience. These conditions have been forcibly presented to us during the year.

One boy was sought for by them and placed with elderly people. He had no companions, and was soon made to feel he was not wanted. Finally he ran away and came to town. After several brief placements, he was taken by a young farmer last February. In this home he has been kindly treated, is very fond of these people, and they are well satisfied with him.

A girl of ten has been in three temporary homes, and in four supposed to be permanent. She is now in the fifth of the latter kind. The prospect of permanency seems good.

It has been necessary to take only four cases before the police magistrate, but we have aided in various ways thirty others, in addition to continuing assistance to those who came under our care in previous years.

The Agent's correspondence has amounted to more than 250 letters. He has visited our wards several times throughout the county and assisted with those placed here by other branches.

Our membership was handsomely increased at our annual meeting in November, and the efforts then made greatly increased public interest in our work.

Happy in the midst of squalor.

RENFREW COUNTY.

Officers.

Honorary President—The Right Rev. P. T. Ryan.

Hon. Vice-Presidents—Hon. George P. Graham, M.P.; T. W. McGarry, K.C., M.P.P.

President—Rev. W. M. H. Quartermaine.

Vice-Presidents—Messrs. John Devine, W. H. Kearney, I. E. Pellow and W. E. Smallfield, and the clergy of the town.

Secretary-Treasurer—E. J. Stewart, Esq.

The work of the Children's Aid Society throughout the county has been exceptionally heavy during the past twelve months. In the towns of Pembroke, Renfrew and Arnprior special cases have had to be dealt with, and so far success has crowned our

efforts without intervention of courts. That we have been the means of bringing joy and happiness to households, that we have lifted some out of the mire and dirt of wretched surroundings and placed them on a better footing, that we have come to the aid of unfortunate young girls and assisted them at a time when help and advice were sorely needed, that we have taken the semi-imbecile children under our direct wing and are witnessing a daily improvement in their life and actions—these and many other things are some of the fruits of the Society's labors done in the name and for the love of the Divine Master. At the same time much remains to be done and in some of the outlying districts of this large county there is great need for the Society's efforts, and the greatest wisdom and kindness will have to be exhibited and a large amount of patience required and instruction given before social conditions can be improved with any true lasting benefit.

Our first twelve months in the Shelter has come to an end, and how deeply grateful we are to the donor, J. A. McAndrew, Esq., words can scarcely express. It was then considered advisable to rent a small house for a family of seven who had to be cared for. Although we were not responsible for the rent, we had to furnish the house, placing a responsibility upon the Society of an extra $110. Since September our average number has been eleven. In all forty-six children were received.

It was decided by the Executive Committee at its meeting in the spring to have the Shelter raised two and one-half feet, a solid stone foundation built, cement flooring laid in basement, paint the building and other necessary interior improvements made whch we thought could be accomplished for $650. The present condition of the building proves how well and how satisfactorily that work has been carried out. We suggested raising the amount required by asking 650 people to donate one dollar each, so bringing the work in touch with a large number throughout the county and strengthening thereby the interests in the Society's labors. The people responded most heartily, and the money was raised without any burden being placed upon any one person. It is extremely encouraging to note the deep interest that has been shown in various parts of the county towards the furnishing and maintenance of the Shelter.

The following municipalities have made grants towards the maintenance of the Shelter: Pembroke, $100; Renfrew, $75; Arnprior, $50; Cobden, $20; Eganville, $20; McNab, $25; Horton, $25; Admaston, $25; Ross, $20; Bromley, $15; Grattan, $15.

PEMBROKE BRANCH.

Officers.

Honorary President—Judge A. A. Fisher.
Honorary Vice-Presidents—G. V. White, M.P.; E. A. Dunlop, M.P.P.
Honorary Solicitors—W. H. Williams, K.C.; Peter White, K.C.
Honorary Physicians—The town medical men.
President—J. H. Reeves.
Vice-Presidents—The local clergy.
Secretary—A. J. Grigg.
Treasurer—S. S. Walker.
Representative—E. D. Otter.

The annual meeting of Pembroke Branch of the Children's Aid Society was held on 8th December in the Council Chamber, with a good attendance.

Mr. Otter, the local representative, gave an outline of the past year's activities and was followed by Rev. Mr. Quartermaine, the County Superintendent, who gave a splendid report of the County Shelter and its work, sixty children having been cared for in the past two years. The maintenance of the Shelter involves an annual expenditure of about $800, part of which is contributed by the municipalities of the county,

while for the remainder it is dependent upon the good-will of the public. Rev. Mr. Quartermaine commented very favorably upon the good work done in Pembroke, the preventive work being well started and the rescue work well under way also.

Several lines of activity were outlined for the ensuing year, among them being co-operation with other agencies for the medical inspection of every child in our schools; arrangements for meetings of parents for the purpose of emphasizing the value of school and home relationship, supervised play, etc.; co-operation with other agencies for a public supervised playground, and assistance in the arrangements for the consumptive hospital campaign banquet.

A year ago some careful and thinking people had said that it was very doubtful whether we needed a Children's Aid Society in Pembroke, but with the progress of the year and the self-evidence of so many needy cases, these same individuals are among our best supporters.

Last fall a partial town house to house survey-canvass helped to reveal a number of needy cases. The Y. W. C. T. U. assisted very materially in this work.

In the spring a number of representative local ladies arranged a Donation Day for the County Shelter. About $200.00 in cash and supplies were given by the citizens.

The absolute need of a proper County Shelter has well justified itself. As the report below indicates there were nine cases from Pembroke alone placed in the Shelter during the year.

While Pembroke has sent nine children to the County Shelter in Renfrew, it has also done considerable toward their support. In December, 1912, your agent and Rev. Mr. Quartermaine appeared before the Town Council on behalf of the Shelter, and a grant of $100 was made by that body. The same has been provided again this year. A few prominent Pembroke citizens also gave substantial amounts to this needy institution, and it is hoped that others will follow.

Much assistance has been rendered to the Public and Separate Schools by co-operation with them in cases where education was being neglected. We found one case of three children of 8, 10, and 14 years, where the family had lived in Pembroke 7 years and the two younger children had not attended school at all, and the older child only about four months, and that over a scattered period of time. These are now regular school attendants. Many cases of juvenile delinquency are the direct result of non-attendance or irregular attendance when the children are from 8 to 12 years old.

Causes of cases investigated.—Neglected education, 29; vagrancy, 4; deserted by parents, 3; incorrigible, 3; destitute, 7; drunkenness and immorality in homes, 4; parents unable to support, 5; weak-minded, 1—total, 56.

How cases were disposed of.—Committed to Society, 5; committed to Industrial Schools, 3; placed in foster homes, 5; placed in County Shelter temporarily, 9; sent back to Province of Quebec, 2; on probation with parents, 15; warned for improvement, 14.—total, 56.

Summary of work.—Visits to homes, 107; warning notices, 43; personal interviews, 74; cases investigated, 56; children assisted in homes, food, clothing, etc., 9; moving picture investigation and visits to, 15; agitation and lecture on Medical Inspection, 3; Donation Day, netting $200.00. Survey canvass of the town.

Of the cases investigated, 42 were boys, 14 were girls, 11 had father dead, 9 had mother dead, 1 had both parents dead.

RUSSELL AND PRESCOTT COUNTIES.

Officers.

Officers—
President—Jas. Brock.
Treasurer—D. S. McInnes.
Secretary and Inspector—Rev. Jno. Galt.

The Secretary reported as follows: Our Society having been organized but a short time, there is but little to report in the way of things accompilshed, although a good deal of foundation work has been done. Our efforts have been mostly in Vankleek Hill and immediate neighbourhood where we have sought to excite the interest of the better class of citizens in the work of the Society. Attention has been called to the provisions made by the powers that be for the protection of children and the Act to restrain the use of tobacco by young persons has been circulated among merchants and others, with, I believe, really good results.

We have taken action in the case of one family in which the children are not being properly provided for nor properly trained in any sense. Warning has been given and action threatened but with no good results as yet. Domestic 'conditions' prevent our seeking the custody of the children for a short time, but such action must be taken unless very great improvement takes place soon.

SIMCOE COUNTY (BARRIE).

Officers.

President—Hampton E. Jory.
Vice-Presidents—Rev. Dr. McLeod and Rev. W. Hipkin.
Secretary-Treasurer—Rev. Andrew Smith.

The annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society was held on December 19th. The President, Mr. Hampton E. Jory, presided. We have applied and received from the Lieutenant-Governor, through Mr. J. J. Kelso, a charter giving us an extended jurisdiction, so that we now conduct our work as the "Children's Aid Society of Simcoe County." The secretary presented a brief report, as follows:

In presenting this annual report I am glad to say that we have had a successful year. We have so far as finances are concerned, sailed practically on an even keel. The work is certainly growing and demanding the untiring attention of the officers

in charge, and the society at large. We feel grateful to the workers and officers who have without exception, never saved themselves so far as interest and co-operation is concerned. Our new president has taken hold of the work with vigor, and we are to be congratulated on having a president who is in such full and active sympathy with us. The same may be said of the vice-presidents who are always at the service of the children and society. Our horizon is widening and in the new order of things we look forward to the best year in our history.

During the year six children have been made wards of the society. Those placed in foster homes number twelve.

Complaints concerning the treatment of children are always numerous, and promptly investigated. Only where the conditions warrant it, is any action taken.

In the County of Simcoe, the Barrie Branch of the C.A.S. have between 40 and 50 wards, while altogether, reckoning those placed within the bounds of the County from all branches, there is in the neighbourhood of 160.

At present, Mrs. B. Steer, of Napier Street, is in charge of our shelter.

Orillia Branch.

, The annual meeting of the Orillia Branch Children's Aid Society was held in the Council Chamber, on Monday evening, November 10. In the absence of the President, Mr. H. T. Blackstone, Mr. C. J. Miller was appointed to preside. The attendance was small, but included some of the prominent men of the town.

The treasurer, Mr. Wm. Grant, presented a report of the receipts and expenditure showing a balance on hand of $32.84. The Secretary's report of the year's work was read, and a motion thanking Mr. Knox was passed on motion of Rev. Mr. Anderson and Mr. G. H. Hale.

Secretary's Report.

The report of the very efficient secretary, Mr. J. D. Knox whose death we now lament, was as follows:

Another year has passed away, and it is my privilege to report to you how the time has been used in the advancement of the work for which we are banded together. The field is large, and the opportunities many for carrying on the grand labour of love by caring for the helpless, housing the destitute, improving home conditions, and endeavouring to create a public sentiment in favouring and aiding every movement tending to improve the social life, and moral natures of the children of our community whose natural guardians have failed to do their part, or whom the adverse fates have left destitute or in distress. One of the failures of our local organization is the fact that so many of our willing and able citizens remain outside of its membership. Activity on the part of every broad-minded person would soon result in a purer social atmosphere, and at the same time prove economical in the management of the various branches of civil government. With regard to those actually engaged in child helping and saving it may be said that the satisfaction arising out of the consciousness of having helped even one little child is ample reward for all thought or trouble put forth. Let one of the chief objects of the future be to enlist not only the sympathy but also the active help of the people of the town by having them report cases of neglect, or hardship to the society so that the powers vested in it may be exercised. At one time we seemed in danger of not having a shelter, but when necessity arose our kind hearted matron came to the rescue once more, so that the Society have always had a place for the unfortunate. Among the conditions which no doubt have made our work lighter during the year is the enforcement of the temperance law. The use of liquor always intensifies suffering among the poor, and adds to crime and delinquency among the children of inebriate parents. A few cases of juvenile misbehaviour have come into court. These trials have been attended by representatives of the C. A. S. and the results were generally beneficial to the culprits, good advice

accompanied with warnings. The school authorities have appointed a regular truant officer, whose duties require him to visit the homes and if necessary prosecute parents who neglect to send their children under fourteen years to school regularly. It is to be regretted that cases are frequently brought to our notice of employers engaging boys under fourteen year to work during school hours. Steps should be taken to enforce more rigidly the Curfew Law. It is openly violated and parents should have a proper warning. Several meetings of the Executive have been held but much of the work has been done through consultations among the officers. The correspondence has been large, amounting to a good many hours work on the part of the Secretary. This is caused by the belief that we always have children for adoption in our shelter. Many persons also think that our shelter is open to all classes of helpless little ones. So it is under certain conditions and with narrow limitations. The matron is a volunteer, paid only when she has a charge on hand coming to the Society incidentally. Notwithstanding these facts, however, several applications for the care of illegitimate infants have come to us from physicians and police who were aware of the circumstances, and who were looking to the care of the poor unfortunates.

The following summary may be of interest: Children provided with homes, 3; children changed, 2; visits to wards, 6; warnings to parents, 10; applications for children, 54; letters received, 50; letters written, 40; attendance at court, 4; helped with clothing, 6.

Since the above report was prepared the regrettable news has been received that Mr. J. D. Knox, the efficient secretary for some years past, had died rather suddenly. At much personal sacrifice Mr. Knox engaged in the work of child saving and often devoted his Saturdays and holidays to investigating reports of neglect and ill-treatment and to the work of helping and encouraging young people to lead useful lives. His memory will long be cheirshed by those who knew his real worth in our community life.

Gathering Fuel.

STORMONT, DUNDAS AND GLENGARRY (CORNWALL).

President—J. C. Alguire.
Secretary—Mr. Robert Pelyea.
Treasurer—H. B. Fetterley.
Agent—A. Maclaren.

The report of Mr. A. Maclaren, Agent, showed that the Society is gradually coming before the people.

At the request of our Society the council re-enacted the curfew by-law and passed a cigarette vendors' license by-law. Your agent was appointed assistant truant officer and in two months investigated 20 cases, and secured the return of 7 boys to school. Thus we are laying our hands on boys at the first sign of criminal tendencies, viz., truancy. Medical inspection has also been agitated for and we hope to secure it in the near future. How much this will mean for physical, mental and spiritual efficiency in the lives of future Cornwall citizens cannot be measured. Co-operation has been established with Alexandria, Morrisburg and Monkland, and prospects are bright for further extension. The United Counties have been circularized well, covering school teachers, ministers, police, and magistrates. Twenty visits to wards of the Society have been made.

Three cases involved the taking over of children. Several parents have also been consulted and advised as to the control of wayward boys.

A growing sympathy is felt between the chief of police, the magistrate and your agent which has led to co-operation in dealing with several boys. Four boys accused of petty stealing have been placed on probation and eight others brought up and warned.

Twenty-six cases have been dealt with involving between fifty and sixty children. We now have fourteen wards, nine in homes and five at home on probation. There are six cases now on our hands which will be dealt with at once.

In closing let me urge upon the new committee the question of securing some place of detention for juvenile offenders. At present, contrary to law, the boys are locked up in the police cells.

SUDBURY SOCIETY.

Honorary President—Chas. McCrae, M.P.P.
President—George Elliott.
Vice-President—R. H. McCarten.
Treasurer—Dr. W. R. Patterson.
Secretary—Mrs. P. S. Frawley.

The situation in Sudbury has been rather discouraging during the past year. While an earnest effort was made to secure a shelter and land was given on which such a building could be erected, apparently no effort has been made by the local friends to secure the necessary funds to complete the movement. Consequently the Society is still without a shelter and a number of cases of neglected children have been allowed to drift. What is needed is a district inspector to organize the work and sustain enthusiasm and interest from week to week. Mrs. Frawley as secretary has accomplished a great deal in spite of many discouragements and was able through an entertainment to secure a fund for the Society of over $600. The appointment of a man to devote all his time to this important work in the Sudbury district is one of the pressing needs.

TEMISKAMING DISTRICT (HAILEYBURY AND COBALT).

Honorary President—Col. A. M. Hay.
President—E. C. Kingswell, re-elected.
Vice-Presidents—Clergymen of District.
Secretary—N. J. McAulay.
Treasurer—T. C. Wood, Manager Canadian Bank of Commerce, Cobalt.

In addition to the above the Mayor or Reeve and one representative from each Municipality in the District are also members of the Board of Management.

A fairly large crowd attended the annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society in the Parish Hall last night, when the officers for the ensuing year were elected. The society had a favourable year and have accomplished much good in the district.

Mr. N. J. McAulay, inspector of the society for Temiskaming, spoke on the organization of the first Children's Aid Society at Toronto, in 1891, and the wonderful progress of the movement since that time.

The Temiskaming branch of the society, Mr. McAulay said, dealt from its organization three years ago until the present time with seventy-three children, made wards of the society and 32 placed in foster homes, while others have been placed with relatives and sent to Industrial Schools.

Mr. McAulay's review of the 1913 year's work was as follows:

We are more than ever convinced that the work of the Children's Aid Society in this district is of the utmost importance to the future developments of this newer part of the Province of Ontario in rescuing children from conditions of abuse and neglect, which are being placed in foster homes where they are brought under the influence of Christian training, which will enable them to grow up good citizens. The work of the Society in this district has not been carried on as effectually as it should have been owing to the fact that there is no Children's Shelter at the present time, and I may say that it is impossible to do the work properly without having a home to bring children to, where they can be looked after temporarily until arrangements can be made to have them placed in foster homes. I think the time has come when the matter of providing a Provincial Shelter for the whole district should be brought to the attention of the Government, and I have no doubt that if this matter is properly placed before the Government, showing the need of an institution of this kind for the better protection of children, it will receive their very serious consideration.

Number of children's cases dealt with, 125; involving the interests of 210 children.

Complaints received, 105; cases attending court, 57; made wards of the Society, 10; returned to parents, 12; placed in foster homes, 7; sent to St. John's Industrial School, 6; sent to Victoria Industrial School, 2; fined, 6; suspended sentence, 22; assault, 65; non-support, 6; number of truants, 12; dismissed, 4; notice of warning served, 73.

RESOLUTION *RE* SHELTER.

Resolved, That whereas the work of the Children's Aid in rescuing children from conditions of abuse and neglect in this northern portion of the Province cannot be carried on as effectually as it should be owing to the fact that there is no Children's Shelter at the present time;

And whereas conditions in this newer portion of the country make it almost impossible to provide local accommodations for the care of neglected children;

Therefore it is hereby resolved that the proper Government authorities be interviewed in the matter of providing, at the expense of the Province, a central Children's Shelter suitably located to care for neglected children in this northern part of Ontario, and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Mr. J. J. Kelso, Superintendent of Neglected and Dependent Children of Ontario.

Receipts.

Town of Cobalt	$200 00	
Town of Haileybury	200 00	
Town of New Liskeard	100 00	
Town of Englehart	10 00	
Bucke Township	50 00	
Boxes	55 73	
Collection at Meeting	4 00	
Sundry Subscriptions	21 00	
Loan from Bank	200 00	
		$840 73

Disbursements.

Bank Overdraft	$ 26 76	
Secretary's Salary	720 00	
Sundry Expenses	20 40	
Rent of Hall	5 00	
Transfer of Baggage	1 00	
Bank Interest	2 80	
	$775 96	
Balance in Bank	64 77	
		$840 73

TORONTO SOCIETY.

Officers.—President, J. K. Macdonald; Treasurer, A. M. Campbell; Inspector, Wm. Duncan.

Report of Board of Management.

With the 31st December, 1913, the Society completed twenty-two years of strenuous effort in the interest of the unfortunate, neglected, destitute and often cruelly treated Protestant children, of the City of Toronto, and for any measure of good accomplished, the members of the Board, and the devoted helpers through whom the work was done, desire to record their heartfelt thanks to Almighty God for His leading and guiding hand throughout the years.

Forty meetings of the Board, and committees of the Board havev been held during the year.

The members find that having in their hands some days before the monthly meeting a copy of the report of the Secretary, they are able to make themselves acquainted with the work being done, and also often a knowledge of details not otherwise possible. These reports covering from eighty to one hundred cases, generally families that have called for special dealing, with a synoptical history of each, could not be read in full, for want of time, while under the system adopted the time of the meeting is saved, and each member can become fully seized with the facts of what is being done, and is introduced to each case.

The work of 1913 greatly exceeds in volume that of any year in the history of the Society. A comparison with the previous year will be of interest:

	1912	1913
Average number per day	51	67
Number of complaints	912	1,370
Involving the interests of children to the number of	2,531	3,171
Children placed in foster homes	82	174

The number of cases in the Juvenile Court increased 25 per cent. during the year. It will readily be seen that the large increase in the outside work entails an equally increased amount of work in the office where complete records are kept.

The Receiving House was opened February last, and has been most beneficial in safeguarding the health of the inmates of the Shelter. One hundred and sixty-three children passed through the Receiving House in the last eight months.

Minding the Baby.

Extension Work.

The Board, as early as it was possible to do so, proceeded with the erection of a pavilion on the Society's property near Bronte. It was not, however, till the early part of August that it, and the water supply system were completed. The pavilion is a handsome and commodious structure well suited to the purpose for which it is to be used. It is 62 by 64 feet, capable of seating 175 persons, with a verandah twelve feet wide on three sides. Its primary use is as a dining room for all parties there, having complete kitchen appointments attached and, also, temporary accommodation for the man and wife in charge. The secondary use will be as a shelter in wet or cold weather. Complete water supply system has been installed by the use of compressed air. The cost of these was $9,032.80. Late as the season was, a beginning was made and two parties of tired mothers and children were taken out and each given an outing of two weeks. The total number of days spent by mothers and children was 465. This was greatly enjoyed, and all returned to the city benefitted and happy. The sleeping accommodation was in tents, ten of which were provided with wood floors, and affording bed room for a mother and two or three children. Arrangements are being made looking to a large, helpful work being done during the coming summer.

Mentally Defective Children.

With the increase in the city's population the increase of this unfortunate class keeps equal pace. Attention has been drawn by this Society several times to the need for a suitable institution, where they could be cared for, and where an opportunity could be given for such mental development as they are capable of, but so far the Government has done nothing in the way of providing such an institution. Allowing this large class to go uncared for is a serious menace to the race, as it is sure to bear bitter fruit. Closely allied to this is the need for some law that will reach and lessen, if it cannot stop, the unholy immoral relations between men and women who disgrace themselves and humanity, and to whose unholy and unlawful intercourse very largely may be traced the unfortunate class just referred to, as well as a large proportion of the other children falling to the care of this, and of other Children's Aid Societies.

The number of complaints received and attended to was 1,370, being 458 more than last year, affecting the interest of 3,171 children (640 more than last year).

Since the organization of the Society 22,961 cases have come under its supervision, involving the interest of 33,296 children.

The Shelter.

As was anticipated, the erection and opening of the Receiving House last year, where the children are kept for the first fourteen days, has been the means of keeping the Shelter comparatively free from sickness. There were, during the fall and winter, several cases of chicken pox. When it is realized that there is approximately half an acre of floor space to go over every day, and keep clean, besides caring for, and preparing food for, an average of 80 souls, some idea is gained of the work to be done each day. The total number of days represented by the children in the Shelter during the year is 24,521, or an average of 67.18 per day.

The following statement shows from whence the children enter the Shelter and how discharged:—

Admissions.—Made Wards (excluding 7 in residence)	165
From Court	675
From Foster Homes	34
Lost	23
For Shelter	156
From Various Homes	30
From County	1
From General Hospital	2
Returned Runaways	3
From Jail	1
Total	1,143

Home-Finding.

One hundred and seventy-four children were placed in foster homes during the year 1913. This is an increase of 92 over the previous year. This branch of the work has called for much time and attention. On an average twelve letters are written in connection with each child adopted. The letters received from foster parents and children, some of which are printed in another part of this report, will show that much care has been taken in selecting good homes for the Society's wards. The total number of children placed by the Society since its inception, in foster homes, now amounts to 938.

FINANCIAL REPORT.

The following is a summary of the statement of the Treasurer:

Receipts.		*Disbursements.*	
Received from various sources	$19,153 65	Expenditures	$23,945 72
Extension work acct. from 1912	8,129 44	Extension Work account	4,170 47
Balance, mtce. acct., Jan., 1913	232 85		
Cash on hand, Jan. 1, 1913	600 25		
	$28,116 19		$28,116 19

In a poor district.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL SOCIETY, TORONTO.

Officers.

President—Matthew O'Connor.
Secretary—William T. Kernahan.
Treasurer—Daniel Miller.
Agent—P. Hynes.

The Agent sends in the following report: In compliance with your request, I herewith forward to you a statement of the work of this Society for the year 1913, but as the fiscal year of this Society terminates on the 31st of March, this report is not complete in all respects.

The Agent's special report of the work of this Society for the year 1913: During the year 585 cases were brought to the Agent's notice, affecting the interests of 685 children; of these cases 525 were from the Juvenile Court, and 60 were private cases reported to the office.

How Disposed of.—Placed on probation, 130; fined (many suspended), 118; remanded till called on, 80; placed at Good Shepherd's Home, 6; committed to Jail Farm, 12; committed to hospital, 1; ordered to pay $5 a week each to their children or go to the Jail Farm, 8; committed to Central Prison, 3; committed to St. John's Industrial School, 40; committed to St. Mary's Industrial School, 4; made wards of this Society, 25; committed to the Mercer Reformatory, 7; discharged on suspended sentence, 19; placed in St. Vincent's Infants' Home, 5; discharged, 34; returned to parents, 18; committed to jail, 2; committed to Blantyre Shelter, 13. Total, 525.

THUNDER BAY DISTRICT (FORT WILLIAM, PORT ARTHUR).

Port Arthur Branch Officers.

President—Mr. Geo. Gibbon.
First Vice-President—Mr. J. Bowman.
Second Vice-President—Mrs. A. Mooney.
Treasurer—Mr. F. W. Bell, Fort William.
Secretary—Mr. Frank Blain, Fort William.

Fort William Branch Officers.

President—Mr. A. Snelgrove.
Vice-President—Mr. W. A. Armstrong.
Treasurer—Mr. F. W. Bell.
Secretary—Mr. Frank Blain.

Schreiber Branch Officers.

President—Mr. A. McGregor.
Vice-President—Mr. E. J. O'Brien.
Secretary—Mrs. James Coughlin.

The Secretary reports: We received from municipalities as follows:

Fort William	$1,800 00
Port Arthur	1,300 00
Schreiber	100 00

A branch of the Society was formed during the year in Schreiber.

During the year 1913 the work of this Society has grown both in the number of cases reported and investigated, and in the broadening of our work since the opening of the Shelter. In July the Shelter was opened to children, and during the half year we have cared for thirty-eight children, some of whom were in the Shelter more than once before being placed permanently. The admissions and dismissals are as follows: July—Admitted, 16; dismissed, 9. August—Admitted, 14; dismissed, 8. September—Admitted, 9; dismissed, 4. October—Admitted, 6; dismissed, 9. November—Admitted, 6; dismissed, 4. December—Admitted, 1. In Shelter on December 27th, 1913, 18.

In addition to the care of wards committed to the Society by the courts, we have found it necessary to accommodate children whose mothers from one cause or another are forced to maintain themselves and who desire to support their children. Of the eighteen children in the Shelter on December 27th, nine are babies, six being fed with the bottle. This work has necessitated the engaging of a trained nurse to take charge of this department.

Surgical and medical treatment for our children has required a considerable part of our attention. In this we have the hearty co-operation of physicians, dentists and hospitals in Port Arthur and Fort William.

The health of the children resident in the Shelter has been good. It is quite the usual thing for them to rapidly gain in weight after admission, wholesome food, regular meals, and early hours are insisted on. We are thankful that while measles were at one time on every side of us, and some of our children were attending school, we escaped infection. We are to be congratulated upon the remarkably low death rate with our infants, both in the Shelter and among those placed in foster homes.

While so much is being done with the present equipment, when one realizes that there have been at least as many more who have applied for admission and have necessarily been refused, the need of adequate accommodation is to be conceded. The time has come for definite forward action in the interests of child welfare; while final arrangements have not been completed we have the personal assurance of one who is interested in our work that a suitable site will be available for our use if we wish to

build this year. It would be well if the Society were in a position to at once accept such an offer. The securing of plans of a suitable building, with specifications and an estimate of cost, would enable us to proceed with the necessary canvass for finances immediately upon such an offer being received.

In the work of investigation of complaints, we find an increase from 91 cases in 1912 to 166 cases in 1913; 78 of these were handled more than once, while 88 were disposed of with one interview. There were 259 children whose interests were involved by these investigations and of these 21 became wards of the Society, and three were sent to correctional institutions. In this department of our work the emphasis is placed upon prevention of delinquency and the conservation of the home. In addition to the 21 children who became wards of the Society during the year we had returned to us from employment or from foster homes ten children, making a total of thirty-one to be accounted for. Twenty-four of these were placed in homes during the year, leaving seven in the Shelter to be placed. It is one of the pleasures in our work to visit the homes that have been opened to our children and to note the improvement in health and general appearance, in conduct and in education, that has resulted from absence of a Shelter.

VICTORIA COUNTY (LINDSAY).

OFFICERS.

Honorary President—Dr. A. W. Vrooman, M.P.P.
President—Dr. E. A. White.
First Vice-President—John Rogers, Esq.
Second Vice-President—Mrs. H. G. Whiteside.
Third Vice-President—Geo. E. Rea, Esq.
Fourth Vice-President—Wm. McWatters, Esq.
Secretary—Mrs. E. E. Sharpe.
Treasurer—Mrs. Geo. A. Milne.
Solicitors—Messrs. L. V. O'Connor and L. R. Knight.
Auditors—Messrs. A. L. Campbell and Newton Smale.

The annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society was held in the council chamber on Friday afternoon, January 9th, at 4.30 o'clock, with an attendance of thirteen. Dr. White, President, occupied the chair until called away. The features of the meeting were the re-election of the old officers and the report of the Secretary, Mrs. E. E. Sharpe, which was adopted.

During the year nine meetings were held; average attendance, seven. Much work, necessitating a great deal of arduous visiting through the county, was done by the Secretary. Many children were benefitted. Little can be done, however, owing to the absence of a Shelter.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Receipts.		*Expenditures.*	
Balance, ending year 1913.....	$1 93	Board for children in temporary homes	$257 45
County grant of Victoria	400 00	Clothing for children	12 69
Donation from H. J. Lytle.....	5 00	Boots for children	4 45
		Travelling expenses	4 50
		Printing and fillings report.....	10 78
		Miscellaneous	2 50
		Secretary's salary	60 00
		Loan from Children's Shelter Fund	47 00
			$399 37
	$406 93	Balance on hand	$7 56

Audited and found correct.

A. L. Campbell, N. Smale, Auditors.

Children's Shelter Fund.—Bank interest, $3.62; Tag Day receipts, $210.18; Total, $213.80.

WATERLOO AND BERLIN.

OFFICERS COUNTY ORGANIZATION.

President—James E. Kerr, Galt.
Vice-President—Rev. Theo. Spetz, Berlin.
Secretary-Treasurer—J. R. Strickland, Berlin.
Preston Representatives—W. B. Zieman, Mrs. Woershing.
Hespeler Representatives—D. N. Panabaker, Mrs. W. Kribs.
Ayr Representatives—Rev. Ellison, Mrs. Goldie.
Waterloo Representatives—Mrs. G. Wegenast, Mrs. Dr. Bauman.
Elmira Representatives—Rev. F. B. Meyer, G. Klinck.
Wellesley Representatives—Charles F. Ottman, Miss Burdocks.
New Hamburg Representatives—John G. Wing, Mrs. S. Merner.
Berlin Representatives—Miss Snider, Mrs. J. Kaufman.
Galt Representatives—Mrs. J. R. Cavers, Mrs. T. Carscadden.
Inspector—Rev. C. R. Miller.

The annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society of Berlin and Waterloo County was held in St. Mary's Hall on Thursday afternoon. It was the largest annual meeting ever held, which, however, was quite natural, as the work is increasing rapidly each year, as shown by the reports presented to the meeting by the Inspector. While the balance of $125.50 was not as large as the balance one year ago, it is worthy of mention that no requests have been made to private citizens for subscriptions, as the different municipalities in the county have made grants, some of them being for the first time.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

Receipts.		*Expenditures.*	
Balance from last year.....	$240 37	Expenses annual meeting, 1912.	$9 75
Grants—		Travelling expenses	21 50
Preston	$50 00	Printing, etc.	70 00
Hespeler	50 00	Maintenance of wards	116 31
Elmira	25 00	Sundries	68 10
New Hamburg	25 00	Toward salary of Agent.....	770 45
Ayr	25 00	Auto expenses	45 80
Waterloo	50 00	On hand	125 50
Berlin	100 00		
Galt	100 00		
Township of Waterloo	40 00		
Township of North Dumfries.	20 00		
Township of Woolwich	25 00		
Township of Wilmot	20 00		
County of Waterloo	300 00		
Collection Annual Meeting	6 65		
Balance on Hofinis Estate	41 08		
Board of wards	96 16		
Refunded by Mr. Miller	12 45		
Overpaid by Treasurer	0 70		
	$1,227 41		$1,227 41

AGENT'S REPORT.

It has unfortunately been our lot to deal with more criminal adult offenders against children during this year than any other year in our history and among the crimes committed were the most heinous imaginable. A number of cases of suspected crime were thoroughly investigated, but according to the advice of the Crown Attorney and our honorary solicitors we took no action because of lack of evidence.

When I state that we are directly superintending over 360 children that are wards of the Children's Aid Society in our county it will in itself prove that there is considerable work in properly looking after their interests.

What has augmented our work considerably is that children who were committed to us when young, and now have grown up to be young men and women, are manifesting their apparently inherited weaknesses, and, being of an age when you cannot deal with them as with a child, yet are, in many respects, determined to gratify their own desires. This makes it very difficult to know how to deal with them.

It is not out of place to state that the time has come when accommodation must be provided for the feeble-minded young women who are incapable of looking after themselves and not safe to be at large. At present there are steps being taken to bring about the organization known as the "Big Sister Movement," and we hope that every church in the city will extend its sympathy and co-operation in this much needed work.

The Children's Aid Society is greatly indebted to the different organizations who have assisted in this great work and among the number we wish to state that the matron and workers of the Berlin Orphanage have done everything in their power, and might state that without their assistance we would have been unable to do our work satisfactorily. The number of applications for, and girls apprenticed, together with the many visits by Mrs. Clark, of Bethany Rest Home for Girls, would convince any critic that this work has been a most remarkable help to us.

The Children's Aid Society desires to give credit to Mr. and Mrs. Martin, of the House of Refuge, together with Mr. H. J. Bowman, under whose supervision they are laboring, for their excellent work, taking over many young women who are feeble-

minded and a nuisance to the municipality in which they live. The work accomplished under their very able leadership goes only to demonstrate that every municipality throughout the Province could well look after its feeble-minded women and thus save the public from great financial and moral losses. C. R. MILLER.

Children Dealt With.—Made wards of the Society, 34; placed in foster homes, 83; girls apprenticed by Bethany Home, 68; total children placed or apprenticed, 151. Boys and girls in mischief, 56; children disciplined in detention room, 14; children placed under our parole by court, 5. Children placed in institutions: Home of the Good Shepherd, 2; Father Baker's Institute, 1; Sanatorium for Consumptives, 1; Hospital for Feeble-minded, 1; Alexandra Industrial School, 1; child sent to V. I. S., 1; foundling children provided for, 4. Total children dealt with, 283.

Slum Houses—Trying to keep cool.

WELLAND COUNTY.

OFFICERS.

President—J. W. Marshall.

Secretary—John Flower.

Representatives—Welland, J. Gilmore and Mrs. Hardison; Bertie, E. O. Disher; Humberstone village and township, Charles Steele; Chippawa, Dr. Grey; Willoughby, W. A. Dell; Crowland, Alex. Asher; Stamford, John Gallinger; Thorold Township, John Kottmeier; Thorold, J. H. Thompson; Pelham, B. A. Pattison; Wainfleet, Rev. Mr. Younger; Port Colborne, Mrs. MacDonald; Fort Erie, Mr. Dodds; Bridgeburg, J. G. Rathvon.

Some of the matters dealt with by the Welland Society during the year were as follows: Girl of fifteen living with mother and stepfather had for several years been ill treated, beaten, poorly clad and fed and not sent to school. Parents brought before magistrate, home found for the girl who was not satisfied in it, and was placed in the Alexandra Industrial School in Toronto.

Family living in county, complaints received that mother is immoral and drinks, children not sent to school, home ill kept. This home was visited, the parents summoned before magistrate, children committed to care of the Society and subsequently fewer complaints received from neighbors.

A home in town slovenly and forlorn, caused by drink, mother worse than father. Children irregular at school. This home visited and parents warned. Some improvement thereafter in appearance of children and their attendance at school, though not much improvement in the character of the home.

A husband deserted by wife wished to have homes found for two children, but reconciliation of parents effected and family now apparently doing well.

On January 30 the President and Secretary waited upon the President and Vice-President of Niagara Falls branch to discuss the problem of a shelter for Niagara Falls City and the County of Welland.

On Feb. 4, the above mentioned officers of Niagara Falls presented the case to the Welland County Council. A committee of the County Council and a committee of Niagara Falls City Council have been appointed to confer with committees of both societies regarding the matter of a shelter.

A Warm Night.

WELLINGTON COUNTY (GUELPH).

Honorary President—Dr. Brock.
President—Sheriff Allen.
First Vice-President—Mrs. Goldie.
Second Vice-President—Mr. Buckland.
Secretary—Miss Mahen.
Treasurer—T. G. McMaster.
Solicitor—W. E. Buckingham.
Auditor—Geo. Chapman.
Physicians—Dr. Walsh, Dr. W. O. Stewart, Dr. D. Foster.
Veterinary Surgeons—Dr. Davidson, Dr. Harvey, Dr. Grenside.

The children of to-day are the men and women of to-morrow. Upon them will rest the destiny of the nation, as upon us it now rests. To care for these green shoots and train them to grow up able to bear through the storms of life and its temptations is the noble work of the Children's Aid and Humane Society of Guelph and the County of Wellington, which held its annual meeting November 25, 1913, in the Y.M.C.A.

Mrs. O'Sullivan of the Mercer Reformatory; Mr. J. J. Kelso, and Mayor Samuel Carter were there to inspire and encourage the workers with interesting addresses descriptive of the need for the society and the progress it has made.

The Treasurer, T. G. McMaster, presented his report, as follows:

Receipts.		*Disbursements.*	
Balance on hand	$476 52	Inspector's salary (part)	$519 96
Young Ladies' Auxiliary	1,222 18	Toward expenses	109 10
Inspector	428 90	Matron's salary	499 92
County grant	700 00	Office rent	75 60
City grant	700 00	Shelter maintenance	1,906 84
Sundry societies	62 30	Printing, etc.	255 46
Sundry parties	45 07	Balance	293 51
Mite boxes	25 42		
	$3,660 39		$3,660 39

Mr. McMaster drew attention to the very excellent work being done from year to year by the Young Ladies' Auxiliary. He also expressed his satisfaction that the county grant had been raised to the same amount as the city grant, and hoped that in view of the increasing number of children who had been dealt with, both in the city and the county, the municipalities would see their way to make at least a small increase for the coming year.

MENTAL GYMNASTICS.

Inspector Amos Tovell gave an interesting review of the year's work:

The field is a large one, including the County of Wellington, as well as the City of Guelph. One general visit to reach one hundred and sixty wards placed in foster homes, called me into every corner of these counties. Each child was seen personally. Enquiries were made about health, conduct, school attendance, Sunday school and church habits, etc.

Children in the Shelter, November 31st, 1912, 13; received during the year, 57; total 70. Of this number 37 belonged to the city, 29 to the country and four to other places.

These have been disposed of in the following ways: Placed in foster homes, 21; returned to their parents, 22; died in hospitals, infants, 2; sent to industrial schools, 2; discharged, 2; ran away, 1; sent to Scotland, 1.

During the year 18 children were committed to the Society as wards. Five were sent to the Shelter for discipline. Many were admitted to help their parents in time of sickness or for other reasons. By much the greater number of children dealt with do not come to the Shelter. One hundred and eighty-five cases relative to school attendance received attention. Twelve cases of children working in factories were brought to my notice and were dealt with.

About 135 visits were made to homes during the year and about 560 children received more or less attention.

HARRISTON BRANCH.

The committee in charge of the work at Harriston is as follows. Mrs. James McMurchie, Mrs. J. J. Lavery, Mrs. W. F. Brisben, Mrs. Found, and Miss Gertrude Leighton, and Messrs. J. J. Lavery, James McAuley, A. H. Lambert, F. G. Blackhart, the Mayor, and the resident ministers.

PALMERSTON BRANCH.

President—Rev. R. F. Nie.
Vice-President—Rev. Geo. T. Watts.
Secretary—Miss M. McCaughrin.
Treasurer—G. Y. Donaldson.

WENTWORTH COUNTY.

President—Sheriff Middleton.
Secretary—John S. Fry, Dundas.

A Society has been formed to cover the work in the County of Wentworth (outside Hamilton) and they have already had many families visited and are keeping them under supervision. There is, however, great need for an agent giving all his time to looking after neglected children and organizing the work throughout the county.

YORK COUNTY.

President—G. S. Henry, M.P.P., Oriole.
Secretary—R. W. Phillips, Toronto.
Treasurer—W. D. Annis, Scarboro.
Inspector—R. P. Coulson, Stouffville.

A forward step was taken by the City Council, when after repeated requests they agreed to make a grant toward the salary of a Children's Aid officer. Mr. Coulson was appointed and has done some good work during the past few months. He reports as follows:

Some time ago the County Council appointed a committee or board, giving them power to organize a branch of the Children's Aid Society for the County. I was asked to attend a meeting of the committee in the County Council Chambers on the first of October last, with the result that I accepted the appointment of Inspector for the County, largely as an experiment to begin with, and since that time the work has been mostly that of organization, and the consideration of ways and means to carry on the work. So far, the County has done nothing in the way of providing a temporary shelter for children. I may say I have secured one or two places where children can be placed for a short time.

I find that the great bulk of the work is, and will be, in what is known as the shack districts lying contiguous to the city. Owing to large families (mostly English) who are landed in Toronto by over zealous emigrant agents, and having very little means, and where cheap labour (foreign) and high rents, drive them into the townships bordering on the city, these districts soon become thickly settled with no attempt at sanitation whatever, and where whole families are huddled together in one to three roomed shacks. As a result, the environment is bad, the water impure, and as a matter of fact, many of these districts are veritable hotbeds of disease and immorality. The Township Council should secure legislation whereby they can control building restrictions, and until this is done, matters will be worse instead of better.

Children in Foster Homes.

The past three weeks I have been visiting and reporting upon the different wards who are placed in homes throughout the county. Children ranging in age from 15 months to 18 years of age, and I may say the result has been most gratifying indeed, with the exception of possibly 3 or 4, the children have exceptionally good homes; are being well treated, well educated, and many of them have bright futures before them. As a result of my visits I have come to the conclusion that there is no work that a man, or body of men, a community, or a government could enter into that would give better results to future generations, or to the present welfare of communities, than that of rescuing from bad environment and evil associations, and placing them in good homes, those children, who of necessity, are growing up in ignorance and vice. I sincerely hope that York County, that is noted for its pure-bred horses and cattle, will at least take the same interest in the improving of and upbuilding of the human race, which is of vastly more importance, to the world at large.

Improved Shelter at Sault Ste. Marie.

Industrial Schools

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS

WHEN the Industrial Schools were established in the suburbs of Toronto they were considered safely removed from city influences, but to-day they are almost within the city limits. Sooner or later they must be moved farther away and be provided with ample farm acreage. The Victoria School, with its average of three hundred pupils is heavily handicapped by its proximity to the city and its chronically overcrowded cottages. The need for removal to a farm of three or four hundred acres is growing acute, and some action looking to a change should be taken at once.

Population of Schools.

On Dec. 31st, 1913, the population of the four schools was as follows:

Victoria	293
St. John's	73
Alexandra	102
St. Mary's	31
	499

Maintenance.

Amount paid by Government to Industrial Schools for part maintenance of children, at the rate of twenty-five cents per day. In addition, various municipalities paid at the rate of eighteen cents per day for each pupil.

—	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913
	$	$	$	$	$	$
Victoria	21,170 37	23,068 26	25,503 48	28,992 45	27,578 94	28,984 37
Alexandra	7,188 50	8,267 43	8,964 32	9,230 65	9,619 76	10,080 47
St. John's	6,858 25	7,038 07	7,474 65	7,687 08	7,222 66	7,169 69
St, Mary's	1,660 76	1,633 75	1,981 20	2,646 41	2,777 81	2,789 99
Totals	36,877 88	40,007 51	43,923 65	48,556 59	47,199 17	49,024 52

VICTORIA INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

J. J. Kelso, Esq., Superintendent Neglected and Dependent Children of Ontario.

SIR,—I have the honour of presenting the following report for the year ending December 31, 1913.

School Attendance.

The number of boys in attendance on December 31st, 1912, was 291. During the year we received 179, including several who had been returned; some to await new situations and others for a further period of detention for purposes of discipline and education. It is sometimes difficult to keep boys in country homes, especially when their parents live in the cities. They find some excuse for leaving and eventually find their way back to the school.

I regret to have to report the death of four boys during the year. We transferred 3 boys to other institutions, deported 2 and 168 left the school, 43 of the latter were sent to foster homes. The number in the school on December 31st, 1913, was 293. It is the intention of the Board of Management to try to keep the attendance down to 275, as this is about the maximum number for which we have accommodation.

Causes of Committal.

65	were sent for	general incorrigibility.	5	were sent for	Indecent Assault
67	" "	Theft.	9	" "	Vagrancy.
11	" "	Burglary.	1	was sent for	Incest.
2	" "	Incendiarism.	1	" "	Drunkenness.
3	" "	Horse stealing.			

Age at the Time of Committal.

1	was 8	years of age.	48	were 14	years of age.
5	were 9	years of age.	30	" 15	" "
16	" 10	" "	10	" 16	" "
17	" 11	" "	4	" 17	" "
21	" 12	" "	1	was 18	" "
11	" 13	" "			

The average age was 13 years.

We have had a fairly successful year in our work. The industrial departments have been conducted under capable and painstaking instructors and the quality of the work done by the boys has been uniformly good. Many of them have received a training which should prove of great service to them. They have also had the opportunity of receiving instruction in the school of letters in the more important subjects of the public school curriculum. Unfortunately, we are hampered for the want of room in this department, two of the classes are taught in the basement of our school building. Owing to the presence of several feeble-minded boys in the junior classes the best results are not possible. In order to accomplish good work, there should be added two more rooms where a small number of this class could be taught. In teaching them with the normal boys we are unfair to both. However, in spite of these handicaps, our teachers have done admirable work. The system that gives a boy the half of each day at school, and the other half in shop, is an excellent one for boys who have not taken kindly to school.

NEW WORK.

Our heating system has been entirely overhauled and the vacuum system installed. The result has been entirely satisfactory and we have now a heating plant quite adequate for all our needs. The cost of these changes has been $4,046, taken from maintenance revenue.

For many years we have tried to get the means to build a swimming pool. It is now an accomplished fact owing to the generosity of the late Mr. Herbert Mason. A wing has been added to the gymnasium containing the bath. Every week the boys have a plunge. It is the intention of the management to add a director of sports to the staff; a part of his duty will be the teaching of swimming. In addition to our ordinary expenditure on maintenance we have expended $6,594 on permanent improvements as will be seen in the appended statement of receipts and expenditures.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

C. FERRIER.

Receipts.

Municipalities, ordinary revenue	$18,814 87
Government, ordinary revenue	28,724 45
Boys' parents	770 86
	$48,310 18

Expenditure.

Maintenance:		
Farm	$1,760 17	
Provisions	11,383 02	
Clothing	6,077 79	
Furnishings	511 80	
Household supplies	1,390 97	
Fuel and light	4,921 70	
Repairs	2,270 87	
Printing	302 59	
Salaries	14,047 03	
Insurance	613 80	
Interest	1,443 80	
Miscellaneous	2,859 29	
		$47,582 83
Permanent Improvements:		
Miscellaneous improvements	$1,393 98	
Sidewalks	355 90	
Barn	641 01	
Heating plant	4,046 60	
Hydro plant	156 88	
		$6,594 37

ALEXANDRA INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

J. J. Kelso, Esq., Superintendent Neglected and Dependent Children, Ontario.

SIR,—Allow me to submit the following report of the Alexandra Industrial School for Girls, East Toronto, for the year ending December 31st, 1913:

Number of girls in attendance January 1st, 1913	102
Number committed during the year	75
Number returned, having broken parole	12
Number returned from Courts	2
Number returned temporarily for change of situation	15
Total number of pupils during the year	206

The number paroled during the year was 85.

Number in School January 1st, 1914, 121.

WHY COMMITTED.

Insane	3	Immorality	15
Feeble-minded	12	Incorrigible	16
Theft	5	Bad homes, with impossible conditions	23
Arson	1		

The parentage of those committed is as follows:—

Canadian	44	Russian	1
English	18	Colored	4
Scotch	1	Indian	1
Hungarian	1	United States	4

AGE COMMITTED.

Twenty-one were 16.
Thirty-two were 15.
Ten were 14.
Seven were 13.
And five were under 12.

Of the 48 girls paroled for the first time this year, 32 are doing well, 11 fairly, while only 5 have failed absolutely to make good, three of these last being of defective mentality, who should never be exposed to life's dangers.

The work of the School has been, on the whole, progressing favorably. There is a very good spirit among the girls in general, and more enthusiasm is shown for honest work and healthful sport.

The School of Letters, though much disturbed all through last winter by the building operations, is holding its own, and since the reopening in September the teachers are finding their work much pleasanter on account of the bright, well-ventilated rooms. The girls as a whole are also doing much better work and seem anxious to make the most of their opportunities for education. There are at present 26 pupils in the Fourth Class, 28 in the Third, 28 in the Second, and 26 in the lower grades. It is in this latter class that we have most of the mentally defective.

We are also finding the benefit of our new laundry building, as better work is possible there, and better supervision. The work is also pleasanter, and all educators will understand that to accomplish good work one must succeed in making it *happy* work.

We were informed by the inspector for the insurance company that our risk of fire was minimized by our style of building and our laundry arrangements, and that in this respect ours is one of the best laundries inspected.

The improvements and changes made in the Administration Building are altogether most satisfactory, giving us rooms for the isolation of new comers, a small hospital wing where complete isolation can be secured if necessary, a dental and medical room,

good storage for the central stock of dry goods and groceries, a domestic science classroom, and several other conveniences. The new flat of bedrooms over the schoolrooms gives us better sleeping accommodation, so that we can now house 116 without crowding.

Not the least in our list of improvements is our gymnasium. This large basement room is of insufficient height for much fancy apparatus, but gives us good ground space for excellent work, and room for games and exercise in stormy weather, which is much appreciated and of great value educationally. All our girls are drafted into physical culture classes twice each week, and we already see the benefit of this work in more ways than one.

During the summer we have done a great deal towards fitting up our playgrounds. We have now two sets of five good steel swings, two basket-ball grounds, and graded space for croquet, bowling, etc. We have two fairly roomy outdoor rinks and a fine toboggan slide for winter weather, though we shall not be able to give our girls the skating we would wish till we are made more independent of the weather by a covered rink. Several of the cottage officers have done good work in organizing games and sports, so that in this respect we have had a good year.

From 50 to 60 girls daily were out fruit-picking in the neighborhood for about six weeks of the summer vacation, and the money thus earned has been spent in the purchase and installation of a very good lantern, which is a source of joy as well as a means of education. There was also sufficient money earned to supply every pupil in the School with Sunday School papers for the year 1914.

Another great undertaking of the summer was the painting and decorating of the interior of most of the buildings—in all 81 rooms and 13 large halls. This work was all done by our girls under an instructor, and has been pronounced excellent work.

A glimpse of the way in which we try to train our pupils in industry and a well-ordered life, flavored with normal and innocent recreation, may be had by one or two extracts from the girls' time-tables, which are revised three times a year.

A. B.—Rise, 6.30; breakfast, 7; prayers, 7.30; bedroom work, 8 to 9; school, 9 to 12; dinner and short outdoor recreation; dressmaking, 1 to 4.30; outdoor sports, 4.30 to 5.30; tea, recreation, free time (indoors in winter, outdoors in summer), 6 to 7; supervised study, 7 to 8.30; prayers and bed.

C. D.—Rise, 6.30; breakfast, 7; prayers, 7.30; laundry, 8 to 12; dinner and short recreation; school, 1 to 3.30; mending, 3.30 to 4.30; outdoor sports, 4.30 to 5.30; tea; evening recreation, 6 to 7; supervised study, 7 to 8.30; prayers and bed.

The Sewing Department is steadily progressing. More than 700 dresses have been made during the year, besides over 1,500 undergarments and aprons, and an infinity of mending. Thirty-two girls have been instructed in dressmaking through the year. Forty-six girls have had training in cooking, 70 in laundry work, and all in housework and elementary sewing.

The majority of the pupils improve remarkably in health, with good care, good food and a well-ordered life. Dr. Wells looks after our dentistry, and 96 cases have been treated by her during the year.

We have now 160 pupils out on parole, and all are kept in close touch with the School by regular visits from our Visiting Inspector, by monthly letters from the Superintendent, by small presents at Christmas, and by occasional visits to the School when at a distance, and monthly visits when near by. We had twenty-five of our outside girls "at home" with us for some part of the Christmas holidays.

Ten of our girls were married during the year—all, except two, with our consent and approval. One very pretty wedding was at the School and was the occasion of a greatly enjoyed festivity to the girls. Our festivals throughout the year have been greatly enjoyed, and in many cases of decided educational value. We believe that the best way of eliminating the evil is to supply the good and pure and interesting in recreation. We have had about twenty parties, picnics, concerts and entertainments during the year.

We still have many needs in connection with our work. We should be baking our

own bread, both for the sake of food value and training—but we cannot afford the bake-oven. We should have a special dressmaking room, where that work could be carried on with the older girls without being subject to the interruptions of the ordinary cottage sewing-room—but we cannot afford the salary.

We should have an absolutely separate cottage for the older and more hardened returned girls, or else special provision made for them in the Provincial Reformatory.

We should have more land for outdoor employments, which have the greatest possible regenerating influence, and would become in course of time a source of revenue to the School—but these are all as yet Castles in Spain, for we have scarcely the wherewithal for our daily needs. At the present high rate of living, and at our present per capita income, we shall soon have to get into debt or to fall behind in our work of making over young citizens for our country.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Respectfully yours,

LUCY W. BROOKING.

MAINTENANCE ACCOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDING APRIL 30TH, 1913.

Receipts.

To balance on hand April 30th, 1912		$1,933 39
Cash from municipalities	$7,179 26	
" from parents	460 50	
" from Ontario Government (1½ years)	14,389 41	
" Toronto Railway	80 00	
" Christmas donations	17 00	
		22,126 17
		$24,059 56

Expenditure.

By Provisions	$5,117 05	
" Clothing	1,789 97	
" Salaries	4,386 67	
" Fuel, light and water	2,212 59	
" General furnishings	127 86	
" Garden and stock	860 83	
" Repairs	610 53	
" Insurance	480 00	
" Medical and dental expenses	572 77	
" Engraving debentures and valuation fee	80 00	
" Travelling expenses, board in Haven, etc.	496 95	
" Miscellaneous	1,574 09	
" Transferred to Permanent Improvement Account	506 61	
		$18,815 92
" Balance on hand		5,243 64
		$24,059 56

ST. JOHN'S INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

Mr. J. J. Kelso, Superintendent of Neglected and Dependent Children of Ontario.

SIR,—I have the honor to submit the following report of the St. John's Industrial School for the year ending December 31st, 1913:—

Number of pupils in attendance January 1st	73
Number committed during the year	56
Number re-committed	11
Number returned temporarily	13

Pupils placed, 90, 44 of whom were returned home.
There were 65 pupils in the School on December 31st, 1913.
Average age at entrance, 13 years.
Average time in the School, 10½ months.

AGE.

1 was	8 years of age.	8 were	13 years of age.
4 were	9 years of age.	6 "	14 " "
5 "	10 " "	13 "	15 " "
9 "	11 " "	2 "	16 " "
6 "	12 " "	2 were over 16 years of age	

Of the 56 new pupils, 21 were from Toronto.

Why Committed.—For intemperance, 1; for burglary, 2; for vagrancy, 2; for destitution, 3; for theft, 15; for incorrigibleness, 16; for truancy, 17.

The number of pupils on the register at the close of the year is smaller than hitherto. But the reason for this deficiency can be satisfactorily accounted for.

With a deep feeling of gratitude to the Giver of every perfect gift, there is much to be thankful for and but little to regret in the results for the year. There was no case of infectious disease, and in only two instances was there a prolonged sickness

Work in the classrooms was carried on with zeal and perseverance. Most of the children being backward in schooling and lacking ambition, a heavy burden was thrown upon the teachers; the report of the Inspector, Mr. Power, was favorable, and he was satisfied that much substantial work was being done.

His Grace Archbishop McNeil, not unlike his predecessors, takes a great deal of interest in the School. At the beginning of this year he assigned to the institution a resident priest in the person of the Very Rev. W. R. Harris, LL.D. This was a singularly happy appointment. Dean Harris has no difficulty in winning the good-will of the boys and of inspiring them with confidence in themselves. Excellent results both for time and eternity have been achieved since his coming.

It is hardly necessary to add that the aim of the School is the reformation and the moral training of boys with a view to their ultimately becoming good citizens and worthy members of society. The character of a boy who had been for two or three years associated with bad companions cannot be successfully changed in the course of a few months' discipline. More time is required, coupled on the part of the staff with tact and patient perseverance. The results of the past are gratifying. Boys placed in foster homes, as well as those returned to their former abodes show, with exceptions of course, the efficiency of discipline. The Superintendent keeps in touch, so far as possible, by correspondence and by Inspector's reports, with outside pupils. He is pleased to be able to state that the percentage of boys getting along satisfactorily is large. A few days ago an ex-pupil wrote: "I have a good job and am making $1.50 a

day. I can assure you that I feel greater enjoyment in recreating myself with this than by spending stolen money." The father of another ex-pupil writes with deep feeling of gratitude for the welcome change he notices in the boy's conduct.

I am, faithfully yours,

BROTHER ABNIS.

February 9th, 1914.

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31ST, 1913.

Receipts.

To Municipalities	$4,731 03
Government grant	7,066 72
Other sources	190 21
Bank loan	1,500 00
	$13,487 96

Expenditures.

By Bank overdraft, 1912	$159 57
Wages	2,607 79
House expense	7,510 64
Building	3,050 19
Interest	42 26
Cash in bank	117 51
	$13,487 96

ST. MARY'S INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

Mr. J. J. Kelso, Inspector Industrial Schools.

SIR,—In December, 1912, there were in residence 29 pupils. During the year 1913 13 pupils were received and 11 were discharged, leaving 31 pupils in the School December 30th, 1913.

Mentally and physically these 31 children are much the same as in former years. We should say that 15 are feeble-minded, 5 bordering on imbecility, 10 diseased in body, while 11 might be considered sound mentally, morally and physically. This we should consider a fair and reasonable estimate.

The pupils are, during school hours, under the tuition of a First Class professional teacher. Their course of studies follows the prescribed course for Public and Separate Schools. Mr. J. F. Power makes his inspectoral visit each school term.

The pupils outside of school hours and on Saturdays are assiduously trained in all womanly duties. This includes plain and fancy needlework, dressmaking, millinery, cooking, housekeeping, personal cleanliness, music, mending and darning.

Their hours of recreation are spent in healthful plays and games, while on rainy days and holidays a well stocked library of interesting books makes the time pass all too quickly.

Of the eleven discharged during the year 1913, one was transferred to the other department by order of her father, a hard-working, respectable man, who does not at present want his daughter to leave the convent; two were returned on account of immoral conduct, and the remaining eight are doing well so far as we know.

At present there is no sickness among the pupils. They are trying hard to do well and give satisfaction to their different mistresses. A number of them are respectably connected and their improvement traced by fond parents, who are glad to know that they are safe with the nuns.

We trust that this summary will be quite satisfactory, and we remain,

Yours respectfully,

ST. MARY'S INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

Juvenile Immigration

COLONIZING YOUNG BRITONS

THERE has been no increase in the number of agencies bringing children to Ontario from the Mother Land and there has been a slight reduction in the number of children brought out during the past year. The inspection of these homes is conducted by Mr. G. Bogue Smart, for the Dominion Government.

The following table will show at a glance the extent of the operations carried on:

Agencies	Boys	Girls	Total
The Dublin Coombe, Hespeler	18	12	30
Dr. Barnardo's Homes	460	353	813
Catholic Emigration Society	193	59	252
Quarrier Home, Brockville	94	88	182
Fegan Home, Toronto	117	.....	117
Miss Birt Distributing Home	101	63	164
Manchester Agency, Belleville	47	15	62
McPherson Home, Stratford	118	97	215
Salvation Army	93	28	121
Stephenson's Home, Hamilton	83	3	86
Church of England Home, Niagara-on-the-Lake	.....	29	29
	1,131	688	1,819

DR BARNARDO'S HOMES.

February 5, 1914.

J J KELSO, Esq.,

Superintendent Neglected and Dependent Children,

Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

SIR,—I beg to report with reference to our operations for the past year that we received from our Institutions in England and placed in Ontario a total of 813 children, including 460 boys and 353 girls. These young people crossed the Atlantic in three detachments, sailing on the 12th March, 12th June and 25th September respectively. Every child sent out had been under training in one or other of the Homes in England, and the majority of them had been for long periods under the care of the Institutions. All had passed a strict and searching medical examination with the object of assuring that every young emigrant was sound and healthy, and neither weak-minded or constitutionally defective. With the arrival of our second party we passed the 25,000 limit and our Institutions have now brought to Canada and placed out that number of young people since the commencement of our operations thirty-two years ago. During the year we have maintained in full operation the system of after-care of the children placed out in situations or foster homes. We are now employing a staff of fourteen individuals, men and women whose time is exclusively devoted to visiting children in their homes, inspecting the surroundings in which they are placed, and reporting upon their welfare. Cases of ill-treatment or of unsuitability of homes have, I am glad to say, been exceedingly few, and we have, I think, been generally very fortunate in our selection of places for the children. There has been no diminution in the demand and if we could have brought out as many thousands as we have brought hundreds there would have been no difficulty in providing well for all the newcomers. Our children do not contribute to the

congestion of population in the cities and towns, but they go to the country and in most cases remain there. The health of the children has been remarkably satisfactory during the year, and in cases where there has been any breakdown in health, such cases have been treated and cared for at our Home for Boys in Toronto, or for Girls in Peterborough. At both these Institutions trained nurses are employed and we have our own Medical Officer whose time is exclusively occupied in caring for the health of the members of our large family.

A small number of children have been returned to England during the year, either on account of their having failed in health or having seriously misconducted themselves. These deportations are effected in accordance with the principle which has always been adhered to that any child who has been brought out by Dr. Barnado's Homes and who has proved or seems likely to prove a failure and a burden or source of trouble to the community, shall be sent back at the expense of the Institutions.

A. B. Owen,

Superintendent.

MRS. SMYLY'S HOMES, DUBLIN, IRELAND.

Hespeler, January 25th, 1914.

Dear Sir,—In reply to your letter of Feb. 3rd, we have received from Dublin, at the above Home during the year 30 children altogether, 12 girls and 18 boys. The average age would work out at over 14 years. The children placed out in the past seem to be doing well or to have found favor with the people if we may judge from the number of applications received. During the year 1913, we received 180 written applications for boys and 90 for girls. I say written, because this does not include the number who are constantly calling at the Home and making verbal inquiries.

During the year all the children under our care for whom we are directly responsible were visited and in nearly every case were found to be doing well. We also make a point to keep in touch with those over the age thus helping and advising them as they grow up.

Yours sincerely,

Arthur Pullam.

CATHOLIC EMIGRATION ASSOCIATION.

St. George's Home. 1153 Wellington Street, Ottawa, Ont.

February 11th, 1914.

J. J. Kelso, Esq., Toronto.

Dear Sir,—During the year 1913, we received in all 252 children, comprising 193 boys and 59 girls. The average ages of these children were boys 15 years, and girls 14 years. Of the boys 83 were placed in the Province of Ontario, and 110 in the Province of Quebec. Of the girls, 10 were placed in the Province of Ontario, and 44 in the Province of Quebec, the majority of these going to Montreal, and 5 were sent to relatives in this country.

The total number of children under supervision on the 1st January, 1913, was 1,348. The new arrivals brought the number up to exactly 1,600, which is the number of visits made during the year.

253 children having attained their eighteenth year during 1913, their names have been removed from our Registers, leaving the total number under supervision on January 1st, 1914, at 1,307.

The number of applications received during the year was, for boys, 579, and for girls 315. Apart from these a good number of children of both sexes have been placed with old employers from whom by reason of our intimate knowledge of their homes, circumstances and personalities no formal application is exacted. Further, owing to the very small number of children received this year, and our inability to satisfy the demand, we have refused and are constantly refusing applications.

The visiting is done by Mr. E. J. Collingwood, and two of the Sisters, who are practically always on the road. Their reports on the children are mostly very satisfactory. A few employers have been reported as neglecting to clothe and care for the child in a proper manner, a few more neglecting to send the child to school. In each case the child has been recalled and replaced to better advantage.

The wages received on behalf of the children during the past year amounted to $22,237.00. The amount repaid to the children who attained their eighteenth year, during the same period was $18,708.00.

Yours truly,

MOTHER EVANGELIST O'KEEFE,
Agent.

ORPHAN HOMES OF SCOTLAND.

Brockville, February 9th, 1914

MR. J. J. KELSO, Toronto.

DEAR SIR,—In April, 1913, we received from Scotland 94 boys, of whom 33 were under 14 years and 61 over 14 years. In June, we received 88 girls, of whom 47 were under 14 years and 41 were over 14 years old. These children have practically all been placed within 100 miles of Brockville.

The year has been especially marked by the effort we have made to get 9 months schooling for all our children under fourteen. This has involved much work and many removals; but we have felt it to be a very necessary work. It has caused a decline in applications for younger children.

The applications for older children are, as usual, many times greater than we are able to supply. Wages paid are far better than in the past and the class of homes where children are placed is improving.

ROBERT GRIERSON,
Superintendent.

MR. FEGAN'S HOME.

295 GEORGE STREET, TORONTO.

January 4, 1914.

DEAR SIR,—We brought out in 1913, 117 boys. The average age was 15 years, and all were placed on farms in Ontario within a radius of 100 miles from Toronto. The demand for this help is as great as ever, and we always have far more applications than we can fill. Our boys have received good wages and have voluntarily sent a New Year's gift to the Governor, of $50.20 to help other poor boys out to Canada.

GEO. GREENWAY,
Superintendent.

KNOWLTON DISTRIBUTING HOME.

Knowlton, Que., 10th February, 1914.

During 1913 we received 164 children, 101 boys and 63 girls. Average age 10 to 17, though 5 or 6 were younger. Suitable homes were easily found for all, and even for the younger ones little difficulty was found in getting good homes without boarding out.

In addition to the above, three of our old girls who had been back to England on visits, returned with our parties and were soon happily settled either in their old places or elsewhere.

Our children are settled in the English speaking portions of Quebec and in Eastern Ontario.

JOHN S. ROUGH,
Superintendent.

MANCHESTER HOME, BELLEVILLE.

The number of boys received was 47, average age 14, and the number of girls received was 15, average age 13. They have been placed out in the eastern part of the Province around Peterborough. Boys are out as far east as Iroquois.

Regarding the visiting, I expect to do that myself.

Rev. Robert Wallace the superintendent for many years past withdrew from the work on July 1st, 1913, on which date I began the duties of superintendent under the Manchester and Salford Boys' and Girls' Refuges and Homes, England.

HERBERT O. KNIGHT.

MACPHERSON HOME, STRATFORD.

As in the year before, we brought to this country from London, England, three parties, containing in all 215 young people. The first party arrived in Quebec on the Allan S. S. "*Corsican*," on 13th May. This first party consisted of 68 boys and 31 girls, or 99 altogether. The second party arrived at Quebec on the Allan S. S. "*Tunisian*," and consisted of 45 boys and 56 girls, a total of 101 souls. The third party was smaller, just 15 young folks in charge of one of the lady workers from England. There were 5 boys and 10 girls, and they arrived at Quebec on the Allan S. S. "*Virginian*." The total number of boys for the year is 118; that of the girls is 97.

The average age for both boys and girls, we find, is slightly over 13—more than a year above that of 1912. Only one of these children—a little girl—has been sent out of our regular and easily reached territory of Western Ontario. This little girl is in Ontario Province still, on Manitoulin Island, and has been adopted by very kind folks there. Nearly all of the boys and girls have gone on to farms, a few only of the girls going into towns and cities as servants. We do not "board" children out.

One gentleman and one lady have composed our visiting staff this year. Mrs. Merry, however, has visited a number of girls in the larger cities this year. Three boys were deported by us during the year. They all were in need of medical treatment that could be more easily secured in the Old Country, and we accordingly sent them back.

There have been the usual number of family re-unions, again this year, and we have heard of or been present at the marriages of several of the boys and girls. We still find that quite an appreciable number of the older children out of our care, go to the West and homestead. Several children passed the Entrance Examination last June. One boy, who has been adopted by a couple, secured the highest marks in Perth County, and gained a County Scholarship. He is attending the Collegiate Institute. We know of other children, through the country, who are thus extending their education by attending High School.

W. H. MERRY,
Superintendent.

SALVATION ARMY.

The total number brought to Ontario under the auspices of the Salvation Army was 121; average age, 10-15; number placed in foster homes, 50; sex, male, 93; female, 28.

Inspection.—Visits are made periodically to all homes by members of our staff here, under the direct supervision of our Major, J. McGillvray (an officer of wide experience in the placing of children) who has recently been appointed to this branch of our work, assistance also being given by our representatives at Montreal and London.

Visiting Representative from England.—Each year a representative of our Boys' Department, from International Headquarters, London, England, visits Canada, securing reports in detail as to the well being of all boys and girls brought out to this country, under our auspices.

Where Placed.—North and West Ontario, including City of Toronto, comprises district in which these children are placed.

Foster Homes.—In securing foster homes, three references are asked for, together with other information in detail. Homes being visited prior to, or very shortly after the placing of children therein.

D. L. CREIGHTON.
Assistant Immigration Secretary.

STEPHENSON HOME, HAMILTON.

The National Children's Home and Orphanage (founded by Dr. Stephenson); Chief Offices, 104-122 City Road, London, E.C., England; Principal, Rev. W. Hodson Smith; Secretary, Mr. Charles N. Barns.

DEAR SIR.—In reply to your enquiry I beg to say that we have received through our agency during the year 86 children; boys, 83; girls, 3. The average age is 15 years.

All the boys were placed in farm homes with one exception; the girls going to domestic service.

The party was distributed through the following Counties: Elgin, Middlesex, Lambton, Oxford, Perth, Huron, Bruce, Wellington, Halton, Peel, Simcoe, Haldimand, Norfolk, Brant, Welland, Wentworth.

We have received over five hundred applications and the demand for our boys is greater than ever. The rate of wages is higher and we receive prompt payments under our yearly contracts and to-day have no outstanding delinquents among employers.

According to our standing rule all boys under eighteen years of age have been visited by a representative from the Home at least once and in special cases two or three times; many boys over eighteen years of age have been visited when in our judgment such visit would be of any benefit to the boy.

Our reports show our boys to be well placed and to be receiving good fair treatment in the community in which they are placed. Our staff remains the same as previously reported.

FRANK HILLS.

Superintendent.

OUR WESTERN HOME (NIAGARA ON THE LAKE).

This work is carried on by the Church of England Society for providing homes for waifs and strays under the direction of Rev. Prebendary Rudolph.

The number of girls brought out during the year 1913 were one party of 29. All the girls average age 15. The majority coming from the Emigration Home at Peckham, London, arriving here on the 29th of May. All but three of the party have been placed out in good homes, and are getting on well; having with one or two exceptions been visited, and found satisfactory; those not doing well are a very small percentage, and only one has been returned. We have had during the year several marriages, but not so many as usual. Our applications, as usual, exceed by at least 300 the number of our available girls.

MRS. S. D. MANNING,

Visitor.

PLAYGROUNDS

One of Our Greatest Needs

A Plea for Future Generations of Children.

Encourage Recreation

BY means of play and wholesome recreation the spirit of youth is perpetuated and the routine of daily life is brightened with the quality of joyous exhilaration. In this way the sum total of human happiness may be vastly increased.

Countless generations of children will yet inhabit this great Dominion, and if our statesmen and philanthropists consider for a moment the claims of posterity, and wish to be regarded as of blessed memory they will advocate and carry out a more generous and far-visioned playground policy in the towns and villages now springing up on every hand, and destined in the years to come to expand into great cities, with teeming multitudes of boys and girls needing play facilities.

There is not a city or town that is at present doing anything like its full duty in this respect.

Men's thoughts have been occupied with other things, and they have to be frequently reminded that there are interests in life beside material prosperity, that health and happiness are as worthy of serious thought as any other policy of national development.

ORGANIZATION.

The best results can usually be obtained by organizing a Playgrounds Association. A comparatively small number of our large cities have done anything in this direction, and there is a big field here for enthusiastic workers. The plan of procedure is somewhat as follows: Get up a petition headed like this:

PLAYGROUNDS ASSOCIATION.

We, the undersigned, heartily approve of the organization of a playgrounds association, to secure greater recognition and appreciation of play activities, and in the event of the association being formed we pledge our support:

NAME	ADDRESS.
JAMES SMITH,	83½ King Street.
ARTHUR THOMPSON,	Chamber of Commerce.

Forty or fifty influential and representative signatures will ensure the success of the movement.

The next step would be to request the mayor or president of the Board of Trade to call a public meeting, at which three or four citizens would be prepared to advocate and explain the proposed action.

A resolution could then be submitted along these lines:

RESOLVED, that this public meeting of citizens held on this 20th day of January, 1915, do hereby unanimously decide to proceed with the organization of a playgrounds association;

That the name of the said association be— —— —— ——

That in general its object shall be TO PROMOTE HEALTHFUL RECREATION.

That the board of management consist of a president, two vice-presidents, a treasurer, a secretary, and a council composed of ten ladies and ten gentlemen, with power to appoint such other officials as they may deem expedient.

And that the following be now elected as the first board of management:
President—
Etc.

A constitution and working by-laws can easily be adopted from the rules in use by other benevolent organizations. (See page 21.)

OFF FOR A COUNTRY VACATION.

OFFICERS SHOULD BE ENTHUSIASTIC.

People should be selected for office who are really interested and willing to exert themselves to make the movement a success. Too often men are elected to office in such societies because of their prominence, and without any expectation that they will be more than figureheads. Enthusiasm can only be sustained by frequent meetings and zealous, active service.

MAKE A CAREFUL SURVEY.

Probably the first step would be to have a careful survey made of the existing playground facilities, and aim to have these supplemented by the securing of more grounds, and the better equipment and supervision of the playgrounds in use. It is a sad reflection that there are in every town splendid natural parks, groves, streams, hillsides and play spaces that are privately owned when they should belong to the whole people and be the happy meeting-place of hundreds of children. Through the force of public opinion and judicious negotiations carried on by an association, some of these beauty spots could be secured for public use, and what higher service could be rendered the community than this?

Children Love to Watch Things Grow.

BEAUTIFYING THE NEIGHBORHOOD

Then, too, very little expense is involved in the creation of free skating rinks, toboggan slides, bathing and swimming ponds on a river or lake-side, the conversion of unused public property into a neighborhood park or playground, the planting of trees and flowers, the organization of free bowling and tennis clubs, play festivals, open-air band concerts, social centres in schools, armories and other public buildings, encouraging the study of natural history, the importation of song birds, and, in short, giving full expression to the innate love of the beautiful, the aesthetic, the artistic. Life has a constant tendency to become prosaic and commonplace; the playgrounds association can introduce a hundred counteracting influences, and be of untold benefit to the community. Even the purchase and judicious distribution of flowering shrubs and vines would change the whole appearance of a dull neighborhood and give pleasure and inspiration to thousands.

THEREFORE, by all means, get a playgrounds association started, and take up some of these much-needed improvements.

NOTES.

FOLLOWING will be found some random thoughts and suggestions intended for the help and encouragement of playground workers. Use these ideas freely, in schools, pulpits and press, and, as a result, may playgrounds, properly equipped, and supervised by genuine child-lovers spring up everywhere, diffusing health and joyousness among all the young people of our country!

The revival of folk-dancing is one of the beneficial results of the playground movement.

No better way of doing good than to buy and present to your home town a few acres of land to be used forever as a playground.

STARTING ON LIFE'S VOYAGE.

A supervised playground was opened in a certain neighborhood where juvenile crime had been prevalent. In a week or two this evil had practically disappeared. Idleness leads to wrongdoing. Busily and pleasantly occupied, and with leaders interested in their welfare, the boys will usually be found responsive to good influences.

We are not here to work all day,
But need a little time to play.

Children will always desert the playground that is not under the constant direction of enthusiastic leaders. Vide, the average schoolyard after hours. They want the excitement and variety of action—the quick succession of interesting events.

Not infrequently one sees a fine tract of public ground used only as a dumping place for rubbish, while a short distance off hundreds of children are loitering on busy streets and hanging about the doors of motion-picture theatres.

A morbid, nervous condition in a child is deplorable. Too often this results from a sedentary indoor life, and the forming of wrongful habits, through ignorance. The remedy, or better still, the preventative, is the active open-air life, under the guidance of a play leader.

Some day the qualified and trained supervisor of play will be the popular children's doctor. His prescription will be made up of fresh air, sunshine, activity and laughter. Old-fashioned physic will then be thrown to the dogs (poor dogs! why should they be punished thus?).

Proper organization of social effort would eliminate much of the misery and expense involved in charity work. Thoroughness is needed in locating and attacking the causes of distress.

Does Your Memory Go Back This Far?

Any wealthy person who wishes to leave behind him an honored name should donate a playground to his town or city.

Why are people sick? Ignorance of nature's laws, unsanitary methods of living, overheated rooms, lack of fresh air, poorly arranged work rooms and factories, poisonous gases and dust, foul air, exclusion of sunlight—sure forerunners of consumption.

Look around and pick out a good spot for a playground. Then organize an agitation for its purchase.

With a good play-leader the smallest space may be turned into a children's paradise.

Every city should provide its young people with free grounds for football, baseball, cricket, bowling and tennis. Reward comes back in a citizenship possessed of better health and greater efficiency.

"Evil communications corrupt good manners." The unregulated playground offers "the gang" a convenient meeting-place for lawless plotting. The enthusiasm for clean sport evoked by the supervisor turns the gang spirit into useful channels.

Not repression or suppression, but expression, is the thought that fits in here.

Boys Pleasantly Employed.

To persuade is better than to compel.

We conquer by loving.

Twenty-five boys used to gather in a vacant lot to play. One day thirty cents worth of window glass was broken, the police were notified, the lads were chased off and now there is the ominous sign on the fence, "Trespassers will be prosecuted."

A citizen one day noticed two little fellows with skates hanging on their arm looking wistfully through a crack in the fence at the other fellows having a good time. They didn't have the requisite fifteen cents. The result—over thirty free skating rinks in Toronto to-day! Glory be!

Happy children at play saves a city from falling into the abyss of sordid selfishness and pessimism.

Robert Louis Stevenson wrote of happy faces and grassy places—naturally the former is the result of the latter.

The old-fashioned church used to be surrounded by a graveyard. Why should not the modern church be surrounded by a playground? This would be a good way of interpreting and proclaiming the church's message.

You who have a summer-house in Muskoka—or some other favored spot—remember the thousands of children who live in the same crowded neighborhood all the year round. Do something for them.

Put your money into a movement that crowds sunshine and happiness into the lives of boys and girls. A playground once secured, can never be diverted from its original purpose.

The best type of citizen can be evolved only from the hearty, robust child, who has had a full and well-rounded youth, spent in cheerful and clean moral environment.

Physical training, properly regulated, stimulates the intellect, and arouses the moral qualities of courage, loyalty, self-reliance and initiative. It helps to fit the individual for the primary duties of life—those of a good citizen.

The playground movement leads in the fight against tuberculosis. It makes the child a lover of fresh air and the outdoor life, teaches chest expansion, and spreads the knowledge of hygienic principles.

The playground movement adds healthfulness, hopefulness, vivacity and buoyancy to the childlife of our populous centres.

Directing children's play opens up a new and interesting vocation for young women.

A fifty-foot lot with a sand pile and a few swings would be a big relief to tired mothers in a congested neighborhood.

Dancing is one of the most healthy and joyous of exercises. Therefore it should be under the supervision of the community, and not left in the control of unprincipled people.

A social centre stands for sympathetic neighborliness and intelligent helpfulness.

An up-to-date school should have an assembly hall, a gymnasium and swimming tank, manual and domestic training, special classes for foreign and backward children; evening classes for working children, choral classes, entertainments for parents, boys' clubs and literary societies. A social leader and the social spirit.

Children like to be usefully employed, and boys can readily be taught carpentering, plumbing and other industries as part of their play life.

Children's Fresh Air Fund Party.

Cicero recognized the dependence of the mind upon the body, and the relation of exercise to both, when he said, "It is exercise alone which supports the spirits and keeps the mind in vigor."

In a city government there is nothing that gives more satisfaction to the public and joy to the children than broadly-conceived playgrounds, rinks and toboggan slides.

If the body is weakened by disease or by inactivity the intellectual powers become enfeebled and the morals are apt to degenerate.

No one would think of turning a public building over to a mob. There must be some one in charge. A director on the playground is equally essential. Unless held in restraint, the strong oppress the weak, and mob rule prevails.

Why not substitute vines, flowers and shrubs for ash heaps, bill boards, rubbish and other things offensive to sight and smell?

Physical training, under a capable leader, and with the proper diet, will do more to build up and reform delinquent youths than any amount of moral or mental instruction. Nearly all crime is due to physical deterioration.

Provide for the children of to-day a pleasant, happy and healthy childhood, and thus materially reduce crime, misery and physical deterioration.

Let children get a sane mind in a sound body and clean heart in a clean body.

Small children wearing glasses are getting to be a common sight in this country. A traveller in Germany writes that at a children's picnic, where twelve hundred boys and girls were assembled, only two wore glasses. This he attributed to the open-air play life.

The child must have room, means and opportunity to play, or its physical being suffers and its mental faculties are correspondingly affected. As well deny air and space to the growing plant as deny the same advantages, together with active bodily exercise, to growing boys and girls.

Those who have the fewest natural advantages are those upon whom the loss of a place in which to play bears most heavily.

The larger our cities become, the more and more does the danger to the cities' children increase. The vacant lots get gradually occupied, the "commons" disappear, and the children are driven into the streets.

Boys' Clubs organized by the right people and with the right ideals can do much for future citizenship. They hold the youth at a time when the natural tendency would be toward wildness and excess. Boys must have companionship and play.

Apart from the beautiful environment which ample playgrounds afford, will not our children and those of our foreign-born citizens best learn to work together in concord, if first they have learned to play together in peace?

In addition to the many corners of public parks that could be turned to good account, there are also a large number of gardens and vacant lots whose owners would cheerfully assist if approached in the right spirit. Thousands of children are now debarred from harmless outdoor pleasures because of a three-foot fence and a locked gate on some unused property.

There should be a play specialist appointed in every large city to put intelligence and enthusiasm into the movement for helping young people to secure proper outdoor enjoyment.

A boy's character is formed as much on the playground as in the schoolroom, perhaps even more so, for in amusements his individuality comes out more strongly.

SAVE THE SHORES FOR THE CHILDREN.

School buildings should be opened more extensively to the people for social centres.

The hearts of children go out in grateful affection to those who show a willingness to participate in their amusements, and through directed, well-organized play they can often learn more than in the classroom.

The success or failure of the playground movement depends not so much on the size of the grounds or their equipment as the spirit that animates the management. Just as there is energy and enthusiasm on the part of the youthful participants, so also must there be a kindred spirit in the supervision and direction. While it is important for the Parks Commis-

sion to provide the grounds and fit them for their purpose, it is equally necessary to have supervisors to encourage and guide the children and growing youth in their amusements.

Orphanage Boards can do a good work both for the children and the community by providing equipped and supervised playgrounds.

The supervised playgrounds already established have fully demonstrated that youthful happiness can be easily doubled by a small expenditure for swings, slides, etc., and the appointment of a supervisor who can enter into the spirit of the delightful games that from disuse have almost passed out of existence.

Play is at present almost the only method of physical development for city children, and we must provide facilities for it if we would have the children strong and law-abiding.

Exercise Dispels Headaches.

VALUE OF PLAY.

Play is essential to proper physical development, and moral growth depends to a large extent on free and healthy exercise. It is the right of childhood and it is only reasonable to ask that all the necessary facilities should be provided. To be beneficial it should be wisely encouraged and directed and the undesirable elements eliminated. There should be swings, see-saws, sand piles, wading pools and gymnasia in addition to grounds for baseball, cricket, football and tennis. These playgrounds should be numerous enough to be within easy reach of every city child, and amateur athletics should be given a high place in public estimation. In this way stamina may be acquired that will carry many a youth safely through the stress and strife of dawning manhood.

MISTAKES OF THE PAST.

VERY LITTLE PROVISION MADE FOR PLAYGROUNDS BY TOWN COUNCILS.

In the rapid development of Canadian cities and the eagerness of its citizenship for wealth and commercial success, little thought has been given to the city beautiful. Few realized that the vacant lots on which their boyish pastimes were held would disappear so rapidly. Thoughtful men now see the mistake that has been made and are earnestly striving to restore the children's heritage. Much remains to be done, but public sentiment is sound on this question and will endorse the necessary expenditure.

Four or five district playgrounds will not by any means meet the need. Better three small playgrounds than one large one. The tendency is to establish playgrounds in the suburbs where land is cheap, but they should be just as numerous in the heart of the city where congestion of population breeds moral and physical degeneracy. A playground should be within five minutes' walk of every child, and if we allow a playground for each twenty thousand of a city's population we can see how far behind this standard most of our cities are at the present time.

SUPERVISION.

Equipment is essential, but far more important even than that is the supervision given to the children in their play. If enthusiastic directors with the proper moral viewpoint are given charge of these playgrounds they can do a truly national work in the development of a sound physique and high character. As much, if not more, can be learned from play than from books, though there need be no rivalry, and it is undoubtedly true that play diverts from crime and low pursuits; creating contentment and cheerfulness and inspiring youth with noble ideals.

PULL DOWN ROOKERIES.

If here and there a few old rookeries were torn down and the land devoted to play space more than one useful purpose would be served. Two hundred feet frontage with the ordinary depth of one hundred and fifty feet would make a good neighborhood playground. Too many children gathered in one place is not desirable.

PLEASURES OF COUNTRY LIFE.

WINTER SPORTS.

Children need outdoor amusements in winter as well as in summer, and if there is the willingness to provide for their needs it can be done without great expense. Free skating rinks should be numerous. Thousands of children have been denied the pleasure and benefit of skating because they could not pay for admission to rinks. The civic government, as the guardian of children should be interested in the welfare and happiness of future citizens, and should make recreation and simple sport as free as the air. Healthy enjoyment should never depend on the possession of wealth. The fact of being a child is the all-sufficient reason why play should be encouraged, and every facility provided.

CREATE PUBLIC INTEREST.

To secure the proper number of playgrounds, rinks, toboggan slides, gymnasiums, bath houses, etc., will require constant agitation for years to come. If the enthusiasm lags they will not be provided, for large expenditure will be necessary. Therefore may we not appeal confidently on behalf of the children to men in authority, aldermen, school trustees, editors, business men, educators—to keep the playground movement constantly in view, giving it their endorsement and advocacy whenever possible, remembering that the best type of citizen can be evolved only from the healthy, robust child, who has had a free and well-rounded youth spent in cheerful and clean moral environment.

BEAUTIFUL HOME SURROUNDINGS, BUT NO CHILDREN IN SIGHT.

Life on the Ocean Wave.

Nature's Playground.

REGULATIONS FOR PLAYGROUNDS ASSOCIATION.

THE OBJECTS OF THE ASSOCIATION ARE:

1. (*a*) To promote healthful recreation.

   (*b*) To stimulate public opinion in favor of establishing playgrounds and social centres in the municipality, especially in the more congested districts thereof.

   (*c*) To familiarize ratepayers generally with the advantages of supervised playgrounds and social centres as part of our educational system.

MEN IN THE MAKING.

   (*d*) To accept voluntary contributions, and to obtain funds from other sources for the following purpose, namely:—

   To acquire land in suitable districts and to equip the same for the purpose of playgrounds in Summer or Winter, or both, and to equip playgrounds generally, as well as social centres.

2. The fees for membership shall be as follows:—Active members, $1.00 per annum. Sustaining members, $5.00 per annum. Life members, $100.00 per annum.

3. The Annual Meeting of the Association shall be held in the month of ..... of each year, on such day, and at such time and place as may be fixed by the Executive Committee. Special meetings may be called at any time by the Executive Committee, or by the President or Secretary on the requisition of ten members. Notice of the

holding of any Annual or General Meeting shall be sent to each member by mail, at least two days previous to the holding of same, and shall also be announced in the newspapers.

4. The officers shall be elected at the Annual Meeting in each year, and shall consist of a President, two Vice-Presidents, Secretary, Assistant-Secretary, Treasurer, Auditor and Solicitor, who shall compose the Executive Committee, with the addition of members, making twenty in all, to which shall be added ex-presidents, who shall be ex-officio members of such Committee. Sub-committees for various special duties may be elected at any monthly meeting of the Executive Committee. Vacancies occurring in the Executive Committee during any year may be filled by the remaining members thereof.

Away From City Temptations.

5. Meetings of the Executive Committee shall be held on the last ———day in each month, at such time and place as may be determined by that Committee. Five members thereof shall constitute a quorum. Special meetings may be called at any time by the President or Secretary upon the request of any five members of the Committee.

6. The Executive Committee may appoint such other officers and agents as they may deem necessary to further the objects of the Association, and in the appointment of sub-committees shall not be restricted to members of the Executive Committee, but may appoint thereto other members of the Association as they may see fit.

7. The Executive Committee may enact by-laws for the transaction of the business of the Association, for the regulation, control and management of playgrounds and social centres, as well as defining the duties of paid officers and others, and for all requisite purposes in connection with the Association, and shall generally during their term of office have full and complete management, control and disposal of the affairs, property and funds of the Association.

8. The President, or in his absence, one of the Vice-Presidents, shall preside at meetings of the Association, and of the Executive Committee, or in their absence by a chairman, to be elected by a majority of the members then present.

9. It shall be the duty of the Secretary to keep minutes of all the proceedings of the Association and Executive Committee, and he shall record the same in books to be provided for that purpose: also conduct all correspondence and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him by the Executive Committee.

10. The Treasurer shall receive and have charge of all funds belonging to the Association, and shall forthwith deposit same in some incorporated Bank, to be designated by the Executive Committee, to the account of the Association. All cheques thereon shall be countersigned by the President, or, in his absence, by the Secretary. All accounts are to be passed before payment by the Executive Committee, and the Treasurer shall report to the Board from time to time, and present financial statements, as may be required, and shall submit at the Annual Meeting detailed statement of receipts and expenditures made up to the close of each financial year of the Association which shall be the 31st day of December. Such Annual Statements shall be duly audited by the Auditor of the Association.

11. No alterations or additions shall be made to these Regulations except at a meeting of the Executive Committee, at which at least seven members shall be present, and provided also that written notice of the proposed change shall have been given at least one month previous to the consideration of the same, and such alterations or additions, if passed, shall have effect only until confirmed at the next following Annual Meeting of the Association.

EXCELLENT PROGRESS IN TORONTO.

After a good deal of agitation the Toronto Playgrounds' Association was formally organized at a meeting held in the City Hall, on June 2nd, 1908. What has been accomplished since then was admirably set forth by Mayor Hocken in his inaugural address to the City Council on January 11, 1914:

"The position of Toronto with respect to the encouragement of outdoor recreation is second to no city of like size in America." Such was Mayor Hocken's declaration in his Inaugural Message.

"During the past four years," he said, "we have expended the sum of $1,472,978 in the purchase of park lands and playgrounds, increasing our holdings in that period from 1,546 acres to 1,845 acres, and to-day these lands are valued at $13,000,000. There is still pressing need of more park

An Old Time Lacrosse Field.

lands in the east, north and northwest portions of the city, but this need being fully recognized, it is intended that at an early date these districts shall be amply provided for in this regard.

"Every reasonable effort is being and will be made to further the cause of good citizenship represented in properly supervised healthy outdoor games and exercises, and to this end the parks of the city are being fully utilized. We have now established thirty-two baseball diamonds, thirty-five football fields, sixty-five tennis courts, six bowling greens, three lacrosse fields, and two quoiting grounds, and this winter are operating thirty-four skating rinks, thirty-one hockey rinks, and five toboggan slides. The annual outlay upon these classes of sport totals $31,000.

"The supervised playground movement, while still in its infancy in our city, is being rapidly developed, and an idea of its growth may be had from the fact that while in 1909 our expenditure upon playground maintenance amounted to only $1,134, the outlay for this purpose during last year was nearly $18,000. It is proposed during the present year to establish seven additional supervised playgrounds in various parks, which will give a total of fourteen play-centres distributed throughout the city.

"The establishment of a system of boulevards and parkways is an important feature of our park development, the initial steps towards which have been taken in the building of a considerable section of the lake front boulevard, and the completion of the first section of the Humber river boulevard. Plans for the construction of forty-two miles of this system are in course of preparation, and with such of this work carried on from year to year as our resources will permit, and with our needs in the future acquisition of parks, squares and playgrounds and their development carried out as planned, Toronto should, in a comparatively short time, be possessed of a splendid parks system."

Toronto, April 3rd, 1914.

Thoughts
ON
Social Welfare Work

Social Welfare

A NEW NOTE is being sounded in public affairs—one that awakens hope in the breasts of many thousands, who on account perhaps of obscurity and lowly surroundings have not been regarded as entitled to more than a passing regard—it is that of SOCIAL WELFARE—the recognition of the rights of every human being no matter what the conditions of birth or material possessions. The spirit of Brotherhood—the desire to spread more generously over our race, the comforts and happinesses of life—is taking possession of the hearts of men, and is manifesting itself in a thousand ways—all tending to lighten the burden that rests upon the poor, and to make possible for them to enjoy advantages and opportunities that hitherto were beyond their reach. Because of this advancing tide of humane sentiment it is necessary that there should be wise legislation and administration, and that social work should be given the status of a profession, calling for ability and special preparation.

In social customs and in the administration of great public enterprises for the benefit of the poor, the unemployed and the unfortunate, we have been inclined to follow time-worn pathways that lead nowhere, instead of originating new and better highways to social happiness and prosperity. Charity has too often been made the excuse for social shortcomings, and a blind for the exploitation of human distress and weakness. That a better remedy is needed all will admit, and the following thoughts are merely by way of suggestion to those who have the interests of humanity at heart.*

*This general review of Social Welfare work was written in 1909 at the request of a group of University students, but has not been published hitherto. J.J.K.

Cultivate Self-Respect.

IN the Administration of Charity the aim always should be to preserve normal conditions, to disturb the family relationship as little as possible, and to incite all who are in need to work out their own salvation with only such guidance and encouragement as will enable them to regain a position of independence. Self-respect is essential to true manhood; the gift of money in any form without adequate return is degrading; to patronize is to insult.

There is no man or woman, however humble their origin or surroundings, who has not some latent pride or ambition. It may be almost extinguished owing to discouragement, disappointment and wrong methods of relief-giving but it can be revived and it is the business of the true worker to fan the spark into a flame, and to make the environment such as will tend to the development of all that is best and most worthy in human character.

Special Training Necessary.

The need for systematic social work and the value of trained expert service has not been recognized in the past. There has been vast waste of effort and means because of inexperience and careless administration. Appointments as agents and secretaries of charitable and philanthropic societies have been made largely on the ground of friendship or to provide a place for someone out of work, or the office has been given out of sympathy for some worthy citizen who has been trained to no particular calling. "No experience necessary." "Anyone can do it," has been the general impression. Is it not true that many worthy movements have ended in failure or have struggled on under a burden of contempt because there was no guiding principle, no steady safe hand at the wheel, no definite knowledge as to results or adequate return for expenditure!

A School of Philanthropy.

There are of course exceptions to every rule and some men and women have, without special training, made a notable success of their work—good judgment and careful observation have taught them the better way. But to secure the best service an educated class of men and women should be encouraged to devote themselves to the serious study of social problems, and this can best be done in a School of Philanthropy affiliated with the University and working in harmony with existing philanthropic movements so that theoretical and practical training may go hand in hand.

A course of study could be outlined suitable to the capacity of all who desire to enter, for a prime requisite is that every student should feel the call to social service as imperative as to the ministry or the mission field—all heart and no head has characterized many failures heretofore; to substitute all head and no heart would be the greater calamity. The work could be entered upon in a small way until, as would certainly happen, some wealthy philanthropist felt inspired to endow the school as a worthy and much needed addition to university equipment.

Special Lecture Courses.

In addition to this special course in philanthropy, there is no reason why all colleges and boarding schools aiming to prepare young people for careers of usefulness should not give instruction on such broad subjects as charitable relief, protection of children, housing of the poor, sanitation, causes of insanity, crime, pauperism, dependency and the care of the defective classes. A knowledge of these subjects is useful at all times and may have a far-reaching influence in checking human misery and promoting happiness and contentment throughout the

The Municipality.

Every municipality should have a Social Welfare Department, either an adjunct to the Health Department or under a Municipal Committee. This Department would have the supervision of charitable and social endeavor, and guide both effort and expenditure so that the best results would be secured. In a large city the office might well be a distinct branch of the service, not so much to engage in active work as to gather the loose threads together, provide a medium of communication, a bureau of information, a centre of inspiration and encouragement to both paid and volunteer workers. To be effective there is the essential implication that the director should be a man capable of meeting all the needs of such an office, qualifying himself by special research for authoritatively advising all engaged in benevolent service. In the smaller cities and towns a committee of educated social leaders might be delegated by the Council to exercise supervision over organizations, and this committee, acting as a friendly critic, could bring about co-ordination of social effort. No municipality itself should undertake to dispense charity.

Charity Organization.

Before dealing directly with the problems of charity it is perhaps well to consider another branch of educational work, namely the Charity Organization Society, or as it is sometimes called, The Associated Charities. Thoughtful people are recognizing to-day more than ever before that indiscriminate charity and haphazard methods constitute a real menace, not only to the recipients, but also to the community at large. Generous instincts and a highly cultivated Christian sentiment prompt a ready response to the cry for aid. Throughout its whole history the world has never known such vast fortunes devoted to public benevolence as prevails to-day. Therefore there is urgent need for deliberation lest good intentions be turned to evil account.

The Charity Organization Society is not a relief-giving agency. Its mission is distinctly educational. It surveys the whole field; brings into play the business and scientific aspect of charity, rather than the emotional; advocates co-ordination among the multifarious charities, so that each may cover a distinct branch of work thoroughly; deals with causes rather than effects; directs attention to the value of friendly visiting without alms-giving; frowns beggars out of existence by

seeing that their excuse is unfounded; urges public care for the blind, the deformed and the defective; employment for the unemployed; and diffuses sound information on all the varying phases of modern philanthropy.

Such a society is usually composed of the most advanced social workers, and it can never be a popular organization with the masses since it does not aim to give anything away but good advice. For its support it must depend on the liberality of the few, and for those who wish to give a portion of their wealth to public uses, no better or worthier object could be found. The strength and influence of a Charity Organization society is a good indication of social efficiency.

Co-Operation Essential.

Unless it has the hearty co-operation of all the specialized charities of the city, the Charity Organization Society cannot accomplish the best results. It aims to be the clearing house of all charitable and social effort; maintains a library and information bureau for all the workers and societies; and if it is strong enough should assist any deserving society to secure all the funds necessary for the maintenance of its work.

Recipients of Charity.

The Charity Organization Society invites all relief-giving agencies to register in its office the names and history particulars of all, who, after receiving charitable aid twice, continue to apply for help. If properly carried out this method would effectually prevent imposition and the fostering of paupers. The accredited agent of any Society or the pastor of any church could apply to this central office for information concerning any particular applicant and ascertain at once how often a man has applied; how often he has been helped and how many different Societies are devoting their attention and money to his needs. Where this system is followed it is surprising how much chicanery and fraud is revealed. Or it may be the records will show that a continued effort to get suitable employment would obviate further charity; or a term in jail stop the brazen effrontery and mendacity of unworthy sots and drunkards.

Registration of Applicants.

The registration of these cases has often been opposed by well-intentioned workers and societies. They would rather go on helping blindly all who apply lest one should be wronged or offended. "Let not thy right hand know" etc., is often quoted in this connection. But there need be no undue publicity—registration is only intended for the habitual applicants; and they need not know that they are being reported for investigation. It is simply a reasonable business precaution and applies more generally to the drifting, shiftless class of population that prey on clergymen and guileless optimistic workers, and spend in drink the money obtained as charity. That the humiliation of respectable people who are temporarily embarrassed should be carefully guarded against will be referred to more fully under the heading "friendly visiting."

Give Adequately if at All.

A cardinal principle in charitable relief is that when assistance is given it should be adequate to the need. Usually one Society gives so very little that the person or family in distress is compelled to resort to other agencies. Thus the charge of overlapping often arises. Better to help a fewer number and put them fairly on their feet than to partially aid a large number and leave none of them permanently relieved.

Doorstep Charity.

Giving charity on the street or at the door is always unsatisfactory because the truly deserving will seldom resort to that means of obtaining aid. From a long experience it can safely be said that three-fourths of the money given to these applicants is won by deception and is put to unworthy uses. But there will always be this careless giving of largess because human nature loves to patronize and many excuse themselves with the plea that it is better to fee a dozen rogues than turn away one who may possibly have good excuse for begging. If people will persist in favoring the importunate mendicant let them at least resolve never to help a child in this way for in so doing they invariably perpetuate a wrong standard and destroy the character and future usefulness of the boy or girl.

Employment Bureau.

To be out of work and to honestly desire employment is to live in the depths of despair. Many a man has committed crime and even taken his life because of this one thing. How important it is then that there should be nationally-organized depots so that men and boys having labor to sell can be quickly brought into touch with employers. Every municipality, every church, every moral agency should be in active co-operation with the labor exchange movement. When men are idle the whole social machinery is out of gear and charity has to step in and carry an unnecessary burden. The providing of employment should never be looked upon as a charitable undertaking for it is vital to the welfare of the whole community. In every large centre of population there should be a municipal committee or commission planning winter occupation for those whom cold weather deprives of their usual employment. Action is usually postponed until the problem is acute and then the only solution is charity.

The Church and Charity.

There seems to be a consensus of opinion that charity is best administered by a special organization covering the whole field rather than by an individual church acting on its own responsibility. Originally the great bulk of relief was dispensed by the church but conditions have been steadily changing. If one could get a socially-educated church membership then it would be safe to say that there should be parish districts allotted, and each church held accountable for the poor within its bounds, but with so many different denominations having no close bond of

union, and with lack of knowledge as to right principles so prevalent among the members, it is generally conceded that the less giving of promiscuous charity under church auspices the better. Frequently it has been found that families seeking aid as a regular income claim membership in two or three different churches and succeed for years in drawing pensions from these as well as other sources. There has, in fact, been widespread imposition upon clergymen and churches because of hesitancy in asking questions and thoroughly investigating the causes of poverty. The growing popularity of the deaconess movement and the appointment of a pastor's assistant to manage the business part of church organization will in time restore the church's prestige as the true friend and helper of the poor, for with education in best methods such workers will see the wisdom of maintaining records and uniting rich and poor in the common bond of brotherhood.

The Church and Social Service.

In every church there are employers of labor and there are young people out of work. There are the prosperous and happy and there are the sorrowing and afflicted. There are idle young women and there are overburdened mothers. There are the old who have much experience of life and there are young people who would appreciate friendly counsel. In addition to the sermon should there not be, occasionally, a real church conference on Sunday to bring these elements together and do some actual Christian work as well as talk about it? Unemployment is recognized as one of the greatest sources of misery to the individual and loss to the community. The church can bring capital and labor together better than any other organization and fulfil its mission at the same time. A pastor in despair ventured to announce from the pulpit that two young men were in need of work and he was anxious about their welfare. As a result employment was offered at once. In another case a little boy was left homeless and was about to be sent to an orphan asylum when the pastor decided to tell his congregation about it and three excellent families expressed a willingness to take him. This is vital Christianity and can be multiplied indefinitely.

The Church and Recreation.

Without any loss of dignity or departure from its high calling, the church can also take an interest in the recreation of young people. Wordly amusements of a doubtful character are constantly seeking to lure the young away from church influence and they have the advantage that they are catering to an instinct that is not only natural but imperative. It is not necessary that the church edifice should be turned into a dance hall or gymnasium, but it is desirable that the church should be the powerful advocate of clean, wholesome amusements and neighborhood playgrounds, and should vigorously stamp out all that is low and sensual and unhealthy. Not long ago a leading church arranged for some special week-day meetings. Only a few middle aged people attended, while across the road a low place of amusement was crowded to the doors with young people and many were

unable to obtain admission. The world, the flesh and the devil were laughing at that powerful church that was too spiritually minded to cope with the evil. Might not the church imitate with advantage the Cromwellians of old who "prostrated themselves before their Maker but set their foot on the neck of kings," whom they believed to be enemies of their country and their religion. Happily there are signs that the church is awakening to a knowledge of its power and will ere long not only denounce but sweep out of existence the manifest social evils that confront and overcome the individual.

Friendly Visiting.

The ideal friendly visitor is the one who goes into a home in the pure spirit of friendship without alms and without condescending airs. The mistake is often made by good people that the poor always want money whereas nothing could be further from the truth. Their very poverty usually makes the respectable poor keenly sensitive and they resent with bitterness of soul the thoughtless caller who with the best intentions in the world thrusts money or provisions on them. The world judges and honors a man according to the amount of money which he possesses. This should never be the standard of the church or the social worker. The poor are slighted, ignored and assigned the lowliest places, and yet the noblest manhood, the highest Christian life, the finest feeling, the most chivalrous instincts, are found more highly developed among this class than any other. It is for this reason that almsgiving is so delicate and dangerous a mission. To give money graciously and acceptably calls for the best judgment and tact of which a human being is capable. But the cordiality of greeting, the pressure of the hand, the sympathetic advice, the suggestion how to repair broken fortunes—these things are priceless and will be treasured up as the sacred confidences and grateful mementoes of life.

Friendly visiting in a general way can be done as a branch of any charity organization but it can be best done as an adjunct of church work, for Christianity, whether acknowledged or not, is the inspiration of neighborly service. No guide to action can be better than the Golden Rule and the constant recollection of the fact already stated that the poor are not necessarily one whit less respectable or worthy of respect than the prosperous.

The Pauperistic Spirit.

The average poor family should not be confounded with that wretched class of people who seek to live by charity and who have long since lost all pride, self-respect or decency of conduct. We should pity rather than despise this class, for experience goes to show that they have been in nearly every instance reduced to helpless beggary by misfortune, oppression and unwise giving. The aim should be to restore them to self-respect by steadfastly withholding charitable aid and adopting drastic measures to force them to self-exertion and support. They should be provided with employment even at a loss until they acquire the habit of

work and gradually become more or less skilled. Even if it is necessary to send a few to jail for a time that would be a greater kindness than the continuance of charity. For pauperism is hereditary. Children are quick to learn that it is easier to beg than to work and they grow up to continue the same vicious life as their parents. Charity breeds paupers, fosters and pampers them and inflicts upon the community a long and ever-increasing succession of degenerates to fill the brothel, the poor-house and the prison. It is truly a deadly disease that can only be cured by extermination.

Organization in Small Towns.

All the widely-varying social needs are to be found in the small town, with the added difficulty that there is not sufficient demand in any one line to warrant separate organization. There might, with advantage, therefore, be one general society fairly representative of the whole community, with small committees to handle different branches of work. To ensure good results there should be one trained, experienced person employed to give all his time to the direction of social effort, and the municipality would find its money well expended if they gave a yearly grant of $1,000 for operating expenses. Much more than that amount is frittered away in useless almsgiving, while a society properly financed would not only lift up careless families to a higher plane, but would materially benefit the town in a dozen directions. An experienced agent with the intelligence and benevolence of the town behind him would see that the right thing was done for the poor and the sick; maintain an employment agency; secure the admission of the insane and feeble-minded to appropriate institutions; reason with and endeavor to reform the erring; look after neglected and homeless children; supervise the sanitary condition of the town, especially the housing of the poor; direct and encourage friendly visiting; supervise the enforcement of the school law, and generally educate the community in all that makes for communal health and happiness.

Social Work for Women.

The importance of social welfare work is becoming so increasingly recognized in these recent years that there is bound to be a great demand for trained social workers in the future. Young women especially will find in this new profession of social service, ample opportunity for the development of their talents of heart and brain. They will be increasingly needed as pastors' assistants, school nurses, play leaders, health inspectors, school attendance officers, charity organization visitors and investigators, police matrons, park attendants, probation officers, and as officials in the various charitable and correctional institutions of the country. As already pointed out the need of the moment is a School of Philanthropy where those looking forward to social service as a profession can receive correct and adequate preliminary training.

Wages and Hours of Labor.

The opinion used to be commonly expressed that to shorten the hours of labor would simply be giving the workingman more time to spend in the bar-room. If there ever was ground for such a statement it is absolutely false to-day. The workingman has long since emerged from slavery and he is now through the diffusion of education, the strength and bulwark of the nation. It has been amply demonstrated that good wages and short hours stimulate men to build and own their homes, and to educate and maintain their families decently and respectably. Men who are crushed down by long and hard toil and mean wages become careless, drunken and cynical, and no wonder—despairing and hopeless, they find in the saloon their only solace. But with good wages, the day's work over at five o'clock and the Saturday half-holiday, they find some joy in living and the whole community experiences at once the benefit. The widespread recognition of the rights of the working classes is indeed one of the most hopeful signs of the times.

Collection of Charitable Funds.

There is much duplication and haphazard work in the collection of funds to carry on the charities of a large city. Certain men, whose generosity becomes known, are daily overwhelmed with requests for money; others equally wealthy, by a few curt refusals, are classed as hopeless and thenceforth they escape much of the begging that goes on. Some large firms never know a forenoon to pass without at least one call on them for a charity contribution, and various subterfuges have to be resorted to by heads of the firm to escape these wearisome and painfully pathetic interviews. Occasionally one sees in the vestibule of a large office building, the legend "No Charity Collectors Admitted" while in many large offices the appearance of a good lady with her little book, immediately sends all the officials into the most hidden recesses. The ladies dislike it about as much as their victims, but the money must be raised somehow, and so they make themselves martyrs to the cause. Some charities pay as much as forty per cent. to hired collectors.

Now, what is the remedy! Easier asked than answered, but there are two or three suggestions that might be thrown out. This is a day of over organization in charity. The humane sentiment is so highly developed that almost everyone wants to start some new enterprise for the good of humanity. Without unduly checking this kindly impulse there should be some central authority to sanction or stop new movements of this kind, particularly where charitable relief is the object. In a town where there were already four children's homes, a lady started out to collect subscriptions for a fifth, and an absolutely unnecessary institution was only prevented by a serious illness making it impossible for her to continue. In this way there are frequently several institutions doing the same kind of work, while another branch of charitable endeavor, not quite so popular, is ignored.

Endowment Forgotten.

Then again, some business man, who has perhaps not given much in his lifetime leaves say ten thousand dollars to found an orphanage in perpetuation of his memory. The newspapers laud him to the skies, forgetful of the fact that the citizens have to provide the yearly maintenance, and thus contribute for all time to the glorification of the individual. There are a dozen institutions ready to take the orphan, who rarely needs public care, while there is not one institution available for the defective or the cripple, who stands in pressing need of such protecting care. There should be a central board, not only to pass on the establishment of new institutions but also with authority to assign to each its distinctive work so that all the needs of the community may be adequately met.

Systematic Giving.

But even under the best conditions there must be two or three hundred thousand dollars provided annually for the maintenance of legitimate charitable work. A good plan would be for all business men and wealthy citizens to pay whatever they are disposed to give to a central committee having power to allot to each charity its fair share in proportion to the work it is doing, taking into consideration the amount received from municipal and government sources. This plan has been adopted with success by church denominations. The abolition of house to house collectors would be hailed with delight by all concerned.

Family Desertion.

There is no more prolific cause of child dependency and delinquency than the desertion of their families by able-bodied men, and yet, until quite recently, there was neither law nor adequate machinery to cope with this long-standing and growing evil. To secure justice for herself and helpless children, a timid and sensitive mother has to make a charge in open court against her recalcitrant husband, and if he leaves the city there is rarely any effort made to bring him back and compel him to shoulder his obligations. The consequence is that the poor mother has to struggle along in penury and toil, her children either in public institutions or neglected on the streets while she is trying to earn their support. If, as we often say, the family is the pillar of the state, should not every possible precaution be taken to prevent the wholesale breaking up of families by parental desertion. A drastic law, and its proper enforcement with a private court of domestic relations would save many families from ruin, for if society were more severe in its condemnation fathers would not so lightly shirk their responsibilities. Heavily handicapped though they are there are many noble mothers all over the land who, while they lack many things often food itself—still strive to keep their children together, giving them that priceless boon of love which no money can buy or institution provide. God bless them all! their children shall rise up to call them blessed!

Friendly Societies and Charity.

Patriotic and fraternal societies do a great deal of charitable work among their fellow-countrymen and less fortunate brethren, and this is laudable and proper so long as it is confined within their own immediate circle and all the facts of the case are fully known. But when relief is given promiscuously and the needy poor are publicly invited to come and share the society's bounty positive harm is sure to result. Unfortunately the evil results are not apparent to the generous donor, any more than when a quarter is handed carelessly to a street loafer. It is in the weakening of moral fibre that the harm consists and only the close student of human weakness and social wreckage pauses to trace in the besotted life the contributory cause of downfall. If the benevolent society wishing to have a part in relief work would carry out their good intentions through a central relief bureau or charity organization society the worthy poor might be helped and the unworthy rigorously eliminated, bearing in mind, what cannot too often be emphasized -that the maintenance of self-respect and the cultivation of honest industry and thrift is a sacred duty resting upon every individual or organization that is truly loyal to the state.

Knowledge the Basis of Power.

Every social worker, no matter what his or her position, should be fully acquainted with the social machinery of the community. Power for good is limited through lack of knowledge. Many officials and volunteer workers, while fully posted in their own particular line of interests, are quite ignorant of what other organizations are doing, and have never studied the laws and by-laws of their city and country to know just what powers they had in carrying on their work. An influential deputation of philanthropists waited upon the government to ask that a certain measure be enacted. To their surprise they found that for over twenty years there had been a law on the statute books fully covering their request. Many laws dealing with public health and with social work generally have never been put into operation through ignorance of their scope and usefulness. What is needed is not more law, but more careful research and more enthusiasm and determination in carrying out existing legislation. Through frequent conferences also, each worker and society should know what other workers and societies are doing and all should work together so that the best results may be obtained with the least expenditure of money and effort. Nowhere should the friendly spirit of co-operation have a higher exemplification than among social workers. Here there is absolutely no place for rivalry or jealousy.

Women and Police Courts.

An evil that is almost universal in the administration of police courts is the public trial of female offenders at the same time, and in the same manner as men. This imparts a salacious flavor to the proceedings and accounts in some measure for the motley throng of spectators that gathers day after day in the expectation

of hearing something the little [illegible] The practice is degrading in the extreme, not only to the unfortunate women who are still further humiliated and dishonored, but to the male audience whose fine sense of chivalry and respect for womanhood is blunted if not destroyed. There should be a complete and radical change in this respect. Greater privacy of trial and more thorough effort to shield and reclaim erring women is one of the reforms that should engage the attention of the many influential women's organizations throughout the land. (Since the above was written a Women's Court has been established in Toronto.)

White Slave Traffic.

One hears a great deal about the white slave traffic and vigorous efforts are being made to protect women from the insidious attacks made against their honor by unscrupulous men. The fact is usually overlooked, however, that the low class theatre, with its suggestive and sordid portrayal of life, is responsible for much of the lustful tendency that characterizes its patrons. This great evil flaunts itself boldly in our large cities and until there is a more vigorous stamping out of indecency in public performances there will be a necessary continuation of immorality and the white slave traffic.

Social Settlements.

It is a significant fact that the idea of a social settlement first originated among university men who realized the potency of education and culture in solving some of the intricate social problems that affected the daily life of the poor. There was, first of all, the influence of example: a little group of educated workers of high vision and purpose might, by taking up their residence with the poor, raise the standard of living and inspire even the lowliest to an effort at self-improvement. Then there was the power of initiative. The poor need leaders to secure and maintain their rights. Civic rules of health and cleanliness that are scrupulously observed in aristocratic neighborhoods are scandalously abused and ignored in poor districts. With leadership and effort, good lighting may be obtained—more prompt and efficient scavenger service, less crowding and better sanitary conveniences; a limitation of the saloon evil, etc. Then, too, there is the great opportunity to create a social atmosphere. The Social Settlement becomes the centre of attraction for young and old, because the varying social needs of all are catered to in a spirit of comradeship and goodwill, and with an entire absence of the charity or patronizing spirit.

In these days of eagerness for social service there should be a well equipped social settlement in every poor district, for no other agency is so well calculated to touch fundamentally and yet acceptably the problem of congestion, poverty and social distress. There is a great work here for cultured men and women. It is well to bear in mind also that the social settlement is not a dispenser of charity. Worthy cases may be referred to the proper authority, but emphasis must always be laid on the neighborly spirit.

The Child. Charity.

In no branch of philanthropic endeavor is sanctified common sense more essential than in work for the care and protection of children. Many a life has been rendered hopelessly unhappy; many a girl or youth has drifted into profligacy and crime through the unwise breaking up of the family, and the consequent loosening of the most sacred and helpful ties of affection and kindred. An all-wise Providence has decreed that not only should parents be the natural guardians and protectors of their children, but that the children themselves should be powerful agents in the saving and upbuilding of parents. Conversely, it is equally true that many children, by education and example, have grown up to follow the parental footseps into the bar, the brothel, the poorhouse and the prison. Just as on the one hand it is sometimes the worst thing imaginable to break up the family, so on the other it is necessary at times to have the firm hand of the surgeon that cuts deep in order to save. Only after the most painstaking effort and when other remedies patiently and persistently applied have resulted in failure, should children be removed from the parental roof. There should be the fullest investigation, warning, entreaty, friendly assistance, constant supervision, and when all these have failed then there should be drastic action. For this special and all important work Children's Aid Societies ought to be well organized and equipped, and a trained director appointed at adequate remuneration to guide well meant effort. Improving the social condition of the family is the best way to permanently help the child. Nearly all these organizations are at present struggling half-heartedly along because of the lack of generous financial support. It is far easier to get money for six additional policemen than for the salary of one man to save children from wrongdoing.

Widows and Their Children.

Bitter in the extreme is the fate of a mother who is left a widow with young children to rear and her entire source of income cut off. Even though she may have been delicately reared she is forced to go out and work for her children's support and usually the only employment open to her is washing or scrubbing—toil that soon tells on her health and makes her a subject for the hospital. In the meantime her children are left without care or home training, and to her other sorrows is added the great sorrow of seeing her loved ones learn evil ways and drift into prisons or reformatories. Fully fifty per cent. of dependents and delinquents are created under just such conditions. Surely the time has come when public aid should be given to widows with young children so that they may remain at home as the natural guardian and protector of these future potential citizens. There are admitted dangers of pauperization, but a wise and careful policy could surely be devised so that incidental evils might be minimized.

The Créche a Compromise.

The Créche is society's apology for compelling poor mothers to go out working by the day to support their children. It is fundamentally wrong to take a

mother away from the little family circle that depends so much on her guidance and inspiration. Fathers should be rigorously required to maintain their offspring, even if it is necessary to follow them to other districts and garnishee their earnings. Widows should be given financial aid until the boys and girls are old enough to do their share in maintaining the home. An absentee mother means untrained and delinquent children. Ask any juvenile court judge or reform school superintendent if this is not correct. The Crèche is merely a compromise and while it may be necessary as a temporary expedient social workers should not give it too much prominence, but continue to plead for the rights of the children and the struggling mothers.

Youthful Offenders.

The widespread popularity of the juvenile court movement in recent years is the reflection of public sentiment that the suppression of crime can best be accomplished by more advanced methods of dealing with the first offender. Too often the child is made the victim of wrong social conditions and is punished by law when what he needs is sympathetic study and education in right living. Parents and guardians are not held sufficiently accountable, nor is the environment that created the wrongful act given sufficient consideration in devising a remedy. Before sentence is passed on any child the agents and committees of child-protection societies should be given every possible latitude in their laudable efforts to reclaim and befriend, while at the same time attention should be steadily directed to the contributory causes of youthful delinquency. Where this is faithfully done it will be surprisingly evident how much the youth demands compassion and protection rather than punishment. The child heart is always open to good impressions and success or failure depends very largely on the class of persons who undertake this greatest of all responsibilities.

The Juvenile Court.

The principle underlying the Juvenile Court movement is one of love. Without this the most perfect law in the world will prove a failure, while with it the poorest law may be attended by satisfactory and permanent results in young lives reclaimed from error. It is not the law but the administration that is effective. The fatherly spirit should prevail throughout the procedure and all who have to do with the administration should be chosen for their special fitness as child experts. The mission of the Juvenile Court is to reach the heart of the child and to so influence his affections and ambitions that he will henceforth be guided and controlled by forces within himself rather than by outward bondage or punishment.

Improving the homes of the poor and providing better social conditions will help childhood and the family generally to attain health, happiness and a reasonable degree of prosperity.

Institutional Life.

Institutions for children abound, not because that is the best method, but because it is the easiest. Ordinary children who are left homeless and dependent from any cause are better provided for in village and farm homes. A hot house existence does not produce a thrifty, industrious type of citizen nor does it supply the freedom of action and simple pleasure that the period of childhood requires. The safe rule to follow is: first, to keep children in their natural homes if at all possible; and second, to replace such as are unavoidably homeless in family homes, under careful supervision. Even for delinquents boarding in country homes would be better for the average child than the herding together that is inevitable in the institution. Such children always learn more badness from each other than they can possibly learn good from their teachers. In the family home, with its great variety of interests and occupations, the thoughts are diverted from evil and the examples of those around them help to reshape the life and character.

But as there is no likelihood that institutions for children will ever be entirely abandoned, they should be built and conducted on the family plan, imitating, as nearly as may be, the natural home.

Slums and Playgrounds.

The congested slum districts in large cities are responsible for much youthful wrongdoing. Deprived of their reasonable share of home comfort and happiness, parents as well as children become discouraged. Discontent leads to carelessness and drunkenness. The streets are more attractive than the hovel or crowded flat. The saloon and the cheap theatre cater to the craving for sociability and amusement, and an indifferent community pays dearly for its neglect of the poor. Decent sanitary homes on streets and not in lanes and alleys; playgrounds and recreation centres; fair wages and shorter hours of labor; more friendly intercourse between rich and poor -these and other social advantages, will, when systematically undertaken, lessen very materially the work of the juvenile and criminal courts. Many more small neighborhood playgrounds in charge of responsible persons are needed in towns as well as large cities. Numerous social settlements should be established where educated and devoted men and women of unselfish purpose could live with and among the poor, to inspire them by noble example. Churches everywhere should lend their great organization, wealth and influence to a more practical study of social needs, and to a defence of the poor against the aggressions and tyranny of avarice and greed.

Probation.

In order to bring about the reformation of law-breakers without the necessity of imprisonment a system of probation in all criminal law courts is advocated and has been successfully tried in many countries. Probation means the conditional release of the offender after conviction in order to enable him by restitution and

good conduct to earn a complete discharge. It is held that many offenders against the law are already sufficiently punished by the exposure and disgrace of conviction and that the intention of the law has been vindicated if they show real contrition and a willingness to compensate the person they have wronged, since the great bulk of offences are theft. The ancient Jewish law, which is the foundation of modern jurisprudence, laid great stress on restitution, but this has been largely lost sight of. The probation system implies the appointment by the court of special agents who act as guardians, and see that the terms of provisional release are properly carried out, reporting regularly to the court concerning the person so dealt with. Under this humane system it is claimed that reformation is the rule and that the benefit to all concerned is infinitely greater than the fixed sentence of imprisonment. The more general adoption of probation is advocated by many leading social workers, and significantly also by prison wardens and officials who come most in contact with the criminal class.

Prison Reform.

We are gradually coming to see the futility of the fixed sentence as a cure for crime. If it is necessary to send a man to prison then the one aim should be his rehabilitation as a good citizen with as little delay as possible. This is not a matter of time but of treatment. One does not dream of requiring the cure of physical diseases in a fixed time, and in dealing with moral malady the time required for cure is even more uncertain. Judges are not as a rule sufficiently familiar with a man's character and antecedents to fairly estimate the length of imprisonment he should undergo, and the inequality of sentence involved in this guesswork is regarded by students of penology as one of the main factors in the prevalence and repetition of crime. In the industrial school legislation of most civilized countries we have a guide that should prevail also in the case of adults. A boy whose conduct indicates his need of discipline is committed to an industrial school without definite sentence. He thus becomes a ward of the Institution until twenty-one years of age. Full provision is made for early release under supervision and every inducement is offered pupils to earn parole. A visitor's record is maintained and if there is evidence of relapse the lad can be returned to the school without further warrant or trial. Properly carried out this law is an undoubted success and conscientious prison officials everywhere would rejoice if they had the same kind of law for adults. At present they are compelled to detain reformed prisoners for an unnecessarily long term, while at the same time they are forced to release on a given date impenitent criminals who immediately resume their warfare against society. The indeterminate sentence of three months and under two years, with the parole system is now in force in Ontario and should be advocated for adoption in Canadian penitentiaries.

The Weak-Minded and Defective.

It should be borne in mind that a large percentage of habitual criminals are defectives who drift into crime from sheer inability to take care of themselves.

These should be carefully sifted out and placed in custodial institutions where with suitable employment they could earn at least a reasonable share of their cost of maintenance. They are now sent to prisons and penitentiaries, not because they ought to be there but because no other provision has been made for them. Their frequent arrest, trial, conviction and re-incarceration constitutes one of the heaviest items in the cost of criminal administration. It would be a great relief from constant menace and great economy to the state, as well as simple justice to those unfortunate creatures if special institutions were provided for them.

The Drunkard.

The thirty day sentence for habitual drunkards has been amply demonstrated to be perfectly useless as a deterrent and yet it continues to be administered in many places. Drunkards often come under the heading of defectives and should be given indeterminate sentences in special homes as already outlined, and there should be in every large community at least one institution for the mentally sound victims of alcohol, where they could be sent for a sufficiently long term to enable them to overcome the habit. As a matter of business it would pay the distillers and brewers to maintain such institutions at their own expense but as this is not likely to be volunteered the state would be fully justified in imposing such an obligation.

Moral Hospitals.

When the problem of crime, poverty and human misery is more thoroughly and scientifically grappled with the daily police court will be re-organized into a moral hospital—not as at present to merely punish guilt, but primarily to study the causes of wrong doing, and to attempt the restoration and upbuilding of those who have fallen, often from causes beyond their own control. Then will the constable be given a higher status as a moral and social reform agent, and not regarded solely as the avenger of a broken law. Less publicity will also be given to human frailty and the weak and defective more fully regarded as adult children needing guidance and protection instead of punishment.

The Motive.

In all work for human beings, whether of a preventive or reclamatory character, the thought should run through all our efforts, like a golden thread, that it is not law, or system or institutions that save, but only the personal influence of good men and women, thoroughly imbued with the spirit of love and compassion for the children of misfortune and temptation. As the Christ of Calvary gave his life for mankind, so must the successful social worker be inspired by that great example to fully consecrate his life and talents to the fulfillment of his Divine Task—and with such a consecration who can doubt what the results will be?

REPORT

ON THE OPERATION OF THE

Liquor License Acts, Ontario

FOR THE YEAR

1913

PRINTED BY ORDER OF

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO

TORONTO.

Printed and Published by L. K. CAMERON, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

1914

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TORONTO

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REPORT

ON THE OPERATION OF THE

LIQUOR LICENSE ACTS, ONTARIO

FOR THE YEAR 1913

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,

LICENSE BRANCH.

TORONTO, 2nd JANUARY, 1914.

To the Honourable SIR JOHN MORISON GIBSON, K.C.M.G.,

Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOUR:

I have the honour to submit the Thirty-eighth Annual Report and accompanying Schedules, respecting the operation of the Liquor License Laws of the Province.

The total number of Tavern and Shop Licenses for the License Year, ending the 30th April, 1913, has been reduced by 70, as compared with the previous year, and for the current License Year 1913-1914 up to date there have been issued only 1,383 tavern and 217 shop licenses, which represent a further reduction of 88.

The appendix at the end of this report shows that a further reduction in licenses will take place on the first of May next.

Schedule "A" is a statement of the number of licenses issued in the several counties and cities during the past thirty-nine years.

Schedule "B" gives in detail the amounts received for licenses from each city, town, incorporated village and township and unorganized territory of the Province, the amounts divided between the Municipalities and the Province, and the number of licenses, extensions and transfers granted.

The licenses issued during the past eight years are as follows:—

Licenses.

Years.	Tavern.								Extensions and transfers of licenses.		
	Yearly.		Six months.								
	Ordinary.	Beer and wine.	Ordinary.	Beer and wine.	Shop.	Wholesale.	Club.	Total.	Extensions.	Transfers.	Total.
1905–6.....	2,366	18	51	3	283	24	.....	2,745	144	751	895
1906–7.....	2,197	10	47	3	267	23	24	2,571	54	281	335
1907–8.....	2,102	8	43	3	265	25	35	2,481	52	420	472
1908–9.....	2,002	8	48	3	253	23	42	2,379	39	319	358
1909–10.....	1,866	7	40	3	245	33	50	2,244	43	315	358
1910–11.....	1,621	9	21	8	226	31	51	1,967	47	264	311
1911–12.....	1,531	6	30	2	221	30	52	1,872	27	258	285
1912–13.....	1,464	5	23	2	219	29	57	1,799	41	265	306

Revenue.

The total amount paid to the Municipalities for the license year 1912-13, as shown by this Shedule, was $339,459.18.

The revenue received by the Province for the license year from retail licenses, transfers and fines amounted to $414,816.09.

A recapitulation of the receipts and expenditures for the year will be found on page 115.

Schedule "C."

The fines collected during the past year, as shown by this schedule, amount to $37,133.05, and in the Local Option municipalities, as shown in Schedule "K," the amount collected was $14,764.00.

Schedule "D."

The cost of commissioners and local inspectors for operating and enforcing the Act in the several districts is given in this Schedule.

The provincial inspectors, with the assistance of special officers, have energetically enforced the License Act.

The expenditure for this service for the financial year 1912-13 amounted to $31,100.03.

Commitments for Drunkenness.

Schedule "I" shows the number of Prisoners committed for drunkenness during the years from 1885 to 1913 inclusive. The number committed during the year 1913 as compared with 1912 shows an increase of 1,750.

The average yearly commitments for each period of five years from 1876 to 1910, inclusive, are as follows:—

From 1876 to 1880 inclusive.....	3,812	From 1896 to 1900, inclusive.....	1,920
1881 to 1885 "	4,016	1901 to 1905 "	3,186
1886 to 1890 "	3,311	1906 to 1910 "	4,974
1891 to 1895 "	2,703		

Ontario Provincial Police.

The report of the Superintendent of the Ontario Provincial Police for the year ending October 31st, 1913, shows that the members of the Force have initiated or assisted officers of the Liquor License Department in 235 prosecutions under the Liquor License Act. In 179 cases convictions were obtained, 33 persons were discharged, 6 cases were withdrawn, and 17 remained to be dealt with.

The fines imposed, in addition to sentences of imprisonment in a number of cases, amounted to $18,949.00.

During the year, the following seizures were made: —

4,730 bottles of whiskey.	13 gallons of wine.
160 gallons of whiskey.	50 gallons of high wine.
186½ bottles of gin.	91 barrels and cases of ale.
2 barrels of wine.	2,108 bottles of beer.

The statement of receipts for liquor licenses, etc., for the fiscal year ending October 31st, 1913, will be found in the last page of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

W. J. HANNA,
Provincial Secretary.

SCHEDULES.

SCHEDULE A.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT BY COUNTIES AND CITIES, showing the number of (Provincial) Tavern, Shop, Wholesale and Vessel Licenses issued in the several Counties of the Province, and the Cities separated from Counties, for the license years 1874-5-6-7-8-9-80-1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-90-1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-1900-1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11-12.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses. ***	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Algoma (including Kenora, Rainy River, Fort William, Port Arthur, Algoma, Sault Ste. Marie, Manitoulin and Sudbury.)	1874	30	14	.....	3	
	1875	36	15	....	3	
	1876	18	6			
	1877	19	5			
	1878	19	5			
	1879	21	8	1		
	1880	22	6	1		
	1881	29	9	1		
	1882	35	9	1		
	1883	56	6	1		
	1884	74	12	2		
	1885	58	12	1		
	1886	62	16	1		
	1887	78	11	2		
	1888	83	16	1		
	1889	90	17			
	1890	94	15			
	1891	94	11			
	1892	92	11			
	1893	95	13			
	1894	93	12			
	1895	96	13	1		
	1896	99	13			
	1897	108	15			
	1898	111	14	.....	Club Licenses	
	1899	120	14			
	1900	118	13			
	1901	116	14	1		
	1902	131	15	1		
	1903	130	15	1		
	1904	140	16	1		
	1905	130	13			
	1906	123	11	.....	1	
	1907	120	11	.....	2	
	†1908	130	12	.....	3	
	1909	135	13	.....	4	
	1910	129	14	.....	4	
	1911	127	14	.....	4	
	1912	123	14	.....	4	

*** For Wholesale Licenses after 1905 see Schedule of Wholesale Licenses.

† Apparent increase is caused by re-arrangement of districts, decrease of same number in Nipissing.

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Brant (not including City of Brantford).	1874	95	29			
	1875	73	22	2		
	1876	56	14	4		
	1877	.....	.....	7	.....	Dunkin Act in force.
	1878	53	11	5		
	1879	55	14	1		
	1880	57	14	1		
	1881	55	14	1		
	1882	59	13	1		
	1883	58	11	1		
	1884	49	7			
	1885	44	7	1		
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	C. T. A. in force.
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1889	26	2			
	1890	26	2			
	1891	22	2			
	1892	23	2			
	1893	23	1			
	1894	22	1			
	1895	18	1			
	1896	18	1			
	1897	18	1			
	1898	18	1			
	1899	18	1			
	1900	17	1			
	1901	18	1			
	1902	18	1			
	1903	17	1			
	1904	17	1			
	1905	18	1			
	1906	18	1			
	1907	16	1			
	1908	16	1			
	1909	16	1			
	1910	4	1			
	1911	4	1			
	191	4	1			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Bruce	1874	180	25			
	1875	119	22			
	1876	88	13	3		
	1877	83	12	2		
	1878	83	9	2	.....	Dunkin Act in force for 10 months.
	1879	93	12			
	1880	98	14			
	1881	105	15			
	1882	109	18			
	1883	108	16			
	1884	99	15			
	1885	.....	.....	.....	.....	C. T. A. in force.
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	97	6			
	1889	102	6			
	1890	98	6			
	1891	97	6			
	1892	96	5			
	1893	97	5			
	1894	90	5			
	1895	90	5			
	1896	88	4			
	1897	87	4			
	1898	83	4			
	1899	81	4			
	1900	82	4			
	1901	81	4			
	1902	80	4			
	1903	80	4	1		
	1904	77	3	1		
	1905	74	3			
	1906	62	2			
	1907	55	2			
	1908	55	2			
	1909	56	2			
	1910	44	2			
	1911	41	2			
	1912	37	2			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Carleton (not including Ottawa).	1874	89	5			
	1875	79	8			
	1876	44	1	2		
	1877	55	3			
	1878	43	3			
	1879	43	1			
	1880	42	3			
	1881	50	3			
	1882	54	1			
	1883	58				
	1884	58	1			
	1885	55				
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1889	44	1			
	1890	44	1			
	1891	45				
	1892	46				
	1893	44				
	1894	45				
	1895	45				
	1896	44				
	1897	44				
	1898	46				
	1899	44				
	1900	44				
	1901	43				
	1902	43				
	1903	42				
	1904	42				
	1905	36				
	1906	27			Club	
	1907	25				
	1908	12				
	1909	10			1	
	1910	11			1	
	1911	11			1	
	1912	11			1	

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Dufferin	1881	33	7	.....	.....	New County, erected 24th January, 1881.
	1882	33	5			
	1883	34	5			
	1884	34	4			
	1885	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	24	2			
	1889	27	2			
	1890	26	2			
	1891	24	2			
	1892	24	2			
	1893	21	2			
	1894	21	2			
	1895	19	2			
	1896	19	2			
	1897	18	2			
	1898	15	2			
	1899	18	1			
	1900	18	1			
	1901	18	1			
	1902	17	1			
	1903	17	1			
	1904	17	1			
	1905	17	1			
	1906	15	1			
	1907	13	1			
	1908	12	1			
	1909	12	1			
	1910	3				
	1911	3				
	1912	2				

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Elgin	1874	113	25			
	1875	110	24			
	1876	66	16			
	1877	66	10			
	1878	69	12			
	1879	72	16			
	1880	74	12			
	1881	74	13			
	1882	74	13			
	1883	74	16			
	1884	74	12			
	1885	71	10			
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
Not including St. Thomas ..	1889	48	2			
" " ..	1890	44	1			
" " ..	1891	43	1			
" " ..	1892	44	1			
" " ..	1893	42	1			
" " ..	1894	41	1			
" " ..	1895	41	1			
" " ..	1896	39	1			
" " ..	1897	36	1			
" " ..	1898	36	1			
" " ..	1899	36	1			
" " ..	1900	36	1			
" " ..	1901	35	1			
" " ..	1902	36				
" " ..	1903	36				
" " ..	1904	36				
" " ..	1905	29				
" " ..	1906	23				
" " ..	1907	23				
" " ..	1908	23				
" "	1909	23				
" " ..	1910	21				
" " ..	1911	15				
" " ..	1912	12				

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Essex	1874	120	28	6		
	1875	101	25	6		
	1876	62	14	5	1	
	1877	69	18	1	1	
	1878	69	18	2	1	
	1879	71	18	3	1	
	1880	70	19	2	1	
	1881	74	21	2		
	1882	71	20	2		
	1883	74	19	2		
	1884	70	15	1		
	1885	77	13			
	1886	74	16			
	1887	84	15			
	1888	82	10			
	1889	95	12			
	1890	94	8			
Not including Windsor.....	1891	68	5			
" "	1892	71	5			
" "	1893	73	5			
" "	1894	70	6			
" "	1895	75	6			
" "	1896	72	6			
" "	1897	73	6			
" "	1898	72	6			
" "	1899	76	5	1		
" "	1900	83	5	1		
" "	1901	81	6	1		
" "	1902	84	6	1		
" "	1903	84	7	1		
" "	1904	84	8	1		
" "	1905	84	6			
" "	1906	80	6			
" "	1907	80	6			
" "	1908	76	7			
" "	1909	66	7			
" "	1910	51	5			
" "	1911	53	5			
" "	1912	54	5			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Frontenac (not including Kingston)	1874	71	2			
	1875	57	29			
	1876	29	.....	4		
	1877	17	.....	.....	.....	Dunkin Act assumed to be in force until quashed, December 28.
	1878	34				
	1879	36				
	1880	33	1			
	1881	33	1			
	1882	33	2			
	1883	36	2			
	1884	34	2			
	1885	34	1			
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1889	23				
	1890	25				
	1891	23				
	1892	24				
	1893	22				
	1894	22				
	1895	24				
	1896	21				
	1897	33				
	1898	21				
	1899	22				
	1900	23				
	1901	23				
	1902	22				
	1903	22				
	1904	21				
	1905	21				
	1906	13				
	1907	10				
	1908	7				
	1909	7				
	1910	7				
	1911	5				
	1912	5				

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Grey	1874	115	20	.....	3	
	1875	114	16	.....	2	
	1876	77	11	5	2	
	1877	.....	.....	6	2	Dunkin Act in force
	1878	72	7	4	1	Dunkin Act in force until September.
	1879	91	12	1	1	Melancthon and Shelburne attached to new County of Dufferin.
	1880	88	17	1	2	
	1881	84	16	.....	1	
	1882	88	18	.....	1	
	1883	95	20	.....	3	
	1884	91	19	.....	1	
	1885	92	18			
	1886	92	16	.....	3	
	1887	86	14	.....	3	
	1888	84	7	.....	4	
	1889	84	6	.....	1	
	1890	81	6			
	1891	75	5			
	1892	76	5			
	1893	77	5			
	1894	76	5			
	1895	76	5			
	1896	73	5			
	1897	72	3			
	1898	69	2			
	1899	66	2			
	1900	68	3			
	1901	68	2			
	1902	68	2			
	1903	67	2			
	1904	65	2			
	1905	62	2			
	1906	35				
	1907	31				
	1908	27				
	1909	26				
	1910	20				
	1911	20				
	1912	18				

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Haldimand	1874	96	16			
	1875	83	13			
	1876	45	5			
	1877	49	4			
	1878	49	4			
	1879	50	5			
	1880	47	5			
	1881	51	5			
	1882	52	5			
	1883	51	5			
	1884	47	5			
	1885	47	3			
	1886	48	4			
	1887	49	4			
	1888	43	4			
	1889	45	3			
	1890	49	3			
	1891	47	3			
	1892	47	3			
	1893	44	3			
	1894	42	3			
	1895	42	3			
	1896	42	4			
	1897	37	4			
	1898	36	4			
	1899	35	4			
	1900	35	4			
	1901	33	4			
	1902	32	4			
	1903	32	3			
	1904	32	3			
	1905	31	3			
	1906	30	3			
	1907	28	3			
	1908	27	2			
	1909	24	1			
	1910	24	1			
	1911	21	1			
	1912	21	1			
Haliburton	1886	7				
	1887	6				
	1888	5				
	1889	7				
	1890	7				
	1891	8				
	1892	8				
	1893	8				
	1894	10				
	1895	8				
	1896	8				
	1897	7				
	1898	6				
	1899	6				
	1900	7				
	1901	7				
	1902	7				
	1903	7				
	1904	7				
	1905	6				
	1906	6				
	1907	6				
	1908	6				
	1909	6				
	1910	4				
	1911	4				
	1912	3				

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Halton	1874	61	4			
	1875	58	5			
	1876	39	2	1		
	1877	38	1			
	1878	38	1			
	1879	42	1			
	1880	41	1			
	1881	41	1			
	1882	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1883	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1884	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1885	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	28				
	1889	28				
	1890	27				
	1891	27				
	1892	26				
	1893	27				
	1894	28				
	1895	28				
	1896	26				
	1897	23				
	1898	22				
	1899	22				
	1900	23				
	1901	21				
	1902	22				
	1903	20				
	1904	20				
	1905	19				
	1906	15				
	1907	17				
	1908	17				
	1909	16				
	1910	13			Club.	
	1911	13			1	
	1912	12			1	

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Hastings	1874	117	23	1		
	1875	100	21	2		
	1876	76	11	3	1	
	1877	82	14	3	1	
	1878	89	15	3	2	
	1879	94	15	3	1	
	1880	91	16	3		
	1881	90	15	3		
	1882	95	13	3		
	1883	97	15	3		
	1884	90	14	3		
	1885	98	17	3		
	1886	104	16	2		
	1887	102	13	2		
	1888	96	13	3		
Not including Belleville	1889	73	9			
" "	1890	74	8			
" "	1891	74	8			
" "	1892	72	7			
" "	1893	70	7			
" "	1894	67	7			
" "	1895	68	8			
" "	1896	66	6			
" "	1897	67	7			
" "	1898	59	7			
" "	1899	57	8			
" "	1900	55	8			
" "	1901	56	9			
" "	1902	56	9			
" "	1903	55	9			
" "	1904	53	8			
" "	1905	49	7			
" "	1906	49	7			
" "	1907	46	7			
" "	1908	43	5			
" "	1909	31	4			
" "	1910	29	4			
" "	1911	29	3			
" "	1912	29	3			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Huron.....	1874	150	38			
	1875	164	37	2		
	1876	113	16	3		
	1877	124	16			
	1878	127	20			
	1879	134	21			
	1880	131	16			
	1881	128	15			
	1882	124	15			
	1883	124	15			
	1884	111	14			
	1885	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	108	11			
	1889	109	8			
	1890	103	5			
	1891	104	5			
	1892	102	5	1		
	1893	94	5	1		
	1894	92	5	1		
	1895	90	5	1		
	1896	88	6			
	1897	85	6			
	1898	83	6			
	1899	84	6			
	1900	82	6			
	1901	80	6			
	1902	79	6			
	1903	77	6			
	1904	76	5			
	1905	73	5			
	1906	72	5			
	1907	64	4			
	1908	62	4			
	1909	56	3			
	1910	47	3			
	1911	46	3			
	1912	43	3			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Kent.....	1874	128	41	.....	1	
	1875	118	34	.....	1	
	1876	66	13	4	1	
	1877	67	15	.....	1	
	1878	65	13			
	1879	67	14			
	1880	67	13			
	1881	69	13	.....	1	
	1882	69	14	.....	1	
	1883	70	14			
	1884	75	11			
	1885	71	8			
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1889	72	6			
	1890	75	6			
	1891	63	5			
	1892	61	4			
	1893	61	4			
	1894	61	4			
Not including Chatham	1895	44	2			
" "	1896	46	2			
" "	1897	43	3			
" "	1898	42	3			
" "	1899	42	3			
" "	1900	41	3			
" "	1901	41	3			
" "	1902	43	3			
" "	1903	41	3			
" "	1904	28	3			
" "	1905	27	3			
" "	1906	28	3			
" "	1907	29	3			
" "	1908	31	3			
" "	1909	31	3			
" "	1910	27	3			
" "	1911	25	3			
" "	1912	21	3			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Lambton	1874	89	44	1		
	1875	85	33			
	1876	65	28	1		
	1877	65	25			
	1878	70	27			
	1879	72	26			
	1880	71	25			
	1881	72	22			
	1882	75	22			
	1883	73	19			
	1884	74	16	1		
	1885	70	10	1		
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1889	65	9			
	1890	70	10			
	1891	64	6			
	1892	62	5			
	1893	64	5			
	1894	63	5			
	1895	61	5			
	1896	62	5			
	1897	62	4			
	1898	58	4			
	1899	58	4			
	1900	58	4			
	1901	59	4			
	1902	60	4			
	1903	61	4			
	1904	60	4			
	1905	58	3			
	1906	43	3			
	1907	42	3			
	1908	41	3			
	1909	39	3			
	1910	38	3			
	1911	37	3			
	1912	33	3			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Lanark.....	1874	62	20	2		
	1875	62	20	1		
	1876	32	9	2		
	1877	32	9			
	1878	7	4	.....	.....	Dunkin Act in force, except in Perth.
	1879	33	6			
	1880	34	8			
	1881	36	6			
	1882	36	7			
	1883	35	7			
	1884	36	7			
	1885	37	6			
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1889	39	6			
	1890	45	7			
	1891	44	6			
	1892	44	7			
	1893	44	7			
	1894	44	6			
	1895	44	6			
	1896	44	6			
	1897	43	6			
	1898	43	6			
	1899	43	6			
	1900	44	6			
	1901	44	6			
	1902	45	6			
	1903	43	6			
	1904	42	6			
	1905	40	5			
	1906	37	3			
	1907	35	3			
	1908	35	3			
	1909	32	3			
	1910	22	3			
	1911	21	2			
	1912	22	2			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Leeds and Grenville.....	1874	145	32	1		
	1875	136	23	1		
	1876	79	23	3		
	1877	101	25			
	1878	97	19			
	1879	97	18			
	1880	97	20	1		
	1881	89	18			
	1882	92	21			
	1883	94	21			
	1884	88	17			
	1885	77	17			
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1889	73	13			
	1890	70	10			
	1891	69	10			
	1892	66	8			
	1893	67	7			
	1894	64	7			
	1895	65	7			
	1896	61	7			
	1897	57	7			
	1898	57	7	1		
	1899	58	8			
	1900	56	8			
	1901	58	8	.....	Clubs	
	1902	55	8			
	1903	57	8			
	1904	56	8			
	1905	36	6			
	1906	48	8	.....	1	
	1907	46	6	.....	1	
	1908	47	4	.....	2	
	1909	40	4	.....	2	
	1910	31	4	.....	2	
	1911	27	5	.....	2	
	1912	27	5	.....	2	

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Lennox and Addington	1874	52	7	.....	1	
	1875	46	8			
	1876	28	6	1		
	1877	.....	.....	1	.....	Dunkin Act in force
	1878	36	6			
	1879	37	5			
	1880	37	5			
	1881	41	5			
	1882	43	6			
	1883	45	6			
	1884	44	5			
	1885	42	5			
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1889	52	3			
	1890	49	2			
	1891	46	2			
	1892	47	2			
	1893	47	2			
	1894	44	1			
	1895	40	1			
	1896	37	1			
	1897	39	1			
	1898	37	1			
	1899	36	1			
	1900	35	1			
	1901	31	2			
	1902	34	2			
	1903	34	2			
	1904	34	2			
	1905	33	2			
	1906	33	2			
	1907	31	2			
	1908	31	2			
	1909	31	2			
	1910	29	2			
	1911	19	2			
	1912	19	2			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Lincoln (not including St. Catharines).	1874	94	23			
	1875	103	37			
	1876	70	31			
	1877	70	25			
	1878	69	21			
	1879	72	16			
	1880	73	12			
	1881	69	14			
	1882	73	15			
	1883	72	13			
	1884	71	11			
	1885	64	10			
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1889	36	3			
	1890	36	3			
	1891	35	3			
	1892	34	1			
	1893	29	1			
	1894	28	1			
	1895	28	1			
	1896	27	1			
	1897	27	1			
	1898	27	1			
	1899	26	1			
	1900	26	1			
	1901	26	1			
	1902	26	1			
	1903	25	1			
	1904	21	1			
	1905	21	1			
	1906	13	1			
	1907	11	1			
	1908	11	1			
	1909	11	1			
	1910	14	1			
	1911	14	1			
	1912	14	1			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Middlesex (not including London).	1874	188	17	1		
	1875	174	33			
	1876	122	26	3		
	1877	139	23			
	1878	143	21			
	1879	141	19			
	1880	134	18			
	1881	138	18			
	1882	133	16			
	1883	130	18			
	1884	126	17			
	1885	128	16	.....	1	
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1889	82	8			
	1890	93	6			
	1891	93	5			
	1892	90	5			
	1893	80	4			
	1894	73	4			
	1895	69	4			
	1896	68	4			
	1897	67	4			
	1898	65	4			
	1899	67	4			
	1900	68	4			
	1901	67	4			
	1902	66	4			
	1903	63	2			
	1904	60	2			
	1905	56	1			
	1906	55				
	1907	49				
	1908	50				
	1909	44				
	1910	25				
	1911	23				
	1912	20				

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Muskoka and Parry Sound..	1874	9				
	1875	23				
	1876	19				
	1877	22				
	1878	29				
	1879	38	1			
	1880	44	4			
	1881	45	4			
	1882	48	5			
	1883	49	6			
	1884	48	4			
	1885	37	1			
	1886	23				
	1887	21				
	1888	32	1			
	1889	45	2			
	1890	47	1			
	1891	47	1			
	1892	53	1			
	1893	50	2			
	1894	56	2			
	1895	60	1			
	1896	60	1			
	1897	59	1			
	1898	58	1			
	1899	57	1			
	1900	59	1			
	1901	56	1			
	1902	58	1			
	1903	55	1			
	1904	52	1			
	1905	53	2			
	1906	53	2			
	1907	50	2			
	1908	45	2			
	1909	44	2			
	1910	46	2			
	1911	41	1			
	1912	38	1			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses	Remarks.
Nipissing (including Temiskaming and Sturgeon Falls).	1878	2	1			
	1879	3	1			
	1880	3	1			
	1881	11	8			
	1882	8	5			
	1883	9	5			
	1884	5	5			
	1885	23	6			
	1886	22	4			
	1887	24	5			
	1888	23	4			
	1889	23	4			
	1890	27	4			
	1891	26	5			
	1892	30	6			
	1893	30	6			
	1894	28	5			
	1895	31	6			
	1896	34	6			
	1897	36	6			
	1898	34	5			
	1899	32	5			
	1900	34	5			
	1901	37	5			
	1902	39	5	Clubs.		
	1903	40	7			
	1904	43	8			
	1905	46	9			
	1906	56	8			
	1907	54	9			
	*1908	42	8			
	1909	43	8	2		
	1910	44	6	1		
	1911	42	6			
	1912	43	5			

* Apparent decrease is caused by re-arrangement of districts; increase of same number in Algoma.

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks
Norfolk	1874	73	6			
	1875	74	6			
	1876	51	4	2		
	1877	51	5	1		
	1878	55	5			
	1879	51	7			
	1880	51	6			
	1881	55	6			
	1882	56	6			
	1883	54	6			
	1884	51	4			
	1885	.....	.....	.....	.....	C. T. A. in force
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	37	4			
	1889	41	3			
	1890	39	2			
	1891	39	2			
	1892	41	2			
	1893	39	2			
	1894	35	2			
	1895	37	2			
	1896	31	2			
	1897	33	2			
	1898	32	2			
	1899	30	2			
	1900	29	2			
	1901	29	2			
	1902	29	2			
	1903	30	2			
	1904	29	2			
	1905	25	2			
	1906	22	2			
	1907	16	2			
	1908	17	2			
	1909	14	2			
	1910	15	2			
	1911	15	2			
	1912	13	1			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Northumberland & Durham.	1874	135	35	2	1	
	1875	121	32	2	1	
	1876	102	27	4	1	
	1877	103	25	2	1	
	1878	89	21	2	2	Dunkin Act in force for ten months except in Port Hope and Cobourg.
	1879	98	21	.....	1	
	1880	100	22	....	1	
	1881	100	23	. .....	1	
	1882	102	23	.....	1	
	1883	104	23	.....	1	
	1884	101	19			
	1885	97	16			
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	C. T. A. in force.
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1889	81	14			
	1890	74	13			
	1891	77	15			
	1892	76	14			
	1893	75	10			
	1894	68	9			
	1895	66	8			
	1896	64	9			
	1897	61	7			
	1898	59	7			
	1899	57	7			
	1900	55	7			
	1901	56	7			
	1902	56	7			
	1903	55	7			
	1904	53	7			
	1905	50	7			
	1906	48	6			
	1907	44	5			
	1908	26	4			
	1909	23	4			
	1910	23	4			
	1911	23	4			
	1912	21	4			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Ontario.....	1874	86	35			
	1875	87	23			
	1876	60	10			
	1877	58	9			
	1878	55	8	2	.....	Dunkin Act in force for ten months.
	1879	61	9			
	1880	65	11			
	1881	66	12			
	1882	71	13			
	1883	72	12			
	1884	68	11			
	1885	67	12			
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1889	64	7			
	1890	62	7			
	1891	60	4			
	1892	57	6			
	1893	50	5			
	1894	47	4			
	1895	45	4			
	1896	44	4			
	1897	50	4			
	1898	49	4			
	1899	45	4			
	1900	46	4			
	1901	46	4			
	1902	46	4			
	1903	44	4			
	1904	41	3			
	1905	42	3			
	1906	32	3			
	1907	31	3			
	1908	30	3			
	1909	30	3			
	1910	25	3			
	1911	22	3			
	1912	20	3			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Oxford.....	1874	104	39			
	1875	102	25			
	1876	73	9	4		
	1877	70	10	1		
	1878	71	10			
	1879	74	12			
	1880	74	14			
	1881	73	13			
	1882	74	11			
	1883	72	9			
	1884	62	8			
	1885	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1889	52	6	1		
	1890	58	7	1		
	1891	57	5	1		
	1892	50	5			
	1893	50	6			
	1894	48	6			
	1895	48	5			
	1896	47	5			
	1897	47	5			
	1898	47	5			
	1899	47	5			
	1900	47	5			
	1901	47	5			
	1902	45	5			
Not including Woodstock....	1903	33	3			
" " "	1904	31	3			
" " "	1905	28	3			
" " "	1906	24	3			
" " "	1907	22	2			
" " "	1908	19	2			
" " "	1909	20	3			
" " "	1910	16	3			
" " "	1911	16	3			
" " "	1912	13	3			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Peel	1874	91	15			
	1875	86	15			
	1876	49	10			
	1877	57	9			
	1878	60	8			
	1879	57	7			
	1880	62	7			
	1881	56	7			
	1882	57	6			
	1883	57	5			
	1884	55	4			
	1885	58	4			
	1886	55	5			
	1887	56	4			
	1888	57	3			
	1889	52	3			
	1890	52	3			
	1891	51	3			
	1892	47	3			
	1893	48	2			
	1894	47	2			
	1895	46	2			
	1896	47	2			
	1897	47	2			
	1898	42	2			
	1899	40	2			
	1900	42	2			
	1901	40	2			
	1902	39	2			
	1903	39	1			
	1904	41	1			
	1905	25				
	1906	24				
	1907	20				Clubs.
	1908	20				
	1909	20	.....	.....	2	
	1910	8	.....	.....	2	
	1911	8	.....	.....	3	
	1912	8	.....	.....	2	

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Perth.....	1874	145	23			
	1875	135	25			
	1876	101	13	3		
	1877	105	17			
	1878	105	17			
	1879	110	18			
	1880	110	19			
	1881	106	19			
	1882	110	19			
	1883	109	17			
	1884	102	14			
	1885	93	14			
	1886	95	12			
	1887	95	13			
	1888	96	10			
Not including Stratford	1889	74	5			
" "	1890	72	5			
" "	1891	69	4			
" "	1892	68	5			
" "	1893	65	6			
" "	1894	62	5			
" "	1895	61	5			
" "	1896	58	5			
" " ...	1897	59	5			
" "	1898	57	5			
" " ...	1899	55	5			
" "	1900	53	6			
" "	1901	53	6			
" "	1902	54	6			
" "	1903	53	6			
" "	1904	48	6			
" "	1905	48	6			
" "	1906	40	6			
" "	1907	44	6			
" "	1908	46	6			
" "	1909	43	4			
" "	1910	40	4			
" "	1911	40	3			
" "	1912	38	3			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Peterborough	1874	98	16			
	1875	72	16			
	1876	40	11	2	1	
	1877	43	11	.....	1	
	1878	35	11	.....	1	Dunkin Act in force
	1879	42	13	.....	1	in part of West
	1880	46	12	.....	1	Riding for 10 months.
	1881	46	14	.....	1	
	1882	50	15	.....	1	
	1883	50	14	.....	1	
	1884	46	13	.....	1	
	1885	43	12			
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1889	43	10	.....	1	" "
	1890	41	11			
	1891	45	9			
	1892	46	8			
	1893	43				
	1894	39				
	1895	47	6			
	1896	47	6			
	1897	43	6			
	1898	40	6			
	1899	38	6	1		
	1900	38	5	1		
	1901	38	5	1		
	1902	37	5	1		
	1903	37	6	1		
	1904	37	6	1		
	1905	33	5	1		
	1906	27	4			
Not including City of Peterborough	1907	6				
" " "	1908	5				
" " "	1909	2				
" " "	1910	2				
" " "	1911	2				
" " "	1912	2				

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Prescott and Russell.....	1874	63	10	1		
	1875	58	11			
	1876	52				
	1877	46	5			
	1878	49	5			
	1879	41	5			
	1880	42	4			
	1881	50	5			
	1882	53	6			
	1883	62	7			
	1884	65	4			
	1885	65	3			
	1886	68	1			
	1887	78	1			
	1888	76	1			
	1889	76	1			
	1890	78	2			
	1891	75	3			
	1892	77	2			
	1893	72	2			
	1894	69	3			
	1895	71	3			
	1896	76	3			
	1897	76	4			
	1898	72	4			
	1899	74	4			
	1900	76	4			
	1901	77	5			
	1902	78	5			
	1903	77	5			
	1904	75	5			
	1905	76	4			
	1906	77	4			
	1907	69	4			
	1908	71	3			
	1909	72	3			
	1910	66	3			
	1911	61	2			
	1912	59	0			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Prince Edward	1874	22	3	.....	3	
	1875	33	3	.....	1	
	1876	.....	.....	1	1	Dunkin Act in force
	1877	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1878	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1879	23	2	.....	1	
	1880	24	2	.....	3	
	1881	24	3	.....	1	
	1882	22	3	.....	2	
	1883	23	4	.....	2	
	1884	21	1	.....	2	
	1885	23	2	.....	2	
	1886	24	2			
	1887	21	2	.....	2	
	1888	18	2			
	1889	16	2			
	1890	18	2			
	1891	18	2			
	1892	17	2			
	1893	16	2			
	1894	15	2			
	1895	15	2			
	1896	14	2			
	1897	13	2			
	1898	13	2			
	1899	12	2			
	1900	12	2			
	1901	12	2			
	1902	12	2			
	1903	13	1			
	1904	12	1			
	1905	11	1			
	1906	9	1			
	1907	9	1			
	1908	9	1			
	1909	5	1			
	1910	6	1			
	1911	6	1			
	1912	5	1			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Renfrew	1874	100	35	.....	1	
	1875	102	30	1	1	
	1876	51	20	.....	1	
	1877	42	17			
	1878	31	15			
	1879	36	16			
	1880	42	21			
	1881	47	17			
	1882	48	23			
	1883	63	30			
	1884	44	20			
	1885	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	55	12			
	1889	55	16			
	1890	56	16			
	1891	55	13			
	1892	58	14			
	1893	60	13			
	1894	66	15			
	1895	65	17			
	1896	63	16			
	1897	62	14			
	1898	58	14			
	1899	60	14			
	1900	60	14			
	1901	60	14			
	1902	59	15			
	1903	59	10			
	1904	58	10			
	1905	56	10			
	1906	57	9			
	1907	56	9			
	1908	52	9			
	1909	46	8			
	1910	35	6			
	1911	34	6			
	1912	32	6			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Simcoe.....	1874	223	42			
	1875	196	35	2	2	
	1876	135	24	2	2	
	1877	137	24	1	2	
	1878	149	21	1	1	
	1879	142	20	1	1	
	1880	155	23	1	1	
	1881	144	23	1	1	
	1882	146	23			Mono and Mulmur attached to new County of Dufferin.
	1883	147	26			
	1884	138	24			
	1885	.....	.....	.....	.....	C. T. A. in force.
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	121	17			
	1889	134	18			
	1890	123	17			
	1891	113	15			
	1892	117	12			
	1893	113	11			
	1894	106	11			
	1895	105	11			
	1896	102	10			
	1897	100	9			
	1898	97	9			
	1899	95	9			
	1900	97	8			
	1901	96	8			
	1902	95	8			
	1903	90	8			
	1904	88	8			
	1905	84	8			
	1906	81	7			
	1907	69	6			
	1908	54	6			
	1909	51	5			
	1910	24	2			
	1911	24	2			
	1912	23	2			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry.	1874	122	31			
	1875	80	28			
	1876	82	22			
	1877	87	17			
	1878	94	17			
	1879	91	16			
	1880	91	18			
	1881	96	18			
	1882	95	18			
	1883	89	17			
	1884	92	15			
	1885	.....	.....	.....	.....	C. T. A. in force.
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	105	8			
	1889	111	10			
	1890	103	8			
	1891	96	10			
	1892	94	10			
	1893	84	8			
	1894	82	8	1		
	1895	80	4			
	1896	79	4			
	1897	78	4			
	1898	74	3	1		
	1899	75	3			
	1900	73	2			
	1901	74	2			
	1902	73	2			
	1903	71	2			
	1904	72	3			
	1905	64	4			
	1906	54	2			
	1907	54	2			
	1908	53	2			
	1909	40	2			
	1910	38	2			
	1911	21	2			
	1912	20	3			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Victoria	1874	78	13	1		
	1875	70	9	.....	1	
	1876	55	5	1	.....	
	1877	56	5	.....	.....	
	1878	56	6	.....	.....	
	1879	60	6	.....	.....	
	1880	59	5	.....	.....	Including Haliburton.
	1881	62	4	.....	.....	
	1882	62	3	.....	1	
	1883	62	3	.....		
	1884	58	3	.....	.....	
	1885	54	3			
	1886	.....	.....	.....	.....	C.T.A. in force.
	1887	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1888	.....	.....	.....	.....	" "
	1889	46	2			
	1890	44	2			
	1891	47	2			
	1892	40	3			
	1893	39	3			
	1894	38	3			
	1895	33	2			
	1896	33	2			
	1897	33	1			
	1898	32	1			
	1899	29	1			
	1900	29	1			
	1901	30	1			
	1902	30	1			
	1903	26	1			
	1904	25	1			
	1905	26	1			
	1906	25	1			
	1907	24	1			
	1908	15	1			
	1909	15	1			
	1910	13	1			
	1911	13	1			
	1912	13	1			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Waterloo	1874	136	21			
	1875	136	20	3		
	1876	86	19	13		
	1877	84	17	10		
	1878	87	17			
	1879	89	15			
	1880	87	15			
	1881	88	16			
	1882	90	17			
	1883	91	15	.....	1	
	1884	92	14			
	1885	90	13			
	1886	87	12			
	1887	87	12			
	1888	90	9	1		
	1889	91	10	1		
	1890	92	10	1		
	1891	91	10	1		
	1892	90	11	1		
	1893	90	10	1		
	1894	88	10	1		
	1895	89	10	3		
	1896	90	10	5		
	1897	88	10	3		
	1898	86	10	2		
	1899	85	11	2		
	1900	86	10	2		
	1901	85	10	2		
	1902	85	8	1		
	1903	81	8	1		
	1904	80	10	1		
	1905	78	10		Clubs.	
	1906	78	10			
	1907	76	10			
	1908	76	10		1	
	1909	75	10		1	
	1910	68	8		1	
	1911	67	7		1	
	1912	67	7		2	

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Welland	1874	145	28	3		
	1875	151	23			
	1876	73	19			
	1877	80	19			
	1878	89	21			
	1879	92	25			
	1880	87	29			
	1881	81	19			
	1882	78	20			
	1883	79	18			
	1884	82	14			
	1885	79	15			
	1886	82	12			
	1887	78	10			
	1888	70	8			
	1889	73	9			
	1890	73	9			
	1891	70	9			
	1892	71	9			
	1893	66	10			
	1894	64	10			
	1895	66	10			
	1896	65	9			
	1897	63	9			
	1898	62	9			
	1899	60	9			
	1900	64	9			
	1901	65	10			
	1902	64	10			
	1903	61	10			
	1904	61	10			
	1905	59	10			
	1906	64	10			
	1907	65	10			
	1908	64	10			
	1909	59	10		Club	
	1910	60	10		1	
	1911	55	10		1	
	1912	54	11		3	

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Wellington	1874	183	52			
	1875	182	41	3		
	1876	138	29	3		
	1877	130	28	3		
	1878	134	29			
	1879	138	29			
	1880	145	30			
	1881	134	24			Orangeville, Amaranth and East Garafraxa attached to new County of Dufferin.
	1882	128	26			
	1883	126	22			
	1884	116	19			
	1885	104	13			
	1886					C.T.A. in force.
	1887					" "
	1888					" "
Not including Guelph	1889	78	5			
" "	1890	77	4			
" "	1891	80	3			
" "	1892	79	3			
" "	1893	76	2			
" "	1894	72	2			
" "	1895	71	1			
" "	1896	71	1			
" "	1897	68	1			
" "	1898	64	1			
" "	1899	63	1			
" "	1900	62	1			
" "	1901	62	1			
" "	1902	61	1			
" "	1903	58	1			
" "	1904	57				
" "	1905	49				
" "	1906	44				
" "	1907	42				
" "	1908	39				
" "	1909	39				
" "	1910	35				
" "	1911	33	1			
" "	1912	31	1			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Wentworth (not including Hamilton).	1874	110	32	4		
	1875	107	19	2		
	1876	61	11	2		
	1877	56	10			
	1878	47	6			
	1879	63	6			
	1880	56	6			
	1881	55	6			
	1882	51	6			
	1883	52	6			
	1884	54	6			
	1885	54	6			
	1886	49	6			
	1887	51	5			
	1888	47	4			
	1889	49	3			
	1890	49	4			
	1891	49	3			
	1892	46	3			
	1893	45	3			
	1894	42	3			
	1895	41	3			
	1896	38	3			
	1897	38	3			
	1898	39	3			
	1899	39	3			
	1900	39	3			
	1901	39	3			
	1902	37	3		Clubs.	
	1903	34	3			
	1904	34	3			
	1905	35	1			
	1906	33	1		1	
	1907	30	1		2	
	1908	22	1		2	
	1909	21	1		2	
	1910	17	1		2	
	1911	16	1		2	
	1912	15	1		3	

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

County.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
York (not including Toronto).	1874	148	39			
	1875	164	35			
	1876	108	16	1		
	1877	97	15			
	1878	.....	.....	.....	.....	Dunkin Act in force
	1879	114	15	.....	.....	Dunkin Act in force one month, May.
	1880	117	16			
	1881	128	21			
	1882	131	24			
	1883	132	23			
	1884	121	13			
	1885	114	12			
	1886	116	10			
	1887	109	7			
	1888	107	2			
	1889	112	1			
	1890	108	2			
	1891	105	3			
	1892	108	4			
	1893	104	4			
	1894	103	4			
	1895	102	4			
	1896	100	4			
	1897	100	4			
	1898	98	4			
	1899	97	2			
	1900	92	2			
	1901	92	2	1		
	1902	92	2	1		
	1903	91	2	1		
	1904	84	1	1		
	1905	73	1		Clubs.	
	1906	54	1			
	1907	50	1		2	
	1908	51	1		4	
	1909	46	1		4	
	1910	36			3	
	1911	33			3	
	1912	33			3	

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc:—Continued.

City.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Toronto.....	1874	309	184	21	16	
	1875	299	128	28	9	
	1876	216	100	39	9	
	1877	182	100	26	6	
	1878	181	92	20	10	
	1879	195	88	19	6	
	1880	204	94	18	4	
	1881	210	95	15	6	
	1882	216	100	14	7	
	1883	197	98	14	5	
	1884	217	88	13	3	
	1885	227	71	*14	2	
	1886	224	66	13	3	
	1887	150	50	13	1	
	1888	150	50	12	3	
	1889	150	50	14	3	
	1890	150	50	11		
	1891	150	50	11		
	1892	150	50	10		
	1893	149	50	10		
	1894	150	50	11		
	1895	150	50	8		
	1896	150	50	9		
	1897	150	50	6		
	1898	150	50	6		
	1899	150	50	6		
	1900	150	50	5		
	1901	150	50	7		
	1902	150	50	5		
	1903	150	50	6		
	1904	150	50	8	Clubs.	
	1905	147	50	11		
	1906	146	50		12	
	1907	144	50		15	
	1908	144	50		14	
	1909	110	50		20	
	1910	110	50		21	
	1911	110	50		20	
	1912	110	50		21	

* Dominion issues.

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

City.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Hamilton.	1874	127	93	.....	3	
	1875	110	72			
	1876	68	61	11	1	
	1877	68	55	7	2	
	1878	68	64	7	2	
	1879	68	61	8		
	1880	74	57	7		
	1881	89	55	7		
	1882	98	58	8		
	1883	105	54	8		
	1884	97	47	4		
	1885	110	48	3		
	1886	112	45	5		
	1887	107	40	4		
	1888	111	37	2		
	1889	91	38	3		
	1890	92	38	3		
	1891	91	37	3		
	1892	94	34	3		
	1893	94	30	3		
	1894	75	20	4		
	1895	75	20	4		
	1896	76	20	4		
	1897	75	20	3		
	1898	75	20	2		
	1899	75	20	2	Clubs.	
	1900	75	19	3		
	1901	75	19	3		
	1902	75	19	3		
	1903	75	19	3		
	1904	73	18	3		
	1905	68	17	5		
	1906	68	17		2	
	1907	68	17		3	
	1908	69	17		3	
	1909	66	16		3	
	1910	67	16		3	
	1911	58	15		3	
	1912	58	15		3	

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

City.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Ottawa.....	1874	120	77	6		
	1875	114	148	6		
	1876	75	77	7	1	
	1877	75	80	2	1	
	1878	73	77	.....	1	
	1879	73	71	.....	1	
	1880	75	72	.....	1	
	1881	75	77	.....	1	
	1882	75	76	.....	1	
	1883	75	84	.....	1	
	1884	75	78	.....	1	
	1885	75	77			
	1886	75	69	1		
	1887	75	68	1	1 B. & W.	
	1888	76	54	2	1	
	1889	80	56	1	1 B.& W	
	1890	88	59	2		
	1891	87	59	1		
	1892	78	46	1		
	1893	72	40	5		
	1894	71	38	5		
	1895	70	33	3		
	1896	76	33	4		
	1897	77	33	5		
	1898	80	33	6		
	1899	78	32	7		
	1900	75	32	9		
	1901	76	32	8		
	1902	76	32	7		
	1903	77	31	6	Clubs.	
	1904	67	31	5		
	1905	67	31	5		
	1906	67	31		3	
	1907	65	31		3	
	1908	65	26		3	
	1909	64	24		3	
	1910	55	20		4	
	1911	55	20		4	
	1912	55	20		4	

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

City.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
London	1874	75	40	3		
	1875	75	74	2		
	1876	57	34	5		
	1877	58	35	1		
	1878	58	37	1		
	1879	57	36	2		
	1880	45	27	2		
	1881	45	24	2		
	1882	47	26	3		
	1883	47	24	2		
	1884	48	22	2		
	1885	49	23	1		
	1886	61	21	2		
	1887	54	19	2		
	1888	57	14	1		
	1889	58	13	1		
	1890	56	12	1		
	1891	41	10	1		
	1892	34	6	3		
	1893	34	6	5		
	1894	34	6	2		
	1895	35	6	2		
	1896	34	6	2		
	1897	34	6	2		
	1898	34	6	2		
	1899	34	6	2		Clubs.
	1900	35	6	2		
	1901	35	6	2		
	1902	35	6	2		
	1903	35	6	*1		
	1904	35	6	*1		
	1905	32	5	1		
	1906	26	5		1	
	1907	26	5		2	
	1908	26	5		2	
	1909	26	5		2	
	1910	26	5		2	
	1911	26	5		2	
	1912	26	5		2	

*6 months.

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

City.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Kingston	1874	97	25	.....	1	
	1875	75	20	3	1	
	1876	53	23	6	5	
	1877	61	21	3	8	
	1878	61	21	3	8	
	1879	62	20	3	8	
	1880	62	20	3	8	
	1881	64	20	2	11	
	1882	53	22	2	9	
	1883	53	23	3	6	
	1884	39	20	2	6	
	1885	38	22	1	4	
	1886	41	22	1	6	
	1887	43	20	1	6	
	1888	44	15	1	7	
	1889	40	15	1		
	1890	38	15	1		
	1891	39	15	1		
	1892	41	15	1		
	1893	40	14	1		
	1894	38	13	1		
	1895	39	12			
	1896	37	12			
	1897	37	12			
	1898	36	12			
	1899	34	11			
	1900	34	11			
	1901	34	10			
	1902	34	10			
	1903	33	10	.....	Clubs.	
	1904	33	8			
	1905	33	7			
	1906	31	7			
	1907	28	7			
	1908	28	7		2	
	1909	28	7		1	
	1910	25	6		1	
	1911	25	6		1	
	1912	15	6		1	
St. Catharines	1886	26	7			
	1887	29	7			
	1888	23	7			
	1889	26	6			
	1890	26	5			
	1891	26	4			
	1892	26	3			
	1893	26	3			
	1894	26	3			
	1895	26	3			
	1896	26	2			
	1897	26	2			
	1898	22	2			
	1899	24	2			
	1900	22	2			
	1901	21	2			
	1902	24	2	.....	Clubs.	
	1903	19	2			
	1904	19	2			
	1905	18	2			
	1906	19	2		1	
	1907	19	2		1	
	1908	19	2		1	
	1909	16	2		1	
	1910	10	2		1	
	1911	10	2		1	
	1912	10	2		1	

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

City.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Brantford	1886	19	5	3		
	1887	18	5	3		
	1888	18	5	3		
	1889	18	5	3		
	1890	18	5	2		
	1891	18	5	1		
	1892	18	5	1		
	1893	18	5	1		
	1894	18	5	1		
	1895	16	5	1		
	1896	16	5	1		
	1897	16	5	.....	1	
	1898	16	4			
	1899	16	4			
	1900	17	4			
	1901	17	4			
	1902	16	4			
	1903	17	4	.....	Clubs	
	1904	16	4			
	1905	17	4			
	1906	16	4			
	1907	16	4		1	
	1908	16	4		1	
	1909	16	4		1	
	1910	9	3		1	
	1911	9	3		1	
	1912	9	3		1	
St. Thomas	1889	20	6			
	1890	18	4			
	1891	18	4			
	1892	18	4			
	1893	18	4			
	1894	18	4			
	1895	18	4			
	1896	18	4			
	1897	18	3			
	1898	17	3			
	1899	17	4			
	1900	17	3			
	1901	17	2			
	1902	17	3			
	1903	17	3			
	1904	17	3			
	1905	16	3			
	1906	16	3			
	1907	16	3			
	1908	16	3			
	1909	16	3			
	1910	16	3			
	1911	16	3			
	1912	16	3			

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

City.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Stratford	1889	21	4			
	1890	21	4			
	1891	21	4			
	1892	21	4			
	1893	19	4			
	1894	16	2			
	1895	16	2			
	1896	16	2			
	1897	16	2			
	1898	16	2			
	1899	16	2			
	1900	16	2			
	1901	16	2			
	1902	16	2			
	1903	15	2			
	1904	15	2			
	1905	13	2			
	1906	15	2			
	1907	16	2			
	1908	16	2			
	1909	15	2			
	1910	16	2			
	1911	15	2			
	1912	10	2			
Guelph	1889	16	2			
	1890	16	2			
	1891	16	2			
	1892	16	2			
	1893	16	2			
	1894	16	2			
	1895	16	2			
	1896	16	2			
	1897	16	2			
	1898	16	2			
	1899	16	2			
	1900	14	2			
	1901	15	2			
	1902	15	2			
	1903	15	2			
	1904	15	2		Clubs.	
	1905	15	2			
	1906	15	2		1	
	1907	15	2		1	
	1908	15	2		1	
	1909	15	2		1	
	1910	14	2		1	
	1911	13	2		1	
	1912	14	2		1	

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

City.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Belleville	1889	25	3	2		
	1890	25	3	2		
	1891	25	3	2		
	1892	25	3	2		
	1893	24	3	2		
	1894	24	3	2		
	1895	25	3	2		
	1896	26	3	1		
	1897	26	3	1		
	1898	21	2	1		
	1899	17	2			
	1900	18	2			
	1901	18	2			
	1902	18	2			
	1903	17	2			
	1904	16	3			
	1905	16	3			
	1906	16	3			
	1907	16	3			
	1908	16	3			
	1909	16	3			
	1910	16	3			
	1911	15	3			
	1912	15	3			
Windsor	1891	22	4			
	1892	25	5			
	1893	27	4			
	1894	27	4			
	1895	27	4			
	1896	27	4			
	1897	27	3	1		
	1898	24	3	1		
	1899	22	3			
	1900	21	3			
	1901	23	3			
	1902	23	3			
	1903	23	3			
	1904	23	3			
	1905	19	3			
	1906	23	3			
	1907	23	3			
	1908	23	3			
	1909	23	3			
	1910	23	3			
	1911	23	3		Club	
	1912	22	3		1	

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Continued.

City.	Year.	Tavern licenses.	Shop licenses.	Wholesale licenses.	Vessel licenses.	Remarks.
Chatham	1895	17	2			
	1896	18	2			
	1897	17	2			
	1898	16	2			
	1899	15	2			
	1900	15	2			
	1901	15	2			
	1902	15	2			
	1903	15	2			
	1904	15	2			
	1905	12	2			
	1906	13	2			
	1907	13	2			
	1908	14	2			
	1909	14	2			
	1910	13	2			
	1911	13	2			
	1912	13	2			
Woodstock	1903	12	2			
	1904	12	2			
	1905	9	2			
	1906	9	2			
	1907	8	2			
	1908	9	2			
	1909	9	2			
	1910	7	2			
	1911	7	2			
	1912	7	2			
					Club.	
Peterborough	1907	20	4	.....	1	
	1908	19	4	.....	1	
	1909	18	4	.....	1	
	1910	12	3	.....	1	
	1911	12	3	.....	1	
	1912	12	3	.....	1	

SCHEDULE A.—Comparative Statement, etc.—Concluded.

RECAPITULATION, showing the total number of Provincial licenses issued in the several counties in the province, including the cities, during the license years 1874-5-6-7-8-9-80-1-2 3-4-5-6-7-8-9-90-1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-1900-1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11-12.

Years.	Tavern.	Shop.	Wholesale	Vessel.	Club.	Total.
1874	4,793	1,307	52	33	.....	6,185
1875	4,459	1,257	78	24	.....	5,818
1876	2,977	787	147	27	.....	3,938
1877	2,845	739	65	27	.....	3,676
1878	2,910	724	52	29	.....	3,715
1879	3,199	757	42	22	.....	4,020
1880	3,227	760	40	22	.....	4,049
1881	3,311	764	34	24	.....	4,133
1882	3,317	787	35	24	.....	4,163
1883	3,363	781	36	21	.....	4,201
1884	3,253	675	28	14	.....	3,970
1885	2,574	525	24	9	.....	3,132
1886	1,567	367	28	12	.....	1,974
1887	1,496	325	28	13	.....	1,862
1888	2,066	336	26	17	.....	2,445
1889	3,073	445	37	15	.....	3,560
1890	3,071	428	24	.....	.....	3,523
1891	2,990	403	21	.....	.....	3,414
1892	2,966	378	25	.....	.....	3,369
1893	2,888	357	31	.....	.....	3,276
1894	2,785	337	29	.....	.....	3,151
1895	2,779	327	26	.....	.....	3,132
1896	2,747	323	26	.....	.....	3,096
1897	2,725	317	22	.....	.....	3,064
1898	2,641	312	23	.....	.....	2,976
1899	2,611	308	21	.....	.....	2,950
1900	2,621	303	24	.....	.....	2,948
1901	2,613	308	26	.....	.....	2,947
1902	2,628	307	22	.....	.....	2,957
1903	2,577	300	22	.....	.....	2,899
1904	2,516	298	22	.....	.....	2,836
1905	2,384	283	24	.....	.....	2,691
1906	2,207	267	23	.....	24	2,521
1907	2,110	262	25	.....	35	2,432
1908	2,010	253	23	.....	42	2,328
1909	1,873	245	32*	.....	50	2,200
1910	1,630	226	31*	.....	51	1,938
1911	1,537	221	30	.....	52	1,841
1912	1,469	219	29	.....	57	1,774

The Six Months' Licenses and the Licenses *extended* do not appear in the above Schedule or recapitulation. Beer and Wine Licenses are included with the ordinary licenses, under the heads of Tavern Licenses and Vessel Licenses respectively. An *extended* License is good for a period not exceeding three months. It is not in the nature of a new License, but simply a permission, granted by the Board of Commissioners to the holder of a License expiring in April, to continue his business under the old license for the specified period, that he may be able to dispose of his stock on hand and quit the business without loss. Six Months' Licenses run from the first day of May to the thirty-first day of October, and are not valid after the latter date. They are granted to localities which are largely resorted to in summer by visitors, where the Board of Commissioners is of the opinion that increased tavern accommodation for the summer months is necessary.

* A change in the Act, compelling firms outside of the Province to take out a License to sell to the trade in Ontario, is the cause of the increase. Eleven Wholesale Licenses were issued to firms and chartered companies, who formerly sold to the trade in Ontario without having to procure a license in this Province.

SCHEDULE B.

SCHEDULE B.

STATEMENT BY MUNICIPALITIES, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, whether ordinary, Beer and Wine, or Club, issued; the number extended or transferred; number of bartenders' licenses issued; the sums deposited to the credit of the License Fund Accounts for licenses only; the revenue paid over to the Municipal treasurers, and the amounts received by the Province from licenses for the license year 1912-13.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Addington	Newburg, Village													
	*Camden													
	Sheffield	5					5			1		600 00	150 00	150 00
	Kaladar and Anglesea	1	1				2					210 00	52 50	52 50
	Barrie	1					1					120 00	30 00	30 00
	*Kennebec													
	Olden													
	*Oso													
	Hinchinbrooke													
	Palmerston and Canonto	1					1					120 00	30 00	30 00
	Clarendon and Millar													
	Abinger, Ashby and Denbigh													
	Transferred from previous year											79 69		
	" " Local Option											180 00		
	Totals	8	1				9			1		1,309 69	262 50	262 50

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Algoma	St. Joseph													
	Hilton	1					1				1	122 00	45 75	45 75
	Thessalon, Town	3					3				12	774 00	290 25	290 25
	*Thessalon, Township													
	Plummer, add'l													
	Hallam													
	Salter and May and 116													
	*Johnson, Tarbutt, etc													
	*Denison, Drury and Graham													
	Blind River	4					4			1	12	2,024 00	759 00	759 00
	Webbwood	2					2				6	512 00	192 00	192 00
	*McDonald, Meredith, etc													
	*Bruce Mines, Town													
	Massey, Town	2					2			1	10	1,420 00	532 50	532 50
	Thompson													
	†Unorganized Territory	3					3	1			5	400 00		300 00
	Transferred from previous year											253 66		
	Totals	15					15	1		2	46	5,505 66	1,819 50	2,119 50

* Local Option. † Payable to Province, less proportion of expenses.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.						Extensions				Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Tavern.	Shop.	Transfers.	Bartenders.			
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
North Brant..	*South Dumfries													
	*Brantford Township, North													
	*Onondaga													
	*Burford													
	Paris, Town	4			1		5				12	1,774 00	532 20	532 20
	Transferred from previous year											54 17		
	Totals	4			1		5				12	1,828 17	532 20	532 20
South Brant..	*Brantford Township, South													
	*Oakland													
	Brantford City	9			3	1	13			2	37	6,124 00	2,350 00	2,350 00
	Transferred from previous year											108 56		
	Totals	9			3	1	13			2	37	6,232 56	2,350 00	2,350 00
Brockville ...	Brockville, Town	6			2	1	9				15	5,520 00	2,346 00	2,346 00
	*Rear of Yonge and Escott													
	*Elizabethtown													
	*Athens, Village													
	Elmsley, South	1					1			1		120 00	51 00	51 00
	Kitley	3					3					360 00	153 00	153 00
	Transferred from previous year											121 10		
	Totals	10			2	1	13			1	15	6,121 10	2,350 00	2,350 00

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$
Centre Bruce.	*Paisley, Village													
	Kincardine, Town	5			1		6			3	5	2,110 00	764 80	764 80
	*Chesley, Town													
	Greenock	4					4					480 00	174 00	174 00
	*Huron													
	*Kincardine, Township													
	Elderslie													
	Transferred from previous year											28 05		
	" " Local Option											14 38		
	Totals	9			1		10			3	5	2,632 43	938 80	938 80
North Bruce.	Tiverton, Village	1					1					250 00	90 63	90 62
	Port Elgin, Village	3					3					750 00	271 87	271 88
	*Southampton, Town													
	*Tara, Village													
	Wiarton, Town	4					4				9	1,418 00	514 05	514 05
	*Bruce													
	*Saugeen													
	*Arran													
	*Amabel													
	*Eastnor													
	Albemarle	1					1					135 00	48 94	48 94
	Hepworth, Village	1					1			1		250 00	90 63	90 62
	Lindsay and St. Edmunds													
	St. Edmunds, Township													
	Transferred from previous year											74 19		
	Totals	10					10			1	9	2,877 19	1,016 12	1,016 11

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
South Bruce..	*Lucknow, Village													
	*Teeswater, Village													
	Walkerton, Town	6			1		7			3	6	2,462 00	984 80	984 80
	Culross	1					1					120 00	48 00	48 00
	Carrick	7					7			2		840 00	336 00	332 00
	Brant	4					4					480 00	192 00	192 00
	*Kinloss													
	Transferred from previous year											29 24		
	Totals	18			1		19			5	6	3,921 24	1,560 80	1,560 80
Carleton	Richmond, Village	1					1			1		250 00	56 25	56 25
	*March													
	*Huntley													
	*Nepean													
	North Gower	3					3					360 00	81 00	81 00
	*Goulborn													
	Marlborough	1					1					120 00	27 00	27 00
	Fitzroy	2					2					240 00	54 00	54 00
	Torbolton													
	Transferred from previous year											66 41		
	Totals	7					7			1		1,036 41	218 25	218 25

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Dufferin	*Orangeville, Town													
	*Mulmur													
	*Mono													
	*Melancthon													
	*Garafraxa, East													
	*Shelburne, Village													
	*Amaranth													
	*East Luther													
	Grand Valley, Village	2					2	1		1		562 50	140 63	140 62
	Transferred from previous year											100 50		
	Transferred from L. O.											239 50		
	Totals	2					2	1		1		902 50	140 63	140 62
Dundas	*Iroquois, Village													
	Chesterville, Village	2					2					520 00	182 00	182 00
	Morrisburg, Village	3					3			1		750 00	262 50	262 50
	Winchester, Township													
	Matilda													
	Williamsburg													
	*Winchester, Village													
	*Mountain													
	Transferred from previous year											122 61		
	" " Local Option											61 89		
	Totals	5					5			1		1,454 50	444 50	444 50

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
E. Durham...	Port Hope, Town	8			1		9			2	7	3,324 00	1,367 60	1,367 60
	*Millbrook, Village													
	*Hope													
	*Cavan													
	*Manvers													
	Transferred from previous year											112 19		
	Totals	8			1		9			2	7	3,436 19	1,367 60	1,367 60
W. Durham...	*Bowmanville, Town													
	Newcastle, Village	1					1					250 00		
	*Clarke													
	*Darlington													
	*Cartwright													
	Transferred from L. O.											22 50		
	Grant from the Province											340 00		
	Totals	1					1					612 50		
East Elgin....	Aylmer, Town	3					3				10	1,070 00	441 37	441 38
	Port Stanley, Village	2		1			3			1		650 00	269 75	269 75
	Springfield, Village	1					1					250 00	103 13	103 12
	Vienna, Village							1				62 50	26 56	26 56
	*Yarmouth													
	South Dorchester													
	*Malahide													
	Bayham	4					4			1		480 00	198 00	198 00
	Transferred from previous year											199 31		
	Totals	10		1			11	1		2	10	2,711 81	1,038 81	1,038 81

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
West Elgin...	St. Thomas, City	16			3		19				25	9,550 00	4,019 10	4,019 10
	*Southwold													
	*Dunwich													
	*Aldborough													
	Dutton, Village	2					2					520 00	218 83	218 83
	West Lorne, Village							3				187 50	79 69	79 69
	*Rodney, Village													
	Transferred from previous year													
	Totals	18			3		21	3			25	10,257 50	4,317 62	4,317 62
North Essex..	Maidstone	2					2					240 00	100 00	100 00
	Rochester	4					4			1		480 00	200 00	200 00
	East Sandwich	12					12					1,440 00	600 00	600 00
	West Sandwich	12		1			13			2		1,500 00	625 00	625 00
	Belle River, Village	3			1		4					1,020 00	425 00	425 00
	Anderdon	2					2			1		240 00	100 00	100 00
	Tilbury N.	2					2					400 00	166 67	166 67
	*South Sandwich													
	Transferred from previous year											91 59		
	Totals	37		1	1		39			4		5,411 59	2,216 67	2,216 67

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
South Essex..	*Mersea													
	*Leamingtown, Town													
	Amherstburg, Town	3			1		4			1	20	2,190 00	821 25	821 25
	Malden	2					2					240 00	90 00	90 00
	*Gosfield, South													
	*Kingsville, Town													
	Essex, Town	2					2				6	552 00	207 00	207 00
	*Colchester, North													
	*Colchester, South													
	Pelee Island	1					1			1		120 00	45 00	45 00
	*Tilbury, West													
	Gosfield, North													
	Transferred from previous year											212 25		
	Totals	8			1		9			2	26	3,314 25	1,163 25	1,163 25
Fort William.	Fort William	13			3	1	17			8	76	8,202 00	3,756 87	3,756 87
	Paipoonge	1					1					200 00	91 50	91 50
	Unorganized Territory	2†					2			1		240 00		223 20
	Transferred from previous year											52 61		
	Totals	16			3	1	20			9	76	8,694 61	3,848 37	4,071 67

* Local Option. † One from previous year.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Frontenac ...	Portsmouth, Village	2					2					500 00	125 00	125 00
	*Kingston, Township													
	*Portland													
	*Pittsburg, Township													
	Garden Island, Village													
	*Storrington													
	Wolfe Island	2					2					240 00	60 00	60 00
	Howe Island													
	*Loughboro													
	Bedford	1					1			2		120 00	30 00	30 00
	Transferred from Local Option											105 44		
	Totals	5					5			2		965 44	215 00	215 00
Glengarry	*Alexandria													
	*Charlottenburg													
	Lancaster, Township	1					1	1				156 25		
	*Kenyon													
	*Lochiel													
	*Lancaster, Village													
	*Maxville, Village													
	Fines											55 00		
	Grant from Prov. Treasury											500 00		
	Transferred from local option											406 36		
	Totals	1					1	1				1,117 61		

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Grenville	Prescott, Town	5			2		7				10	2,470 00	1,111 50	1,111 50
	*Cardinal, Village													
	Kemptville, Village	2					2					800 00	360 00	360 00
	Merrickville, Village	2					2					500 00	225 00	225 00
	*Augusta													
	*Wolford													
	*Oxford													
	South Gower													
	Edwardsburg													
	Transferred from previous year											229 17		
	Totals	9			2		11				10	3,999 17	1,696 50	1,696 50
Centre Grey..	*Thornbury, Town													
	*Artemesia													
	*Holland													
	*Collingwood, Township													
	*Euphrasia													
	*Osprey													
	Sullivan	1					1			1		120 00	30 00	30 00
	Markdale Village	2					2	1		1		520 84	130 21	130 21
	Chatsworth, Village	1					1					250 00	62 50	62 50
	Transferred from previous year											11 30		
	" " Local Option..											381 71		
	Totals	4					4	1		2		1,283 85	262 71	262 71

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c	$ c.
North Grey	*Owen Sound, Town													
	Meaford, Town	3					3				7	1,064 00	399 00	399 00
	*Derby													
	*Keppell													
	*Sydenham													
	St. Vincent													
	*Sarawak											800 00		
	*Shallow Lake, Village													
	Transferred from previous year													
	Totals	3					3				7	1,864 00	399 00	399 00
South Grey	*Proton													
	*Durham, Town													
	*Bentinck													
	Glenelg													
	Normanby	5					5			1		600 00	225 00	225 00
	*Egremont													
	*Dundalk, Village													
	Hanover, Town	4					4				6	1,412 00	529 50	529 50
	Neustadt, Village	2					2					500 00	187 50	187 50
	Transferred from previous year											154 03		
	Totals	11					11			1	6	2,660 03	942 00	942 00

* Local Option. † Transferred from L.O.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.						Extensions				Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total	Tavern.	Shop.	Transfers.	Bartenders.			
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Haldimand ...	Cayuga, Village	2					2					500 00	187 51	187 50
	Caledonia, Village	3					3					750 00	281 25	281 25
	Oneida													
	Cayuga, North, Township	1					1					120 00	45 00	45 00
	Cayuga, South													
	Dunn	1		1			2					180 00	67 50	67 50
	Rainham	3					3					302 30	113 36	113 36
	*Walpole													
	*Seneca													
	Hagersville, Village	3					3					750 00	281 25	281 25
	Jarvis, Village	2					2			1		500 00	187 50	187 50
	Transferred from previous year											95 21		
	Totals	15		1			16			1		3,197 51	1,163 37	1,163 36
Haliburton ...	Minden	1					1					120 00	20 00	20 00
	*Dysart													
	Anson	1					1					120 00	20 00	20 00
	Sherbourne	1					1			1		120 00	20 00	20 00
	*Glamorgan													
	Snowden													
	Monmouth													
	Stanhope													
	Transferred from previous year											43 12		
	Totals	3					3			1		403 12	60 00	60 00

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.						Extensions				Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Tavern.	Shop.	Transfers.	Bartenders.			
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Halton	*Nelson													
	*Nassagaweya													
	Esquesing	2		1			3					300 00	120 00	120 00
	Burlington, Village	2				1	3			1		550 00	220 00	220 00
	Georgetown, Village	3					3					750 00	300 00	300 00
	Oakville, Town	2					2			1	4	708 00	283 20	283 20
	Milton, Town	3					3				6	762 00	304 80	304 80
	*Acton, Village													
	*Trafalgar													
	Transferred from previous year											170 74		
	Totals	12		1		1	14			2	10	3,240 74	1,228 00	1,228 00
Hamilton	Hamilton, City	57	1		15	3	76			6	146	51,367 00	24,680 00	24,680 00
	Transferred from previous year													
	Totals	57	1		15	3	76			6	146	51,367 00	24,680 00	24,680 00
East Hastings	Tyendinaga	5					5			1		600 00	180 00	180 00
	Hungerford	2					2			1		250 00	75 00	75 00
	*Thurlow													
	Deseronto, Town	4					4		1		4	1,437 17	431 15	431 15
	*Tweed, Village													
	*Huntingdon													
	Transferred from previous year													
	" " local option													
	Totals	11					11		1	2	4	2,287 17	686 15	686 15

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.						Extensions				Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Tavern.	Shop.	Transfers.	Bartenders.			
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
North Hastings	Marmora and Lake	1					1					120 00	36 00	36 00
	*Stirling, Village													
	*Madoc, Township													
	Elzevir and Grimsthorpe	2					2					240 00	72 00	72 00
	*Tudor and Cashel													
	*Wollaston													
	Monteagle and Herschel	2					2					240 00	72 00	72 00
	*Rawdon													
	Madoc, Village	2					2			1		520 00	156 00	156 00
	Wicklow, Bangor and McClure	1					1					120 00	36 00	36 00
	*Dungannon													
	Carlow and Mayo													
	*Limerick													
	Faraday													
	Marmora, Village	2			1		3			1		770 00	231 00	231 00
	Bancroft, Village	2					2					500 00	150 00	150 00
	Transferred from previous year													
	" " local option											60 14		
	Totals	12			1		13			2		2,570 14	753 00	753 00
West Hastings	Belleville, City	15			3		18			2	28	9,056 00	4,075 20	4,075 20
	Trenton, Town	6			2		8			1	10	2,820 33	1,269 00	1,269 00
	*Sidney													
	Transferred from previous year											59 03		
	Totals	21			5		26			3	38	11,935 03	5,344 20	5,344 20

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Centre Huron.	*Grey													
	McKillop	1					1					120 00	48 00	48 00
	Brussels, Village	3					3					750 00	300 00	300 00
	Seaforth, Town	4			1		5				5	1,760 00	704 00	704 00
	Goderich, Town	6			1		7	2		3	15	2,655 02	1,062 01	1,062 01
	Clinton, Town	5			1		6			3	10	2,120 02	848 01	848 01
	*Colborne													
	*Hullett													
	Transferred from previous year											5 81		
	Totals	19			3		22	2		6	30	7,410 85	2,962 02	2,962 02
North Huron.	Morris	2					2					240 00	90 00	90 00
	Turnberry	1					1					120 00	45 00	45 00
	Wroxeter, Village	1					1					250 00	93 75	93 75
	Blyth, Village	2					2					500 00	187 50	187 50
	Wingham, Town	5					5				3	1,756 00	658 35	658 35
	*Howick													
	Wawonash W.													
	Wawonash E.													
	*Ashfield													
	Transferred from previous year											55 73		
	" " local option											17 03		
	Totals	11					11				3	2,938 76	1,074 60	1,074 60

* Local option.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
South Huron	Exeter, Village	3					3					750 00	256 25	256 25
	Bayfield, Village	2					2					500 00	170 83	170 83
	Stephen	4					4					480 00	164 00	164 00
	Hay	2					2	1				270 00	92 00	92 00
	*Tuckersmith													
	Goderich, Tp.													
	*Usborne													
	*Stanley													
	Hensall, Village	2					2					500 00	170 84	170 83
	Transferred from previous year											101 39		
	Totals	13					13	1				2,601 39	853 92	853 92
Kenora	Dryden, Town	2			1		3				5	1,010 00	420 84	420 84
	Van Horne													
	Kenora, Town	10			2	1	13			3	25	5,600 00	2,333 33	2,333 33
	Keewatin, Town	2			1		3			1	3	1,006 00	419 17	419 16
	Machin	1					1				3	126 00	52 49	52 50
	Sioux Lookout, Town	1					1				3	256 00	106 67	106 67
	†Unorganized Territory	2					2				3	246 00		205 00
	Transferred from previous year													
	Totals	18			4	1	23			4	42	8,244 00	3,332 50	3,537 50

*Local Option. †Payable to Province, less expenses.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
East Kent....	*Howard													
	*Blenheim, Town													
	Dresden, Town	2					2			1	2	544 00	190 40	190 40
	Thamesville, Village	2					2			1		500 00	175 00	175 00
	*Camden													
	Zone													
	Bothwell, Town	2			1		3					770 00	269 50	269 50
	Harwich													
	Orford													
	Ridgetown, Town	2			1		3			1	5	1,060 00	371 00	371 00
	Transferred from previous year											271 72		
	Totals	8			2		10			3	7	3,145 72	1,005 90	1,005 90
West Kent....	Chatham, City	13			2	1	16				25	7,600 00	3,420 00	3,420 00
	Chatham, Township													
	Dover, E. and W.	5					5					600 00	270 00	270 00
	Wallaceburg, Town	5			1		6			1	6	2,112 00	950 40	950 40
	*Raleigh													
	Tilbury, Town	3					3			2	4	1,058 00	476 10	476 10
	*Tilbury, East													
	Romney													
	Transferred from previous year													
	Totals	26			3	1	30			3	35	11,370 00	5,116 50	5,116 50

* Local Option.

Schedule B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.						Extensions				Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Tavern	Shop.	Transfers.	Bartenders.			
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c
Kingston	Kingston, City	15	.....	.....	6	1	22	10	.....	7	34	11,868 00	5,350 00	5,350 00
	Transferred from previous year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	49 81	.....	.....
	Totals	15	.....	.....	6	1	22	10	.....	7	34	11,917 81	5,350 00	5,350 00
East Lambton.	*Bosanquet	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Forest, Town	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	3	506 00	177 10	177 10
	*Warwick	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Brooke	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Wyoming, Village	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Watford, Village	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	1	.....	750 00	262 50	262 00
	*Euphemia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Plympton	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Arkona, Village	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Thedford, Village	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	500 00	175 00	175 00
	Alvinston, Village	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	1	.....	750 00	262 50	262 50
	Transferred from previous year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	127 53	.....	.....
	Totals	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	2	3	2,633 53	877 10	877 10

* Local Option

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions.		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
West Lambton	Petrolia, Town	5			1		6			3	6	2,112 00	924 00	924 00
	*Moore													
	*Sarnia, Township													
	Sombra	5					5					625 00	273 44	273 44
	Oil Springs, Village	2					2	1				562 50	246 10	246 10
	*Enniskillen													
	Sarnia, Town	10			2		12			2	28	5,456 00	2,387 00	2,387 00
	* Point Edward, Village						2							
	*Dawn													
	Courtright, Village	1					1			1		400 00	175 00	175 00
	Transferred from previous year											11 60		
	Totals	23			3		26	1		6	34	9,167 10	4,005 54	4,005 53
North Lanark	Lanark, Village	2					2					500 00	177 08	177 09
	Pakenham													
	*Dalhousie													
	*Almonte, Town													
	Carleton Place, Town	6					6				6	2,112 00	747 75	747 75
	*Ramsay													
	*Lanark, Township													
	Lavant	1					1					120 00	42 50	42 50
	Darling													
	*Beckwith													
	Transferred from previous year											138 19		
	Totals	9					9				6	2,870 19	967 33	967 34

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.						Extensions				Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Tavern.	Shop.	Transfers.	Bartenders.			
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
South Lanark.	Perth, Town	6	.....	.....	2	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	17	2,834 00	1,133 60	1,133 60
	Smith's Falls, Town	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	1	12	2,274 00	909 60	909 60
	Montague	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Elmsley, North	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Burgess, North	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Sherbrooke, North	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Bathurst	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Drummond	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	240 00	96 00	96 00
	*South Sherbrooke	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Transferred from previous year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	34 71	.....	.....
	Totals	13	.....	.....	2	.....	15	.....	.....	1	29	5,382 71	2,139 20	2,139 20
Leeds	Gananoque, Town	4	.....	1	1	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	5	2,760 00	1,035 00	1,035 00
	Newboro', Village	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	250 00	93 75	93 75
	*Bastard and Burgess	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	North Crosby	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Leeds and Lansdowne, front	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Leeds and Lansdowne, rear	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	South Crosby	1	.....	1	.....	1	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	230 00	86 25	86 25
	Young, Front	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Escott, Front	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	37 50	37 50
	Westport, Village	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	3	.....	750 00	281 25	281 25
	Transferred from previous year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	9	.....	3	1	1	14	.....	.....	4	5	4,090 00	1,533 75	1,533 75

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.						Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Lennox	Napanee, Town	6			2		8			2	15	2,830 00	1,061 25	1,061 25
	Bath, Village	1					1					250 00	93 75	93 75
	Adolphustown													
	Amherst Island	1					1					120 00	45 00	45 00
	*Ernestown													
	North Fredericksburg													
	South Fredericksburg													
	*Richmond													
	Transferred from previous year													
	Totals	8			2		10			2	15	3,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00
Lincoln	*Niagara, Township													
	*Grimsby, North													
	Grantham	1					1					120 00	50 00	50 00
	Merritton, Village	3					3					750 00	312 50	312 50
	*Grimsby, South													
	Port Dalhousie, Village	3					3					750 00	312 50	312 50
	*Clinton													
	Grimsby, Village	2					2					500 00	208 33	208 34
	Niagara, Town	4		1	1		6			2	10	1,415 00	589 59	589 58
	*Beamsville, Village													
	Louth	1					1			1		120 00	50 00	50 00
	Transferred from previous year													
	Totals	14		1	1		16			3	10	3,655 00	1,522 92	1,522 92

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
London	London, City	26			5	2	33			3	66	21,937 00	10,100 00	10,100 00
	Transferred from previous year											150 57		
	Totals	26			5	2	33				66	22,082 57	10,100 00	10,100 00
Manitoulin	Little Current, Town	3					3				8	766 00	229 80	229 80
	Gore Bay, Town	2					2				3	506 00	151 80	151 80
	Assignac	1					1				2	124 00	37 20	37 20
	Howland	1					1				2	124 00	37 20	37 20
	Gordon													
	*Tehkummah													
	Billings	1					1					120 00	36 00	36 00
	*Carnarvon													
	May, Slater and Massey													
	Nairn, Lorne and Hyman	2					2				2	244 00	73 20	73 20
	Hallam													
	Graham													
	Cockburn Island													
	†Unorganized Territory	2					2				2	244 00		146 40
	Transferred from previous year													
	Totals	12					12				19	2,128 00	565 20	711 60

* Local Option.

† Payable to Province, less Expenses.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
East Middlesex	London, Township	9	1	....	....	....	10	....	....	....	....	1,120 00	240 42	240 41
	*Dorchester, North	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
	*Westminster	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
	*Nissouri, West	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
	Transferred from previous year	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
	" " Local Option	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	86 01	....	....
	Totals	9	1	....	....	....	10	....	....	....	....	1,206 01	240 42	240 41
North Middlesex	*East Williams	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
	West Williams	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
	McGillivray	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
	*Adelaide	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
	Biddulph	1	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	135 00	33 75	33 75
	*Ailsa Craig, Village	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
	Parkhill, Town	3	....	....	....	....	3	....	....	....	4	758 00	189 50	189 50
	Lucan, Village	2	....	....	....	....	2	1	....	1	....	562 50	140 62	140 63
	*Strathroy, Town	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
	Metcalfe	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
	Transferred from Local Option	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	5 85	....	....
	Totals	6	....	....	....	....	6	1	....	1	4	1,461 35	363 87	363 88

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c	$ c.	$ c
West Middlesex	Ekfrid													
	Wardsville, Village													
	Delaware	1					1					120 00	24 00	24 00
	*Caradoc													
	Glencoe, Village	3					3			1		780 00	156 00	156 00
	Mosa													
	Newbury, Village	1					1			1		250 00	50 00	50 00
	*Lobo													
	Transferred from previous year											24 67		
	Totals	5					5			2		1,174 67	230 00	230 00
Monck	*Wainfleet													
	Canborough													
	*Caistor													
	Sherbrooke	1		1			2					180 00	72 00	72 00
	Dunnville, Town	5			1		6			2	12	2,124 00	849 60	849 60
	*Gainsborough													
	*Pelham													
	Moulton													
	Transferred from previous year											130 34		
	Totals	6		1	1		8			2	12	2,434 34	921 60	921 60

*Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Muskoka	*McLean and Ridout													
	Draper	1					1					120 00	42 00	42 00
	Gravenhurst, Town	3					3				8	1,066 00	373 10	373 10
	Medora and Wood	1		2			3					240 00	84 00	84 00
	*Bracebridge, Town													
	Huntsville, Town	3					3			1	9	1,068 00	373 80	373 80
	Monck													
	*Morrison													
	Stisted													
	Stephenson	1					1					120 00	42 00	42 00
	McAuley													
	*Port Carling, Village													
	Chaffey													
	Ryde													
	†Unorganized Territory			3			3					180 00		126 00
	Transferred from previous year											92 34		
	Totals	9		5			14			1	17	2,886 34	914 90	1,040 90

* Local Option.

† Payable to Province, less expenses.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions.		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Nipissing	North Bay, Town	7			2		9			3	30	4,210 00	1,841 48	1,841 47
	McKim													
	Mattawa, Town	4			1		5		1		15	1,735 00	757 42	757 43
	Widdifield													
	Bonfield, Town	2					2			1	2	504 00	220 45	220 45
	Head, Clara and Maria	3					3			1	1	362 00	158 40	158 40
	*Jocelyn													
	Ferris	2					2				1	242 00	105 90	105 90
	Milberta													
	Bonfield													
	Transferred from previous year											97 07		
	Totals	18			3		21		1	5	49	7,150 07	3,083 65	3,083 65
North Norfolk.	Middleton	1					1					120 00	45 00	45 00
	Simcoe, Town	4			1		5		1		7	1,851 50	694 31	694 32
	*Windham													
	Townsend													
	*Waterford, Village													
	Delhi, Village	2					2			2		500 00	187 50	187 50
	Transferred from previous year											83 51		
	Totals	7			1		8		1	2	7	2,555 01	926 81	926 82

*Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.						Extensions				Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Tavern.	Shop.	Transfers.	Bartenders.			
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
South Norfolk	Walsingham, South	1					1					120 00	36 00	36 00
	Woodhouse and Gore													
	*Charlotteville													
	Houghton													
	Port Dover, Village	3					3					750 00	225 00	225 00
	*Walsingham, North													
	Port Rowan, Village	2					2			1		500 00	150 00	150 00
	Transferred from previous year											27 86		
	" " Local Option											98 17		
	Totals	6					6			1		1,496 03	411 00	411 00
East Northumberland	*Seymour													
	*Murray													
	*Cramahe													
	*Percy													
	*Colborne, Village													
	*Campbellford, Town													
	Hastings, Village	2			1		3					770 00	192 50	192 50
	*Brighton, Village													
	Brighton, Township													
	Transferred from previous year											29 52		
	" " Local Option											154 34		
	Totals	2			1		3					953 86	192 50	192 50

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
West Northumberland	Alnwick	1					1					120 00	51 75	51 75
	*South Monaghan													
	*Haldimand, Township													
	*Hamilton, Township													
	Cobourg, Town	9		1	2		12				27	5,229 00	2,253 51	2,253 51
	Transferred from previous year													
	Totals	10		1	2		13				27	5,349 00	2,305 26	2,305 26
North Ontario	Uxbridge, Town	3			1		4			2	6	1,032 00	258 00	258 00
	Brock	2	1				3					330 00	82 50	82 50
	Mara	2					2					240 00	60 00	60 00
	Thorah													
	*Uxbridge, Township													
	*Scott													
	Rama													
	*Cannington, Village													
	*Beaverton, Village													
	Transferred from previous year											102 60		
	Totals	7	1		1		9			2	6	1,704 60	400 50	400 50

* Local option.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
South Ontario.	*Reach													
	Oshawa, Town	4					4				10	1,900 00	807 50	807 50
	Whitby, Town	4			1		5			1	6	1,762 00	748 85	748 85
	*Whitby, Township													
	Whitby, East, Township	2					2			1		260 00	110 50	110 50
	Scugog													
	*Pickering, Township													
	Port Perry, Village	2			1		3			1		770 00	327 25	327 25
	Transferred from previous year											171 07		
	Totals	12			2		14			3	16	4,863 07	1,994 10	1,994 10
Ottawa	Ottawa, City	55			20	4	79	1		13	202	53,279 00	25,250 00	25,250 00
	Transferred from previous year											97 04		
	Totals	55			20	4	79	1		13	202	53,376 04	25,250 00	25,250 00
North Oxford.	*East Nissouri													
	Blandford	1					1					120 00	52 50	52 50
	East Zorra													
	Embro, Village	1					1	1				312 50	136 72	136 73
	West Zorra													
	Woodstock, City	7			2		9			1	21	4,542 00	1,987 13	1,987 12
	*Blenheim, Township													
	Tavistock	3			1		4			2		1,020 00	446 25	446 25
	Transferred from previous year											114 86		
	Totals	12			3		15	1		3	21	6,109 36	2,622 60	2,622 60

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.			Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions.		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.				Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
South Oxford.	Ingersoll, Town	5			1		6				13	2,126 00	744 10	744 10
	Tillsonburg, Town	3			1		4				8	1,416 00	495 60	495 60
	*Norwich, Village													
	*North Oxford													
	North Norwich													
	*South Norwich													
	Dereham													
	West Oxford													
	*East Oxford													
	Transferred from Local Option													
	Totals	8			2		10				21	3,542 00	1,239 70	1,239 70
Parry Sound East	Nipissing	1					1					120 00	45 00	45 00
	Chapman	1					1					120 00	45 00	45 00
	Himsworth, North	2					2				1	242 00	90 75	90 75
	Perry	2					2				3	246 00	92 25	92 25
	Machar													
	Sundridge, Village	1					1				2	254 00	95 25	95 25
	Burk's Falls, Village	2					2				5	510 00	191 26	191 24
	Himsworth, South	3					3					240 00	90 00	90 00
	McMurrich	1					1			2		120 00	45 00	45 00
	Powassan, Town	2					2				4	508 00	190 50	190 50
	South River, Village	1					1				2	254 00	95 25	95 25
	Kearney, Town	1		1			2				2	379 00	142 13	142 12
	†Unorganized Territory	1					1					120 00		90 00
	Transferred from previous year											37 70		
	Totals	17		1			18			2	19	3,150 70	1,122 39	1,212 36

* Local Option.

† Payable to Province, less expenses.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Parry Sound West	McKellar													
	Christie	2					2			1		300 00	120 00	120 00
	Parry Sound, Town	2			1		3				5	2,410 00	964 00	964 00
	Foley	1					1				1	202 00	80 80	80 80
	Humphrey	1		1			2					180 00	72 00	72 00
	Hagerman													
	*McDougall													
	†Unorganized Territory	6					6			1	3	726 00		580 80
	Transferred from previous year											169 01		
	Totals	12		1	1		14			2	9	3,987 01	1,236 80	1,817 60
Peel	Brampton, Town													
	*Chinguacousy													
	*Bolton, Village													
	Toronto, Township	5				1	6					650 00	130 00	130 00
	Toronto, Gore	1					1			1		120 00	24 00	24 00
	Streetsville, Village	2					2					500 00	100 00	100 00
	*Albion													
	*Caledon					1	1					50 00	10 00	10 00
	Transferred from previous year													
	" " local option													
	Totals	8				2	10			1		1,320 00	264 00	264 00

* Local Option. † Payable to Province, less expenses.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.						Extensions				Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Tavern.	Shop.	Transfers.	Bartenders.			
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
North Perth..	Mornington	7	.....	1	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	2	.....	900 00	405 00	405 00
	Ellice	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	480 00	216 00	216 00
	Wallace	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	120 00	54 00	54 00
	Elma	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	1	.....	360 00	162 00	162 00
	Listowel, Town	4	.....	.....	1	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	2	1,754 00	789 30	789 30
	Stratford, City	10	.....	.....	2	.....	12	4	.....	3	22	6,155 20	2,769 84	2,769 84
	North Easthope	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	240 00	108 00	108 00
	Milverton, Village	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	500 00	225 00	225 00
	Transferred from previous year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15 22	.....	.....
	Totals	33	.....	1	3	.....	37	4	.....	6	24	10,527 92	4,729 14	4,729 14
South Perth..	South Easthope	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	360 00	153 00	153 00
	*Fullarton	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Mitchell, Town	4	.....	.....	1	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	3	1,276 00	542 30	542 30
	Hibbert	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	150 00	63 75	63 75
	*Downie	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	St. Mary's, Town	6	.....	.....	1	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	8	2,466 00	1,048 05	1,048 05
	Blanshard	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Logan	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	120 00	51 00	51 00
	Transferred from previous year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	195 68	.....	.....
	Totals	15	.....	.....	2	.....	17	1	.....	.....	11	4,567 68	1,858 10	1,858 10

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.						Extensions				Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Tavern.	Shop.	Transfers.	Bartenders.			
East Peterborough												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
	*Asphodel													
	*Dummer													
	Douro													
	*Otonabee													
	Burleigh and Anstruther	2					2					240 00		
	*Norwood, Village													
	*Lakefield, Village													
	Belmont and Methuen													
	Havelock, Village													
	*Chandos													
	Transferred from previous year											3 46		
	From Prov. Treasury											160 00		
	From Local Option											212 00		
	Totals	2					2					615 46		
West Peterborough	*Smith													
	Peterborough, City	12			3	1	16				44	7,638 00	3,250 00	3,250 00
	North Monaghan													
	Ennismore													
	Harvey													
	Galway and Cavendish													
	Transferred from previous year											79 43		
	Totals	12			3	1	16				44	7,717 43	3,250 00	3,250 00

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.						Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Port Arthur..	Neebing													
	Port Arthur, City	15			2	1	18			8	82	8,559 63	3,423 86	3,423 85
	*Schreiber													
	Nepigon	2			1		3					740 00	296 00	296 00
	†Unorganized Territory	1					1					120 00		96 00
	Transferred from previous year													
	Totals	18			3	1	22			8	82	9,419 63	3,719 86	3,815 86
Prescott	South Plantagenet	5					5					600 00	255 00	255 00
	East Hawkesbury	4					4	2		3		540 00	229 50	229 50
	Longueil	1					1					120 00	51 00	51 00
	North Plantagenet	5		1			6					660 00	280 50	280 50
	Caledonia	3					3			2		360 00	153 00	153 00
	Alfred	5					3			1		600 00	255 00	255 00
	*West Hawkesbury													
	Hawkesbury, Town	7					9		1	1	3	2,543 52	1,081 01	1,080 99
	L'Orignal, Town	3					3			1		750 00	318 75	318 75
	*Vankleek Hill, Town													
	Transferred from previous year											256 04		
	Totals	33		1			34	2	1	8	3	6,429 56	2,623 76	2,623 74

* Local Option.

† Payable to Province, less expenses.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.			Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.				Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Prince Edward	Picton, Town	4	.....	.....	1	.....	5	2	.....	1	13	1,863 53	652 24	653 23
	*South Marysburg	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Wellington, Village	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Sophiasburg	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Hillier	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Ameliasburg	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Hallowell	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	North Marysburg	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Transferred from previous year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	107 96	.....	.....
	Totals	4	.....	.....	1	.....	5	2	.....	1	13	1,971 49	652 24	653 23
Rainy River	Emo	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	1	152 00	57 00	57 00
	McIrvine	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Chappell	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	120 00	45 00	45 00
	Atwood	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Fort Frances, Town	4	.....	.....	1	.....	5	.....	.....	2	11	1,602 00	600 75	600 75
	Rainy River, Town	4	.....	.....	1	.....	5	.....	.....	1	11	1,602 00	600 75	600 75
	Morley	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Lavallee	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Dilke	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	400 00	150 00	150 00
	Delhi	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	†Unorganized Districts	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	2	244 00	.....	183 00
	Transferred from previous year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	14	.....	.....	2	.....	16	.....	.....	5	25	4,120 00	1,453 50	1,636 50

* Local Option. † Payable to Province, less expenses

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
North Renfrew	Bromley	2					2					240 00	102 00	102 00
	Pembroke, Town	10			3		13			2	21	5,892 00	2,504 10	2,504 10
	Ross													
	*Westmeath													
	Wilberforce, etc.	1					1					120 00	51 00	51 00
	Petawawa	1					1					120 00	51 00	51 00
	Rolph, Buchanan and Wylie	1					1					120 00	51 00	51 00
	*Cobden, Village													
	Transferred from previous year											160 44		
	Totals	15			3		18			2	21	6,652 44	2,759 10	2,759 10
South Renfrew	Eganville, Village	3			1		4					1,020 00	433 50	433 50
	*McNab													
	*Renfrew, Town													
	Grattan													
	*Brougham													
	Brudenell and Lyndock	2					2					240 00	102 00	102 00
	Arnprior, Town	5			2		7			2	14	2,478 00	1,053 14	1,053 16
	Radcliffe and Raglan	2					2					240 00	102 00	102 00
	*Bagot and Blithfield													
	Griffith and Matawachan													
	Admaston													
	Sherwood, Jones & Burns	3					3					360 00	153 00	153 00
	Hagarty, etc.													
	Sebastopol													
	Horton													
	Killaloe Stn., Village	2					2					500 00	212 50	212 50
	Transferred from previous year											390 21		
	Totals	17			3		20			2	14	5,228 21	2,056 14	2,056 16

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.						Extensions				Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Tavern.	Shop.	Transfers.	Bartenders.			
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Russell	Cambridge	2					2			1		240 00	105 00	105 00
	Russell	6					6			1		862 50	377 35	377 34
	Clarence	6					6					720 00	315 00	315 00
	Gloucester	4				1	5			1		570 00	249 38	249 37
	Cumberland	4	‡				4‡					450 00	196 88	196 87
	*Osgoode													
	Rockland Town	4					4				2	1,404 00	614 25	614 25
	Casselman, Village	2					2					500 00	218 75	218 75
	Eastview, Town	2					2				3	706 00	308 87	308 88
	Transferred from previous year											167 90		
	Totals	30				1	31			3	5	5,620 40	2,385 48	2,385 46
Sault Ste. Marie	Sault Ste. Marie	13				1	14			1	73	6,696 00	2,889 00	2,889 00
	*Korah													
	†Unorganized Districts													
	Transferred from previous year											203 71		
	Totals	13				1	14			1	73	6,899 71	2,889 00	2,889 00
St. Catharines	St. Catharines, City	10			2	1	13			3	25	6,100 00	2,760 00	2,760 00
	Transferred from previous year											156 41		
	Totals	10			2	1	13			3	25	6,256 41	2,760 00	2,760 00

* Local Option. † Payable to Province, less expenses. ‡ 1 for 9 months.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Centre Simcoe.	Barrie, Town	10	....	...	1	....	11	....	...	5	25	5,000 00	2,083 34	2,083 33
	Sunnidale	.....	...	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	.....	.....	.....
	Flos	4	.....	....	....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	600 00	250 00	250 00
	Tiny	.....	.....	....	....	....	....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Vespra	....	.....	....	....	....	....	....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Transferred from previous year	.....	.....	....	....	....	....	....	.....	.....	....	76 61	.....	.....
	Totals	14	.....	....	1	.....	15	.....	.....	5	25	5,676 61	2,333 34	2,333 33
East Simcoe..	*Orillia, Township	.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Oro	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	.....	.....	....
	Tay	1	....	....	....	....	1	....	.....	.....	.....	120 00	40 00	40 00
	*Medonte	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	....
	Penetanguishene, Town	4	.....	1	1	....	6	.....	.....	1	17	1,900 82	633 61	633 60
	Orillia, Town	....	..	....	....	....	.	....	....	....	....	.....	.....	....
	Matchedash	.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	.....	.....	.....
	*Midland, Town	.....	.....	...	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	.....	.....	.....
	Victoria Harbor, Village	1	..	.....	.....	....	1	....	....	1	2	254 00	84 67	84 67
	Transferred from local option	.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	..	....	....	403 06	.....	.....
	Totals	6	..	1	1	.	8	..	....	2	19	2,677 88	758 28	758 27

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
South Simcoe.	Adjala	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	120 00	30 00	30 00
	Bradford, Village	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	500 00	125 00	125 00
	*Tecumseh	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Innisfil	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*West Gwillimbury	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Beeton, Village	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Tottenham, Village	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	From Province	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	650 00	.....	.....
	Transferred from previous year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,270 00	155 00	155 00
West Simcoe.	*Essa	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Nottawasaga	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Stayner, Town	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Collingwood, Town	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Tossorontio	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Alliston, Town	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Creemore, Village	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Transferred from previous year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.			Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.				Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Stormont	Cornwall, Town	7	.....	.....	3	.....	10	.....	.....	3	16	4,532 00	1,699 50	1,699 50
	Cornwall, Township	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	1	.....	480 00	180 00	180 00
	*Osnabruck	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Finch	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	450 00	168 75	168 75
	*Roxborough.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Finch, Village	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Transferred from previous year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 00	.....	.....
	Totals	14	.....	.....	3	.....	17	.....	.....	4	16	5,464 00	2,048 25	2,048 25
Sturgeon Falls	Springer	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	3	171 00	72 63	72 62
	Caldwell	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	332 00	141 05	141 05
	Dunnett and Rutter	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	282 00	119 80	119 80
	Sturgeon Falls, Town.....	3	.....	.....	1	.....	4	.....	.....	2	8	1,566 00	665 25	665 25
	Martland	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	120 00	51 00	51 00
	†Unorganized Territory	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	120 00	.....	105 00
	Transferred from previous year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	258 45	.....	.....
	Totals	10	.....	.....	1	.....	11	.....	.....	4	13	2,849 45	1,049 73	1,154 72

*Local Option. †Payable to Province, less expenses.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality	Tavern.						Extensions						
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Tavern.	Shop.	Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Sudbury	Chelmsford, Town	2					2					500 00	187 50	187 50
	Balfour													
	Blezard	1					1					120 00	45 00	45 00
	Chapleau	2					2				11	402 00	153 80	153 79
	Drury, Denison and Graham	2					2				1	382 00	151 08	151 08
	Hagar	1					1			1	2	124 00	46 33	46 34
	Hanmer	1					1				3	126 00	47 16	47 16
	Rayside	1					1					120 00	45 00	45 00
	Sudbury	6			2		8				40	3,180 00	1,219 34	1,219 33
	†Unorganized Territory	2					2					240 00		190 00
	Transferred from previous year											207 86		
	Totals	18			2		20			1	57	5,401 86	1,895 21	2,085 20
Temiskaming	New Liskeard, Town	3			1		4			2	7	1,564 00	586 50	586 50
	Haileybury, Town	4					4				18	2,036 00	763 50	763 50
	Cobalt, Town													
	Latchford, Town	1					1				1	252 00	94 50	94 50
	Englehardt, Town	2					2				5	1,510 00	566 25	566 25
	Evanturel													
	Coleman													
	Dymond													
	Bucke													
	Dack	1					1			1	1	122 00	45 75	45 75
	*Harley													
	Cochrane	1					1				8	916 00	343 50	343 50
	†Unorganized Territory	2		2			4				2	364 00		273 00
	Transferred from previous year											532 53		
	Totals	14		2	1		17			3	42	7,296 53	2,400 00	2,673 00
Toronto	Toronto, City	110	‡1		50	21	182			15	578	228,806 00	111,050 00	111,050 00
	Transferred from previous year											261 75		
	Totals	110	‡1		50	21	182			15	578	229,067 75	111,050 00	111,050 00

*Local Option. †Payable to Province, less expenses. ‡ Six months.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.						Extensions				Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Tavern.	Shop.	Transfers.	Bartenders.			
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
East Victoria.	*Omemee, Village													
	Fenelon Falls, Village	3					3					750 00	187 50	187 50
	*Fenelon, Township													
	*Bobcaygeon, Village													
	*Somerville													
	Bexley	2					2			1		240 00	60 00	60 00
	Digby													
	Verulam													
	Laxton													
	Emily													
	Transferred from previous year											33 58		
	" " Local Option											150 00		
	Totals	5					5			1		1,173 58	247 50	247 50
West Victoria.	Lindsay, Town	8			1		9			1	13	4,076 00	1,630 40	1,630 40
	*Woodville, Village													
	*Eldon													
	Ops													
	Carden													
	Dalton													
	*Mariposa													
	Transferred from previous year											173 42		
	Totals	8			1		9			1	13	4,249 42	1,630 40	1,630 40

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
North Waterloo	Waterloo Tp., N. Part	5					5					$ c. 600 00	$ c. 279 00	$ c. 279 00
	Woolwich	5					5					600 00	279 00	279 00
	Wellesley	13			1		14			1		1,760 00	818 40	818 40
	Berlin, Town	9			2	1	12			1	19	5,588 00	2,598 42	2,598 42
	Waterloo, Town	7			1		8				13	2,826 00	1,314 09	1,314 09
	Elmira, Village	3			1		4					1,020 00	474 30	474 30
	Transferred from previous year											130 14		
	Totals	42			5	1	48			2	32	12,524 14	5,763 21	5,763 21
South Waterloo	Galt, Town													
	Preston, Town	5			1		6			1	12	2,124 00	929 25	929 25
	Wilmot	9					9			1		1,080 00	472 50	472 50
	Waterloo Tp., S. Part	3					3					360 00	157 50	157 50
	Hespeler, Town	2					2				5	710 00	310 63	310 62
	*North Dumfries					1	1					50 00	21 87	21 88
	New Hamburg, Village	4			1		5			1		1,270 00	555 63	555 62
	Ayr, Village	2					2			1		500 00	218 75	218 75
	Transferred from previous year											62 38		
	Totals	25			2	1	28			4	17	6,156 38	2,666 13	2,666 12

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.						Extensions				Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Tavern.	Shop.	Transfers.	Bartenders.			
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
Welland	Niagara Falls, City	14			4	†2	20			3	26	8,252 00	3,837 18	3,837 18
	Crowland	1					1					120 00	55 80	55 80
	Chippawa, Village	2			1		3			1		770 00	358 05	358 05
	Fort Erie, Village	3			1		4			1		1,020 00	474 30	474 30
	Port Colborne, Village	4			1		5			2		1,270 00	590 55	590 55
	Humberstone	4		1			5			2		540 00	251 10	251 10
	Humberstone, Village	2			1		3			1		770 00	358 05	358 05
	Stamford	3					3					360 00	167 40	167 40
	*Thorold, Township													
	Thorold, Town	3			1		4			2	5	1,410 00	655 65	655 65
	Welland, Town	5			2	1	8			4	12	3,224 00	1,499 17	1,499 15
	Willoughby	2					2			1		240 00	111 60	111 60
	Bertie	7					7			2		875 00	406 87	406 88
	Bridgeburg, Village	4					4			1		1,000 00	465 00	465 00
	Transferred from previous year											127 41		
	Totals	54		1	11	3	69			20	43	19,978 41	9,230 72	9,230 71
East Wellington	Mount Forest, Town	4					4	1			8	1,503 50	601 40	601 40
	Elora, Village	3					3					750 00	300 00	300 00
	Nichol	1					1					120 00	48 00	48 00
	Fergus, Village	3					3					750 00	300 01	300 00
	*West Garafraxa													
	*Erin, Township													
	Arthur, Township	1					1					120 00	48 00	48 00
	*West Luther													
	Erin, Village	2					2					500 00	200 00	200 00
	Transferred from previous year											74 61		
	Totals	14					14	1			8	3,818 11	1,497 41	1,497 40

* Local Option. † One for previous year.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
South Wellington ..	Pilkington													
	*Eramosa													
	Guelph, Township	1					1					120 00	50 25	50 25
	Puslinch	2					2			1		240 00	100 50	100 50
	Guelph, City	14			2	1	17			1	40	8,130 01	3,427 60	3,427 60
	Transferred from previous year											1 86		
	Totals	17			2	1	20			2	40	8,491 87	3,578 35	3,578 35
West Wellington ..	Clifford, Village	2					2					500 01	200 01	200 00
	Arthur, Village	3					3					750 00	300 00	300 00
	Harriston, Town	4					4			1	7	1,094 00	437 60	437 60
	Drayton, Village	2					2	1		1		541 66	216 66	216 66
	Palmerston, Town	3			1		4			1	7	1,094 00	437 60	437 60
	*Maryborough													
	Minto													
	*Peel													
	Transferred from previous year											13 95		
	Totals	14			1		15	1		3	14	3,393 62	1,591 87	1,591 87

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.						Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
North Wentworth ..	Dundas, Town	5	1	....	1	.....	7	....	.....	1	14	2,390 50	1,015 96	1,015 97
	*Beverley	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	West Flamborough	2	.....	.....	.....	....	2	....	.....	1	.....	240 00	102 00	102 00
	*East Flamborough	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Waterdown, Village	2	...	.....	.....	.....	2	....	.....	.....	.....	500 00	212 50	212 50
	Transferred from previous year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	.....	.....	247 33	.....	.....
	Totals	9	1	.....	1	.....	11	.....	..	2	14	3,377 83	1,330 46	1,330 47
South Wentworth .	*Binbrook	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*Ancaster	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Saltfleet	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Barton	3	....	.....	..	2	5	....	.....	1	.....	423 55	70 60	70 60
	*Glanford	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.	.....	.....	.....
	Burlington Beach	2	...	.....	....	1	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	290 00	48 34	48 33
	Transferred from previous year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	80 38	.....	.....
	Totals	5	.....	.....	....	3	8	.....	.....	1	.....	793 93	118 94	118 93
†Windsor	City of Windsor	22	.....	.....	3	1	26	1	.....	3	59	12,778 00	5,812 98	5,812 98
	Sandwich	6	.....	.....	1	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	8	2,466 00	1,122 01	1,122 01
	Walkerville	3	.....	.....	2	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	10	1,770 00	805 39	805 39
	Transferred from previous year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 01	.....	.....
	Totals	31	.....	.....	6	1	38	1	.....	3	77	17,164 01	7,740 38	7,740 38

* Local Option.

SCHEDULE B.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.		Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Extensions		Transfers.	Bartenders.	Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.					Tavern.	Shop.					
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
East York....	Scarborough	4				1	5					650 00	162 50	162 50
	*Markham, Township													
	York, east of Yonge St.	3				1	4			2		410 00	102 50	102 50
	Markham, Village	2					2			1		500 00	125 00	125 00
	*Richmond Hill, Village													
	*North Toronto, Town													
	Transferred from previous year											91 09		
	Totals	9				2	11			3		1,651 09	390 00	390 00
North York...	Aurora, Town	3					3			1	2	754 00	251 33	251 34
	Holland Landing, Village	1					1					250 00	83 34	83 34
	*North Gwillimbury													
	King	5					5					650 00	216 67	216 67
	*East Gwillimbury													
	*Whitchurch													
	*Newmarket, Town													
	Georgina	1					1					120 00	40 00	40 00
	*Stouffville, Village													
	Sutton, Village	2	†1				3					593 90	197 96	197 96
	Transferred from previous year											66 34		
	Totals	12	1				13			1	2	2,434 34	789 30	789 31

* Local Option. †6 months.

SCHEDULE B.—Statement by Municipalities, showing the number of Provincial Licenses, etc.—Concluded.

License District.	Municipality.	Tavern.						Extensions				Amount received for licenses in each municipality	Proportion paid to each municipality	Proportion received by the Province
		Ordinary.	Beer and Wine.	Six months.	Shop.	Club.	Total.	Tavern.	Shop.	Transfers.	Bartenders.			
												$ c.	$ c.	$ c.
West York....	York, west of Yonge St.	4				1	5			3		530 00	159 17	159 17
	*Vaughan													
	Etobicoke	5					5			4		600 00	178 34	178 33
	Woodbridge, Village	2					2					500 00	145 83	145 84
	*Weston, Village													
	Mimico, Village	1					1			1		250 00	72 91	72 91
	Transferred from previous year											33 60		
	" " Local Option											68 15		
	Totals	12				1	13			8		1,981 75	556 25	556 25
	Grand Totals	1,464	47	23	219	57	1,770	37	4	265	2,611	786,236 60	339,459 18	341,977 43

*Local Option. † 2 for 6 months.

SCHEDULE B.—ADDENDA.

Showing amounts collected under Municipal By-Laws for tavern and shop licenses in excess of Statutory Duties.

License District.	Municipality.	Number of Licenses.	Amount of Excess.
			$ c.
Algoma	Massey	2	900 00
	Blind River	4	600 00
Bruce, North	Albemarle	1	15 00
Brockville	Brockville	8	1,840 00
Dundas	Chesterville	2	20 00
Durham, East	Port Hope	8	160 00
Elgin, East	Port Stanley	2½	25 00
Elgin, West	Dutton	2	20 00
Essex, North	Tilbury, N.	2	160 00
Essex, South	Essex	2	40 00
	Amherstburg	3	750 00
Fort William	Paipoonge	1	80 00
Glengarry	Lancaster	1¼	6 25
Grenville	Kemptville	2	300 00
Hastings, East	Hungerford	2	10 00
Hastings, North	Madoc	2	20 00
Kent, East	Dresden	2	40 00
Kent, West	Tilbury	3	300 00
Lambton, West	Sombra	5	25 00
	Courtright	1	150 00
Leeds	Escott Front	½	40 00
	Gananoque	5½	725 00
Middlesex, North	Biddulph	1	15 00
Middlesex, West	Glencoe	3	30 00
Nipissing	Mattawa	4	80 00
Ontario, South	Oshawa	4	80 00
	Whitby, East	2	20 00
Parry Sound, West	Christie	2	60 00
	Parry Sound	3½	1,575 00
	Foley	1	80 00
Rainy River	Emo	2	60 00
	Fort Frances	4	80 00
	Rainy River	4	80 00
	Dilke	2	160 00
Russell	Gloucester	4	40 00
	Russell	6	180 00
Simcoe, Centre	Flos	4	120 00
Stormont	Finch	3	90 00
Sturgeon Falls	Springer	1	45 00
[illegible]	Caldwell	2	90 00
	Rutter and Dunnett	2	40 00
Sudbury	Chapleau	2	140 00
	Drury, D. and G.	2	140 00
Temiskaming	Haileybury	4	600 00
	Englehardt	2	1,000 00
	Cochrane	1	300 00
Welland	Bertie	7	35 00
Wellington, West	Harriston	4	80 00
	Palmerston	4	80 00
York, East	Scarborough	4	120 00
York, North	King	5	50 00

SCHEDULE C.

STATEMENT of the amounts received for Fines and Transfers in each License District for the license year 1912-13.

License District.	Amounts received for Fines.	Amounts received for Transfers.
	$ c.	$ c.
Addington	320 00	40 00
Algoma	20 00	316 68
Brant, North	150 00	.....
Brant, South	160 00	333 34
Brockville	30 00	40 00
Bruce, Centre	125 00	349 98
Bruce, North	95 00	83 34
Bruce, South	330 00	430 01
Carleton	.....	83 34
Dufferin	.....	83 40
Dundas	45 00	83 34
Durham, East	300 00	246 68
Durham, West	.....	.....
Elgin, East	120 00	83 34
Elgin, West	262 00	.....
Essex, North	220 00	160 00
Essex, South	180 00	240 00
Fort William	290 00	1,373 36
Frontenac	600 00	80 00
Glengarry	.....	.....
Grenville	730 00	.....
Grey, Centre	130 00	123 33
Grey, North	.....	.....
Grey, South	331 00	40 00
Haldimand	65 00	83 34
Haliburton	40 00	40 00
Halton	155 00	200 01
Hamilton	735 00	1,399 98
Hastings, East	85 00	80 00
Hastings, North	170 00	170 01
Hastings, West	349 85	450 07
Huron, Centre	670 00	700 02
Huron, North	40 00	.....
Huron, South	190 00	.....
Kenora	514 00	533 35
Kent, East	145 00	290 01
Kent, West	443 00	349 98
Kingston	345 00	1,166 69
Lambton, East	266 90	166 68
Lambton, West	140 00	733 32
Lanark, North	225 00	.....
Lanark South	435 00	150 00
Leeds	717 00	333 37

SCHEDULE C.—Continued.

STATEMENT of the amounts received for Fines and Transfers in each License District for the license year 1912-13.

License District.	Amounts received for Fines.	Amounts received for Transfers
	$ c.	$ c.
Lennox	165 00	233 34
Lincoln	10 00	206 67
London	213 00	700 02
Manitoulin	1,020 50	.....
Middlesex, East	65 00	.....
Middlesex, North	100 00	83 35
Middlesex, West	20 00	170 01
Monck	160 00	233 34
Muskoka	430 00	116 66
Nipissing	245 00	590 01
Norfolk, North	145 00	166 68
Norfolk, South	410 00	83 35
Northumberland, East	10 00	.....
Northumberland, West	.....	.....
Ontario, North	95 00	166 68
Ontario, South	170 00	243 34
Ottawa	530 00	3,033 34
Oxford, North	35 00	340 01
Oxford, South	340 00	.....
Parry Sound, East	70 00	80 00
Parry Sound, West	170 00	90 00
Peel	380 00	40 00
Perth, North	490 00	620 01
Perth, South	220 00	.....
Peterborough, East	.....	.....
Peterborough, West	152 00	.....
Port Arthur	635 00	1,333 36
Prescott	1,104 00	440 01
Prince Edward	85 00	116 67
Rainy River	707 00	360 00
Renfrew, North	225 00	300 00
Renfrew, South	290 00	233 34
Russell	205 00	130 00
Sault Ste. Marie	465 00	150 00
St. Catharines	10 00	499 98
Simcoe, Centre	235 00	750 00
Simcoe, East	565 00	200 02
Simcoe, South	280 00	.....
Simcoe, West	.....	.....
Stormont	295 00	490 00
Sturgeon Falls	300 00	328 34
Sudbury	2,025 00	40 00
Temiskaming	9,051 00	273 34
Toronto	1,840 00	7,200 01
Victoria, East	64 80	40 00
Victoria West	397 00	150 00

SCHEDULE C.—Concluded.

STATEMENT of the amounts received for Fines and Transfers in each License District for the license year 1912-13.

License District.	Amounts received for Fines.	Amounts received for Transfers.
	$ c.	$ c.
Waterloo, North	40 00	206 67
Waterloo, South	210 00	330 01
Welland	525 00	1,823 38
Wellington, East	210 00	.....
Wellington, South	425 00	206 66
Wellington, West	125 00	263 34
Wentworth, North	10 00	156 67
Wentworth, South	100 00	40 00
Windsor	1,025 00	500 01
York, East	.....	163 34
York, North	70 00	83 34
York, West	100 00	363 34
Totals	37,433 05	35,405 61

SCHEDULE D.

STATEMENT, showing the amounts paid for expenses of Commissioners, salaries of Inspectors, office rent, postage, stationery, printing, advertising and legal expenses for the license year 1912-13, in each license district.

	$ c.
Addington	784 69
Algoma	1,490 94
Brant, North	635 96
Brant, South	1,541 65
Brockville	628 94
Bruce, Centre	754 83
Bruce, North	793 90
Bruce, South	735 65
Carleton	588 59
Dufferin	621 25
Dundas	565 50
Durham, East	603 54
Durham, West	603 45
Elgin, East	547 35
Elgin, West	1,584 47
Essex, North	1,250 10
Essex, South	707 37
Fort William	663 77
Frontenac	535 44
Glengarry	1,094 27
Grenville	587 88
Grey, Centre	838 43
Grey, North	1,058 67
Grey, South	754 78
Haldimand	794 67
Haliburton	282 00
Halton	646 75
Hamilton	2,091 42
Hastings, East	884 13
Hastings, North	1,064 14
Hastings, West	1,226 77
Huron, Centre	1,170 22
Huron, North	789 56
Huron, South	701 21
Kenora	1,018 44
Kent, East	867 62
Kent, West	1,124 06
Kingston	1,103 90
Lambton, East	813 02
Lambton, West	1,122 75
Lanark, North	878 32
Lanark, South	1,015 18
Leeds	981 04
Lennox	832 86
Lincoln	624 75
London	1,982 33
Manitoulin	800 26
Middlesex, East	725 18
Middlesex, North	733 60
Middlesex, West	702 11
Monck	554 46
Muskoka	719 78

SCHEDULE D.—Concluded.

Statement, etc.—*Concluded.*

	$ c.
Nipissing	717 30
Norfolk, North	644 84
Norfolk, South	674 03
Northumberland, East	568 86
Northumberland, West	748 01
Ontario, North	655 33
Ontario, South	919 15
Ottawa	2,770 57
Oxford, North	720 20
Oxford, South	828 83
Parry Sound, East	727 17
Parry Sound, West	849 50
Peel	735 61
Perth, North	1,118 80
Perth, South	742 76
Peterborough, East	630 26
Peterborough, West	1,153 33
Port Arthur	1,652 17
Prescott	1,247 53
Prince Edward	659 21
Rainy River	937 52
Renfrew, North	998 74
Renfrew, South	957 86
Russell	973 23
Sault Ste. Marie	1,085 60
St. Catharines, City	811 99
Simcoe, Centre	928 02
Simcoe, East	1,161 33
Simcoe, South	1,054 27
Simcoe, West	.....
Stormont	1,299 38
Sturgeon Falls	619 64
Sudbury	1,430 31
Temiskaming	1,808 23
Toronto	6,754 98
Victoria, East	565 85
Victoria, West	1,026 27
Waterloo, North	946 73
Waterloo, South	797 48
Welland	1,475 97
Wellington, East	800 61
Wellington, South	1,161 74
Wellington, West	708 05
Wentworth, North	684 92
Wentworth, South	525 91
Windsor	1,645 77
York, East	640 52
York, North	701 91
York, West	869 25
Total	$98,393 47

RECAPITULATION

OF

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES,

1912-13.

Total Receipts for Licenses, Schedule "B"	$786,236 60	
" " " Fines, " "C"	37,433 05	
" " " Transfers, " "C"	35,405 61	
		$859,075 26
Paid to Municipalities, Schedule "B"	$339,459 18	
" Province, " "B"	341,977 43	
" " " "C"	72,838 66	
" for Inspectors' Salaries, Commissioners and Office Expenses, Schedule "D"	98,393 47	
Balances transferred to 1913-14	6,406 52	
		$859,075 26

SCHEDULE E.

Giving names and addresses of holders of Distiller's, Brewer's, Brewer's Warehouse, Sample and Wholesale licenses for 1912-13.

DISTILLERS.

Corby, H., Distilling Co., Limited, Belleville.
General Distillery Co., Limited, Toronto.
Gooderham & Worts, Limited, Toronto.
Hamilton Distillery Co., Hamilton.
Maclaren, John A., Estate of, Perth.
Spalding & Stewart, Perth.
Seagram, Joseph E., Waterloo.
Walker & Sons Co., The Hiram, Limited, Walkerville.
Wiser & Sons, The Jos., Limited, Prescott.

BREWERS.

Barrie Malting and Extract Co., Barrie
Berlin Lion Brewing Co., Limited, Berlin.
Bernhardt, V. P., Preston.
Bixell Brewing and Malting Co., Brantford
Bowie & Co.'s Brewery, Limited, Brockville.
Brading Brewing Co., Limited, Ottawa.
British American Brewing Co., Limited, Windsor.
Calcutt Brewing and Malting Co., Limited, Peterborough.
Carling Brewing and Malting Co., Limited, London.
Capital Brewing Co., Limited, Ottawa.
Copland Brewing Co., Limited, Toronto.
Cosgrave Brewery Co., Limited, Toronto.
Cronmiller & White Brewing and Malting Co., Limited, Port Colborne.
Devlin, Felix, Stratford.
Dominion Brewing Co., Limited, Toronto.
Egmondville Brewing Co., Egmondville.
Farquharson & Granger, Estate of, Limited, Walkerton.
Fisher, John, Portsmouth.
Grant Spring Brewing Co., Limited, Hamilton.
Hamilton, Joseph, London.
Heisz & Tiede, Formosa.
Holliday, W. R., Guelph.
Heuther, Jacob C., Neustadt.
Hamilton Brewing Association, Limited, Hamilton.
Kakabeka Falls Brewing Co., Fort William.
Kemp, D. C., Hornby.
The Korman Brewery, Limited, Toronto.
Kuntz Brewery, Limited, The, Waterloo.
Labatt, Limited, John, London.
Lakewood Brewery Co., Kenora.
McCarthy, Sons & Co., Limited, Prescott.
New Ontario Brewing Co., Limited, North Bay.
O'Keefe Brewery Co., of Toronto, Limited, Toronto.
Oland, Jno. C., Woodstock.
Raw, Mary, New Hamburgh.
Reinhardt Salvador Brewery, Ltd., Toronto.
Roy, James A., Belleville.
Rudolph & Begg, St. Thomas.
Schwan, David, Carlsruhe.
Simpson, W. H., Estate of, Lindsay.
Sleeman & Sons, Limited, Guelph.
Soo Falls Brewing Co., Limited, Sault Ste. Marie.
Stevenson, Robert, Kingston.
Diamond Brewery Co., Limited, Port Arthur.
Schwan, William, Owen Sound, 6 months.
Sudbury Brewing and Malting Co., Limited Sudbury.
St. Lawrence Brewery, Limited, Cornwall.
Taylor & Bates, St. Catharines.
Walkerville Brewing Co., Limited, Walkerville.
Watson, John, Listowel.
Wright, Alfred J., Orillia.

BREWERS' WAREHOUSES.

BARRIE.....The Kuntz Brewery, Limited.

BELLEVILLE.....Berlin Lion Brewing Co., Limited.
Grant Spring Brewing Co.

BERLIN..... Sleeman & Sons, Limited.
Hamilton Brewing Association, Limited, 1 mo.

BRANTFORD..... O'Keefe Brewery Co., Limited, 6 mos.
Walkerville Brewing Co., Limited.

BROCKVILLE..... Capital Brewing Co., Limited.
Hamilton Brewing Association, Limited.

COBOURG..... O'Keefe Brewery Co., of Toronto, Limited.
Reinhardt Salvador Brewery, Limited.

CHATHAM.....John Labatt, Limited.
British American Brewing Co.

FORT WILLIAM... Reinhardt Salvador Brewery, Limited.
Soo Falls Brewing Co., Limited.
Diamond Brewery Co., Limited.

GUELPH.....The Kuntz Brewery, Limited.

HAMILTON..... Carling Brewing and Malting Co., of London, Limited.
Dominion Brewing Co.
John Labatt, Limited.
The Kuntz Brewery, Limited.
Felix Devlin.

LINDSAY.....The Kuntz Brewery, Limited.

SCHEDULE E.—Concluded.

NIAGARA FALLS	Reinhardt Salvador Brewery, Limited.
OTTAWA	Carling Brewing and Malting Co., of London Limited. John Labatt, Limited. O'Keefe Brewery Co., of Toronto, Limited. Grant Spring Brewing Co., Limited. Sudbury Brewing Co. Hamilton Brewing Association, Limited.
PERTH	O'Keefe Brewery Co.
PENETANGUISHENE	The Kuntz Brewery, Limited.
PARRY SOUND	do.
PORT ARTHUR	Soo Falls Brewing Co., Kakabeka Falls Brewing Co.
SMITH'S FALLS	O'Keefe Brewery Co.
STRATFORD	The Kuntz Brewery, Limited. Berlin Lion Brewing Co., Limited.
SUDBURY	The Kuntz Brewery, Limited.
SAULT STE. MARIE	Walkerville Brewing Co., Limited. Sudbury Brewing Co. Kakabeka Falls Brewing Co.
TORONTO	Carling Brewing and Malting Co., of London, Limited. John Labatt, Limited. Sleeman & Sons, Limited. Hamilton Brewing Association. The Kuntz Brewery, Limited.
TRENTON	Berlin Lion Brewing Co., Limited.
WOODSTOCK	The Kuntz Brewery, Limited.

WHOLESALE LICENSES.

BERLIN	Randall & Roos.
HAMILTON	J. Turner & Co. Scarrone, L. P. (6 months). Hamilton Importing Co., Limited.
KINGSTON	Gillespie & Co., of Montreal.
LONDON	Garvey, John, & Sons.
OTTAWA	Bate, H. N., & Son. Grant, Jos. Major, S. J., Ltd. National Breweries Ltd. of Quebec. Ross, W. A., & Bro., of New York. Major & Soubliere, Limited.
PETERBOROUGH	A. Elliott & Co.
SAULT STE. MARIE	Geo. A. McNally.
TORONTO	Calvert, J. H. Ciceri, Chas. A. California Winery (3 months). Edwards, F., & Co. Foy & Co., Geo. J., Limited. Howard, R. H., & Co. Perkins, Ince & Co. Roblin, D. O. Todd, J. D. (2 months).
MONTREAL	Hudon Hebert & Cie. Robertson, J., & Co., Limited. St. Charles, F. X., & Co., Townsend, S. B., & Co., Chaput, Fils, et Cie. J. H. R. Molson & Bros. Boivin, Wilson & Co. Hill, Thompson & Co.

SAMPLE AND COMMISSION LICENSES.

D. M. O'Meara	(L. A. Wilson & Co., Montreal.)
And. Gorrie	(Meagher Bros. & Co., Montreal.)
J. Marcon	(Stroh Brewery Co., Detroit.)
H. M. Stanway	(J. Hope & Co., Montreal.)
J. K. Oswald	(Law, Young & Co., Montreal.)
A. W. Gardner	(J. M. Douglass & Co., Montreal.)
W. C. Wonham	(W. C. Wonham & Sons, Montreal.)
F. R. Scandrett	(Geo. Perceival & Co., Montreal, 6 mos.)
H. E. Buntling	Toronto.
J. A. Taylor	Montreal.
W. G. Reid	Hamilton.

SCHEDULE F.—Showing Statutory Duties payable for tavern, shop and wholesale licenses in the Province of Ontario.

In a city having a population of more than 200,000:

For a tavern license $1,600
For a shop license 1,600

In a city having a population of more than 100,000 and less than 200,000:

For a tavern license $1,200
For a shop license 1,000

In a city having a population of more than 30,000 and not more than 100,000:

For a tavern license $700
For a shop license 700

In a city or town having a population of more than 10,000 and not more than 30,000:

For a tavern license $500
For a shop license 500

In a city having a population of 10,000 or less and in a town having a population of more than 5,000 and not more than 10,000:

For a tavern license $450
For a shop license 450

In a town or incorporated village having a population of more than 2,000 and not more than 5,000:

For a tavern license $350
For a shop license 350

In a town or incorporated village having a population of 2,000 or less:

For a tavern license $250
For a shop license 270

In a township:

For a tavern license $120
For a shop license 200

Provided that in any locality in a Provincial Judicial District other than an incorporated city, town or village there shall be payable:

For a tavern license $120

And provided that in a city, town, village, or other municipality, or a locality without municipal organization in a Provincial Judicial District, there shall be payable:

For a shop license $500

For a beer and wine license a fee of three-fourths of that imposed for a tavern license in the municipality or unorganized district in which the beer and wine license is issued.

For each wholesale license $500
For each sample and commission license 300

For every transfer of a tavern or shop license a fee amounting to one-third of the fee payable for the license transferred.

Provided that the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may increase the duties payable for tavern or shop licenses in any Provincial Judicial District or in any municipality or locality situated therein to such an amount as may be deemed proper, and such increase shall take effect as may be directed by Order-in-Council or from the date of the publication thereof in the *Ontario Gazette*.

In addition to above fees for tavern licenses there shall be paid a sum equal to five per cent. on all daily sales of liquor and receipts of the bar in excess of $60.00 in cities of 100,000 population and over, and in excess of $50.00 in all other municipalities.

SCHEDULE G.

Showing municipalities in which Local Option is in force in 1913.

License District.	Municipality.	Status.	Dunkin Act or Local Option.	Year of passing.	No. of voters on list.	Vote for.	Against.	Majority for.	No. of licenses cut off	Remarks.
Addington ...	Kennebec	Tp.	L.O.	1909	308	181	42	139	1	
	Oso	"	"	1912	228	136	68	68	2	
Algoma	Johnson	"	"	1905	296	109	61	48	..	
	MacDonald, Meredith and Aberdeen ...	"	"	1905	249	101	33	68	..	
	Thessalon	"	"	1906	212	77	28	49	..	
	Bruce Mines	Vil.	"	1910	199	86	51	35	2	
	†Tarbutt & Tarbutt, add'l.....	Tp.	"	1905	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	
Brant, North..	Onondaga	"	"	1907	361	152	91	61	2	Car. '10, mj. 147
	Brantford	"	"	1910	2,137	999	521	478	3	
	Burford	"	"	1910	1,574	728	449	279	2	
	Dumfries, S.	"	"	1910	837	356	234	122	2	
Brant, South..	Oakland	"	"	1910	348	194	91	103	1	
Brockville....	Yonge & Escott, R....	"	"	1909	438	264	95	169	2	
Bruce, Centre.	Huron	"	"	1907	1,019	529	197	332	2	
	Kincardine	"	"	1910	777	407	127	280	1	
	Chesley	Vil.	"	1910	553	267	176	91	3	Car. '13, mj. 17
	Paisley	"	"	1911	288	138	75	63	3	
	Kincardine	Town	"	1913	677	296	195	101	6	
Bruce, North..	Amabel	Tp.	"	1906	940	295	219	76	1	Car. '09, mj. 239
	Southampton	Vil.	"	1906	518	233	157	76	2	" " " 48
	Tara	"	"	1906	215	89	76	13	2	" " " 19
	Bruce	Tp.	"	1907	962	300	149	151	1	" '10, " 283
	Arran	"	"	1907	761	372	196	176	1	
	Saugeen	"	"	1907	508	232	153	79	1	
	Eastnor	"	"	1910	468	261	122	139	3	Car. '13, mj. 190
	Lindsay	"	"	1910	219	84	28	56	..	
	Tiverton	Vil.	"	1913	103	72	26	46	1	
Bruce, South..	Teeswater	"	"	1910	286	160	87	73	3	
	Kinloss	Tp.	"	1912	672	321	135	186	1	
	Lucknow.....	Vil.	"	1912	315	209	70	139	3	
Carleton	Goulburn	Tp.	"	1907	810	353	212	141	2	
	Huntley	"	"	1907	660	286	112	174	2	
	March	"	"	1907	332	145	88	57	2	Car. '10, mj. 72
	Torbolton	"	"	1910	312	114	75	39	..	
	Nepean	"	"	1910	1,810	709	361	348	..	
	*Richmond, W.	Vil.	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	
	North Gower	Tp.	"	1913	643	297	191	108	3	
Dufferin	Amaranth	"	"	1894	878	215	80	135	1	Car. '09, mj. 236
	E. Garafraxa	"	"	1895	618	201	157	44	1	" '07, " 100
	E. Luther	"	"	1893	639	311	186	125	2	
	Melancthon	"	"	1898	1,145	413	234	179	2	
	Mulmur	"	"	1908	1,020	461	198	263	2	
	Mono	"	"	1910	.....	509	112	397	..	
	Orangeville	Town.	"	1910	830	383	250	133	6	Car. '13, mj. 89
	Shelburne	Vil.	"	1910	365	203	112	91	3	
Dundas	Mountain	Tp.	"	1906	411	286	125	161	2	Car. '09, mj. 290
	Winchester	Vil.	"	1907	374	198	83	115	2	
	Iroquois	"	"	1909	376	183	94	89	2	Car. '13, mj. 87
Durham, East.	Cavan	Tp.	"	1905	1,015	256	71	185	2	
	Hope	"	"	1906	.....	358	307	51	1	
	Manvers	"	"	1907	1,118	529	213	316	2	
	Millbrook	Vil.	"	1908	327	202	82	120	3	

* Part of Goulburn Township when L.O. carried.
† Township separated from Johnson, etc., in 1912.

SCHEDULE G.—*Continued.*

Showing municipalities in which Local Option is in force in 1913—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Status.	Dunkin Act or Local Option.	Year of passing.	No. of voters on list	Vote for.	Against.	Majority for.	No. of licenses cut off	Remarks.
Durham, West.	Clarke	Tp.	L.O.	1905	1,368	641	189	452	2	
	Cartwright	"	"	1904	559	284	111	173	1	
	Darlington	"	"	1900	1,295	438	73	365	1	
	Bowmanville	Town.	"	1909	908	456	233	223	3	
Elgin, East	Yarmouth	Tp.	"	1905	1,770	663	508	155	4	Car.'08, mj. 240
	Malahide	"	"	1909	1,280	662	241	421	..	
Elgin, West	Southwold	"	"	1906	1,348	536	315	221	4	
	Rodney	Vil.	"	1911	260	136	80	56	2	
	Aldborough	Tp.	"	1911	1,296	580	330	250	1	
	Dutton	Vil.	"	1913	323	141	89	52	2	
	Dunwich	"	"	1913	1,100	559	175	384	2	
Essex, North	Sandwich, South	Tp.	"	1910	515	254	111	143	2	
Essex, South	N. Colchester	"	D.A.	....	....	....	....	....	....	
	S. Gosfield	"	L.O.	1907	658	313	173	140	1	B. and W.
	Mersea	"	"	1907	1,373	646	319	327	1	
	Tilbury, W.	"	"	1910	514	264	166	98	3	
	Colchester, S.	"	"	1910	823	410	173	237	1	
	Kingsville	Town	"	1910	491	257	140	117	2	
	Leamington	"	"	1910	822	444	213	231	3	
Frontenac	Kingston	Tp.	"	1906	1,040	349	301	48	5	
	Storrington	"	"	1892	614	233	195	38	3	
	Portland	"	"	1907	926	433	189	244	3	Car.'10, mj. 295
	Pittsburgh	"	"	1908	775	275	174	101	3	
	Kennebec	"	"	1909	308	181	42	139	1	
	Loughboro'	"	"	1911	753	343	204	139	2	
	Bedford	"	"	1913	379	157	74	83	1	
Glengarry	Charlottenburgh	"	"	1910	1,390	573	362	211	5	
	Kenyon	"	"	1911	1,240	596	255	341	4	
	Lancaster	Vil.	"	1911	205	115	58	57	2	
	Lochiel	Tp.	"	1911	1,178	556	277	279	2	
	Maxville	Vil.	"	1911	271	149	64	85	1	
	Alexandria	Town	"	1911	456	224	120	104	3	
Grenville	Cardinal	Vil.	"	1905	314	121	117	7	2	Car.'08, mj. 177
	Oxford	Tp.	"	1910	975	414	255	159	2	
	Augusta	"	"	1910	1,200	491	308	183	2	
	Wolford	"	"	1911	570	283	153	130	1	
Grey, Centre	Euphrasia	"	"	1905	1,218	332	276	56	1	
	Artemesia	"	"	1906	1,148	521	212	309	6	
	Collingwood	"	"	1906	1,127	394	313	81	..	" " " 249
	Osprey	"	"	1906	1,003	379	273	106	2	
	Thornbury	Town	"	1906	278	120	89	31	2	" '09 " 49
	Holland	Tp.	"	1910	1,049	397	224	173	2	
	†Flesherton	Vil.	"	1906	....	....	....	....	..	
Grey, North	Sarawak	Tp.	D.A.	....	....	....	....	....	..	
	Derby	"	L.O.	1906	632	335	80	255	..	
	Keppel	"	"	1906	1,134	441	161	355	2	" " " 186
	Owen Sound	Town	"	1906	2,300	1,238	762	438	13	" '13 " 120
	Sydenham	Tp.	"	1906	1,170	686	238	448	3	
	*Shallow Lake	Vil.	"	1906	....	....	....	....	..	
Grey, South	Egremont	Tp.	"	1906	995	504	206	298	1	" '09 " 360
	Proton	"	"	1907	827	456	227	229	3	
	Durham	Town	"	1908	666	297	179	118	3	
	Dundalk	Vil.	"	1910	264	132	85	47	3	" '13 " 90
	Bentinck	Tp.	"	1910	1,048	377	234	143	2	" " " 81

*Part of Keppel Township when L. O. carried.

†Part of Artemesia Township when L.O. carried.

SCHEDULE G.—*Continued.*

Showing municipalities in which Local Option is in force in 1913.—*Continued.*

License District.	Municipality.	Status.	Dunkin Act or Local Option.	Year of passing.	No. of voters on list.	Vote for.	Against.	Majority for.	No. of licenses cut off.	Remarks.
Haliburton ...	Dysart	Tp.	L.O.	1910	370	162	78	84	1	
	Glamorgan.....	"	"	1912	98	59	24	35	1	
Haldimand ...	Seneca	"	"	1909	600	317	170	147	2	
	Walpole.....	"	"	1912	1,146	424	78	346	3	
Halton	Nassagaweya	"	"	1906	686	330	156	174	1	
	Trafalgar	"	"	1906	1,176	272	174	98	1	
	Nelson	"	"	1910	1,112	463	175	288	..	
Hastings, East	Tweed	Vil.	"	1909	413	213	124	89	4	
	Thurlow	Tp.	"	1909	1,600	705	443	162	4	
Hastings, N...	Huntingdon	"	"	1906	790	416	149	267	..	Car. '07, mj.75
	Madoc	"	"	1902	.....	432	195	237	2	
	Rawdon	"	"	1902	.....	272	169	103	3	
	Stirling	Vil.	"	1908	283	151	86	65	3	
	Limerick	Tp.	"	1909	117	45	5	40	1	
	Tudor	"	"	1909	252	117	61	56	1	
	Wollaston	"	"	1909	213	128	21	107	1	
	Faraday	"	"	1910	234	101	49	52	..	
	Dungannon	"	"	1910	247	102	54	48	1	
Hastings, West	Sidney	"	"	1909	1,633	855	322	533	4	
Huron, Centre.	Colborne	"	"	1910	600	307	178	129	2	
	Hullett	"	"	1905	894	357	349	8	2	Car. '08, mj.116
	Clinton	Town	"	1913	749	332	214	118	6	
Huron, North.	Wawonosh E.	Tp.	"	1906	565	158	88	70	1	
	Ashfield	"	"	1909	1,009	512	266	246	4	
	Grey	"	"	1910	1,060	514	202	312	4	
	Howick	"	"	1911	1,117	511	274	237	..	
	Morris	"	"	1913	677	358	174	184	2	
	Turnberry	"	"	1913	.....	275	145	130	1	
Huron, South .	Stanley	"	"	1907	611	288	118	170	2	
	Usborne	"	"	1907	702	352	178	174	1	
	Tuckersmith	"	"	1910	715	305	197	108	2	Car. '13, mj. 123
Kent, East ...	Camden	"	"	1905	886	295	252	43	1	Car. '08, mj. 116
	Orford	"	"	1910	956	487	247	240	1	
	Blenheim.....	Town	"	1912	400	223	126	97	3	
	Harwich.....	Tp.	"	1912	1,875	670	443	227	2	
	Howard.....	"	"	1912	1,157	445	281	164	1	
Kent, West ..	Raleigh	"	"	1904	1,645	522	463	59	2	Car. '07, mj 113
	Tilbury, E.	"	"	1891	889	323	152	171	4	
Lambton, East	Arkona	Vil.	"	1906	170	72	49	23	2	" '09, " 14
	Euphemia	Tp.	"	1906	650	243	225	17	3	" " " 245
	Warwick	"	"	1906	1,049	471	189	282	..	
	Wyoming	"	"	1909	242	132	65	67	3	
	Brooke	"	"	1910	1,088	541	214	327	1	
	Plympton.....	"	"	1911	1,132	392	140	252	1	
	Bosanquet.....	"	"	1912	719	325	187	135	1	
	Forest	Town	"	1913	528	266	167	99	2	
Lambton, West	Dawn	Tp.	"	1905	.....	371	300	71	1	
	Enniskillen	"	"	1906	650	243	226	17	4	
	Moore	"	"	1906	1,483	586	455	131	8	Car. '09, mj. 300
	Sarnia	"	"	1906	749	351	147	204	1	
	Point Edward.....	Vil.	"	1912	181	93	65	23	1	

SCHEDULE G.—*Continued.*

Showing municipalities in which Local Option is in force in 1913.—Continued

License District.	Municipality.	Status	Dunkin Act or Local Option	Year of passing	No. of voters on list	Vote for.	Against.	Majority for	No. of licenses cut off	Remarks
Lanark, North	Lanark	Tp.	L. O.	1890	449	149	42	107	2	Car. '07 mj. 336
	Dalhousie	"	"	1906	508	249	124	125	1	
	Almonte	Town	"	1910	781	327	187	140	4	" '13, mj agst 67
	Beckwith	Tp.	"	1910	496	208	65	143	1	
	Pakenham	"	"	1910	510	274	140	134	3	
	Ramsey	"	"	1910	688	332	173	159	..	
Lanark, South	S. Sherbrooke	"	"	1907	260	107	59	48	1	
	Drummond	"	"	1913	495	265	124	141	2	
Leeds	Leeds & Lansdowne, Front	"	"	1900	1,203	411	338	73	1	
	Leeds & Lansdowne, Rear	"	"	1910	729	361	214	147	2	
	Athens	Vil.	"	1909	438	264	95	169	2	
	Newboro	"	"	1913	113	65	35	30	2	
Lennox	Richmond	"	"	1907	824	401	145	256	1	
	Ernestown	Tp.	"	1910	1,105	519	320	199	3	
Lincoln	Niagara	"	"	1904	734	224	208	16	3	Car. '10, mj. 53
	Beamsville	Vil.	"	1906	....	109	103	6	3	" '07 " 31
	Grimsby, N.	Tp.	"	1906	653	202	101	101		" '10 " 48
	Grimsby, S.	"	"	1906	518	179	149	30	2	" '10 " 142
	Clinton	"	"	1906	.....	265	70	195	.	" '09 " 31
Manitoulin	Tehkummah	"	"	1900	103	54	22	32	.	
	Carnarvon	"	"	1912	193	107	56	51	1	
Middlesex, E.	Nissouri, W.	"	"	1907	890	415	203	212	3	
	Dorchester, N.	"	"	1910	1,184	554	354	200	4	
	Westminster	"	"	1910	1,870	824	482	342	3	
Middlesex, N.	E. Williams	"	"	1905	619	193	168	25	2	
	Adelaide	"	"	1910	750	425	157	268	2	Car. '13, mj. 141
	Ailsa Craig	Vil.	"	1910	243	146	58	88	2	
	Strathroy	Town	"	1910	1,010	477	309	168	5	" 13, mj. 163
Middlesex, W.	Caradoc	Tp.	"	1909	1,148	605	297	308	3	" '13, mj. 273
	Lobo	"	"	1910	1,050	409	237	172	2	
	Ekfrid	"	"	1912	850	377	218	159	2	
	Delaware	"	"	1913	450	255	130	125	1	
	Wardsville	Vil.	"	1913	90	58	28	30	..	
Monck	Gainsboro'	Tp.	"	1893	893	385	202	183	2	
	Pelham	"	D.A.	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	Car. '07, mj. 332
	Caistor	"	L.O.	1908	571	270	114	156	1	
	Wainfleet	"	"	1910	1,013	419	204	215	1	
Muskoka	McLean and Ridout.	"	"	1904	229	74	59	15	2	" '07, 10 & 13
	Morrison	"	"	1906	.....	111	35	76	1	
	Port Carling	Vil.	"	1907	130	50	28	22	1	" '10, mj. 2
	Brunel	Tp.	"	1908	150	100	26	74	..	
	Bracebridge	Town.	"	1911	689	337	210	127	3	
Nipissing	Dymond	Tp.	"	1907	175	46	20	26	..	
	Jocelyn	"	"	1907	208	61	15	46	..	
Norfolk, North	Windham	"	"	1905	1,221	402	220	182	3	
	Waterford	Vil.	"	1907	367	168	98	70	3	
Norfolk, South	Walsingham, N.	Tp.	"	1907	598	239	90	149	2	
	Charlotteville	"	"	1912	952	396	238	158	2	
N'mberland, E.	Cramahe	"	"	1907	1,026	525	218	307	1	
	Murray	"	"	1908	1,070	577	196	381	2	
	Seymour	"	"	1908	1,176	521	107	414	1	
	Brighton	Vil.	"	1908	641	316	150	166	2	
	Colborne	"	"	1908	407	206	101	105	3	
	Campbellford	Town.	"	1908	798	372	241	131	4	
	Percy	Tp.	"	1912	964	493	272	221	2	

SCHEDULE G.—*Continued.*

Showing municipalities in which Local Option is in force in 1913.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality.	Status.	Dunkin Act or Local Option.	Year of passing.	No. of voters on list.	Vote for.	Against.	Majority for.	No. of licenses cut off	Remarks.
N'mberland, W	Haldimand	Tp.	L. O.	1906	1,412	473	386	87	1	
	S. Monaghan	"	"	1906	298	101	6	95	1	
	Hamilton	"	"	1908	1,284	575	273	302	5	
Ontario, North	Scott	"	"	1906	748	251	214	37	2	
	Uxbridge	"	"	1910	1,021	420	237	183	3	
	Beaverton	Vil.	"	1911	343	169	111	58	2	
	Cannington	"	"	1912	389	193	94	99	2	
	Brock	Tp.	"	1913	1,137	491	316	175	3	
Ontario, South	Reach	"	"	1899	1,223	272	174	98	3	
	Pickering	"	"	1906	1,752	694	489	205	5	Car. '09, mj. 320
	Whitby	"	"	1910	680	306	195	111	2	
	Whitby, E.	"	"	1913	1,003	408	252	156	3	
Oxford, North	E. Nissouri	"	"	1906	899	338	311	27	1	
	Blenheim	"	"	1910	1,376	704	331	373	4	
	Embro	Vil.	"	1913	165	102	55	47	2	
Oxford, South	E. Oxford	Tp.	"	1905	693	243	194	49	1	
	N. Oxford	"	"	1906	411	177	149	28	2	Car. '09, mj. 132
	Norwich, S.	"	"	1907	825	333	215	118	2	
	Norwich	Vil.	"	1908	408	217	122	95	3	
	Ingersoll	Town	"	1913	1,507	773	455	318	7	
P'ry Sound, W.	McDougall	Tp.	"	1891	130	30	9	21	..	Car. '07, mj. 6
	McKellar	"	"	1908	.....	70	33	37	..	
Peel	Chinguacousy	"	"	1907	1,213	480	308	172	2	
	Albion	"	"	1910	936	440	283	157	3	
	Caledon	"	"	1910	1,388	627	408	219	5	Car. '13, mj. 118
Perth, North	Elma	"	"	1913	1128	555	275	280	3	
Perth, South	Fullerton	"	"	1907	701	346	172	174	1	" " " " 117
	Downie	"	"	1910	908	417	249	168	3	
Peterboro', E.	Dummer	"	"	1906	658	288	126	162	1	
	Otonabee	"	"	1906	1,011	376	181	195	1	
	Asphodel	"	"	1908	584	289	147	142	1	
	Norwood	"	"	1908	299	178	63	115	2	
	Havelock	Vil.	"	1909	485	217	86	131	3	
	Chandos	Tp.	"	1912	250	103	67	36	..	
Peterboro', W.	Smith	"	"	1905	900	429	271	158	4	Car. '09, mj. 61
	Lakefield	Vil.	"	1906	391	182	141	41	2	
	Harvey	Tp.	"	1908	389	203	83	120	..	
	Monoghan, N.	"	"	1913	384	171	60	111	..	
Port Arthur	Oliver	Vil.	"	1892	.....	51	11	40	..	
	Schreiber	Tp.	"	1908	162	63	36	27	2	
Prescott	W. Hawkesbury	"	"	1898	350	98	64	34	5	
	Vanleek Hill	Vil.	"	1911	405	212	129	83	5	
Prince Edward	Hallowell	"	D.A.	1866	....	.....	.....	.....	..	
	S. Marysburgh	Tp.	L.O.	1897	531	211	77	134	2	
	Ameliasburgh	"	"	1906	953	295	219	76	1	
	Sophiasburgh	"	"	1906	749	253	100	153	1	
	Hillier	"	"	1909	579	320	120	200	1	
	Wellington	Vil.	"	1909	334	170	105	65	2	Car. '13, mj. 63
	*Bloomfield	"	* D.A.	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	
Rainy River	Lavalee	Tp.	L.O.	1912	232	108	41	67	3	
Renfrew, N.	Cobden	Vil.	"	1910	219	102	61	41	2	
	Westmeath	Tp.	"	1910	884	443	85	358	3	

*Part of Hallowell Township when D. A. was carried.

SCHEDULE G.—Continued.

Showing municipalities in which Local Option is in force 1913.—Continued.

License District.	Municipality	Status.	Dunkin Act or Local Option.	Year of passing.	No. of voters on list.	Vote for.	Against.	Majority for.	No. of licenses cut off	Remarks.
Renfrew, S....	McNabb	Tp.	L.O.	1906	970	340	184	156	3	Car.'09, mj. 411
	Brougham	"	"	1909	110	47	25	22	2	
	Renfrew	Town	"	1910	851	371	232	139	8	Car. '13 mj. 110
	Bagot & B.....	Tp.	"	1912	285	164	61	103	3	
Russell.....	Osgoode	"	"	1906	1,443	597	349	248	5	
S. Ste. Marie..	Sault Ste. Marie ...	Town	"	1891	500	67	52	15	3	Shop only.
	Korah	Tp.	"	1905	750	300	200	100	..	
Simcoe, Centre	Sunnidale	"	"	1910	750	374	168	206	1	
Simcoe, East..	Oro	"	"	1906	1,099	423	142	281	1	
	Midland	Town	"	1907	940	477	234	243	5	
	Orillia	"	"	1907	1,302	585	219	316	..	Shops only.
	Medonte	Tp.	"	1908	1,089	544	273	271	6	
	Orillia	Town	"	1910	1,489	715	440	275	..	
	*Coldwater	Vil.	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	
	Orillia.....	Tp.	"	1912	1,150	408	217	181	1	
	Victoria Harbor....	Vil.	"	1913	330	240	85	135	1	
Simcoe, South	Bolton	"	"	1906	.....	101	90	11	2	
	Tecumseh	Tp.	"	1907	1,138	474	288	186	2	
	W. Gwillimbury	"	"	1907	786	335	145	190	..	
	Innisfil	"	"	1907	1,238	513	233	280	3	Car. '10 mj. 457,
	Beeton	Vil.	"	1910	234	121	59	62	2	
	Tottenham	"	"	1910	223	111	70	41	2	
Simcoe, West.	Nottawasaga	Tp.	"	1902	1,807	635	455	170	2	" '09, " 352
	Creemore	Vil.	"	1908	228	120	57	63	2	
	Collingwood	Town	"	1910	2,109	918	557	361	9	" '13, mj.
	Alliston	"	"	1910	421	213	137	76	4	agst. 99
	Stayner	"	"	1910	374	178	109	69	3	
	Essa	Tp.	"	1910	1,146	513	241	272	4	
	Tossorontio	"	"	1910	529	254	152	102	2	
Stormont	Osnabruck	"	"	1906	1,575	536	434	102	7	" 09, mj. 200
	Finch	Vil.	"	1910	158	72	43	29	1	" '13, " 58
	Roxborough	Tp.	"	1911	1,348	619	377	242	4	
Temiskaming .	Harley	"	"	1907	182	29	13	16	..	
Victoria, East.	Fenelon	"	"	1904	.....	231	97	134	2	" " " " 345
	Omemee	Vil.	"	1908	192	97	55	42	2	
	Somerville	Tp.	"	1908	553	226	137	89	2	
	Bobcaygeon	Vil.	"	1910	325	158	74	84	2	
Victoria, West	Mariposa	Tp.	"	1892	1,399	397	394	73	..	Repeal de-
	Eldon	"	"	1908	861	387	208	179	5	feated 1898
	Woodville	Vil.	"	1908	147	75	38	37	1	and 1902.
Waterloo, S. ..	N. Dumfries	Tp.	"	1907	725	312	160	152	2	
	Galt	Town	"	1910	2,718	1,337	878	459	9	Car. '13, mj.
Welland.....	Thorold	Tp.	"	1913	682	288	180	108	..	agst. 45
Wellington, E.	W. Garafraxa	"	"	1905	850	302	235	67	2	Carried in '93,
	Erin	"	"	1908	1,120	499	292	207	4	'98 and 1905.
	Luther, W.	"	"	1910	637	250	127	123	1	
	Nichol	"	"	1913	540	219	127	92	1	
Wellington, S .	Eramosa	"	"	1910	793	378	209	169	3	
Wellington, W.	Maryborough	"	"	1905	848	453	255	198	3	
	Peel	"	"	1906	1,100	438	314	124	4	Car.'09. mj. 18
Wentworth, N.	Beverly	Tp.	"	1908	1,265	611	288	323	2	
	Flamboro, E.	"	"	1911	890	352	216	136	2	

*Part of Medonte Township when Local Option carried.

SCHEDULE G.—Concluded.

Showing municipalities in which Local Option is in force 1913.—Concluded

License District.	Municipality.	Status.	Dunkin Act or Local Option.	Year of passing.	No. of voters on list.	Vote for.	Against.	Majority for.	No. of licenses cut off	Remarks.
Wentworth, S.	Binbrook	Tp.	L.O.	1899	408	185	87	98	1	
	Ancaster	"	"	1908	1,235	579	388	221	4	
	Glanford	"	"	1910	527	263	136	127	2	
York, East	Markham	"	"	1906	1,525	624	430	194	5	Car. '09, mj. 139 '13, mj. 448
	Richmond Hill	Vil.	"	1906	213	99	78	21	..	" '09, " 191
York, North	Whitchurch	Tp.	"	1905	1,225	366	191	175	1	" " " 321
	Stouffville	Vil.	"	1906	475	221	122	99	2	" " " 80
	Gwillimbury, E.	Tp.	"	1910	1,227	658	266	392	2	
	Newmarket	Town	"	1910	932	492	253	239	4	
	King	Tp.	"	1913	1,703	795	403	392	5	
York, West	Toronto Junction	Town	"	1904	2,600	869	679	190	7	Car. '07, mj. 337
	Weston	Vil.	"	1907	469	227	148	79	3	
	Vaughan	Tp.	"	1906	.....	459	373	86	7	" '09, " 170
	North Toronto	Town	"	1905	.....	268	243	25	3	" '08, " 111
	Gwillimbury, N.	Tp.	"	1911	722	371	144	227	2	

THE ORGANIZED MUNICIPALITIES IN ONTARIO ARE:

Cities	20	Under Local Option	1 (in part)
Towns	131	" " "	27*
Villages	145	" " "	61
Townships	546	" " "	241
Total	842	Total	330

Besides the 330 as above, under Local Option, there are 162 other municipalities in which no licenses are issued, leaving 350 under license.

* Two towns are taken off the total, Toronto Junction and North Toronto having become part of the City of Toronto.

SCHEDULE H.

STATEMENT showing number of convictions and dismissals of cases, for infraction of the Liquor License Act, against licensees and others, during the license year 1912-13.

(This statement does not include Local Option cases, which appear in Schedule J.)

License District.	Against Licensees.		Against Non-licensees.	
	No. of Convictions.	No. of Dismissals.	No. of Convictions.	No. of Dismissals.
Addington	6	.....	11	.....
Algoma	7	8	.....	2
Brant, North	2	.....	7	2
Brant, South	.....	.....	23	3
Brockville	.....	3	.....	.....
Bruce, Centre	1	.....	2	.....
Bruce, North	.....	1	23	9
Bruce, South	4	.....	3	1
Carleton	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dundas	.....	.....	5	1
Durham, East	1	.....	.....	.....
Durham, West	.....	1	.....	.....
Elgin, East	1	.....	6	1
Elgin, West	1	2	31	3
Essex, North	1	3	4	1
Essex, South	2	.....	6	.....
Fort William	1	4	4	3
Frontenac	.....	1	6	.....
Glengarry	.....	1	1	.....
Grenville	4	.....	15	.....
Grey, Centre	3	.....	5	2
Grey, North	.....	.....	1	.....
Grey, South	8	3	9	4
Haldimand	4	2	1	1
Haliburton	.....	.....	.....	.....
Halton	2	.....	7	.....
Hamilton	12	2	8	3
Hastings, East	1	1	2	1
Hastings, North	2	.....	21	3
Hastings, West	2	2	3	.....
Huron, Centre	14	2	22	2
Huron, North	1	.....	.....	.....
Huron, South	6	.....	5	.....
Kenora	4	2	10	2
Kent, East	.....	.....	9	4
Kent, West	10	10	13	2
Kingston	4	4	17	4
Lambton, East	1	.....	15	2
Lambton, West	6	1	.....	.....
Lanark, North	2	4	14	1
Lanark, South	2	7	30	8
Leeds	9	3	25	2
Lennox	.....	2	9	2
Lincoln	.....	.....	.....	1
London	9	1	6	7
Manitoulin	2	.....	15	1
Middlesex, East	1	1	1	.....
Middlesex, North	1	.....	4	.....
Middlesex, West	.....	.....	.....	.....
Monck	5	.....	13	.....
Muskoka	4	.....	2	.....
Nipissing	3	.....	.....	.....
Norfolk, North	2	2	12	1

SCHEDULE H.—*Concluded.*

Statement showing number of cases prosecuted, etc.—*Concluded.*

License District.	Against Licensees.		Against Non-licensees.	
	No. of Convictions.	No. of Dismissals.	No. of Convictions.	No. of Dismissals.
Norfolk, South	8	.....	.....	1
Northumberland, East	.....	.....	1	1
Northumberland, West	.....	.....	4	.....
Ontario, North	1	.....	5	2
Ontario, South	.....	.....	6	2
Ottawa	10	.....	2	.....
Oxford, North	1	.....	1	1
Oxford, South	1	.....	18	4
Parry Sound, East	.....	1	6	1
Parry Sound, West	.....	4	17	1
Peel	.....	.....	2	1
Perth, North	6	.....	12	.....
Perth, South	2	.....	5	3
Peterborough, East	.....	.....	1	.....
Peterborough, West	.....	.....	5	3
Port Arthur	1	1	1	1
Prescott	19	4	13	1
Prince Edward	2	.....	9	.....
Rainy River	4	.....	9	1
Renfrew, North	2	.....	5	1
Renfrew, South	8	2	10	1
Russell	2	1	4	.....
St. Catharines	.....	.....	2	.....
Sault Ste. Marie	.....	.....	18	1
Simcoe, Centre	3	1	20	4
Simcoe, East	8	2	16	3
Simcoe, South	.....	.....	15	.....
Stormont	5	3	14	5
Sturgeon Falls	2	.....	5	1
Sudbury	.....	.....	13	.....
Temiskaming	2	.....	106	12
Toronto	9	11	9	8
Victoria, East	.....	.....	2	.....
Victoria, West	3	.....	44	1
Waterloo, North	3	.....	.....	.....
Waterloo, South	1	.....	4	.....
Welland	5	.....	14	.....
Wellington, East	3	.....	17	2
Wellington, South	14	3	35	6
Wellington, West	2	.....	11	.....
Wentworth, North	.....	.....	5	.....
Wentworth, South	.....	.....	1	.....
Windsor	16	9	11	1
York, East	1	.....	.....	.....
York, North	.....	.....	9	.....
York, West	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	337	115	983	143

Included in the foregoing cases are the cases hereinafter set forth of prosecutions against inebriates who have been prohibited under the statute from getting or being supplied with liquor; also cases against licensees for delivering liquor to such inebriates; also cases against unlicensed persons for supplying such inebriates.

	Convictions.	Dismissals.
Inebriates	592	56
Licensees	43	13
Unlicensed persons	126	32
	761	101

SCHEDULE I.

Statement showing number of convictions and dismissals of cases for violation of Local Option By-laws during the license year, 1912-13.

Municipality.	License District.	No. of Convictions.	No. of Dismissals.
Camden, East	Addington	7	1
Kennebec	"	2	2
Newburgh	"	1	1
Bruce Mines	Algoma	4	.....
McDonald, Meredith, etc.	"	2	2
South Dumfries	Brant, North	1	2
Paisley	Bruce, Centre	2	.....
Arran	Bruce, North	1	.....
Southampton	" "	3	1
Tara	" "	3	5
Kinloss	Bruce, South	1	.....
Lucknow	" "	2	.....
Teeswater	" "	1	1
Huntley	Carleton	2	1
Orangeville	Dufferin	3	.....
Shelburne	"	1	.....
Iroquois	Dundas	8	1
Mountain	"	1	.....
Winchester	"	7	3
Cavan	Durham, East	2	.....
Millbrook	" "	1	.....
Clarke	Durham, West	1	.....
Yarmouth	Elgin, East	.....	1
Aldborough	Elgin, West	3	.....
Southwold	" "	.....	1
West Tilbury	Essex, South	2	.....
Kingston Tp.	Frontenac	1	.....
Loughborough	"	2	2
Portland	"	4	4
Storrington	"	2	.....
Alexandria	Glengarry	8	5
Charlottenburg	"	.....	7
Kenyon	"	12	5
Lancaster	"	5	8
Maxville	"	4	5
Artemesia	Grey, Centre	2	9
Osprey	" "	1	1
Thornbury	" "	.....	1
Owen Sound	Grey, North	34	37
Shallow Lake	" "	1	.....
Sydenham	" "	1	.....
Bentinck	Grey, South	1	1
Dundalk	" "	1	3
Durham	" "	5	7
Proton	" "	1	.....
Thurlow	Hastings, East	2	.....
Tweed	" "	1	1
Stirling	Hastings, North	2	.....
Sidney	Hastings, West	1	.....
Colborne	Huron, Centre	4	.....
Ashfield	Huron, North	1	.....
Howick	" "	1	.....
Blenheim	Kent, East	7	1
Camden	" "	2	1
Orford	" "	.....	3
Raleigh	Kent, West	11	1
Arkona	Lambton, East	3	.....
Brooke	" "	.....	1
Wyoming	" "	6	2
Moore	Lambton, West	3	.....
Almonte	Lanark, North	2	2
Pakenham	" "	2	.....
South Sherbrooke	Lanark, South	.....	1

SCHEDULE I.—Continued.

Statement showing number of convictions and dismissals of cases for violation of Local Option By-laws during the license year, 1912-13.

Municipality.	License District.	No. of Convictions.	No. of Dismissals.
Rear of Leeds & Lansdowne.	Leeds	2	
Ernesttown	Lennox		1
Dorchester North	Middlesex, East	1	
Westminster	" "	1	
Adelaide	Middlesex, North		1
Strathroy	" "	1	
Lobo	Middlesex, West	1	
Bracebridge	Muskoka	1	
Port Carling	"		
North Walsingham	Norfolk, South	1	
Brighton	Northumberland, East	1	
Colborne	" "	1	
Cramache	" "	1	
Murray	" "		
Haldimand	Northumberland, West	1	
Whitby Tp.	Ontario South		
Blenheim	Oxford, North		1
East Nissouri	" "		
Norwich	Oxford, South	1	
South Norwich	"		
Caledon	Peel		1
Chinguacousy	"	1	
Dummer	Peterborough, East	1	
Havelock	" "	1	
Lakefield	" "	1	
Norwood	" "	1	
Harvey	Peterborough, West	6	
Smith	" "	1	
Vankleek Hill	Prescott	7	1
Ameliasburgh	Prince Edward		2
Hillier	" "	1	
Wellington	" "	1	1
Lavallee	Rainy River	1	
Bagot and Blithfield	Renfrew, South	5	2
Renfrew Tn.	" "	15	7
Medonte	Simcoe, East	1	
Midland	" "	1	1
Orillia	" "	2	
Tecumseth	Simcoe, South	1	
Alliston	Simcoe, West	1	1
Collingwood	" "	1	
Creemore	" "	3	
Essa	" "	1	1
Finch	Stormont	1	1
Osnabruck	"	7	2
Roxborough	"	5	2
Bobcaygeon	Victoria, East	7	3
Omemee	" "	4	2
Somerville	" "	2	
Eldon	Victoria, West	1	
Mariposa	" "	1	
Woodville	" "	1	
Galt	Waterloo, South	1	
Erin	Wellington, East	2	
Eramosa	Wellington, South	1	1
Flamborough East	Wentworth, North	3	3
Ancaster	Wentworth, South	1	
Stouffville	York, East		2
East Gwillimbury	York, North		
North Gwillimbury	" "	2	1
Newmarket	" "	1	
Totals		355	183

SCHEDULE J.

Showing fines imposed and collected in Municipalities under Local Option during the license years 1911-12 and 1912-1913.

Municipality.	License District.	1911-12		1912-13	
		Fines imposed.	Fines collected.	Fines imposed.	Fines collected.
		$	$	$	$
Camden, East	Addington			140	140
Kennebec	"			40	40
Newburgh	"			100	100
Bruce Mines	Algoma			80	80
McDonald, Meredith, etc.	"	105	105		
South Dumfries	Brant, North	100	100	20	20
Paisley	Bruce, Centre			120	120
Arran	" North			100	100
Southampton	" "			60	60
Tara	" "			320	320
Kinloss	" South			100	100
Lucknow	" "			40	40
Teeswater	" "			100	100
Huntley	Carleton	200	200	30	30
March	"	100	100		
Orangeville	Dufferin	200	200	170	150
Shelburne	"			20	20
Iroquois	Dundas			420	400
Mountain	"			20	20
Winchester	"	100	100	140	120
Cavan	Durham, East			400	400
Manvers	" "	175	175		
Millbrook	" "			100	100
Cartwright	" West	50	50		
Clarke	" "			25	25
Yarmouth	Elgin, East	50	50		
Aldborough	" West			140	140
Rodney	" "	100	100		
West Tilbury	Essex, South			40	40
Loughboro	Frontenac			80	60
Portland	"			80	80
Storrington	"			40	40
Alexandria	Glengarry	450	450	240	80
Kenyon	"			340	150
Lancaster, V.	"	235	135	100	80
Lochiel	"	40	40		
Maxville	"			100	40
Cardinal	Grenville	100			
Artemesia	Grey, Centre	200	200	40	20
Osprey	" "			20	
Derby	" North	50	50		
Owen Sound	" "	3,575	3,190	2,115	1,655
Shallow Lake	" "	40	40	100	100
Sydenham	" "			20	20
Bentinck	" South	100	100	20	20
Dundalk	" "	10	10	175	175
Durham	" "	100	100	260	240
Proton	" "			20	20
Acton	Halton	1,620	1,100		
Trafalgar	"	100	100		
Thurlow	Hastings, East			350	350
Tweed	" "			20	20

SCHEDULE J.—*Continued.*

Showing fines imposed and collected in Municipalities under Local Option during the license years 1911–12 and 1912–13.

Municipality.	License District.	1911–12		1912–13	
		Fines imposed.	Fines collected.	Fines imposed.	Fines collected.
		$	$	$	$
Stirling	Hastings, North			600	600
Sidney	" West			100	100
Colborne	Huron, Centre			100	100
Ashfield	" North	100	100	100	100
Howick	" "			150	150
Blenheim	Kent, East			120	120
Camden	" "			40	40
Raleigh	" West			280	280
Brooke	Lambton, East	110	110		
Wyoming	" "	200	200	200	180
Moore	" West	75	25	125	175
Sarnia Tp.	" "	30	30		
Almonte	Lanark, North			40	40
Pakenham	" "			40	40
Rear of Leeds & Lansdowne	Leeds			30	
Niagara Tp.	Lincoln	25	25		
North Dorchester	Middlesex, East			100	100
Westminster	" "			10	10
Strathroy	" North	50	50	20	20
Lobo	" West	35	35	140	140
Bracebridge	Muskoka	80	80	640	640
Port Carling	"			20	20
Waterford	Norfolk, North	100	100		
North Walsingham	" South			100	100
Brighton	Northumberland, East	20	20	80	80
Colborne	" "			200	200
Cramahe	" "			20	
Murray	" "			100	100
Haldimand	" West			100	
Whitby Tp.	Ontario, South			100	100
Norwich	Oxford, South			20	20
South Norwich	" "			20	
Caledon	Peel	150	150	400	400
Chinguacousy	"			100	100
Dummer	Peterborough, East			20	20
Havelock	" "	20	20	100	60
Lakefield	" "	160	160	20	20
Norwood	" "			120	114
Harvey	" West			120	100
Smith	" "			100	100
Vankleek Hill	Prescott			220	220
Hillier	Prince Edward			20	20
Wellington	"			90	90
Lavallee	Rainy River			20	20
Bagot and Blithfield	Renfrew, South			220	220
Brougham	" "	100	100		
Renfrew, Tn.	" "	360	340	430	370
Medonte	Simcoe, East	170	170	100	100
Midland	" "	340	140	100	300
Orillia	" "	300	100	100	185
Tecumseth	" South			20	20
Alliston	" West	120	120	80	60

SCHEDULE J.—Concluded.

Showing fines imposed and collected in Municipalities under Local Option during the license years 1911–12 and 1912–13.

Municipality.	License District.	1911–12.		1912–13.	
		Fines imposed.	Fines collected.	Fines imposed.	Fines collected.
		$	$	$	$
Collingwood	Simcoe, West	.....	.....	400	400
Creemore	" "	.....	.....	270	270
Essa	" "	.....	.....	20	20
Finch	Stormont	100	100	45	45
Osnabruck	"	.....	.....	120	120
Roxborough	"	.....	.....	100	100
Bobcaygeon	Victoria, East	150	150	200	200
Omemee	" "	.....	.....	20	20
Somerville	" "	.....	.....	100	100
Eldon	" West	.....	.....	100	100
Mariposa	" "	.....	.....	100	100
Woodville	" "	.....	.....	20	20
Galt	Waterloo, South	.....	.....	200	200
Erin	Wellington, East	50	50	120	120
Eramosa	" South	.....	.....	20	20
Flamborough, East	Wentworth, North	.....	.....	300	300
Ancaster	" South	.....	.....	700	700
Markham	York, East	50	50	.....	.....
North Gwillimbury	" North	.....	.....	40	40
Newmarket	" "	.....	.....	100	100
Totals		10,675	9,100	15,795	14,764

A table showing the number of commitments to each gaol for drunkenness duri

Name of gaol.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	91.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	18
Barrie	31	35	16	28	46	34	34	19	10	21	9	
Berlin	7	4	8	12	20	17	13	4	6	7	7	
Belleville	45	34	51	67	39	49	34	18	24	25	19	
Brantford	28	91	112	147	218	182	112	89	120	125	124	1
Brampton	24	8	10	24	28	30	17	.....	9	9	11	
Brockville	80	36	24	31	52	58	44	44	77	86	70	
Bracebridge	67	7	7	3	25	15	19	5	5	5	4	
Cayuga	18	15	17	24	25	15	22	7	.....	5	6	
Cornwall	3	1	4	7	29	25	14	22	27	10	24	
Cobourg	26	15	6	12	28	38	22	25	11	19	18	
Chatham	13	14	7	9	61	71	47	26	28	22	67	
Fort Frances	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Goderich	3	4	.....	4	2	5	5	2	3	3	.....	.....
Guelph	32	12	22	21	10	10	4	14	9	23	17	
Gore Bay	.....	.....	4	3	1	1	1	2	1	2	3	.....
Hamilton	368	335	373	429	401	418	251	142	148	55	36	
Kingston	74	58	108	107	139	120	125	87	102	72	89	
Kenora	37	53	56	73	74	66	66	81	75	65	31	
London	277	338	404	408	540	332	213	150	218	219	187	17
Lindsay	30	1	1	4	3	5	1	5	2	5	2	
L'Orignal	3	1	.....	.....	2	.....	5	1	2	1	3	
Milton	9	13	5	19	13	9	9	6	4	8	3	
Napanee	6	3	8	7	4	22	23	12	9	20	8	
North Bay	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	35	16	14	15	7	10	
Ottawa	205	280	286	297	276	326	204	182	105	111	157	15
Owen Sound	36	20	21	29	37	17	13	14	11	6	.....	
Orangeville	1	3	3	1	4	2	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Perth	6	4	9	4	2	5	5	3	2	3	6	
Picton	41	54	20	45	33	33	19	11	11	21	11	2
Pembroke	11	2	2	.....	4	1	.....	5	7	4	7	
Peterborough	27	13	11	26	20	45	24	22	16	15	13	1
Port Arthur	66	30	28	16	18	12	4	3	4	1	3	
Parry Sound	.....	.....	1	1	16	9	.....	2	4	5	7	
Simcoe	4	6	5	3	17	3	10	5	3	11	17	
St. Catharines	29	21	21	28	33	24	12	9	21	17	26	2
Sarnia	130	72	38	64	99	108	95	27	36	69	116	5
Stratford	17	15	12	9	16	14	4	7	9	15	7	1
Sandwich	47	31	25	46	47	35	57	38	11	19	39	1
St. Thomas	57	30	25	29	23	20	32	12	15	19	22	1
Sault Ste. Marie	2	1	74	103	30	12	10	12	8	5	2	1
Sudbury	.....	2	8	27	45	55	77	5	119	38	42	2
Toronto	1,707	1,705	2,116	2,098	2,096	2,085	1,783	1,444	1,207	960	918	79
Walkerton	.....	2	6	22	8	6	7	3	13	8	21	
Woodstock	21	28	50	64	55	51	34	24	38	21	29	3
Welland	3	40	32	12	21	16	7	13	12	11	19	1
Whitby	4	.....	.....	.....	5	2	.....	1	2	1	2	.....
Lock-ups:												
Atikokan	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burk's Falls	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	
Byng Inlet	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cobalt	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Killarney	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manitowaning	3	13	5	11	18	33	33	22	16	5	16	
Mine Centre	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Webbwood	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Totals	3,598	3,450	4,041	4,374	4,719	4,475	3,528	2,641	2,575	2,174	2,236	1,87

SCHEDULE K.

ng the years 1885 to 1913, both inclusive. The figures for 1911 and 1912 are compared, and th

96.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.
14	21	11	10	16	12	21	14	16	27	46	58	39	29
9	12	10	7	4	4	11	15	10	17	19	9	12	15
6	12	13	16	12	11	20	6	12	6	15	34	67	33
06	115	85	64	88	74	82	136	162	143	153	239	178	148
6	2	3	4	4	4	5	3	4	8	10	5	1	5
33	48	49	45	41	58	66	55	50	59	91	86	63	40
4	3	2	3	.....	5	5	9	8	13	7	3	9	6
6	9	10	13	10	19	12	5	11	10	13	7	4	3
9	11	28	21	19	12	15	18	17	14	7	7	12	32
6	12	15	20	10	16	14	12	12	7	18	21	16	27
9	13	13	15	18	18	11	9	8	16	16	27	28	30
...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	33	.....	.....	42	.....	15	15	16
...	2	1	2	5	5	1	2	8	14	3	1	3	18
7	9	9	3	13	4	13	4	6	12	7	6	4	5
...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	3	3	.....	6	2	7	2
1	56	60	66	96	108	97	188	229	287	290	394	360	413
4	51	50	48	31	47	40	58	62	59	54	66	64	83
5	26	111	110	23	34	36	37	21	19	19	88	92	33
7	139	163	172	137	137	250	157	262	249	248	218	328	424
8	4	5	6	7	8	8	8	10	10	2	6	11	8
2	2	.....	2	2	.....	3	1	3	4	2	.....	1	1
3	3	4	2	4	4	4	8	12	7	11	6	6	8
5	5	13	4	7	4	7	3	5	8	13	12	19	21
5	.....	4	.....	3	12	5	73	99	171	73	103	46	38
2	165	137	135	224	293	221	267	247	338	257	338	425	380
5	6	11	7	8	12	16	13	10	5	6	10	13	15
...	.....	1	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
2	2	7	9	7	12	17	34	20	2	20	24	27	17
4	31	23	30	35	19	21	18	18	28	28	21	42	25
6	5	5	.....	1	4	1	7	1	6	7	8	11	20
	11	11	10	6	13	9	14	23	13	24	33	22	27
1	12	4	2	9	8	7	50	25	27	67	164	183	209
2	3	3	5	8	4	5	25	10	35	153	68	26	25
6	6	16	10	11	6	12	11	15	12	13	28	50	37
3	5	17	10	15	33	21	28	20	33	20	20	25	43
1	62	49	61	48	45	71	57	69	67	73	69	59	80
	15	5	1	9	12	8	15	19	46	35	21	42	24
	23	20	16	27	18	31	42	29	19	32	29	38	23
3	12	8	17	23	9	6	5	8	2	4	3	12	15
	9	8	7	7	21	16	79	15	38	18	32	47	23
	41	34	54	197	222	172	49	164	117	253	281	223	268
	569	592	796	1,031	1,022	1,107	1,286	1,575	1,832	1,923	2,016	2,003	2,208
	3	1	4	4	.....	1	1	1	.....	5	8	4	4
1	35	32	31	21	39	36	41	31	22	17	24	34	31
2	16	14	19	20	24	23	24	87	32	24	23	28	21
...	1	4	5	2	3	5	2	11	10	29	12	8	18
...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	.....	1	.....	.....	4	1	1	4	4	3	5	2	.....
...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	10	10	16
4	2	4	5	7	10	12	3	6	21	.....	9	9	8
..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	23	.....	12
	7	6	2	9	17	48	17	14	16	18	56	8	.....
	1,596	1,672	1,869	2,282	2,446	2,627	2,913	3,452	3,941	4,133	4,748	4,736	4,987

...ncrease or decrease in each place is shown.

910.	1911.	1912.	1913	Increase. 1913.	Decrease 1913.	Name of gaol.
59	51	57	64	7	.....	Barrie.
13	18	24	30	6	.....	Berlin.
61	89	56	110	54	.....	Belleville.
122	129	161	131	.....	30	Brantford.
1	10	8	14	6	.....	Brampton.
54	59	49	83	34	.....	Brockville.
6	3	1	3	2	.....	Bracebridge.
5	5	6	4	.....	2	Cayuga.
16	10	9	16	7	.....	Cornwall.
36	22	35	39	4	.....	Cobourg.
36	36	44	46	2	.....	Chatham.
28	55	57	184	127	.....	Fort Frances.
5	8	6	13	7	.....	Goderich.
10	7	3	9	6	.....	Guelph.
.....	5	1	.....	.....	1	Gore Bay.
479	580	702	986	284	.....	Hamilton.
109	90	107	135	28	.....	Kingston.
6	15	101	25	.....	76	Kenora.
325	395	361	483	122	.....	London.
12	30	7	3	.....	4	Lindsay.
.....	1	1	5	4	.....	L'Orignal.
7	4	12	11	.....	1	Milton.
18	21	23	25	2	.....	Napanee.
40	18	88	90	2	.....	North Bay.
408	307	324	248	.....	76	Ottawa.
41	73	65	18	.....	47	Owen Sound.
.....	1	3	1	.....	2	Orangeville.
19	20	31	11	.....	.....	Perth.
33	31	26	28	2	.....	Picton.
7	8	20	50	30	.....	Pembroke.
23	40	37	119	82	.....	Peterborough.
195	232	301	434	133	.....	Port Arthur.
28	35	50	58	8	.....	Parry Sound.
37	39	41	8	.....	33	Simcoe.
42	73	67	60	.....	7	St. Catharines.
92	76	90	157	67	.....	Sarnia.
29	29	36	67	31	.....	Stratford.
28	32	31	65	34	.....	Sandwich.
19	11	5	17	12	.....	St. Thomas.
32	49	66	75	9	.....	Sault Ste. Marie
288	316	508	1,054	546	.....	Sudbury.
,398	2,669	2866	3,209	343	.....	Toronto.
6	9	6	5	.....	1	Walkerton.
32	41	45	52	7	.....	Woodstock.
26	29	55	60	5	.....	Welland.
14	12	8	10	2	.....	Whitby.
						Lock-ups:
.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	Atikokan
7	4	1	.....	.....	1	Burk's Falls.
.....	11	.....	1	1	.....	Byng Inlet.
29	25	10	2	.....	8	Cobalt
4	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	Killarney.
1	2	7	20	13	.....	Manitowaning
5	.....	6	4	.....	2	Mine Centre.
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Webbwood.
,291	5,827	6,613	8,363	2,041	291	Totals.

SCHEDULE L.

License District.	Inspector.	P. O. Address.
Addington	J. McL. Wheeler	Tamworth.
Algoma	James Grigg	Bruce Mines.
Brant, North	A. Kirkpatrick	Paris.
Brant, South	Richd. Eacrett	Brantford.
Brockville	George Ross	Brockville.
Bruce, Centre	Thomas Bradley	Bervie.
Bruce, North	J. W. Reany	R.R. No. 1, Pt. Elgin.
Bruce, South	Jos. M. White	Walkerton.
Carleton	Thomas Kerr	Kars.
Dufferin	Thos. J. Robinson	Orangeville.
Dundas	Edward P. Foster	R.R. No. 2, Brinston.
Durham, East	John Kennedy	Pontypool.
Durham, West	J. S. McConnachie	Bowmanville.
Elgin, East	W. H. Smuck	Bayham.
Elgin, West	Walter Ross	St. Thomas.
Essex, North	Paul Morand	Tecumseth.
Essex, South	J. E. Stone	Essex.
Fort William	H. Johnston	Fort William
Frontenac	John Moreland	R.R. No. 3, Harrowsmith.
Glengarry	Angus Macdonald	Alexandria.
Grenville	And. Carson	R.R. No. 1, Merrickville.
Grey, Centre	S. J. Halbert	Markdale.
Grey, North	M. C. Beckett	Owen Sound.
Grey, South	Wm. Allen	Varney.
Haldimand	J. B. Wilson	Hagersville.
Haliburton	J. R. Erskine	Haliburton.
Halton	W. A. Ferrah	Oakville.
Hamilton	J. Sturdy	Hamilton.
Hastings, East	John Stokes	Tweed.
"	Robert M. Jack, Prov. Officer	Deseronto.
Hastings, North	Thomas H. Moore	Queensboro'.
Hastings, West	Richd. Arnott	Belleville.
"	P. J. Peterson, Prov. Officer	Trenton.
"	M. Searles, " "	Frankford.
Huron, Centre	O. J. Johnston	Clinton.
Huron, North	J. J. Mitchell	Wingham.
Huron, South	John Torrance, Sr.	Clinton.
Kenora	Thos. Dougherty	Kenora.
Kent, East	B. W. Wilson	Ridgetown.
Kent, West	Thos. M. French	Chatham.
Kingston	Clark W. Wright	Kingston.
Lambton, East	P. D. McCallum	Forest.
Lambton, West	George Lucas	Sarnia.
Lanark, North	J. J. McGregor	Carleton Place.
Lanark, South	W. Hyndman	Smith's Falls.
Leeds	F. B. Taber	Morton.
Lennox	Walter Exley	Napanee.
Lincoln	John W. King	St. Catharines.
London	A. R. Galpin	London.

SCHEDULE L.—*Continued.*

License District.	Inspector.	P. O. Address.
Manitoulin	Wm. Vincer	Mindemoya.
Middlesex, East	Thomas Duffin	Thorndale.
Middlesex, North	J. Milliken	Strathroy.
Middlesex, West	John B. Gough	Napier.
Monck	R. N. Killins	Dunnville.
Muskoka	Henry Boyer	Bracebridge.
Nipissing	Jos. N. Levis	Mattawa.
	J. Phillips, Prov. Officer	North Bay.
Norfolk, North	A. W. Birdsell	Waterford.
Norfolk, South	J. A. McBride	Port Dover.
Northumberland, East	George Gooderich	Dundonald.
" "	A. Chapman, Prov. Officer	Hastings.
Northumberland, West	John McCaughey	Cobourg.
Ontario, North, No. 1	E. R. Anderson	Uxbridge.
" " No. 2	W. R. McPhee	Brechin.
Ontario, South	Louis Luke	Oshawa.
Ottawa	John C. Enright	Ottawa.
	Alfred Coleman	
Oxford, North	Walter Shaver	Woodstock.
Oxford, South	Wm. M. Bell	Springford.
Parry Sound, East	W. J. White	Novar.
Parry Sound, West	T. W. Quinn	Parry Sound.
Peel	John D. Orr	Meadowvale.
Perth, North	Robert T. Kemp	Listowel.
" "	Geo. T. Jones, Prov. Officer	Stratford.
Perth, South	Alex. B. Creighton	St. Mary's.
Peterborough, East	Elias Williams	Havelock.
Peterborough, West	Joseph Stewart	Peterborough.
Port Arthur	Alex. R. Elliott	Port Arthur.
Prescott	Joseph Lemieux	L'Orignal.
Prince Edward	W. G. Sexsmith	Picton.
Rainy River	George Campbell	Fort Frances.
Renfrew, North	A. St. James	Pembroke.
Renfrew, South	John Connolly	Renfrew.
Russell	W. J. Campbell	Metcalfe.
Sault Ste. Marie	Wm. R. Cunningham	Sault Ste. Marie.
St. Catharines	John W. King	St. Catharines.
Simcoe, Centre	Thomas Duff	Barrie.
Simcoe, East	Wellington Fisher	Orillia.
Simcoe, South	T. H. Lee	Newton Robinson.
Simcoe, West	Robert Henderson	Alliston.
Stormont	A. E. Fetterley	Aultsville.
"	J. M. McDonald, Prov. Officer	Cornwall.
Sturgeon Falls	J. J. French	Sturgeon Falls.
Sudbury	Thos. N. Kilpatrick	Sudbury.
Temiskaming	Wm. S. Blackwell	Haileybury.
Toronto	Robt. Burrows	Toronto.
	P. J. Jennings	
	Richard Greer	
Victoria, East	James Lithgow	Bobcaygeon.
Victoria, West	William Thornbury	Lindsay.

SCHEDULE L.—*Concluded.*

License District.	Inspector.	P. O. Address.
Waterloo, North	Ferdinand Walter	Berlin.
Waterloo, South	R. H. Knowles	Hespeler.
Welland	Geo. F. House	Stevensville.
Wellington, East	G. C. Groves	Fergus.
Wellington, South	Jas. O'Brien	Guelph.
Wellington, West	John Gordon	Drayton.
Wentworth, North	W. W. Forsythe	Dundas.
Wentworth, South	R. T. Gould	Bartonville.
Windsor	Gaspard Pacaud	Windsor.
York, East	Wm. M. Thompson	Danforth.
York, North	James Wayling	Newmarket.
York, West	D. MacKenzie	Woodbridge.

STATEMENT OF LICENSE REVENUE FOR FINANCIAL YEARS.

Statement showing Revenue from Liquor Licenses received by the Province of Ontario for the financial years ending October 31st, 1911, October 31st, 1912 and October 31st, 191.3

Revenue for:

1911	Brewers' Warehouse Licenses	$6,933 34	
	Brewers' Licenses	31,925 00	
	Distillers' Licenses	44,666 67	
	Wholesale Licenses	15,850 01	
	Tavern and Shop Licenses, Transfers and Fines	429,480 71	
	Sample and Commission Licenses	2,625 00	
	Seized Liquor	3,572 22	
	*Five Per Cent. Commission on Bar Sales for Five Months	118,891 71	
	Refund for Collection of Revenue and Premium on Fidelity Bonds	2,419 00	
			$656,363 66
1912	Brewers' Warehouse Licenses	$7,360 00	
	Brewers' Licenses	32,125 00	
	Distillers' Licenses	43,166 68	
	Wholesale Licenses	14,625 63	
	Sample and Commission Licenses	3,150 00	
	Seized Liquor	2,824 22	
	Tavern and Shop Licenses, Transfers and Fines	412,929 08	
	Five Per Cent. Commission on Bar Sales	286,730 87	
	Refund for Collection of Revenue and Premiums on Fidelity Bonds	2,240 00	
			$805,151 48
1913	Brewers' Warehouse Licenses	$7,750 00	
	Brewers' Licenses	34,300 00	
	Distillers' Licenses	43,166 66	
	Wholesale Licenses	15,033 35	
	Sample and Commission Licenses	2,300 00	
	Seized Liquor	728 30	
	Tavern and Shop Licenses, Transfers and Fines	429,090 43	
	Five Per. Cent. Commission on Bar Sales	366,737 29	
	Refund for Collection of Revenue and Premiums on Fidelity Bonds	2,380 00	
			$901,486 03

* New source of revenue, for first five months of 1911-12.

APPENDIX.

Showing Municipalities which adopted Local Option and License Reduction by-laws at the Municipal Elections in January, 1914, and the number of licenses which will be cut off in consequence.

Local Option.

Name of Municipality	County	No. of Licenses
Admaric Tp.	Bruce	1
Bayham Tp.	Elgin	4
Brampton Tn.	Peel	0
Bastard and Burgess Tps.	Leeds	0
Flamboro' W., Tp.	Wentworth	2
Grand Valley Vil.	Dufferin	2
Kemptville Vil.	Grenville	2
Lanark Vil.	Lanark	2
Lancaster Tp.	Glengarry	1
Marmora Tp.	Hastings	1
Matilda Tp.	Dundas	0
Meaford T.	Grey	3
Port Rowan V.	Norfolk	2
Puslinch Tp.	Wellington	2
Ross Tp.	Renfrew	0
Tay Tp.	Simcoe	1
Walsingham S. Tp.	Norfolk	1
		24

License Reduction.

City of Ottawa	Carlton	19 Taverns 10 Shops